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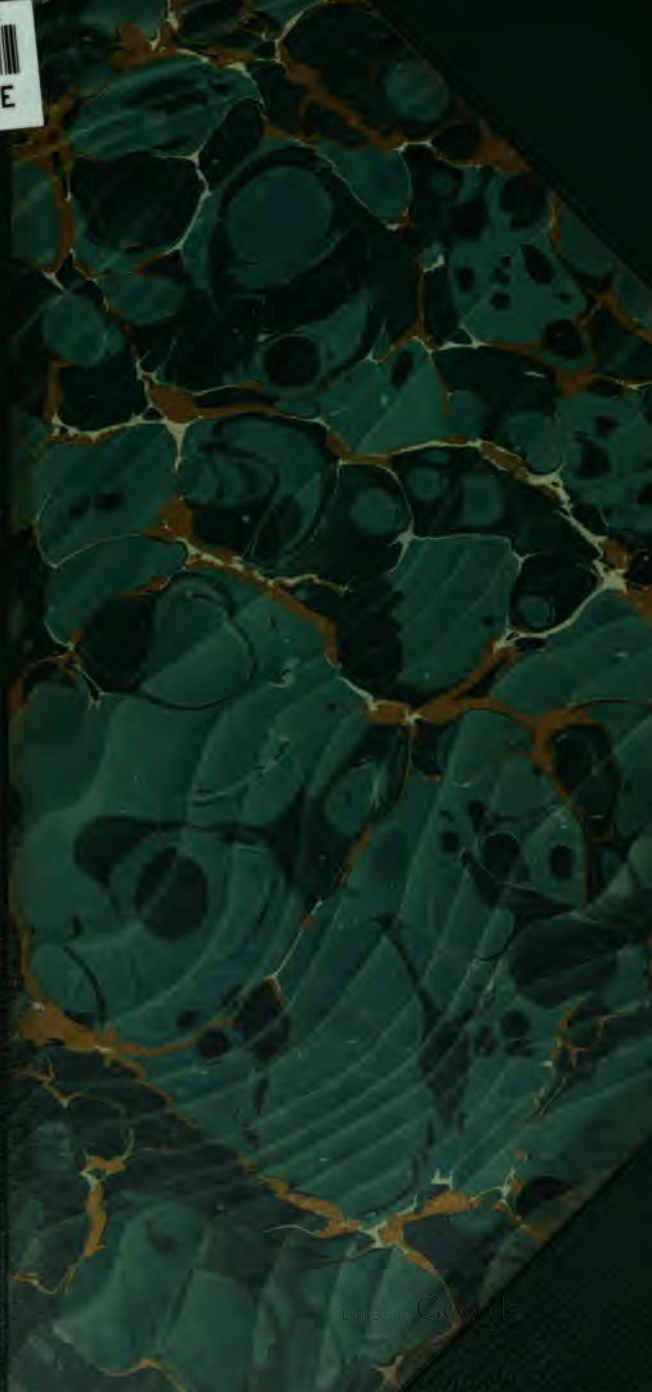
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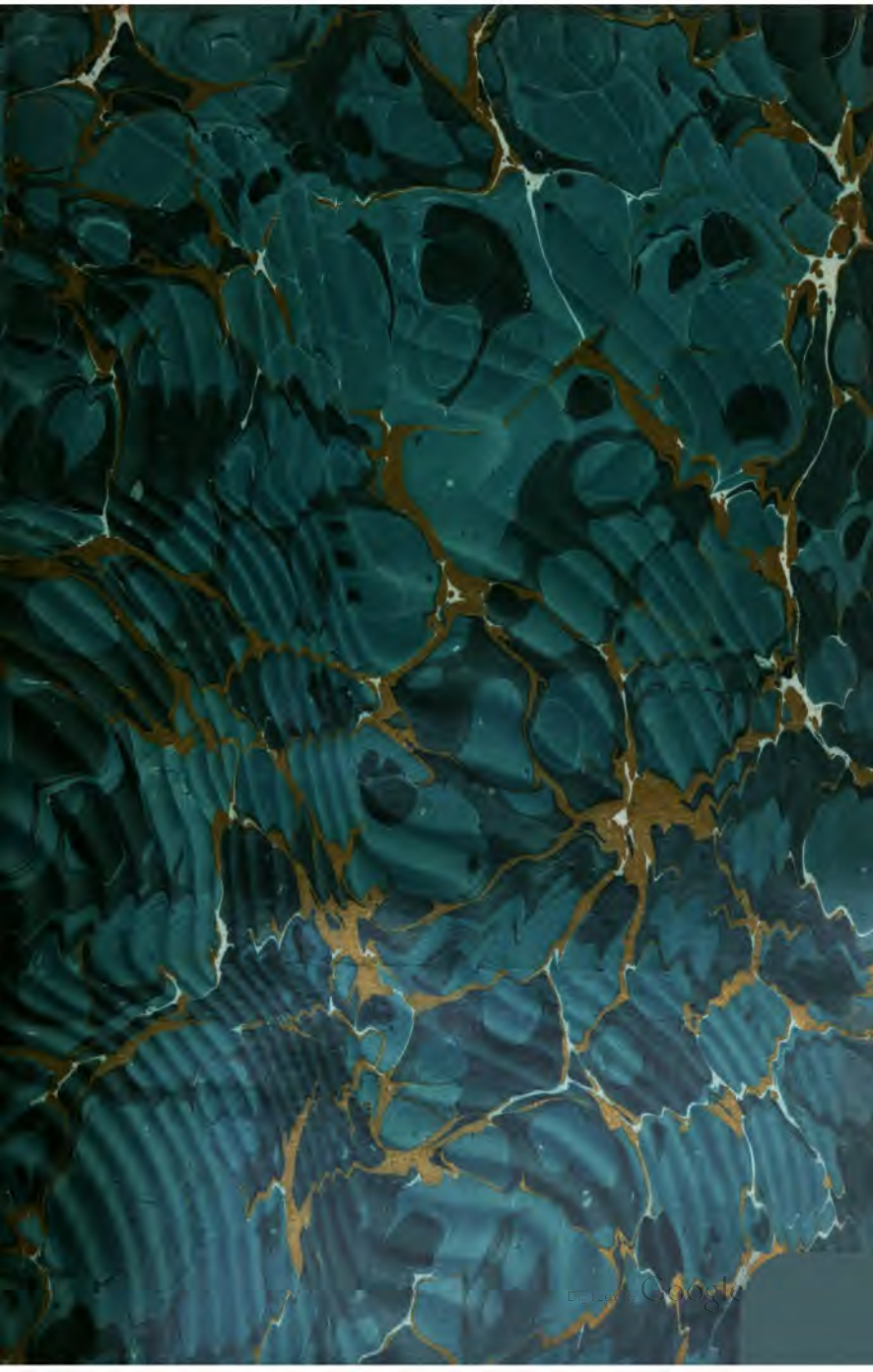
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WISH VS THE WIND SOUTH



DANIEL B. FEARING  
NEWPORT R.I.





Oct 107  
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THE  
ANGLER'S DIARY  
AND  
Tourist Fisherman's Gazetteer  
OF THE  
RIVERS AND LAKES OF THE WORLD.

By J. C. B. C.,

EDITOR OF "FACTS AND USEFUL HINTS RELATING TO FISHING AND SHOOTING,"  
AND AUTHOR OF "THE GAMEKEEPER'S AND GAME PRESERVER'S  
ACCOUNT BOOK AND DIARY," ETC.

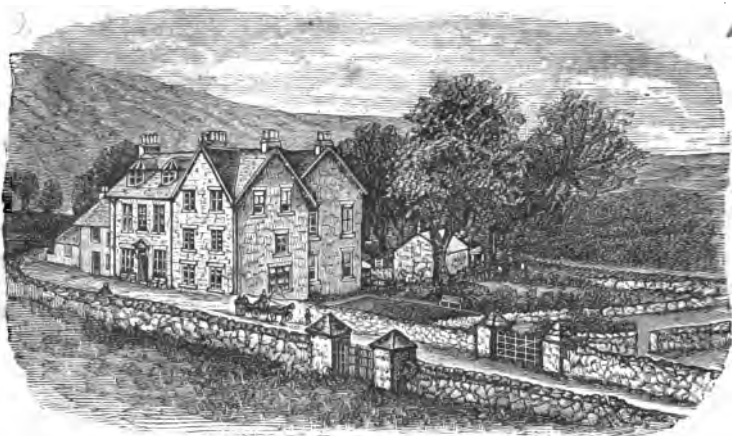
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PRICE EIGHTEENPENCE.

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LONDON:  
HORACE COX,  
"THE FIELD" OFFICE, 346, STRAND, W.C.

—  
1884.



## CUILFAIL HOTEL, PASS OF MELFORT, NEAR OBAN.

**FIRST-CLASS TROUT FISHING FREE.** Season, 1st of April to end of September.

The new additional Buildings of the above Hotel are now completed and furnished in the most elaborate and first-class style; the latest improvements in Hotel Furnishing have been introduced, and no effort will be spared to render the above the most comfortable Hotel in the West Highlands.

### A SPLENDID BILLIARD ROOM.

Hot and Cold Baths, and all Conveniences connected with Hotels.

FAMILIES CAN BE BOARDED BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

Gentlemen residing at Cuilfail have the privilege of Fishing on several first-rate Lochs, some of which have been stocked with the famous Loch Leven and Fontinalis, or great American Brook Trout, by the Hotel-keeper, for providing sport for his Guests.

Mr. McFADYEN has Boats and steady Boatmen for the use of Anglers. There is excellent Deep-sea Fishing and delightful Sea Bathing. The scenery about is magnificent. The famous Pass of Melfort, which is very grand, is within a few minutes' walk from the Hotel—altogether a very healthy, charming place.

### POSTAL DELIVERY DAILY.

Gentlemen require to write beforehand so as to secure rooms. Charges strictly moderate.

### POSTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

ROUTE:—Per Caledonian Railway to Oban, thence per Coach daily; or by steamer Columba from Glasgow or Greenock to Ardrishaig, thence per coach daily.

ADDRESS:—

JOHN McFADYEN, Cuilfail Hotel, Kilmelford, Argyllshire, N.B.

## FISHING TACKLE.

**JAMES OGDEN,**

28, WINCHCOMB STREET, CHELTENHAM.

JAS. OGDEN'S CELEBRATED TROUT AND SALMON RODS AND FLIES,  
TO SUIT ALL RIVERS.

FLOATING MAY FLIES WITH STRAW AND CORK BODIES.

FLIES DRESSED TO PATTERN.

J. OGDEN CALLS ATTENTION TO HIS  
Celebrated "Multum in Parvo" Fly Rods,  
Price £1 1s.

**JAMES OGDEN'S NEWLY INVENTED  
PREMIER SPINNER,**

REGISTERED NOVEMBER 13TH, 1883.

**SALMON, 6s. 6d.; TROUT, 5s.; SMALL DITTO, 3s. 6d.**

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF FISHING TACKLE MANUFACTURED ON THE  
PREMISES AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE

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**SALMON AND TROUT FISHING.**

**CHARLES FARLOW and CO.,**

191, STRAND,

OPPOSITE ST. CLEMENT'S DANES, LONDON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

**FIRST-CLASS RODS and TACKLE,**

SUITABLE FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

**MAKERS OF SPLIT CANE RODS.**

IMPROVED FOLDING TROUT LANDING NETS, VERY LIGHT.

**NEW PATENT LEVER WINCH,**

Can be Regulated to any Stiffness at will.

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**CATALOGUES GRATIS.**

**PRIZE MEDALS. IMPORTERS OF SILKWORM GUT.**

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TO ANGLERS.

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JOHN ENRIGHT AND SON,  
**FISHING ROD MAKERS,**  
*Castle Connell, near Limerick, Ireland.*

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N.B.— REELS AND LINES TO MATCH BALANCE OF RODS.  
NO AGENTS.

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**SALMON, COD, CONGER, PIKE, TROUT.**

**THESE NOTED FISHLINE CORDS** in 16-plait or cable laid, dressed  
or undressed.

Also **WATERPROOF TAPERED SALMON and TROUT LINES**, as used and recommended by the Editor of *The Field* and all noted anglers.

Also Improved **LANDING NETS** that do not catch the hooks, made from hard-cabled waterproof cord, as used and recommended by Col. Whyte and others.

**BLACK PRINCE SALMON LINE**, so called from its many excellent qualities in spinning, casting, trolling, and mahseer fishing, as used and recommended by Sir Wm. Elliot and officers of the Indian Army.

See Catalogue. For samples, address, inclosing two stamps,

**Cotton Twine Spinning Company, 51, Corporation-street, Manchester.**

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**FISHING LINES, FISHING GEAR, FISHING NETTINGS.**

**DAVID REID and CO., 7, Hilton-street, Manchester.** — **GAME and FOWLING NETTINGS**, from 3d. per yard. **SALMON and FISHING NETTINGS**, for sea and inland fisheries. **RABBIT NETTINGS**.—Our improved first-class **FLAX NETS**, with patent kink-proof runners, from 20s. per 100 yards complete. **PHEASANT and POULTRY NETS**, for pen and cover, from 2d. per yard. **LAWN TENNIS NETS**, and for Sports. **GARDEN NETTINGS**, for seed, fruit trees, plants, against frost, birds, 1d. per square yard. Write for new Lists and Samples with two stamps.

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**GEORGE JAMES EATON, CHAMPION FISHERMAN,**  
**OF STARKHOLMES, MATLOCK-BATH, DERBYSHIRE, THE ONLY PRACTICAL**  
**FLY TYER and FISHERMAN IN DERBYSHIRE,**

**RESPECTFULLY** invites Noblemen and Gentlemen to try his **Standard FLIES** for the present season. No flies sent or made up but what he himself has proved sure killers. A trial is all that is required from gentlemen that can fish to prove whether they may be genuine or not. Patronised by some of the best fishermen of the day. All flies dressed on the best Kendal hooks. Prices: **Point Flies**, 2s. 6d. per dozen. **Dropper Flies**, 2s. per dozen. Orders punctually attended to. Terms cash.

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**TOTNES-ON-DART, DEVONSHIRE.**

**W. F. HAIGH, PRACTICAL ANGLER and FISHING TACKLE**  
**MAKER**, supplies Salmon, Peal, and Trout Flies, and every requisite for this locality, and gives all necessary information.

Depôt for Rod Licences for Dart and Avon.

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**TROUT AND GRAYLING FISHING IN YORKSHIRE.**

**LIGHT RODS**, beautifully made Flies, the finest possible drawn Gut Casts, Minnow Flights for spinning the natural Minnow, and every requisite for the Angler. Salmon Rods and Tackle. Catalogue post free.

**M. PORBITT, Fishing Tackle Maker, Stockton-on-Tees.**

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**JOHN D. BASTARD,**

**PRACTICAL ANGLER and FISHING TACKLE MAKER,**  
**TORRINGTON, NORTH DEVON.**

**SALMON**, Peal, and Trout Flies from the most useful patterns. Improved Devon Minnows. Rods, Reels, and Lines of the best make. Gut Collars and Casting Lines of the finest quality. A good assortment, which has been proved during several seasons in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales. Stock of Feathers, &c.

## Advertisements.

### ANGLING IN IRELAND.

JOHN FLINT, FISHING TACKLE MANUFACTURER, No. 17, Essex Quay, Dublin,

**B**EGS to call the attention of Sportsmen to his superior and large Stock of TACKLE, which for quality and moderate terms cannot be equalled. Distributor of Single Salmon Rod Licences to fish through Ireland, 20s. each. The Proprietor will be glad to give any information to Parties concerning the fishing in Ireland, he having fished most of the waters.

PRIZE MEDAL INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1885.

### BALLINA, MAYO.

**J**IM HEARNS, Up Mill-street, Ballina, successor to the late Pat Hearn; holder of Prize Medal from late Fishery Exhibition, London; Fly-tyer to his Excellency Earl Spencer, &c. Splendid Assortment of SALMON and TROUT FLIES for all waters. Boats and attendance for rivers and lakes.

### SALMON AND TROUT FISHING.—IRELAND.

**W**ILLIAM HAYNES, 63, Patrick-street, Cork, Manufacturer of the celebrated GREENHEART SALMON and TROUT RODS. Tackle of every description, suitable for Irish, English, Scotch, Norway, Canadian, and Indian rivers. Salmon and Trout Flies dressed to any pattern, and forwarded by return post. Agent for the sale of the "Patent American Line." Catalogues gratis.

## English Hotels and Fisheries.

### DULVERTON, SOMERSET.

**T**HE FISHING above the town is preserved on both sides for 3½ miles. Trout plentiful; season commences February 2nd. Salmon from June, sometimes later. Tickets for Salmon and Trout—yearly, £2 2s.; monthly, £1 1s.; weekly, 10s. 6d.; daily, 3s. 6d. For Trout only—yearly, 10s.; weekly, 2s. 6d.; daily, 1s. Can be obtained at Post-office, Hotels, and from the Secretary, Rev. G. S. JELICOE, who will supply every information.

The water is reserved for Salmon on Monday and Tuesday, and for Trout on Monday, in each week.

### LYNMOUTH, NORTH DEVON.

THE SWITZERLAND OF ENGLAND.

### THE LYNDALÉ HOTEL.

First-class Hotel, overlooking the East and West Lynn, and one minute's walk from the beach.

### FAMILIES AND TOURISTS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION.

The Proprietor has secured about Twenty Miles of the best Trout and Salmon Rivers in the North of Devon, commencing outside the Hotel, and including the Brendon and Doone of Badgeworthy streams.

Tickets can be obtained and all information given at the Hotel. There is a Private Lodging House in connection with the above.

WILLIAM BEVAN, Proprietor.

### WELSH HARP FISHERY.

**O**N the Edgware-road, five miles from Marble Arch. Trains from all Metropolitan Stations to Welsh Harp direct, and Omnibus service from West-end. 350 acres of water. Boats, &c. Pike, carp, bream, perch, roach fishing, &c. Annual Subscription, 11. 1s. Pike fishing, 2s. 6d. per day; bottom fishing, 1s. per day. Punts, &c., 2s. 6d. per day. All kinds of bait always on hand.

### R. CORNISH, NAG'S HEAD INN, ABINGDON.

**E**XCELLENT ACCOMMODATION for River Parties. Pleasure Boats, Fishing Punts, and Fishermen kept. Boats Housed.



## English Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

### THE ISLAND HOTEL AND BOATING HOUSE, HAMPTON,

**S**ITUATED on an Island in the River Thames, five minutes from Hampton Court Station on the South-Western Line. Capital Fishing for Anglers from the banks of the Island, the water being preserved, and the Rules of the Thames Angling Preservation Society strictly adhered to. Perch, Roach, Bream, Dace, &c. Terms, 6d. each Angler per day. T. G. TAGG, PROPRIETOR.

### THE LAMB,

**FAMILY and COMMERCIAL HOTEL and Posting House, Wallingford, Berks.** JACKSON S. LAWRENCE, Proprietor.  
Wines and Spirits of the finest quality. Superior Foreign Cigars.  
Omnibuses leave the Hotel for the G.W. Railway to meet every train.

### OULTON BROAD FISHERY, LOWESTOFT

(Preserved under the Norfolk and Suffolk Fisheries Act).

**Q**UARTERS, WHERRY HOTEL, Mutford Bridge; beautifully situated. G. MASON, Proprietor. Established nearly a century. Boats 2s., and full bait 1s. per day; men provided. Terms for stopping visitors on application. Gravel and sandy soil.

### BUXTON, DERBYSHIRE.

**J**OHAN BANKS, PRACTICAL ANGLER and FISHING TACKLE MAKER, respectfully invites Noblemen and Gentlemen to try his Flies, which have proved the most killing in Derbyshire; also patronised by many Noblemen and Gentlemen in England, Scotland, and Wales. One trial is earnestly requested to prove the fact. Price 2s. per doz. Rods, Beels, Lines, of the best quality; Casting Lines, extra fine. Orders by post receive prompt attention. Terms cash. N.B.—All Flies dressed on the premises by Mrs. Banks.

### DERBYSHIRE.—PEACOCK HOTEL, BASLOW.

**C**HATSWORTH FISHERY. Trout and Grayling. Splendid Fishing, extending over six miles of the River Derwent. This Hotel is situated in its own grounds, and affords every accommodation for Gentlemen and Families, at moderate charges. Fishing Tickets supplied. W. B. WAUD, PROPRIETOR.

### RUTLAND ARMS HOTEL, BAKEWELL.

**W**ILLIAM GREAVES has authority to grant permission to Gentlemen staying at his Hotel to ANGLE seven miles in the River Wye, from Bakewell to Fillyfoot Bridge. Ladies' Coffee Room. Omnibus meets every train.

### DE TABLEY ARMS HOTEL, RIBCHESTER BRIDGE, NEAR PRESTON.

JOHN RAWOLIFFE, PROPRIETOR.

**T**HE above HOTEL has been decorated and refurnished throughout. Excellent accommodation for fishers, and permission given for all kinds of fishing in the River Ribble. Posting in all its branches.

**S**LAPTON LEY (South Devon), seven miles from Dartmouth (G.W.R.).—Capital Pike, Perch, Roach, Rudd, and Eel Fishing. May, June, and July is the best time for Perch, Rudd, and Roach; April and the Autumn for Pike. The Fishing extends from April 1 to October 31 inclusive. There is also very good Sea Fishing. The best way to reach Slapton via Dartmouth, at which place an omnibus meets the 9.20 a.m. train every day (Sundays excepted). A coach leaves Dartmouth at 4.15 p.m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, or carriages may be ordered to meet any train. All letters must be addressed "Slapton, near Kingsbridge." Hotel—ROYAL SANDS HOTEL. Boats and Boatmen for the use of Visitors.

### NORTH COAST OF CORNWALL, VIA NORTH CORNWALL COACH.

**T**HE KING'S ARMS HOTEL, Camelford—J. SYMONS, Proprietor. Posting in all its branches. Families comfortably accommodated. Camelford is the most convenient centre for some of the romantic scenery of Cornwall. Visitors would do well to halt here a night en route to Tintagel, Boscastle, St. Knighton's Kieve, and the Delabole Slate Quarries. All these places can be seen in a day. Fly Fishing in the Camel, Jump River, and other streams. A Pack of Foxhounds and a Pack of Harriers in the neighbourhood. Daily Coach due from Newquay, Padstow, St. Columb, and Wadebridge at 11.30 a.m., and from Launceston at 6.40 p.m. Terms per day—Board, lodging, and attendance (including baths), 7s. 6d. each.

## English Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

**THE SWAN INN**, Hand Bridge, London Road, Newbury. Proprietor, W. E. BAXTER. Good accommodation for Anglers and Bicyclists. The Swan is twenty minutes' walk from Newbury Station, on the bank of the Lamborn Trout stream, and close to many of the best swims in the Kennet. The Lamborn is well stocked with Trout. The Lamborn and six miles of the Kennet are strictly preserved by the Newbury and District Angling Association. Season Tickets to include Kennet and Lamborn, £1 1s. Day Tickets—Lamborn 5s., Kennet 2s. 6d. The fly only to be used on the Lamborn.

### **THE GLOBE FAMILY AND COMMERCIAL HOTEL, TORRINGTON.**

S. G. TAPLEY, PROPRIETOR.

**TOURISTS** and Commercial Gentlemen visiting this picturesque neighbourhood will find this Hotel replete with every home comfort. Spacious Sitting, Commercial, and Ladies' and Gentlemen's Coffee Rooms. Capital Billiard Room (newly erected), with splendid Table by Thurston, London. Lofty and well-ventilated Bedrooms.

Good Post-horses and Carriages of every description. The Globe Omnibus meets all trains.

N.B.—Visitors staying at this Hotel are granted Free Tickets for Salmon and Trout Fishing over many miles of preserved water.

### **BISHOPSTOKE, L. & S.W.R.**

**JUNCTION FAMILY HOTEL** adjoins Station; five minutes from River. Tickets for noted Itchen Valley Fishery (about six miles preserved water; T. Chamberlayne, Esq.) may be obtained of R. GLASSPOOL, Manager.

Every convenience for Fishing Gentlemen. Post-horses, Carriages, &c.

### **PICKERING, YORKSHIRE.**

**BLACK SWAN HOTEL**, three minutes' walk from the Station; centrally situated for Pickering Beck, Costa, Seven Dove, Hodge, Derwent, Rye, Newton Dale, and other Trout and Grayling waters; Yorkshire Esk (Salmon, Sea Trout). Billiards and Posting House.

B. D. JOB, Proprietor.

### **THE CHARLES COTTON HOTEL, HARTINGTON, NEAR ASHBOURNE.**

**FAMILIES**, Tourists, and Anglers visiting the picturesque scenery of **BERESFORD DALE** will find every attention paid to their comfort at this old-established and celebrated Hotel. The Charles Cotton is within one mile of Izaak Walton's Fishing House and Beresford Dale. Ashbourne, Bakewell, Buxton, Leek, and Rowsley are each about ten miles distant. Angling tickets on the Dove 2s. 6d. per diem. Hot and Cold Baths. Post-horses and Carriages kept.

J. F. WARDLE, Proprietor.

### **SALMON FISHING IN TEES FOR FIVE MILES CAN BE HAD BY**

**VISITORS** to **DINSDALE SPA HOTEL**. Bank Fishing gratis. Terms moderate. The new Hotel is fitted up with every modern comfort.

Apply **MANAGER**, Dinsdale Sulphur Spa, near Middleton One Row, Darlington.

### **BRUCE ARMS HOTEL, TANFIELD, VIA RIPON, N.E.R.**

**GENTLEMEN** desirous of a couple of days' good Angling in the River Yore should apply to **JOHN KENDALL**, Landlord of the Bruce Arms. The Hotel is only three minutes' walk from the station, and but a few yards from the Yore, which is a capital Salmon and Trout river, and the best Grayling river in Yorkshire. This Hotel affords every accommodation to Anglers and Pleasure Parties, and the neighbourhood is one of the most picturesque in the North of England.

### **RIPON.**

**UNICORN HOTEL, MARKET PLACE**.—Visitors to this Hotel will find every comfort and moderate charges. Capital Trout, Pike, and other **FISHING** is to be obtained in the Ure, and the Proprietor can give leave to some preserved water.

Proprietor, E. E. COLLINSON.

### **THE EDEN (UPPER WATERS).**

**MRS. LONGRIGG**, **TUFTON ARMS HOTEL**, Appleby, Westmorland, has the privilege of granting tickets, covering several miles of the best Trout fishing, which this noted river affords. Every accommodation on moderate terms.

## Advertisements.

### Irish Hotels and Fisheries.

#### THE BUSH, CO. ANTRIM, IRELAND.

**SALMON and TROUT** Angling from banks of river, about two and a half miles in stretch from Salmon Leap to river's mouth. In a favourable season no better angling.—Apply to R. M. DOUGLAS, Portballantrae, Coleraine, Ireland.

#### TOOME BRIDGE, LOUGH NEAGH.

**TROUT FISHING** good; also small Pike. Hotel, O'NEILL ARMS, comfortable and moderate. Boat and boatman, 5s. or 6s. a day and lunch. The best flies are red ant, sky blue, curly tail, dotted, orange dun, and partridge hackle. Largest fish below the falls. Best months: May, June, July, and August.

#### THE MOY HOTEL, BALLINA, CO. MAYO, IRELAND.

**FIRST-CLASS** Accommodation. Cars and Boats always in readiness. Good River and Lake Fishing abound in the district. Plenty of Trout in every stream and lake, and the fishing free.

#### MACK'S ROYAL HOTEL,

**FAMILY and COMMERCIAL**, Galway. GEORGE MACK, Proprietor. The Hotel Omnibus attends all trains and steamers free of charge. Posting in all its branches.

#### IMPERIAL AND ROYAL HOTELS, BALLINA (CO. MAYO), IRELAND.

Patronised by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

**PERSONS** staying at the above Hotels will find good accommodation, with moderate charges, and every facility rendered by the Proprietor to insure good sport for Anglers. Some of the best free casts on the Moy within three minutes' walk of these Hotels. First-class Cars and Boats for the day always ready. The Hotel Omnibus attends WILLIAM FLYNN, Proprietor.

#### HARTOPP ARMS LAKE HOTEL, WATERVILLE, CO. KERRY.

**P. AND M. McELLIGOTT** respectfully intimate to Anglers, Tourists, &c., that this commodious and beautifully situated Hotel is now complete and opened with every requisite for their reception. Boats can be engaged for fishing in the Lake, or pleasuring, or sea fishing in the Bay; early and late both are equally good. The Salmon Fishing in the early months, the Sea Fishing later on, i.e., from Feb. 1 till October 15 inclusive. Salmon and White Trout Fishing Free.

**BUTLERS ARMS HOTEL**, Waterville, Co. Kerry.—This Hotel has undergone thorough repairs and improvements, newly furnished and decorated Private Sitting Rooms, Coffee Rooms, large comfortable Bedrooms. Very convenient to the Sea and Lake. Anglers and Tourists will find most comfortable accommodation at this nicely situated Hotel. Charges strictly moderate. P. McELLIGOTT, Proprietor.

N.B.—Boats can be engaged for fishing in the Lake and in the Bay. Early and late fishing (both are equally good), from Feb. 1 to Oct. 15. Salmon and White Trout fishing free.

#### LOUGH MELVIN.

**SCOTT'S OLD ESTABLISHED HOTEL**, Garrison, near Belleek, County Fermanagh, Ireland.—Accommodation comfortable; charges moderate. The Hotel is beautifully situated, commanding unrivalled mountain and lake scenery. Boats, Men, and Cars may be had at the Hotel. To guard against disappointment, gentlemen should secure quarters before leaving home.

### Scotch Hotels and Fisheries.

#### DALMALLY, LOCH AWE.

**GOOD FISHING** for TROUT, FEROX, PIKE, and PERCH, can be obtained by staying at the DALMALLY and LOCH AWE HOTELS. Boats on the loch. Excellent Salmon Fishing on the River Orchy. Fishing free. Also near railway station at Dalmally.

Full particulars can be had upon application to DUNCAN FRASER, PROPRIETOR. Post town, Dalmally. Telegraph Office.

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**Scotch Hotels and Fisheries—continued.**

**INVERNAID HOTEL,  
LOCH LOMOND.**

*The Landing Place for Loch Katrine, The Trossachs, Aberfoyle, &c.*

**THIS** HOTEL has been considerably enlarged, the additions comprising several Bedrooms, large Dining Room, Drawing Room, Billiard Room, &c., all newly furnished. The scenery surrounding is unsurpassed. Carriages can be had on hire, and there are also excellent Boats and Boatmen to be had for the use of Anglers or Excursionists on the Loch.

**PARTIES BOARDED BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.**

**ROBERT BLAIR, PROPRIETOR.**

---

**ABERFELDY.**

**BREADALBANE ARMS HOTEL.** Salmon and Trout Fishing on a beautiful stretch of the Tay, and Trout Fishing on Loch-na-Craig, both with use of boat free. **ALEXANDER NICOL, Lessee.**

---

**ABERFOYLE.**

**BAILIE NICOL JARVIE HOTEL—JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.**—Fishing on Loch Ard and Loch Ohon. By writing Mr. Blair a day or two previous, parties can secure Hotel accommodation and boats for fishing on the above Lochs.  
Route—Rail to Aberfoyle Station. Letters addressed by Stirling.

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**DEESIDE HYDROPATHIC ESTABLISHMENT,  
HEATHCOT, NEAR ABERDEEN, NB.**

Resident Superintendent . . . . . **Dr. STEWART.**

**PATIENTS** and Visitors staying at the Deeside Hydropathic Establishment, Heathcot, near Aberdeen, have the privilege of preserved Salmon and Trout Fishing in the River Dee, which runs through the estate for more than a mile.

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**LOCH LEVEN, KINROSS.—HARRIS'S HOTEL.**

**THIS** is the only First-class Hotel in Kinross, situated in its own pleasure grounds, convenient to Loch Leven. Every accommodation for Families and Anglers, at moderate charges. Orders for Rooms and Boats promptly attended to.

**B. AND J. HARRIS.**

---

**ROSS-SHIRE.**

**ANGLING ON THE CARRON AND OYKELL RIVERS,  
SEASON 1884.**

**DAY PERMISSION TICKETS** to Angle on the Carron will be issued by **J. McLEOD, Balnagown Arms Hotel, Ardgay, N.B.**  
**OYKELL** Angling let by the month. Apply to **J. FORSYTH, Balnagown Estate Offices, Parkhill, N.B.**

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**Welsh Hotels and Fisheries.**

**MAELOG LAKE HOTEL, TY-CROES, NEAR HOLYHEAD.**

**VISITORS** staying at the above Hotel have **FREE FISHING** in the well-known Maelog Lake and River; also excellent Sea Fishing and Bathing. Boats on Lake and Sea for use of visitors. Good Rabbit Shooting in connection with the Hotel. The Hotel is under entire new management.—Apply to Proprietor, **D. A. ADEY.**

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**LLANDYSSIL (CARDIGAN).**

**POROTH HOTEL and FISHERY.** The exclusive rights of Fishing for about one and a half miles is attached to the Hotel. No charge for gentlemen staying here, except licences. Whole season, Salmon, 21s.; Trout, 2s. 6d. Licence for a month, salmon, 5s. The Telf is noted for its good Salmon and Trout. (The Telf runs by our garden wall.) **DANIEL EVANS, Proprietor.**

## Welsh Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

Llanwrtyd Wells is one of the prettiest Health Resorts in South Wales.

### THE DOLCOED HOUSE HOTEL

Is beautifully situated in its own grounds of 20 acres. The River Irvon, one of the best trout fisheries in Wales, runs through the grounds. The Pump Room of the celebrated Mineral Springs is open free to visitors at Dol-y-Coed Hotel, it being in the grounds. The season begins with the bud and ends with the fall of the leaf. A drive up the Valley of Irvon, through Abergweelin, thence a walk to the Falls of Wolf's Leap and back, through Llwynmadoc and Beulah, is most sublime. Altogether, there will be found at and near Llanwrtyd more beauty and enjoyment than many extensively advertised and much-vaunted watering places can boast of, and needs to be but once seen to be often re-visited. The general physical tone is improved by the excellent climate and its surroundings. The Invalid, Sportsman, and the Angler will be delighted. Spacious apartments and every home comfort will be found at Dol-y-Coed House, a home from home. The river is strictly preserved miles each side of Hotel; tickets free to visitors. 1000 acres of Shooting free.

### HOT AND COLD BATHS.

Proprietor—BENJ. JONES.

### TROUT, SALMON, SEWIN, AND SEA FISHING.

**ARTHOG HALL HOTEL**, near Dolgelley, North Wales, five minutes' walk from Arthog Station, and seven miles from Dolgelley. The proprietor offers the above inducements to Gentlemen visiting this picturesque and healthy neighbourhood. Trout fishing on two large preserved lakes, and use of three boats, near Hotel, free to visitors. There are also several good streams and rivers in the immediate neighbourhood. Lawn Tennis. Sea Bathing. Good mixed and Wildfowl Shooting. Apply Proprietor.

**THE EARL OF CARNARVON** grants his Private **TROUT FISHING**, extending over five miles in Rivers Exe and Barle (free), to gentlemen whilst staying at the **CARNARVON ARMS HOTEL**, Dulverton Station. The Hotel is in the midst of fine scenery, close to the station, and less than five hours from London.

### DINAS MAWDDWY.

**THE BUCKLEY ARMS** (quite a new) **FAMILY and COMMERCIAL HOTEL**, within a minute's walk of the railway and telegraph stations. Beautifully situated in the picturesque valley of the Dovey, and as a Fishing station perhaps unsurpassed in Wales. The Hotel is newly furnished throughout, and its fittings will harmonise with the most improved and modern taste. Cleanliness is guaranteed. Moderate charges may be relied on. **JAMES INSULL BURMAN, PROPRIETOR.**

This Hotel is the Headquarters of the Bicycle Touring Club. Posting and Billiards.

### SNOWDON RANGER HOTEL,

**SITUATED** within two minutes' walk of the Station on N.W.N.G. Railway, and on the shores of Guellyn Lake, where excellent Trout Fishing may be had. Good Boats. The easiest and best ascent of Snowdon is made from this Hotel; distance three miles. Guides and Ponies.

### MID-WALES.

### LION HOTEL, RHAYADER.

**VISITORS** staying at the Hotel have the privilege of Fishing over twenty to thirty miles of Trout, five miles Salmon, and the Mountain Lakes.

**W. WILLIAMS, PROPRIETOR.**

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**PANION**, 1884, contains: A Calendar with Space for Memoranda, and High Water Table, with a Table of Tidal Observations; Record of all Regattas and principal Club Races in 1881, with a copious Index; a Review of the Rowing Season of 1882; an Itinerary of the River Thames from Oxford to Putney, showing all the points of interest, with Hotels, &c.; the Waterways of France; a Rowing Directory; the Lengths of the different Racing Courses; the Laws of Boat Racing; the Rule of the Road on the River; and Tables of Winners of all the principal Races and Regattas; together with Advertisements from Riverside Hotel Keepers and Boat Builders. Price 1s., by post 1s. 1d.

London **HORACE COX** "The Field" Office, 346, Strand, W.C.



THE  
ANGLER'S DIARY  
AND  
TOURIST FISHERMAN'S  
GAZETTEER  
OF THE  
RIVERS AND LAKES OF THE WORLD;  
TO WHICH ARE ADDED  
FORMS FOR REGISTERING THE FISH TAKEN  
DURING THE YEAR.

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By J. C. B. C.,

EDITOR OF "FACTS AND USEFUL HINTS RELATING TO FISHING AND SHOOTING."

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**J. R. GUY, SECRETARY,  
HOWIETOUN FISHERY, STIRLING.**

# RIVERS AND THEIR STATIONS.

## ENGLAND.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
ADUR (Sussex)			Burgess Hill, Hassock Gate, Henfield, Billinghamurst, Grinstead, Partridge Green, Steyning, Bramber, New Shoreham.
AIRE			Calton Bridge, Gargrave, Skipton.
ALLER			Porlock.
ALNE			Alnwick.
ALPHINGTON			Exeter.
	Adder Water..		Exeter.
ARUN (Sussex)			Horsham.
	Channel Brook.		Horsham.
			Itheringfield, Slynfold, Rudgwick, Billinghurst, Haslemere, Pulborough.
	Rother ..		Liss, Petersfield, Rogate, Elstead, Liphook
			Midhurst, Petworth, Pulborough.
			Amberley, Arundel, Ford, Goring, Angmering, Little Hampton.
AVON (Devon).			Brent.
AVON (Hants).			Devizes, Woodborough, Porton, Salisbury.
	Wily		Warminster, Heytesbury, Codford, Wily, Wishford, Wilton.
		Nadder .....	Shaftsbury, Tisbury, Dinton, Wilton.
			Salisbury.
	Winterbourne...		Grateley, Porton, Salisbury.
	Chalk Stream...		Tisbury.
			Downton, Braemore, Fordingsbridge, Ringwood, Christchurch.
AVON (Somrst.)			Tetbury, Minety.
	Dauntsey Brook		Dauntsey.
	Thunder Brook		Wootton Bassett, Dauntsey.
			Chippenham.
	Marden		Calne, Chippenham.
	Corsham Lake.		Corsham.
			Melksham, Holt.
	Seende Brook..		Devizes, Seende, Westbury, Melksham.
	Westbury Brook		Westbury, Frome, Trowbridge.
			Bradford, Freshford.
	Frome.....		Witham, Frome.
		Lechlere Water	Binegar.
	Freshford Brook		Freshford.
			Limpley.
	Norton Brook..		Hallatrow, Midsomer Norton.
		Chilcompton Brook	Chilcompton, Midsomer Norton.
			Radstock, Wellow, Midford.
		Wellow Brook..	Hallatrow, Wellow, Midford.
			Limpley.
			Bathampton.
	Box Brook ..		Box, Bathampton.
			Bathampton.
			Bath, Weston, Twiverton, Kelston, Saltford.
	Boyd		Yate.
		Feltham Brook	Mangotsfield.
			Warmley, Britton.
			Keynsham.

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
AVON (cont.) .. Chew .....	Clutton Brook ..	.....	Hallatrow, Clutton.
.....	.....	.....	Clutton.
.....	.....	.....	Pensford, Keynsham.
.....	.....	.....	Mangotsfield, Warmley, Britton.
.....	.....	.....	Brislington.
.....	.....	.....	Bristol.
AX .....	.....	.....	Wookey, Lodge Hill.
.....	.....	.....	Draycot.
.....	.....	.....	Chedder.
.....	.....	.....	Axbridge.
.....	.....	.....	Winscombe.
AXE .....	.....	.....	Misterton, Crewkerne.
.....	.....	.....	Chard.
.....	.....	.....	Chard Junction, Axminster.
.....	.....	.....	Ilminster, Axminster.
.....	.....	.....	Colyton, Colyford.
.....	.....	.....	Honiton, Seaton Junction, Colyton.
.....	.....	.....	Honiton, Colyton.
.....	.....	.....	Colyford.
.....	.....	.....	Seaton.
BAIN .....	.....	.....	Horncastle.
BASSEN-THWAITELAKE	.....	.....	Peel Wyke.
BEAMS (Essex).	.....	.....	Romford, Rainham.
.....	.....	.....	Rainham.
BEAULIEU .....	.....	.....	Beaulieu.
BEELA .....	.....	.....	Milnthorpe.
BERRY WATER .....	.....	.....	Ilfracombe.
BIDEFORD BEK.	.....	.....	Aure.
.....	.....	.....	Speechhouse, Aure.
BILLOW BROOK	.....	.....	Berkeley.
BLACKPOOL ..	.....	.....	Stoke Flemming.
BLACKWATER ..	.....	.....	Saffron Walden, Braintree, Kelvedon,
(Essex).	.....	.....	Witham.
.....	.....	.....	Braintree, Bulford, Witham.
.....	.....	.....	Wickham, Langford, Malden.
.....	.....	.....	Dunmow, Felsted, Chelmsford
.....	.....	.....	Chipping Ongar, Ingatestone, Chelmsford,
.....	.....	.....	Langford, Malden.
.....	.....	.....	Southwold.
BLITHE .....	.....	.....	Holmsley, Lyndhurst, Brockenhurst,
BOLDEE .....	.....	.....	Lyminster.
(Hants).	.....	.....	Forrabury.
BOSCASTLE BEK.	.....	.....	Wroxball, Horringford, Newchurch,
BRADING .....	.....	.....	Brading, Alverstone, Sandown.
(I. of W.).	.....	.....	Beer.
BRANSCOMBE ..	.....	.....	Mortehoe Station, Braunton.
BRAUNTON	.....	.....	Braunton.
.....	.....	.....	Victoria, Bridges.
BREAM .....	.....	.....	Bridges.
.....	.....	.....	St. Blazey, Par.
.....	.....	.....	Burton Bradstock.
BREEDY .....	.....	.....	Toller, Bridport.
BRITT .....	.....	.....	Porstock, Bridport.
.....	.....	.....	Brixham.
BRIKHAM	.....	.....	Slapton Ley.
BLACKANTON ..	.....	.....	Slapton Ley.
.....	.....	.....	Bruton.
BRUE .....	.....	.....	Bruton.
.....	.....	.....	Cole.
.....	.....	.....	Cole.
.....	.....	.....	Castle Carey.
.....	.....	.....	Evercreach, Evercreach Junction, Castle
.....	.....	.....	Carey.
.....	.....	.....	Glastonbury.
.....	.....	.....	Pennard, Glastonbury.
.....	.....	.....	Meare.
.....	.....	.....	Shepton Mallet, Wells, Polsham, Meare.
.....	.....	.....	Shapwick, Edington, Woolavington, High-
.....	.....	.....	bridge.

**ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
BUDE .....	.....	Holsworthy, Bude.
BUDOK WTR. ....	.....	Falmouth.
BURE .....	.....	Acle, Yarmouth.
BURY BROOK ..	.....	Cheriton.
CARLETON .....	.....	Ruan Minor.
	<i>Croft Pascoe Pool</i> .....	Ruan Minor.
	<i>Leech Pool</i> ....	Ruan Minor.
CALDER .....	.....	Blackburn, Castleford, Ribchester.
CALDEW .....	.....	Carlisle, Dalston, Hesket Newmarket.
CAM .....	.....	Cambridge.
CAM BROOK .....	.....	Dursley, Cam, Dursley Junction.
	<i>Ham Brook</i> ..	Dursley Junction.
	<i>Stimbridge Brk.</i> .....	Frcester.
CAMEL .....	.....	Bodmin.
	<i>Kirland Water</i> .....	Bodmin.
	<i>Lantivet Water</i> .....	Bodmin.
	<i>Witliet Water</i> ..	Victoria, Bodmin.
	<i>Kestle Water</i> ..	Wades Bridge.
	.....	Wades Bridge.
	<i>Manscove Brk.</i> ..	Wades Bridge.
	<i>Combe Water</i> ..	Wades Bridge.
CAREY .....	.....	Castle Carey, Sparkford, Langport, Bridgwater.
CHAR .....	.....	Charmouth.
CLIST .....	.....	Hele, Broad Clist.
	<i>South Brook</i> ..	Whimble, Broad Clist.
	<i>Halbrook</i> ....	Broad Clist.
	.....	Topsham.
	<i>Greendale Brook</i> .....	Topsham.
CONE BROOK .....	.....	Woolaston.
CONISTON LAKE .....	.....	Coniston, Torver.
COQUET .....	.....	Acklington, Felton, Harbottle, Holystone.
	.....	Bothbury, Weldon Bridge, Warkworth.
CORPE .....	.....	Wareham.
	<i>Byle Brook</i> ....	Wareham.
	.....	Poole.
CORTINACK ..	.....	St. Mawes.
COSTAR .....	.....	Costar.
CORVE .....	.....	Bromfield.
CROUCH AND ROACH (Essex) .....	.....	Burnham, Southend.
CRUGSHILLACK .....	.....	Veryan.
CUCKMARE ....	.....	Halisham, Berwick.
DANE .....	.....	Holme Chapel.
DARENTH .... (Kent).	.....	Dunton Green, Sevenoaks, Otford, Shoreham, Eynesford, Dartford.
	<i>Cray</i> .....	Orpington, St. Mary's Cray, Bexley, Crayford, Dartford.
DARK WATER .....	.....	Fawley.
DAET (Devon) .....	.....	Ashburton, Buckfastleigh, Staverton, Totnes, Dartmouth.
DAWLISH ....	.....	Dawlsh.
DERWENT (Cumberland) .....	.....	Keswick.
DERWENT (Derbyshire) .....	.....	Ambergate, Bakewell, Chatsworth, Derby, Matlock Bath, Rowsley, Whatstandwell Bridge.
DERWENT (York) .....	.....	Ayton, Hackness, Scarborough, Yedingham Bridge.
DOUB .....	.....	Dover, Kearsney.
DOVE .....	.....	Ashbourne, Ashford, Hartington, Ham, Mappleton, Uttoxeter
DUDDEN .....	.....	Broughton-in-Furness, Green Road, Silcroft, Kirkby.
DUNSTER BROOK .....	.....	Dunster.
EDEN .....	.....	Appleby, Armathwaite, Brampton, Brough, Carlisle, Kirkby Stephen, Penrith, Temple Sowerby, Guardbridge.
EHEN .....	.....	Egremont.
ELLEN .....	.....	Aspatria, Ireby.



## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
<b>EMS</b> .....	.....	Emsworth.
<b>EMNE</b> .....	.....	Ivy Bridge.
.....	<i>Ugborough Brk.</i> .....	Kingsbridge Road.
<b>ESK</b> (Cumber- land) .....	.....	Drigg, Ravenglass.
<b>ESK</b> (York) ..	.....	Whitby.
<b>ESW</b> .....	.....	Burngullow.
<b>ESK</b> (Devon) ..	.....	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Quarum</i> .....	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Hadeo</i> .....	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Barle</i> .....	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Downes Brook</i> ..	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Brushford Brk.</i> ..	Dulverton.
.....	<i>Belbrook</i> .....	Bampton.
.....	<i>Bampton Brook</i> ..	Venn Cross, Morebath, Bampton.
.....	.....	Tiverton.
.....	<i>Loman</i> .....	Tiverton.
.....	<i>Dart</i> .....	Tiverton.
.....	<i>Butterleigh Brk.</i> ..	Tiverton.
.....	.....	Hele.
.....	<i>Culm</i> .....	Hemyock, Culmstock.
.....	<i>Sheldon Brook</i> ..	Ufculma.
.....	.....	Ufculma, Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.
.....	<i>Kentisbere Brk.</i> ..	Collumpton.
.....	<i>Ashford Brook</i> ..	Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.
.....	<i>Langford Brook</i> ..	Collumpton.
.....	.....	Hele.
.....	<i>Creedy</i> .....	Crediton.
.....	.....	Crediton.
.....	<i>Yeo Brook</i> ..	Crediton.
.....	<i>Sandford Brook</i> ..	Crediton.
.....	<i>Spreyton Water</i> ..	Baw, Crediton.
.....	.....	St. Cyres.
.....	<i>Shobrook Brook</i> ..	St. Cyres.
.....	.....	Exeter.
<b>FAL</b> .....	.....	St. Columb, Grampond.
.....	<i>Gwendra Water</i> ..	Grampond.
<b>FOWEY</b> .....	.....	Bodmin.
.....	<i>St. Neot</i> .....	Liskeard.
.....	<i>Temple Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
.....	.....	Bodmin Road.
.....	<i>Milton Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
.....	.....	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Red Brook</i> .....	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Leign</i> .....	Lostwithiel.
.....	<i>Trebant Water</i> ..	Fowey.
.....	<i>Pont Brook</i> .....	Fowey.
<b>FROME</b> (Dorset) ..	.....	Fowey.
.....	.....	Toller, Malden Newton, Grimston, Dorchester.
.....	<i>Crane</i> .....	Evershot, Dorchester.
.....	.....	Moreton, Wool, Wareham.
<b>FROME</b> (Bristol).	.....	Yate, Iron Acton.
.....	<i>Laden</i> .....	Wickwar, Tytherington.
.....	.....	Filton.
.....	<i>Bradley Brook</i> ..	Thornbury, Filton.
.....	.....	Fishponda.
.....	<i>Stoke Park Lake</i> ..	Fishponda.
.....	.....	Stapleton Road, Bristol.
<b>FROME</b> (Glo'ster)	.....	Stroud, Brimscombe.
.....	.....	Stroud.
.....	<i>Slean Brook</i> ..	Wooton, Stroud.
.....	<i>Painswick Brk.</i> ..	Nailsworth, Woodchester, Stroud.
.....	<i>Nailsworth Brk.</i> ..	Stonehouse.
.....	.....	Ipswich.
<b>GIPPING</b> .....	.....	Kirknewton, Wooler. (See Till, Scotland.)
<b>GLEN AND TILL</b> ..	.....	Keswick, Southwell.
<b>GRETA</b> .....	.....	Penzance.
<b>GULVALE BRK.</b> ..	.....	Cambourne.
<b>GWITHIAN</b> ....	.....	Gwinear.
.....	<i>Gwinear Brook</i> ..	.....

# Rivers and their Stations.

v

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
HAMBLE .....	.....	Bishops Waltham, Botley.
HARTLAND ABBEY STREAM.	.....	Hartland.
HAYLE .....	.....	Gwinear.
.....	<i>Germoe Brook ..</i>	St. Earth.
.....	.....	St. Earth, Hayle.
.....	<i>Gwinear Water</i>	Hayle.
HELFOED ....	.....	Constantine.
.....	<i>Trecoos Brook ..</i>	Constantine.
.....	<i>Gweek Water ..</i>	Helston, Constantine.
HELSTON .....	.....	Pool, Helston.
HODDER .....	.....	Blackburn, Clithero, Ribchester.
HOLYWELL BRK.	.....	New Quay.
HOPE BROOK ..	.....	Longhope, Westbury.
INGREBURN ...	.....	Brentwood, Rainham.
ITCHEN (Hants)	.....	Alresford, Itchen Abbas, Winchester, Bishopstoke, Southampton.
KENN (Devon) .....	.....	Exminster, Starcross.
KENN (Somst.) .....	.....	Bourton, Nailsea, Clevedon.
KENT .....	.....	Kendal.
KESTLE .....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	<i>Tredinick Wtr.</i>	Grampond.
.....	.....	New Quay.
KINGSBRIDGE .....	.....	Kingsbridge.
BROOK .....	.....	Bishopston.
KITTLE BROOK .....	.....	Luton, New Mill End, Harpenden, Wheat-
LEA (Essex) ..	.....	hampstead, Hatfield, Hertford.
.....	<i>Minram .....</i>	Welwyn, Hertford.
.....	<i>Beame .....</i>	Stevenage, Hertford.
.....	<i>Rib .....</i>	Buntingford, Westmill, Braughing.
.....	<i>Quin .....</i>	Braughing.
.....	.....	How Street, Hertford.
.....	.....	Ware.
.....	<i>Ash .....</i>	Hadham Cross, Widdford, Ware.
.....	.....	St. Margaret's, Hoddesdon.
.....	<i>Stort .....</i>	Stanstead, Bishop Stortford, Sawbridge-
.....	.....	worth, Harlow.
.....	<i>Piacey Brook ..</i>	Takeley, Harlow.
.....	.....	Burnt Mill, Roydon, Hoddesdon.
.....	.....	Broxbourne, Cheshunt, Waltham.
.....	<i>Cobbin's Brook</i>	Waltham.
.....	.....	Enfield, Angel-road, Park Station, Totten-
.....	.....	ham, Lea Bridge, Stratford.
LITTLE AVON .....	.....	Wickwar, Charfield.
.....	<i>Ozleworth Brook</i>	Charfield.
.....	<i>Tortworth Brk.</i>	Wickwar.
.....	.....	Berkeley.
.....	<i>Waterley Brook</i>	Dursley, Berkeley.
LOOB .....	.....	Liskeard, Menheniot.
LUNE .....	.....	Kirkby Lonsdale, Lancaster.
LYDNEY BROOK .....	.....	Lydney.
LYN .....	.....	Lynton.
.....	<i>Oare Water ..</i>	Lynton.
LYNE .....	.....	Bewcastle, Bolton.
LYVENNET ...	.....	Crosby Ravensworth.
MADRON BROOK .....	.....	Penzance.
MANACCAN BRK.	.....	Manaccan.
MARAZION WTR.	.....	Marazion.
MARDYKE ....	.....	Purfleet.
MARSHLAND ..	.....	Hartland.
MAWGAN ....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	<i>Whitewater</i>	St. Columb.
MEDINA .....	.....	Blackwater, Shide, Newport, Cowes.
MEDWAY (Kent)	.....	East Grinstead, Hartfield, Withyham.
.....	.....	Tunbridge Wells, Groombridge, Tun-
.....	<i>Eden .....</i>	bridge.
.....	.....	Edenbridge, Chiddingstone, Tunbridge.
.....	<i>Tice .....</i>	Yalding.
.....	.....	Tunbridge Wells, Yalding.

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
MEDWY (cont.)	<i>Bault</i> .....	Headcorn, Staplehurst, Yalding.
.....	.....	Wateringbury, East Farleigh, Maidstone,
.....	.....	Aylsford, Snodland, Rochester.
MELLINCORE	.....	St. Columb, New Quay.
MEON (Hants)	.....	Petersfield, Fareham.
MOULTRE	.....	Guardbridge.
MOUNTON BRK.	.....	Chepstow, Portakewet.
MULLION BRK.	.....	Mullion.
NEDDEN BROOK	.....	Portakewet.
NENE	.....	Elton, Higham Ferrers Northampton, Over-
NEW RIVER	.....	ton, Oundle, Peterborough, Ringstead,
.....	.....	Thrapston, Wansford, Wellingborough,
.....	.....	Castle Ashby.
.....	.....	Hertford, Hoddesdon, Broxbourne, Ches-
.....	.....	hunt, Waltham, Enfield, Winchmore Hill,
.....	.....	Wood Green, Hornsey, Torrington Park,
.....	.....	London.
NEWTOWN	.....	Newtown.
NIDD	.....	Knareborough, Pateley Bridge.
NORTH TYNE	.....	Tarset.
OLVESTON	.....	New Passage.
OTTER	.....	Taunton, Honiton.
.....	<i>Pennythorn Brk.</i> .....	Honiton.
.....	<i>Blanacombe Brk.</i> .....	Honiton.
.....	<i>Awlescombe Brook</i> .....	Honiton.
.....	.....	Ottery Road, Ottery St. Mary.
.....	<i>Satwater Brook</i> .....	Ottery St. Mary.
.....	.....	Lipton.
OUSE (Beds)	.....	Bedford.
OUSE (Hunts)	.....	St. Ives.
OUSE (Sussex)	.....	Buxted, Isfield, Uckfield, Lewes, Glynd,
.....	.....	Newhaven.
OUSE (York)	.....	York, Cattal.
PARACOMBE	.....	Linton.
PAREET	.....	Crewkerne.
.....	<i>Hinton Brook</i> .....	Crewkerne.
.....	.....	Martock.
.....	<i>Isle</i> .....	Ilminster.
.....	.....	Langport.
.....	<i>Yeo</i> .....	Sherborne.
.....	<i>Milbourne Brk.</i> .....	Milborne Port, Sherborne.
.....	<i>Yel</i> .....	Yetminster.
.....	.....	Yeovil Junction.
.....	<i>Evershott Brook</i> .....	Sutton Bingham, Evershott, Yeovil
.....	.....	Junction.
.....	.....	Yeovil.
.....	<i>Sparkford Brk.</i> .....	Sparkford, Marston Magna.
.....	.....	Martock, Langport.
.....	<i>Hatch Brook</i> .....	Hatch.
.....	.....	Athelney.
.....	<i>Tone</i> .....	Wiveliscombe, Wellington.
.....	<i>Milvorton Brook</i> .....	Wiveliscombe, Milvorton.
.....	<i>Norton Brook</i> .....	Wiveliscombe, Bishops Lydiard, Milvorton,
.....	.....	Norton Fitzwarren.
.....	<i>Kingston Brook</i> .....	Bishops Lydiard, Taunton.
.....	.....	Taunton.
.....	<i>Black Brook</i> .....	Taunton.
.....	<i>Durston Brook</i> .....	Durston.
.....	.....	Athelney.
.....	.....	Bridgwater.
.....	.....	Penryn.
.....	.....	Scorrier Gate.
.....	<i>Gwenna Brook</i> .....	Perran.
.....	.....	Perran.
.....	<i>Trevedra Brk.</i> .....	Perran.
.....	<i>Stithians Water</i> .....	Perran.
.....	.....	St. Columb, Padstow.
PETHERICK	.....	Pevensey.
PEVENSEY	.....	Carlisle, Plumpton, Southwaite.
PETTERIL	.....	Grimston, Moreton, Wool.
PIDDLE	.....	.....

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
<b>FIDDLE (cont.)</b>	<i>Milton Park Lakes</i> .....	Blandford.
.....	.....	Wareham.
.....	<i>Decoy Pond</i> ..	Wareham.
<b>PILNING BROOK</b>	.....	Pilning, New Passage.
<b>PLYM</b> .....	.....	Bickley.
.....	<i>Meavy</i> .....	Horwobridge, Bickley.
.....	.....	Marsh Mills.
.....	<i>Tory Brook</i> ..	Bickley, Plymton, Marsh Mills.
.....	.....	Plymouth.
<b>POLGLAZE BRK.</b>	.....	Tregony.
<b>POLPERRO BRK.</b>	.....	Polperro.
<b>POLWHEVERILL</b>	.....	Constantine.
<b>PORTHOOTHAN</b>	.....	St. Columb.
<b>RAVENBOURNE</b>	.....	Bromley, Catford Bridge, Lee, Lewisham.
<b>RIBBLE</b> .....	.....	Blackburn, Chatburn, Eiston, Preston, Ribchester.
<b>ROCKLE</b> .....	.....	Wareham, Poole.
<b>RODING (Essex)</b>	.....	Dunmow, Takeley, Chipping Ongar.
.....	<i>Crispy Brook</i> ..	Chipping Ongar.
.....	.....	Chigwell Lane, Loughton, Buckhurst Hill, Woodford, George Lane, Leytonstone, Ilford.
<b>ROTHER (Kent)</b>	.....	Ticehurst, Etchingham, Robert's Bridge, Rye
.....	<i>Tillingham Water</i> .....	Rye.
.....	<i>Breds</i> .....	Battle, Winchelsea, Rye.
<b>RYE</b> .....	.....	Hovingham, Helmsley, Nunnington, Salton.
<b>SCALESY BECK</b> ..	.....	Scalby.
<b>SEATON</b> .....	.....	Liskeard, Menheniot.
<b>SEVERN</b> .....	.....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Brochan</i> .....	Llangurig.
.....	{ <i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	Llangurig.
.....	{ <i>Tylwch</i> .....	Tylwch.
.....	.....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Olywedog</i> .....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Lloyd</i> .....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Biga</i> .....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Llyn Derw-lydion</i> ..	Llanidloes.
.....	.....	Dolwen.
.....	<i>Ebyr</i> .....	Dolwen.
.....	<i>Berthin</i> .....	Dolwen.
.....	.....	Llandinam, Caerswa.
.....	<i>Taranon</i> ....	Carno.
.....	<i>Llyn Gloyro</i> ..	Caerswa.
.....	<i>Relaf</i> .....	Llanidloes.
.....	<i>Ceryst</i> .....	Caerswa.
.....	.....	Carno.
.....	<i>Garno</i> .....	Carno.
.....	<i>Pwll-lydan</i> ..	Carno.
.....	<i>Cledau</i> .....	Carno.
.....	<i>Cerniog</i> .....	Carno.
.....	<i>Llyn-Du</i> .....	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
.....	.....	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
.....	<i>Tarw</i> .....	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
.....	.....	Scafell.
.....	<i>Fachwen Pool</i> ..	Scafell.
.....	<i>Hafren</i> .....	Newtown.
.....	.....	Newtown, Abermule.
.....	<i>Mule</i> .....	Kerry, Abermule.
.....	.....	Montgomery.
.....	<i>Rhio</i> .....	Carno.
.....	<i>Llyn-y-bugail</i> ..	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
.....	{ <i>Mawr</i> .....	Montgomery.
.....	{ <i>Llyn Mawr</i> ..	Forden.
.....	.....	Lyddham.
.....	<i>Camlad</i> .....	Kerry.
.....	<i>Caerbitra</i> ....	Kerry.
.....	<i>Locks Brook</i> ..	Forden.
.....	{ <i>Hatlesford Brk.</i> ..	Forden.
.....	{ <i>Martin Pool</i> ..	Forden.
.....	.....	Forden.

### ENGLAND—continued

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.) .....	Welshpool.
Sylean Brook .....	Welshpool.
.....	Buttington.
Treugern .....	Middletown.
.....	Criggon.
Bete Brook....	Pool Quay, Criggon.
Maerdy Brook..	Arleen, Criggon.
.....	Llandrinio, Ferry.
Vyrnwy .....	Llanwchllyn.
Trancres .....	Llanwchllyn.
Emnant .....	Llanwchllyn.
Hirddu .....	Llanwchllyn.
Gwintion .....	Llanwchllyn.
Marchnant....	
Cwm .....	
Dysnant .....	
Llwydianth....	Llanfyllin.
Cringae .....	
Einion .....	
Llyn-hir .....	Carno.
Grahwyddau ..	Carno.
Banw .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Ysguthan .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Torch .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Llechog .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Cathan .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Llyn - y - bu- gail .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Banw .....	Dinas Mowddwy.
Eira .....	Can-office.
Cannon .....	Llanbrynmair.
Llyn Gwyd- dior .....	Llanbrynmair.
Cledau .....	Carno.
Nydwydd....	Can-office.
Gwylferyn...	Can-office.
Llyn Gwyl- feryn .....	Can-office.
Einion .....	Can-office.
Llyn-hir .....	Can-office.
Llyn - Gran- wyddau ..	Can-office.
Banw .....	Llanfair.
Llyn-du .....	Llansantffraid.
.....	Llansantffraid.
{ Cain .....	Llanfyllin.
{ Llechwedd ..	Llanfyllin.
Cain .....	Llanfechan.
Bwgan .....	Llanfechan.
Cain .....	Llansantffraid.
Tanat .....	Llangynnog.
{ Goch .....	Llangynnog.
{ Llyn - Parnan	Llangynnog.
Eiarth .....	Llangynnog.
Hirnant .....	Llangynnog.
{ Moch .....	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
{ Llyn - llyne- caves .....	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
{ Disgynfa....	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
Torch .....	Llanrhaladr-yn-Mochnant.
{ Cynllaith....	Oswestry.
{ Llyn Rhydd- wyn .....	Oswestry.
{ Llyn Moelin	Llangedwyn.
Tanat .....	Llan-y-blodwell.
.....	Llanymynech.
{ Morda .....	Oswestry.
{ Aston Lake....	Oswestry.
Wear Brook ..	Sandford Hall
	Pond .....
	Kinnerley.

# Rivers and their Stations.

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## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Onslow Hall	Hanwood.
	Lake .....	Gobowen, Whittington.
Perry .....	Halston Hall	Whittington.
.....	Lakes .....	Rednall.
.....	Shelyocke Lake	Rednall.
.....	.....	Basechurch.
.....	Warbrook ....	Basechurch.
.....	Berth Pool ....	Basechurch.
.....	Birch Grove	Basechurch.
.....	Pool .....	Basechurch.
.....	Marton Pool ..	Basechurch.
.....	Fennymere Pool	Basechurch.
.....	.....	Leaton, Shrewsbury.
Raddle .....	Onslow Hall	Hanwood, Shrewsbury.
.....	Lake .....	Minsterley.
Rea .....	Minsterley Brk.	Minsterley.
.....	.....	Pontesbury.
.....	Habberley Brk.	Pontesbury.
.....	.....	Hanwood.
.....	Yockleton Brk.	Westbury, Yockleton, Hanwood.
.....	Longdean Brk.	Yockleton.
.....	{ Meole Brook ..	Yockleton.
.....	{ Bomer Pool ..	Yockleton.
.....	.....	Shrewsbury.
.....	Almond Pool ..	Shrewsbury.
.....	Black Pool ....	Shrewsbury.
.....	Hencott Pool ..	Shrewsbury.
Sundown Brook	.....	Yarton, Hadnall.
.....	Sundown Castle	Shrewsbury.
.....	Lakes .....	Whitmore.
Tern .....	Maer Hall Lake	Norton.
.....	.....	.....
.....	{ Hemp Mill Bk.	Market Drayton.
.....	{ Daisy Lake ....	Market Drayton.
.....	.....	Market Drayton.
.....	Coal Brook ....	Market Drayton.
.....	Buntingsdale	.....
.....	Hall Lake ..	Market Drayton.
.....	{ Batle Brook ..	.....
.....	Sandford Hall	.....
.....	Pool .....	Prees.
.....	Big Pool .....	Adderley.
.....	Old Pool .....	Market Drayton.
.....	Stych Pool ....	Market Drayton.
.....	Cloverley Pond	Market Drayton.
.....	Morden Mill	.....
.....	Pond .....	Market Drayton.
.....	.....	Hodnet.
.....	Salter's Brook..	Hodnet.
.....	.....	Peplow.
.....	Allford Brook..	Peplow.
.....	Polford Brook..	Peplow.
.....	Meess .....	.....
.....	White Stuch	.....
.....	Lake .....	Shiffnal.
.....	Aquadale Mere	Newport.
.....	Chetwynd Park	.....
.....	Pond .....	Newport.
.....	Lomeo Brook ..	Newport.
.....	.....	.....
.....	{ Elerton Bk. ...	.....
.....	Heywood	.....
.....	Ponds ....	Market Drayton.
.....	Canal Re-	.....
.....	servoir .....	Market Drayton.
.....	Showed Pond	Newport.
.....	Meess .....	Peplow.
.....	.....	Crudgington.

# The Angler's Diary.

## ENGLAND—continued.

### RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES. SEVERN (cont.)

### STATIONS.

	Strine .....	Newport.
	{ Brockton Brk.	Newport.
	{ Wildmore	
	{ Pool .....	Newport.
	{ Minton's Pool	Newport.
	{ Limekiln Pool	Newport.
	Preston Brk. ..	Hadley.
	Strine .....	Crudgington.
	Beauhill Brook	Crudgington.
	.....	Walcott.
	{ Roden .....	
	{ White Meer ..	Ellesmere.
	{ Black Meer ..	Ellesmere.
	{ Colemere .....	Ellesmere.
	{ Crose Meer ..	Ellesmere.
	Roden .....	Wem.
	Prees Brook ..	Wem.
	Haukstone	
	{ Park Lake ..	Wem.
	Roden .....	Walcott.
	.....	Shrewsbury.
	.....	Berrington.
	.....	Berrington.
Bell Brook ....	.....	Church Stretton, Le Botwood, Dorrington,
Cound Brook ..	.....	Condover, Berrington.
	Row Brook ....	Berrington.
	Aston Brook ..	Berrington.
	Langley Brook	
	Langley Pond ..	Le Botwood.
	Acton Burnell	
	{ Park Lakes ..	Cressage.
	Harnage	
	{ Grange Pond	Cressage.
	.....	Cressage.
Hughley Brook	.....	Presthorpe, Much Wenlock.
Leighton Brook	.....	Cressage.
.....	.....	Buildwas.
Farley Brook ..	.....	Much Wenlock, Buildwas.
.....	.....	Ironbridge, Coalport, Linley.
Linley Brook ..	.....	Linley.
Willey Pt. Lakes	.....	Linley.
Worf .....	.....	Shiffnal.
Burington Pool	.....	Shiffnal.
New Pool ....	.....	Shiffnal.
Forge Pool ....	.....	Shiffnal.
	Norring Brook	Shiffnal.
	Weston Park	
	{ Lakes .....	Shiffnal.
	{ Tong Brook ..	Shiffnal.
	{ Cowley Wood	
	{ Pond .....	Shiffnal.
	{ Norton Meer	Shiffnal.
	{ Badger Brook ..	Albrighton.
	{ Snowden Pool ..	Albrighton.
	{ Stratford Brook	Albrighton, Linley.
	{ Claverley Brk.	Linley.
	.....	Linley.
	.....	Bridgenorth.
Mor Brook ....	.....	Much Wenlock.
	Beggar Hill Brk.	Much Wenlock.
	.....	Hampton.
	.....	Hampton, Alverley.
Borle Brook ..	.....	Bridgenorth, Alverley.
	.....	Upper Arley, Bewdley.
Dowles Brook ..	.....	Alverley, Wyre, Bewdley.
	.....	Stourport.
Gladder Brook	.....	Stourport.
Stour .....	.....	Halesowen, Cradley.
	Gades Green	
	Reservoir ..	Dudley.

**ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES. SEVERN (cont.)		STATIONS.
.....	New Pool ....	Cradley.
.....	.....	Stourbridge.
.....	Pensnett Chase	
.....	Reservoirs ..	Brierley Hill.
.....	Sneston .....	Wolverhampton.
.....	Wombourne ....	Wolverhampton.
.....	Himley Park	
.....	Ponds .....	Stourbridge.
.....	Common Pool ..	Stourbridge.
.....	Philley Brook ..	Stourbridge.
.....	.....	Kidderminster.
.....	Hoo Brook ....	Churchill, Kidderminster.
.....	.....	Stourport.
Dick Brook ....	.....	Stourport.
.....	Sharpley Pool	Stourport.
Frog Pool .....	.....	Stourport.
Shrawley Brook	.....	Stourport.
Witley Court	.....	
Ponds .....	.....	Stourport.
Sahwarp .....	.....	Bromsgrove.
.....	Spadbourne Bk.	Bromsgrove.
.....	Hen Brook ....	Droitwich.
.....	.....	Droitwich.
.....	Body Brook ..	Droitwich.
.....	Hampton Brk.	Droitwich.
.....	Doredale Brook	Thurtlebury.
.....	.....	Worcester.
.....	.....	Worcester.
.....	.....	Knucklas, Knighton, Bucknall, Leintwardine.
.....	.....	
.....	Clun .....	Clun.
.....	Lower .....	Clun.
.....	Clun .....	Broome.
.....	{ Kempton Brk.	Broome.
.....	{ Acton Pool ..	Clun.
.....	Clun .....	Hopton Heath.
.....	Redlake Brook	Bucknall, Hopton Heath.
.....	Clun .....	Leintwardine.
.....	Allox Brook ..	Leintwardine.
.....	Burrington Pool	Leintwardine.
.....	.....	Broomfield.
.....	.....	
.....	Onny .....	
.....	Marsh Pool ....	Lyddham.
.....	Shelve Pool ....	Lyddham.
.....	Black Brook ....	Lyddham.
.....	Onny .....	Lyddham, Eaton.
.....	Eaton Brook ..	Le Botwood, Eaton.
.....	Onny .....	Flowden.
.....	{ Quenny Brk.	Marsh Brook.
.....	{ Eaton Brook.	Longville, Harton Road.
.....	Onny .....	Craven Arms, Onibury, Bromfield.
.....	Decoy Pools ..	Bromfield.
.....	.....	Ludlow.
.....	.....	Presthorpe.
.....	Corve .....	
.....	Thonglands ..	
.....	Brook .....	Ludlow.
.....	Tugford Brook	Ludlow.
.....	Pye Brook ....	Ludlow.
.....	Ludford Park	
.....	Lakes .....	Ludlow.
.....	.....	Wooferton.
.....	Brimfield Brk.	Wooferton.
.....	.....	Easton Court.
.....	.....	
.....	West Brook ..	
.....	Cadmores Brook	Easton Court.
.....	Ledwyck .....	Ludlow.
.....	Downton Hall	
.....	Lakes .....	Ludlow.
.....	Dogditch Brook	Ludlow.
.....	Cay Brook ....	Ludlow.



*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
<b>SEVERN (cont.)</b>	{ Wooton Pool..	Ludlow.
.....	{ Ledwych .....	Tenbury.
.....	{ Kyre .....	Tenbury.
.....	{ Kyre Pool .....	Tenbury.
.....	{ Corn Brook ..	Newnham Bridge.
.....	{ Rea .....	Cleobury Mortimer.
.....	{ Cleobury Brook	Cleobury Mortimer.
.....	{ Rea .....	Neen Sollers.
.....	{ Ranhall Brook	Neen Sollers.
.....	{ Hopton Brook	Neen Sollers.
.....	{ Rea .....	Newnham Bridge.
.....	{ Bickley Pools..	Newnham Bridge.
.....	{ Piper's Brook ..	Newnham Bridge.
.....	{ Stanford Park	Newnham Bridge.
.....	{ Lake .....	Knightswick.
.....	{ Sapey Brook ..	Knightswick.
.....	{ Leigh Brook ..	Leigh Court.
.....	{ Leigh Brook ..	Colwall, Great Malvern, Leigh Court.
.....	{ Laughton Brk.	Bransford.
.....	{ Worcester, Bransford	Worcester.
.....	{ Worcester.	Upton-on-Severn, Ripple, Tewkesbury.
.....	{ Tewkesbury.	Tewkesbury.
.....	{ Defford.	Defford.
.....	{ Naseby Reserv.	Naseby, Kilworth, Stamford, Lilbourne.
.....	{ Yelvertoft Brk.	Lilbourne.
.....	{ Swift .....	Clifton, Rugby.
.....	{ Swift .....	Kilworth, Lutterworth, Rugby.
.....	{ Swift .....	Brandon, Stoneleigh.
.....	{ Sow .....	Bedworth, Exhall.
.....	{ Breach Brook..	Exhall.
.....	{ Sow .....	Foleshill.
.....	{ Marches Brook.	Foleshill.
.....	{ Sow .....	Coventry.
.....	{ Withy Brook..	Coventry.
.....	{ Coombe Brk.	Brinklow.
.....	{ Burdon Pool	Brinklow.
.....	{ Coombe Park.	Brinklow.
.....	{ Lake .....	Brinklow.
.....	{ Sherbourne....	Coventry.
.....	{ Sow .....	Stoneleigh.
.....	{ Sow .....	Leamington.
.....	{ Leam .....	Braunston.
.....	{ Rains Brook..	Rugby.
.....	{ Leam .....	Birdingbury.
.....	{ Itchene ....	Fenny Compton.
.....	{ Stoveton House	Fenny Compton.
.....	{ Lake .....	Harbury, Southam.
.....	{ Ham Brook.	Leamington.
.....	{ Itchene ....	Warwick.
.....	{ Leam .....	Warwick.
.....	{ Warwick Park	Stratford-on-Avon.
.....	{ Lake .....	Kington.
.....	{ Thelesford Brk.	Kington.
.....	{ Dene .....	Kington.
.....	{ Coombe Brook	Stratford-on-Avon.
.....	{ Lakes .....	Shipston.
.....	{ Stour .....	Shipston.
.....	{ Compton Brook	Campden, Blockley, Shipston.
.....	{ Knee Brook ..	Shipston.
.....	{ Ealington Park	Stratford-on-Avon.
.....	{ Lake .....	Milcote, Salford Priors.
.....	{ Stour .....	Milcote, Salford Priors.

**ENGLAND—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Arrow .....	Alvechurch, Redditch.
	Hewell Grange	
	Lake .....	Redditch.
	Ipsley Lodge	
	Pond .....	Redditch.
	Arrow .....	Studley, Congleton, Alcester.
	{ Aine .....	Henley-in-Arden.
	{ Edstone Brk.	Hatton, Bearley Cross.
	{ Aine .....	Alcester.
	Rugley Park	
	Lake .....	Wixford.
	Arrow .....	Wixford, Salford Priors.
	Ban Brook .....	Salford Priors.
	.....	Harrington.
	Wickham Brook	Harrington.
	.....	Ensham.
	Isborne .....	Winchcombe, Hinton, Ensham.
	.....	Pershore.
	{ Wyre .....	Inkberrow.
	{ Whitsun Brook	Pershore.
	{ Wyre .....	Pershore.
	.....	Defford.
	Bow Brook .....	Alcester.
	Dean Brook ..	Alcester.
	Bow Brook .....	Spetchley, Pershore
	Stoniton Brook	Spetchley.
	Spetchley Park	
	Lake .....	Spetchley, Pershore.
	Bow Brook .....	Defford.
	.....	Bredon, Tewkesbury.
	Carant Brook ..	Tewkesbury.
	Swilgare .....	Prestbury, Cleve, Tewkesbury.
	Tirle Brook ..	Tewkesbury.
	Chelt .....	Cheltenham, Gloucester.
	.....	Gloucester.
	Longford Brook	Gloucester.
	.....	Gloucester.
	Broadboard Bk.	Gloucester.
	Leadon .....	Ledbury.
	Dogberry Pools	Ledbury.
	Canal Reservoir	Ledbury.
	.....	Dymock.
	Preston .....	Dymock.
	.....	Upleadon.
	{ Clymch Brook ..	Upleadon.
	{ Eastnor Castle	
	{ Lakes .....	Ledbury.
	Newent Brook ..	Newent, Upleadon.
	.....	Gloucester.
	Twiver .....	Gloucester.
	.....	Bude.
SHEEPHILL BRK.	.....	Sidmouth.
SID .....	.....	Bingham.
SMITH .....	.....	Leicester.
SOAR .....	.....	Hartland.
SPOKES MILL	.....	Cheriton.
STACKPOLE BK.	.....	Truro.
ST. ALLEN ....	.....	Truro.
	Boswallock Wtr.	Truro.
	Tregarethan Wtr.	Truro.
	Sevecock Water	Chancewater, Truro.
	Tresillian Water	Grampound Road.
	Trelasick Brook	Grampound Road.
	Kestle Water ..	Truro.
	Woodland Brk.	Truro.
ST. AUSTELL ..	.....	St. Austell.
	Clissy .....	Burngallow, St. Austell.
ST. GERMANS ..	.....	Llakeard, Menheniot, St. Germans.
	Cad .....	Launceston.
	Trewartha	
	Water	Launceston.
.. .....	.....	St. Germans.

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
STOUR (Kent).	.....	Ashford, Westonhanger, Wye, Chilham, Chartham, Canterbury, Sturry, Grove Ferry
	<i>Little Stour</i> ..	Beakabourne, Grove Ferry.
STOUR (Dorset)	.....	Minster, Sandwich.
	<i>Shreen</i> .....	Witham, Gillingham.
	<i>Ledden</i> .....	Gillingham.
	.....	Gillingham.
	<i>Fern Brook</i> ..	Shaftsbury.
	.....	Gillingham.
	<i>Cale</i> .....	Wincanton, Temple Combe.
	.....	Temple Combe.
	.....	Stalbridge.
	<i>Lidden</i> .....	Sturminster Newton, Stalbridge.
	<i>Dioelish</i> .....	Sturminster.
	<i>Iwerne</i> .....	Blandford.
	.....	Sturminster, Shillington, Blandford, Spet-
	<i>Tarrant</i> .....	Spettisbury. [Hisbury.
	.....	Bailey Gate, Wimborne.
	<i>Allen</i> .....	Verwood, Wimborne.
	<i>Blackwater</i> ...	Wimborne.
	.....	Hern Bridge.
	<i>Moors</i> .....	Verwood, Hern Bridge.
	.....	Christchurch.
STOUR (Suffolk)	.....	Sudbury, Ardleigh, Bentley, Clare, Col-
	.....	chester, Haverhill.
STOW .....	.....	Eccleashall, Stafford.
SWALE .....	.....	Richmond.
TAME .....	.....	Tamworth.
TAMER .....	.....	Plymouth.
	<i>Bude Reservoir</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Fox Water</i> ..	Plymouth.
	<i>Holworthy Wtr.</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Claw</i> .....	Plymouth.
	<i>Bear Water</i> ..	Plymouth.
	.....	Launceston.
	<i>Yeolm</i> .....	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	<i>Cancer Water</i> .	Launceston.
	<i>Wilsley Brook</i> ..	Launceston.
	<i>Cowbery Water</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Carey</i> .....	Kingsford Wtr. Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	<i>Attery</i> .....	Launceston.
	<i>Lyd</i> .....	Lidford, Coryton.
	.....	Bridestow, Lidford.
	<i>Lew</i> .....	Coryton.
	<i>Mary Stow</i> ....	Lifton.
	.....	Bridestow, Lifton.
	<i>Thistle</i> .....	Launceston.
	<i>Laudno Water</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Inny</i> .....	Launceston.
	.....	Launceston.
	<i>Penpont Water</i>	Launceston.
	.....	Tavistock.
	<i>Tavy</i> .....	Lidford.
	.....	Lidford.
	<i>Rattle</i> .....	Mary Tavy.
	.....	Mary Tavy.
	<i>Wolmer</i> .....	Tavistock.
	.....	Tavistock.
	<i>Lamerton</i> ....	Mary Tavy, Tavistock, Horrabridge.
	<i>Walcombe</i> ....	Bickley.
	.....	Saltaah, Plymouth.
TAW .....	.....	Okehampton.
	<i>Teal Water</i> ...	Okehampton.
	.....	North Tawton, Lapford.
	<i>Lapford Water</i>	Bow.
	.....	Morchard Road.
	<i>Braddford Bk.</i>	Lapford.
	.....	Lapford.
	<i>Washford Bk.</i>	Aggesford.
	.....	Aggesford.
	<i>Hollowcombe Wtr.</i>	East Anstey.
	<i>Little Dart</i> ...	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
<b>TAW (cont.)....</b>	<i>Sturcombe</i> ....	East Anstey.
	.....	Eggesford.
	<i>Tiddywater</i> ..	Eggesford.
	.....	South Molton Road.
	<i>Yeo</i> .....	East Anstey, Molland.
	<i>Molland Water</i>	Molland.
	<i>Mole</i> .....	South Molton.
	<i>Knovstone Wtr.</i>	East Anstey, Molland, South Molton.
	<i>Littlecot Brook..</i>	South Molton.
	<i>Bray</i> .....	Castlehill, South Molton.
	.....	Portsmouth Arms, Umberleigh.
	<i>Chittlehampton</i>	Chapelton.
	.....	Chapelton.
	<i>Yarncombe Bk.</i>	Portsmouth Arms, Chapelton.
	<i>Swinbridge Wtr.</i>	Swinbridge, Chapelton.
	.....	Barnstaple.
	<i>Kentisbury Wtr.</i>	Barnstaple.
	<i>Muddiford Bk.</i>	Barnstaple.
<b>TIRES</b> .....	.....	Dinsdale.
<b>TIRES (Norfolk)</b>	.....	Florden.
<b>TRIGN (Devon)</b>	.....	Moreton Hampstead, Lustleigh.
	<i>Bovey</i> .....	Lustleigh, Bovey.
	.....	Teigngrace, Newton, Teignmouth.
<b>TEST (Hants).</b>	.....	Overton, Whitechurch, Itchen Abbas, Fullerton Bridge.
	<i>Anton</i> .....	Andover, Goodworth Clatford, Fullerton Bridge.
	.....	Stockbridge, King Somborne, Mottisfont, Romsey, Redbridge.
	<i>Lyndhurst B. k.</i>	Lyndhurst, Redbridge.
	.....	Southampton.
<b>THAMES</b> .....	.....	Tetbury-road.
	<i>Churn</i> .....	Cirencester.
	<i>Ray</i> .....	Swindon, Purton.
	<i>Byde Mill Brook</i>	Shrivenham.
	<i>Cole</i> .....	Swindon, Shrivenham.
	.....	Lechlade.
	<i>Colne</i> .....	Shipton, Fairford, Lechlade.
	<i>Leach</i> .....	Leachlade.
	.....	Bampton.
	<i>Charney Brook</i>	Bampton.
	<i>Windrush</i> ...	Bourton-on-the-Water.
	<i>Dickler</i> .....	Stow, Bourton-on-the-Water.
	.....	Witney.
	<i>Evenlode</i> .....	Yarnton.
	.....	Adlestrop, Chipping Norton, Shipton
	<i>Glyme</i> .....	Ascott, Charlbury, Handbrough.
	.....	Handbrough.
	<i>Cherwell</i> .....	Oxford.
	.....	Byfield, Copredy, Fenny Compton, Banbury, Aynho, Somerton, Heyford, Kirtlington, Woodstock-road, Islip.
	<i>Ray</i> .....	Bicester, Islip.
	.....	Oxford.
	<i>Ock</i> .....	Abingdon.
	.....	Abingdon.
	<i>Thame</i> .....	Culham, Appleford.
	.....	Aylesbury, Liddington.
	<i>Kennet</i> .....	Wallingford, Goring, Pangbourne, Reading.
	.....	Marlborough, Hungerford, Kintbury, Newbury, Thatcham, Midgham, Aldermaston.
	<i>Embourne</i> ....	Newbury, Midgham, Aldermaston.
	.....	Theale, Reading.
	<i>Loddon</i> .....	Shiplake, Twyford.
	.....	Basingstoke, Mortimer.
	<i>Blackwater</i> ....	Farnborough, Blackwater, Sandhurst.
	<i>Whitewater</i> ....	Winchfield.
	.....	Twyford.
	<i>Bull Brook</i> ....	Bracknell, Twyford.
	.....	Henley, Marlow, Bourne End, Cookham.

## ENGLAND - continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
THAMES (cont.)	Wye .....	.....	West Wycombe, High Wycombe, Loudwater, Woburn, Cookham.
.....	.....	.....	M Maidenhead, Windsor, Datchet, Wraysbury.
.....	Colne .....	.....	Harpenden, St. Alban's, Park Street, Elstree, Radlett, Watford Junction, Watford, Rickmansworth.
.....	.....	Gade .....	Hemel Hempstead, Box Moor, Berkhamstead, King's Langley, Rickmansworth.
.....	.....	Chess .....	Rickmansworth.
.....	.....	.....	Uxbridge, West Drayton, Wraysbury
.....	Bourne Brook .....	.....	Staines, Chertsey, Weybridge. [bridge.
.....	Wey .....	.....	Ascot, Virginia Water, Woking, Wey, Alton, Farnham, Liphook, Haslemere, Tongham, Milford, Godalming, Witley, Cranley, Bramley, Shelford.
.....	.....	Tillingbourne ..	Gomahall, Shelford.
.....	.....	.....	Guildford, Woking, Pirbright, Weybridge.
.....	.....	.....	Shepperton, Sunbury, Hampton, Hampton Court.
.....	Mole .....	.....	Crawley, Three Bridges, Horley, Rowfant, Merstham, Red Hill, Holmewood, Betchworth, Dorking, Box Hill, Leatherhead, Esher, Moulsey, Hampton Court.
.....	.....	.....	Thames Ditton, Kingston.
.....	Hog's Mill River .....	.....	Ewell, Epsom, Malden, Kingston.
.....	.....	.....	Teddington.
.....	Colne .....	.....	Ashford, Feltham, Teddington.
.....	.....	.....	Twickenham, Richmond, Isleworth.
.....	Yedding Brook .....	.....	Southall, Twickenham, Isleworth.
.....	.....	.....	Brentford.
.....	Brent .....	.....	Hendon, Welsh Harp, Willesden, Hanwell, Brentford.
.....	.....	.....	Kew, Mortlake, Barnes, Chiswick, Hammersmith, Putney, Wandsworth.
.....	Wandle .....	.....	Croydon, Carshalton, Mitcham, Merton, Wandsworth.
.....	.....	.....	London.
FORBRIDGE ....	.....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Lockington Wtr. ....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Floodmead Wtr. ....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Waldon .....	.....	Torrington.
.....	Whiteleigh Brk. ....	.....	Torrington.
.....	Buckland Brook .....	.....	Torrington.
.....	Lew .....	.....	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	Ashbury Brook. ....	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	Wagaford Brk. ....	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	Marshford Brk. ....	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	.....	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	Kenion Brook ..	Oakhampton.
.....	Oakment .....	.....	Bridestow, Oakhampton.
.....	.....	.....	Tawton.
.....	Ezbourne Wtr. ....	.....	Sampford Courtney, Tawton.
.....	Merton Brook ..	.....	Torrington.
.....	Woolley Brook ..	.....	Torrington.
.....	.....	.....	Torrington.
.....	Langtree Brook ..	.....	Torrington.
.....	Hunshaw Water ..	.....	Torrington.
.....	Laidland Water ..	.....	Torrington.
.....	.....	Alvington Brk. ....	Bideford.
.....	.....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Wear Water ..	.....	Bideford.
TOWAN .....	.....	.....	Perranzabuloe.
.....	Golla Water ..	.....	Perranzabuloe.
TOWNSINGTON ..	.....	.....	Exminster.
TREDAWL WTR. ....	.....	.....	Forraburay.
TRENT .....	.....	.....	Burton Bridge, Burton, Cavendish Bridge, Durham, Egginton, Fiskerton, Newark, Nottingham, Sawley, Sutton.
TREBILLEN ..	.....	.....	Bedruth.
TREYOWA ....	.....	.....	New Quay.

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## RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.

**STATIONS.**6

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WEEK	WYE	
	<i>Tavenig</i>	Melton Mowbray.
	<i>Bidno</i>	Llangurig.
	<i>Marteg</i>	Llangurig.
		Llangurig.
		Pant-y-dwr, St. Harmon.
		Rhayader.
	<i>Glan Llyn</i>	Rhayader.
	<i>Elan</i>	Llangurig.
	<i>Llyn Helygen</i>	Llangurig.
	<i>Gwngy</i>	Llangurig.
	<i>Llyn Gwngy</i>	Llangurig.
	<i>Hirin</i>	Rhayader.
	<i>Llyn Cerrig</i>	Rhayader.
	<i>Llwydion-uchaf</i>	Rhayader.
	<i>Llyn Cerrig</i>	Rhayader.
	<i>Llwydion-isaf</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Clearwen</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Figen</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Fryddyn- fach</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Fryddyn- fawr</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn-du</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn-figen-felan</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Bwynog</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Gynon</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Arban</i>	Doldowlod.
	<i>Garw</i>	Doldowlod.
	<i>Llyn Garw</i>	Doldowlod.
		Rhayader.
		Doldowlod, New Bridge.
	<i>Hirnant</i>	Newbridge.
	<i>Ithon</i>	Newtown.
	<i>Cam-dder</i>	Llangynllo.
		Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Arau</i>	Llangynllo, Dobau, Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Llandegley Brk.</i>	Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Clywedog</i>	Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Fishpool</i>	St. Harmon.
	<i>Crych Brook</i>	St. Harmon.
	<i>Camllo</i>	Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Dulas</i>	St. Harmon, Pen-y-bont.
	<i>Llyn Gwyn</i>	Doldowlod.
		Llandrindod.
	<i>Hawddwy</i>	Llandrindod.
		New Bridge.
		Builth Road.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Builth Road.
		Builth.
	<i>Irfon</i>	Llanwrtyd.
	<i>Gwessin</i>	Llanwrtyd.
	<i>Calant</i>	Llanwrtyd.
		Llanwrtyd.
	<i>Cerdin</i>	Llanwrtyd.
	<i>Cledau</i>	Llanwrtyd.
		Llangammarch.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Llangammarch.
	<i>Annell</i>	Llangammarch.
	<i>Camddur</i>	Llangammarch.
	<i>Cammmarch</i>	Llangammarch.
	<i>Cnyfflad</i>	Llangammarch.
	<i>Eiron</i>	Llangammarch.
		Garth.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Garth.
	<i>Gwenwest</i>	Garth.
		Cilmeri.
	<i>Onciddon</i>	Builth.
	<i>Chwefru</i>	Doldowlod, Builth.
	<i>Dihonw</i>	Garth, Builth.
		Aberedw.
	<i>Edw</i>	Pen-y-Bont.
	<i>Llyn Melan</i>	New Radnor.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..		
	<i>Camnant</i> ....	Builth.
	<i>{ Rhulan</i> .....	Aberedw.
	<i>{ Llyn Pools</i> ....	Aberedw.
	<i>Bailt Brook</i> ..	Builth.
	<i>Llyn Cawr</i> ....	Aberedw.
	.....	Aberedw.
	.....	Erwood.
<i>Llogin</i> .....	<i>Llyn Llogin</i> ..	Erwood.
<i>Back-houey Bk.</i>	.....	Aberedw.
	<i>Llyn Llanbychllyn</i>	Aberedw.
	.....	Erwood.
<i>Cunrig</i> .....	.....	Erwood.
	.....	Boughrood, Glasbury.
<i>Llyfni</i> .....	.....	Tal-y-Bont.
<i>Llangorse Lake</i>	.....	Tal-y-Llyn.
	<i>Cwm Brook</i> ..	Trefeinon,
<i>Llyfni</i> .....	.....	Trefeinon, Talgarth.
	<i>Enig</i> .....	Talgarth.
	<i>{ Dulais</i> .....	Talgarth.
	<i>{ Treffrwd Brook</i>	Talgarth.
	.....	Three Cocks Junction, Glasbury.
	.....	Hay.
<i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	.....	Hay.
	.....	Whitney, Eardisley.
<i>Upcot Brook</i> ..	.....	Almeley.
	<i>Holywell Brook</i>	Eardisley.
<i>Letton Lake</i> ..	.....	Almeley, Kinneraley.
	.....	Credenhill.
<i>Gage</i> .....	.....	Tram Inn.
	.....	Hereford.
<i>Withy Brook</i> ..	.....	Hereford.
<i>Lugwas Brook</i> ..	.....	Moorhampton, Credenhill, Hereford.
<i>Redbrook</i> ....	.....	Holme Lacey.
<i>Lug</i> .....	.....	Llangynllo.
	<i>{ Graig Brook</i> ..	Dolan.
	<i>{ Graig Pool</i> ....	Dolan.
	<i>Bleddla Brook</i> ..	Llangynllo.
	.....	Presteign.
	<i>Boulli Brook</i> ..	Presteign.
	<i>{ Summergill Bk.</i>	New Radnor, Presteign.
	<i>{ Black Brook</i> ..	New Radnor, Presteign.
	.....	Kingsland, Leominster.
	<i>{ Pitsley Brook</i> ..	Pembridge, Kingaland, Leominster.
	<i>{ Shobdon Park</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i> .....	Pembridge, Kingaland, Leominster.
	<i>{ Ridgemore</i> ....	Eye, Leominster.
	<i>{ Croft Castle</i>	
	<i>Ponds</i> .....	Eye, Leominster.
	<i>{ Stretford Brook</i>	Leominster.
	<i>{ Puddleston Brk.</i>	Leominster.
	<i>{ Puddleston Lakes</i>	Leominster.
	<i>{ Cogwell Brook</i> ..	Leominster.
	<i>Arrow</i> .....	Aberedw.
	<i>Mawn Pools</i> ..	Aberedw.
	<i>Cwm Illa Brook</i>	Whitney.
	<i>Arrow</i> .....	Kington.
	<i>Gluern Brook</i>	Dolhier.
	<i>Cynon Brook</i> ..	Dolhier.
	<i>Hales Brook</i> ..	Dolhier.
	<i>Gluern</i> .....	Stanner, Kington.
	<i>Arrow</i> .....	Titley, Pembridge, Leominster.
	<i>Stretford Brook</i>	Moorhampton.
	<i>Tippets Brook</i> ..	Pembridge.
	<i>Stretford</i> ....	Leominster.
	.....	Ford.
	<i>{ Humber Brook</i>	Leominster.
	<i>{ Hampton Park</i>	
	<i>Lake</i> .....	Ford.
	<i>Humber</i> .....	Ford.
	<i>Marston Brook</i>	Ford.



# The Angler's Diary.

## ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	Derdale Brook	Dinmore.
.....	Sutton Brook ..	Moreton.
.....	.....	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	.....	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	.....	Holme Lacey.
.....	Frome	Bromyard.
.....	Inkstone Brook	Bromyard.
.....	Linton Brook ..	Bromyard.
.....	Frome	Ashperton.
.....	Leddon	Bromyard, Ashperton.
.....	Frome	Stoke Edith, Holme Lacey.
.....	Pentelous Brook	Ashperton, Holme Lacey.
.....	Devereux Park	.....
.....	Lakes	Ashperton, Holme Lacey.
.....	.....	Fawley.
.....	Wriggle Brook	Fawley.
.....	Sollers Brook ..	Fawley.
.....	.....	Ross.
.....	Rudhall Brook	Mitcheldean Road, Ross.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	Castle Brook ..	Mitcheldean Road.
.....	.....	Simmonds Gate.
.....	Garrau	Pontrilas.
.....	Llanwearn Brk.	Fawley.
.....	Trewarthen Pool	Ross.
.....	Lammarch Brk.	Ross.
.....	Luke Brook ..	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	Monnow	Hay, Pandy.
.....	Eseley Brook ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	Otchon Brook ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pandy.
.....	Honddu	Glasbury, Llanfihangel, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pontrilas.
.....	Rouelston Brook	Pontrilas.
.....	Dore	Hay, Pontrilas.
.....	Worm Brook ..	Tram Inn.
.....	Allenmore	.....
.....	House Ponds	Tram Inn.
.....	Worm Brook ..	Devereux, Pontrilas.
.....	Dulas Brook ..	Pontrilas.
.....	Blackbrook	Pontrilas.
.....	Blackbrook	.....
.....	House Ponds	Pontrilas.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	Trothy	Abergavenny.
.....	Full Brook ....	Pandy, Abergavenny.
.....	Mynachdy Brk.	Abergavenny.
.....	.....	Dingestow.
.....	Llunon	Dingestow.
.....	Nant-y-fuchan.	Dingestow.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	.....	Redbrook, Bigswell, Tintern, Chepstow.
WYE (Derby)	.....	Bakewell, Rowsley, Ashford.
YAB (I. of W.).	.....	Yarmouth.
YABE	.....	Buckingham, Cantley, Coldham Hall, Nor-
.....	.....	wich, Yarmouth.
YEALM	.....	Cornwood.
YEO	.....	Congresbury.

## IRELAND.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
Ballinaghinch	Roundstone.	Blackwater	Kenmare.
Bandon	Bandon, Ballineen.	(Lesser).	.....
Bann	Coleraine.	Blarney	Blarney.
Barrow	Goresbridge.	Bundrows	Bundoran.
Blackwater	Dromore, Fermoy, Lismore,	Bush	Bushmilla.
	Mallow.		

**IRELAND—continued.**

RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Cara</i> .....	Cahiriveen, Glencar, Killorglin, Rossbeigh.
<i>Clady</i> .....	Gweedora.
<i>Einagh</i> .....	Cahiriveen.
<i>Erne</i> .....	Ballyshannon, Belleek.
<i>Erroe</i> .....	Leenan.
<i>Feale</i> .....	Abbey Feale.
<i>Fearlagh</i> .....	Cahiriveen.
<i>Fleet</i> .....	Killarney.
<i>Glengariffe</i> ..	Glengariffe.
<i>Ilan</i> .....	Baltimore, Skibbereen.
<i>Kearan</i> ....	Cahiriveen.
<i>Larne</i> .....	Cara Lake, Killarney Killorglin, Rossbeigh.
<i>Lee</i> .....	Cork, Macroom.
<i>Liffy</i> .....	Nass.
<i>Maine</i> .....	Killorglin.

RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Maunton</i> .....	Kilmurphy.
<i>Moy</i> .....	Ballina.
<i>Owenduff</i> ..	Bangor.
<i>Owena</i> .....	Ardara, Glenties.
<i>Owenmore</i> ..	Bangor.
<i>Owvane</i> ....	Inchageelah.
<i>Roughy</i> ....	Kenmare.
<i>Shannon</i> .....	Carrick, Castle Connell, Donass, Killaloe, Limerick, Longford, Meelick, Shannon Bridge.
<i>S. Bride (Cork).</i>	Crookstown.
<i>Suir</i> .....	Cahir, Carrick, Killaheelan.
<i>Westmeath Lakes.</i>	Mullingar.

**SCOTLAND.**

RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Amoy</i> .....	Oykel Bridge.
<i>Annan</i> ....	Ecclesfechan, Lochmaben, Moffat.
<i>Awe</i> .....	Dalmally, Inveroran, Loch Awe, Taynult.
<i>Bogie</i> .....	Huntley.
<i>Carron</i> ....	Ardgay.
<i>Cassley</i> ....	Oykel Bridge.
<i>Dee</i> (Aberdeen).	Aboyne, Balater, Braemar.
<i>Deveron</i> ....	Huntley.
<i>Dionard</i> ..	Durine Inn.
<i>Don</i> .....	Alford Bridge, Inverurie.
<i>Earn</i> .....	St. Fillans.
<i>Echalq</i> .....	Kilmun.
<i>Ericht</i> .....	Blairgowrie, Dalwhinnie.
<i>Esk</i> (Dumfries).	Canonby, Langholm.
<i>Evan</i> .....	Moffat.
<i>Ewe</i> .....	Gairloch.
<i>Fleet</i> .....	Kirkcudbright, Mound, Dromore.
<i>Forth</i> .....	Tarbet.
<i>Gala</i> .....	Stow.
<i>Garry</i> .....	Invergarry, Kinloch Rannoch.
<i>Grudie</i> .....	Durine Inn.
<i>Helmsdale</i> ..	Helmsdale.
<i>Isla</i> .....	Melkicour.

RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Lochy</i> .....	Banavie.
<i>Loch Lomond.</i>	Inverarnan, Tarbet.
<i>Moffat</i> ....	Moffat.
<i>Ness</i> .....	Inverness.
<i>Orchy</i> .....	Dalmally, Inveroran.
<i>Rannoch</i> .....	Kinloch Rannoch.
<i>Shin</i> .....	Lairg, Overskeck.
<i>Shiel</i> .....	Shiel House.
<i>Spean</i> .....	Banavie, Loch Laggan.
<i>Spey</i> .....	Craigellachie, Fochabers, Kingussie.
<i>Teith</i> .....	Callender.
<i>Thurso</i> ....	Brawl Castle, Thurso.
<i>Till</i> .....	Etal. (See England.)
<i>Tay</i> .....	Aberfeldy, Birnam, Crianlarich, Dalguise, Dunkeld, Grandtully, Kenmore, Killin, Logierait, Luib, Melkicour, Perth, Stanley, Weem.
<i>Tummel</i> ....	Kinloch Rannoch, Pitlochrie, Tummel Bridge.
<i>Tweed</i> .....	Clovenford, Inverleithen, Kelso, Peebles, Sprunston, (See England.)
<i>Yarrow</i> ....	St. Mary's Loch.
<i>Ythan</i> ....	Newburg, Eilon.

**WALES.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	
<i>AFON (Glamorg.)</i> .....	<i>Ceryg</i> .....
.....	<i>Gwynau</i> .....
<i>ALLAN</i> .....	.....
<i>ARTHO</i> .....	.....
<i>BRAWDY BR.</i> .....	.....
<i>CADDOXTON RIV.</i> .....	.....
<i>CAREW BROOK</i> .....	.....
<i>CARN</i> .....	.....
<i>CASTLE MARTIN BROOK.</i>	<i>Langdon Brook</i> .....
.....	<i>Orielton Lakes</i> .....
<i>CLEDDAU</i> ....	.....
.....	<i>Mariet Brook</i> ..
.....	<i>Wallis Brook</i> ..

STATIONS.	
Cymmer.	Cymmer.
Aberafon.	Aberafon.
St. David's.	St. David's.
Llanbedr.	Llanbedr.
Brawdy.	Brawdy.
Cadoxton.	Cadoxton.
Saundersfoot, Carew.	Saundersfoot, Carew.
Templeton, Loveton.	Templeton, Loveton.
Bogelly, Loveton.	Bogelly, Loveton.
Pembroke.	Pembroke.
Pembroke.	Pembroke.
Castle Martin.	Castle Martin.
Rosebush.	Rosebush.
Rosebush.	Rosebush.
Haverfordwest.	Haverfordwest.

## WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
CLEDDAU (cont.)	Pelcombe Brook .....	Haverfordwest.
.....	.....	Haverfordwest.
.....	Caplett Brook .....	Haverfordwest.
.....	Denant Brook .....	Haverfordwest.
.....	Milling Brook .....	Haverfordwest.
.....	Eastern Cleddau .....	Crynanich.
.....	Corwyn .....	Maenclochog.
CLWYD .....	.....	Rhyl, Ruthin, St. Asaph.
CONWAY .....	.....	Conway, Llanrwst.
COWBRIDGE RIV. ....	.....	Ystrad, Cowbridge.
CWM NANCWI .....	.....	Barmouth, Pensarn.
(or AETRO).	.....	
DANW .....	.....	Llanellay.
DEE .....	.....	Bala, Corwen, Llangollen, Overton,
.....	.....	Selattyn.
DIMILIO .....	.....	Llandisillio Gogo.
DOVEY .....	.....	Aberdovey, Cemmaes, Dinas Mowddwy,
.....	.....	Llanbrynmair, Machynlleth, Mallwyd.
DYSYNNI .....	.....	Aberdovey, Tal-y-llyn, Towyn.
EBWY .....	.....	Beaufort, Ebbw Vale, Victoria, Cww,
.....	.....	Aberbeeg.
.....	Elwy-fach .....	Bialna, Aberfillery, Aberbeeg.
.....	.....	Crumlin.
.....	Pound-y-Coed Cae .....	Aberbeeg, Crumlin.
.....	.....	Newbridge, Abercarne, Cross Keys.
.....	Stirhowey .....	
.....	Llyn-garn-fawr .....	Trefl.
.....	.....	Tredegar, Hollybush, Argoed, Blackwood,
.....	.....	Tredegar Junction, Ynyeddu, Cross Keys.
ELY .....	.....	Bisca, Tydee, Bassalleg, Newport.
.....	Douglas Brook .....	Llantrissant.
.....	.....	Llantrissant.
.....	.....	Peterston, St. Fagan's, Ely Bridge, Llandaff,
.....	.....	Cardiff.
ELWY .....	.....	Llanver, Rhyl, St. Asaph.
GARNAS .....	.....	Cronware.
GILFACH .....	.....	Llanarth.
GLASLYN .....	.....	Beddgelert, Portmadoc.
GLYNPHAW .....	.....	Carnarvon.
GWAEN .....	.....	Rosebush.
.....	Walen .....	Rosebush.
.....	.....	Fishguard.
GWENDRAETH- .....	.....	Nantgaredig, Kidwelly.
FACH.	.....	
GWENDRAETH- .....	.....	Llandybie.
FAWL.	.....	
.....	Llyn Llerh-ween .....	Llandybie.
.....	.....	Kidwelly.
KENFIG .....	.....	Cefn, Pyle.
KILVELGY BRK. ....	.....	Begelly.
LLIHEDI .....	.....	Llanellay.
LLIW .....	.....	Gora, Lluchwr.
.....	Lesser Llio .....	Lluchwr.
LLYFNI .....	.....	Carnarvon.
LLWCHWR .....	.....	Llandybie, Cross Inn.
.....	Llandybie Brk. ....	Derwydd Road, Llandybie, Cross Inn.
.....	Lash .....	Cross Inn.
.....	.....	Pantyyfynon Junction.
.....	Alwyd .....	Pantyyfynon Junction.
.....	Amman .....	Bryn-amman, Garnant.
.....	Garnant .....	Garnant.
.....	Pedol .....	Garnant.
.....	.....	Cross Inn, Pantyyfynon.
.....	.....	Pont-ar-duais.
.....	Dulas .....	Pont-ar-duais.
.....	Gwili .....	Pantyyfynon, Pont-ar-duais.
.....	.....	Llangenych.
.....	Trasarch .....	Llangenych.
.....	.....	Lluchwr.
MAWDDACH .....	.....	Barmouth, Dolgelly.

WALES—continued.

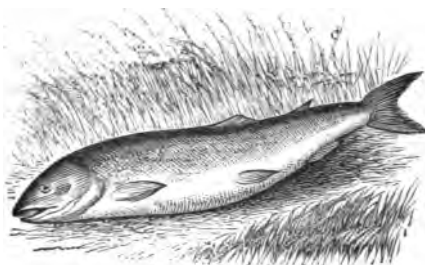
RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
MULLOCH BRK.	.....	St. Iahmael's.
NEATH	.....	Glyn Neath.
	<i>Llia</i> .....	Glyn Neath.
	<i>Hepste</i> .....	Hirwann.
	<i>Nedd</i> .....	Glyn Neath.
.....	.....	Besioyen; Aberdylas.
.....	<i>Dyltas</i> .....	Crinant, Aberdylas.
.....	.....	Neath.
OGMORE	<i>Clydach</i> .....	Pont-ar-dawe, Neath.
.....	.....	Blackmill, Tondn.
.....	<i>Llynei</i> .....	Cimmer, Maestog, Llangonoyd, Tondn.
.....	.....	Bridgend.
OGWEN	<i>Evenwy</i> .....	Pencoed, Bridgend.
PENMAEN BRK.	.....	Bangor, Bethesda.
PENMAR	.....	Killay, Penmaen.
RICKSTON BK.	.....	Manorbeer, Lamphey, Pembroke.
ROSEMARKET BK.	.....	Walwyns Castle.
RUMNEY	.....	Johnston, Rosemarket, New Milford.
	<i>Crinlach</i> .....	Rhymney, Pontlottyn, Tyr-Phil, Bargoed.
.....	.....	Ffoe-rhin, Darrau, Bargoed.
.....	<i>Ceffyl</i> .....	Pengam, Hengoed, Bedwas.
.....	<i>Glydyr</i> .....	Caerphilly, Bedwas.
.....	.....	Caerphilly, Bedwas.
SCIONT	.....	Church Road, Rhywderin, Cardiff.
SOLVA BROOK..	.....	Carnarvon.
TAF	.....	Solva.
.....	.....	Crymmych Arms, Clogue, Llanfyrnach,
.....	<i>Gravil</i> .....	Rhydowen.
.....	.....	Rhydowen.
.....	<i>Marias</i> .....	Llanglydowen, Login.
.....	.....	Narberth.
.....	<i>Lease</i> .....	Narberth.
.....	.....	Whitland.
.....	<i>Eglwys</i> .....	Whitland.
.....	<i>Ferri</i> .....	Login, Whitland.
.....	<i>Coger</i> .....	Whitland.
.....	.....	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Gynin</i> .....	St. Clare.
.....	.....	Llanfyrnach.
.....	<i>Llechwydd</i> .....	Llanfyrnach.
.....	<i>Asen</i> .....	Llanfyrnach.
.....	.....	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Dewi</i> .....	St. Clare.
.....	.....	Cynwil.
.....	<i>Cynnen</i> .....	Brauwydd Arms.
TAFF	.....	Laugharne.
.....	<i>Taff-fawr</i> .....	Dolygaer, Pontesticcill, Pant, Cefn.
.....	.....	Cefn.
.....	<i>Bargawd Taf</i> ..	Merthyr, Traed-y-rhiw, Quakers' Yard.
.....	.....	Quakers' Yard.
.....	<i>Cynon</i> .....	Aberdare Junction.
.....	.....	Hirwann, Llyndeged, Aberdare, Aberaman.
.....	<i>Aman</i> .....	Aberaman.
.....	.....	Mountain Ash, Aberdare Junction.
.....	<i>Gelli</i> .....	Aberdare Junction.
.....	.....	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	<i>Rhondda</i> .....	Treherbert, Istrad-y-Fodwo, Pont.
.....	.....	Aberdare, Pont.
.....	<i>Rhondda Fychan</i>	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	.....	Trefforest, Walnut Tree, Llandaff, Cardiff.
TAWE	<i>Llyn Fan-fawr</i>	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Byf're</i> .....	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Haffys</i> .....	Penwyllt.
.....	<i>Llech</i> .....	Colbren.
.....	<i>Gwaidd</i> .....	Penwyllt.
.....	.....	Ystal-y-fera.
.....	<i>Cyw</i> .....	Ystal-y-fera.
.....	.....	Gwys.
.....	<i>Twrch</i> .....	Gwys.
.....	.....	Gwysg.
.....	.....	Ynys-y-gellon, Pont-ar-dawe, Gtala.

## WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TAFE (cont.) ..	<i>Olydach</i> .....	Glais.
	.....	Morrleston, Landore.
.....	<i>Ffynärod</i> .....	Landore.
	.....	Swansea.
TRIFI .....	<i>Llyn Teifi</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Ifer</i> .....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Llyn Egnant</i> ..	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Llyn Gron</i> ....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn-y-Gortan</i> ..	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Egnant</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Mwyro</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Glasffwrdd</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Rhuest</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Marchnant</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Gwyddyl</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Istur</i> .....	Tregaron.
	<i>Llyn Maer</i> .....	Tregaron.
.....	<i>Camddner</i> .....	Tregaron.
	.....	Tregaron.
.....	<i>Fulbrook</i> .....	Tregaron.
	.....	Tregaron.
.....	<i>Nant-y-Groes</i> ..	Tregaron.
	.....	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Llyn Crugnant</i> ..	Tregaron.
	<i>Berwyn</i> .....	Pont Llanio.
.....	.....	Pont Llanio.
	.....	Pont Llanio.
.....	<i>Carfan</i> .....	Derry Ormond.
	<i>Brentg</i> .....	Derry Ormond.
.....	.....	Lampeter.
	<i>Clywedog</i> .....	Lampeter.
.....	<i>Cymon</i> .....	Lampeter.
	<i>Goy</i> .....	Lampeter.
.....	.....	Derry Ormond, Lampeter.
	<i>Dulas</i> .....	Llan-y-Byther.
.....	<i>Granell</i> .....	Llan-y-Byther.
	<i>Llyn Pencarreg</i> ..	Llan-y-Byther.
.....	.....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Ceillog</i> .....	Llan-y-Byther.
.....	<i>Cathal</i> .....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	.....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
.....	<i>Clethor</i> .....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	.....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
.....	<i>Clettwr-fach</i> ..	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	<i>Geyron</i> .....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
.....	<i>Cinen</i> .....	Maes-y-Cruglan.
	.....	Llandyssil.
.....	<i>Cerdin</i> .....	Llandyssil.
	.....	Llandyssil.
.....	<i>Ythan</i> .....	Pen-Caber.
	.....	Llandyssil.
.....	<i>Gweddel</i> .....	Llandyssil.
	.....	Llandyssil.
.....	<i>Bydrel</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Gernos</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Ceri</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Bedw</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	<i>Dulas</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	<i>Cych</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	<i>Bovey</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Mamog</i> .....	Newcastle Emlyn.
.....	<i>Connud</i> .....	Cardigan.
	.....	Cardigan.
.....	<i>Irfed</i> .....	Cardigan.
	.....	Cardigan.
.....	<i>Ffrwydd</i> .....	Cardigan.
	<i>Llwyn Llwyd</i> ..	Cardigan.
.....	<i>Llyn Ddu</i> .....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Gerast</i> ..	Strata Florida.
TOWAY .....	<i>Camddner</i> .....	Tregaron.
	<i>Doethiam</i> .....	Tregaron.
.....	<i>Llyn Berwyn</i> ..	Pontllanlio.
	<i>Doethiam-fach</i> ..	
.....	<i>Pysgotwr</i> .....	
	<i>Pysgotwr-fach</i> ..	

**WALES—continued.**

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
<i>Gwenfrawd</i> .....	Cynghordy.
<i>Rhaiadr</i> .....	Cynghordy.
<i>Gwenlas</i> .....	Llandovery.
<i>Dernant</i> .....	Llandovery.
.....	Llandovery.
<i>Bran</i> .....	Cynghordy.
.....	Crychan .....
.....	{ <i>Gudderig</i> ....
.....	<i>Gwenst</i> .....
.....	Llandovery.
.....	Llandovery.
.....	Llanwrda.
<i>Ynys</i> .....	Llanwrda.
<i>Dulas</i> .....	Llanwrda.
.....	Llangadock.
<i>Maries</i> .....	Llangadock.
<i>Sefn</i> .....	Llangadock.
.....	<i>Llechdawdd</i> ..
.....	<i>Sefn Isaf</i> ....
<i>Sawdde</i> .....	<i>Llyn-y-fan fach</i> ..
.....	<i>Buartharch</i> ..
.....	<i>Dysnant</i> .....
.....	{ <i>Sawdde fechan</i> ..
.....	<i>Clydach</i> .....
.....	Llangadock.
.....	Llangadock.
.....	Glanrhyd, Talley Road.
<i>Dulas</i> .....	Talley Road.
.....	<i>Taliaris</i> .....
.....	<i>Llyn Taliaris</i> ..
.....	Talley Road.
.....	Llandilo.
<i>Cennen</i> .....	Derwydd Road, Llandilo.
.....	Golden Grove.
<i>Cyfyng</i> .....	Golden Grove.
.....	Llanarthney.
<i>Dulas</i> .....	Llanarthney.
.....	Sannan .....
.....	Nantgaredig.
<i>Cothi</i> .....	Pont Llanio.
.....	Pont Llanio.
.....	<i>Mancoed</i> ....
.....	{ <i>Twrch</i> .....
.....	<i>Cwmpedol</i> ....
.....	<i>Rannell</i> .....
.....	<i>Talley Lakes</i> ..
.....	<i>Gorlech</i> .....
.....	Talley Road.
.....	Talley Road.
.....	Nantgaredig.
.....	Abergwilli.
<i>Gwilt</i> .....	Llanpumpesaint, Cynwyl.
.....	<i>Duad</i> .....
.....	Cynwyl.
.....	Branwydd Arms, Abergwilli.
.....	Caermarthen.
<i>Pibwr</i> .....	Nantgaredig, Caermarthen.
<b>TIDI</b> .....	Llandissillo Gogo.



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**M**AHSEER RODS AND TACKLE.

---

**S**ALMON AND TROUT RODS.

---

**S**PINNING, TROLLING, AND RODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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**S**ALMON GUT, VERY CHOICE.

---

**B**RONZED REELS, SUPERIOR.

---

**S**ALMON, LOCH TROUT, AND MAHSEER FLIES TO EVERY PATTERN.

---

**W**HALEBONE COLLAPSING LANDING RINGS.

---

**S**PLIT CANE SALMON AND TROUT RODS.

---

**P**RICED CATALOGUES GRATIS.

---

**F**RANCIS FLY BOOKS FITTED.

---

**CHEVALIER,  
BOWNESS & BOWNESS,**

**230, STRAND, LONDON.**

**SOLE AGENTS IN LONDON OF  
LEONARD'S SPLIT CANE RODS.**

# CLOSE SEASONS AND ANGLING LICENCES.

NOTE.—S, salmon; T, trout; C F, coarse fish; m, month; w, week;  
d, day; f, fortnight.

## ENGLAND AND WALES.

For all English rivers (except as below) and for Scotch Esk the close time for salmon is from Nov. 2 to Feb. 1, and for trout Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; coarse fish from March 15 to June 15.

**AVON (DEVON)**, including Erme. *Close time*: S, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; gaff to March 31; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences*: S, £1; T, 10s.; d, 1s. *Clerk*: G. B. Lidstone, Glens, Kingsbridge.

**AVON AND STOUR (HANTS)**, including Willy, Lidden, and other tributaries, except in Somerset. *Close time*: S, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences*: S, £1; T, none. *Clerk*: R. D. Sharp, Christchurch.

**AVON (SOMERSET)**, includes Chew, Frome, Ax, Brue, Parret, Isle, Tone, Yeo, Wilts and Berks Canal (west of Swindon), Taunton and Bridgwater Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, none. *Clerk*: E. Barham, Bridgwater.

**AXE**, including Yarty, Bredy, Brit, and Char. *Close time*: S, Nov. 20 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; T, none. *Clerk*: W. Forward, Axminster.

**AYRON**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to Feb. 14; T, Oct. 1 to Feb. 14; *Licences*: S, 20s.; 4 w, 10s.; w, 5s. *Clerk*: T. H. Maddy, Dol. Aeron, Aberaeron.

**CAMEL**, including Heyl and all rivers on north coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Oct. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s. *Clerk*: J. R. Collins, Fore-street, Bodmin.

**CLEDDY**, including East and West Gwaen. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 29 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 3s. 6d.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s. *Clerk*: Wm. Phillips, Haverfordwest.

**CLWYD AND ELWY**, including Aled. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to May 15; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; T, none. *Clerk*: P. Brown, Plas Tyron, Rhyl.

**CONWAY**, including Ledar, Llwgy, Llyn Conway. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; m, 10s.; w, 3s.; d, 1s.; T, none. *Clerk*: T. B. Griffith, Llanrwst.

**COQUET**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 25; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, above Thrum Mill, 1s. *Clerk*: T. Tate, Alnwick.

**CUMBERLAND (WEST)**, including Calder, Ehen (below Ennerdale Lake), Esk, Irt, Westwater, Bleng, Mite. *Close time*: S, Nov. 14 to March 10; gaff, Nov. 1 to June 30, T, Oct. 1 to March 10; C F, March 15 to June 15. S, 10s.; w, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk*: T. Webster, Whitehaven.

**DART**, including East Dart, Webbern, Slapton Lea. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 28; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; w, 7s. 6d.; T, 10s.; d, 2s. *Clerk*: A. Pike, Berry, Totnes.

**DEE**, including Alwen, Alyn, Ceriog, Gairw, Lliw, Treverryn, Twrch, Bala Lake. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 14 to Feb. 14; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; w, 10s.; d, 5s.; T, none. *Clerk*: Capt. A. F. Jones, 64, Bridge-street, Chester.

**DERWENT (CUMBERLAND)**, including Bassenthwaite, Derwentwater and Loweswater, Crummocwater, Buttermere, St. John's Beck (below Millgill), Naddle Beck (below Roughhow Bridge), Greta, Cocker, Marron. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 10; gaff,



**England and Wales—continued.**

- Nov. 2 to June 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 10; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; m, 10s.; any part of district, except River Derwent, between Ouse Bridge and sea, 10s.; m, 6s.; T, 5s.; m, 2s. 6d. *Clerk*: C. T. Burn, solicitor, Cockermouth.
- DOVEY**, including Artro, Dulas, Dysynni, Mawddach, Glaslyn, Lery, Prysor, Bychan, Llyn Glyn. *Close time*: S, Nov. 30 to April 30; gaff, Oct. 21 to May 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk*: W. B. Davies, solicitor, Dolgelly.
- DWYFACH**, including Dwyfawr, Erch, Loch. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; T, none. *Clerk*: T. Roberts, Portmadoc.
- EDEN**, including Eden (below Kirkby Stephen), Petterill (below Wreay Bridge), Calder (below Hawksdale Bridge), Eamont (below junction with Lowther), Irthing (below boundary of Cumberland), Crunddle, Wampool, Waver. *Close time*: S, in Solway below Old Sadafield, Sept. 10 to Feb. 15; gaff, Nov. 2 to June 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences*: S, for whole district, 21s.; above Armathwaite Bay, 10s.; w, 5s.; single-handed rods in Duke of Devonshire's socage water, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s. *Clerk*: T. H. Hodgson, The Courts, Carlisle.
- ESK (YORKS)**, including Glaisdale. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; m, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk*: S. Wilkinson, Whithy.
- EXE (DEVON)**, including Barle, Culm, Fordton, Clist. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; gaff, Oct. 1 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none. *Clerk*: B. J. Ford, Southernhay, Exeter.
- POWEY**, including St. Neots, Fal, Looe, and all streams on south coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s. *Clerk*: W. Pease, jun., Lostwithiel.
- FROME**, including Piddle, Corfe, Fleet. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, none. *Clerk*: H. Bamford, Wareham.
- KENT and BELA**, including Crake, Coniston Water, Duddon, Kent, Mint, Sleddale, Leven, Eathwaite, Grasmere, Windermere, Troutbeck, Winstler. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 1 to June 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15, except for pike. *Licences*: S, 10s.; w, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d. *Clerk*: S. H. Jackson, Ulverstone.
- LEA**, including tributaries. *Close time*: S and T, Sept. 2 to May 1; pike, March 1 to August 1; C F, April 1 to June 1.
- LUNE**, including Cocker, Conder, Keer, Wenning, Hindburn, Greta, Rother, Wyre. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; for Wyre and tributaries, 10s.; for Keer, Cocker, Conder, Werming, Greta, and tributaries, 5s.; T, none. *Clerk*: T. Ball, Lancaster.
- NORFOLK and SUFFOLK**, including Ormesby Broad, River Thurne, Hickling Broad, Horsey Mere, Maratham Broad, South Walsham Broad, Upton Broad, Whittleseamere Broad, Higham Broad, North Walsham and Dilham Canal, Banworth Broad, Hoven Broad, Wroxham Broad, River Ouse, Wissey and Nar, River Waveney, Fritton Broad, Lake Lothing, River Yare, River Wensum, Breydon Water, Surlingham Broad, Rockland Broad. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 10 to Jan. 25; C F, March 1 to June 30. *Licences*: None. *Clerk*: E. Field, Norwich.
- OGMORE**, including Llynvi, Ewenny. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; T, Sept. 2 to Feb. 14; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; m, 10s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk*: S. H. Stockwood, solicitor, Bridgend.
- OTTER**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, none. *Clerk*: F. B. Jeffery, Ottery St. Mary.
- OUSE (SUSSEX)**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, none. *Clerk*: F. Holman, Lewes.
- RHYMNEY**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to April 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 1s. *Clerk*: C. Lyne, Bank Chambers, Newport, Monmouth.
- RIBBLE and HODDER**, including Calder, Douglas. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; T, none. *Clerk*: T. J. Backhouse, 5, St. John's-place, Blackburn.
- ROTHER (SUSSEX)**, including Tillingham, Brede. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences*: none. *Clerk*: T. J. Smith, Rye.
- SEIONT**, including Braint, Cefni, Gwrfal, Cwm Llyn, Llyn-y-Nantle, Llanberis Lakes. *Close time*: Nov. 15 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; Braint and Cefni, Oct. 15 to March 1; char, Oct. 15 to March 14; Braint and Cefni, Oct. 22 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; m, 10s. 6d.; d, 2s. 6d.; Cefni and Llynvi, 10s. 6d.; T, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 2s. *Clerk*: R. J. Davids, Glan Helen, Carnarvon.
- SEVERN**, including Avon (except in Warwickshire), Little Avon, Frome, Leadon, Teme, Rea, Corve, Clun, Onny, Stour, Worf, Roden, Tern, Mees, Perry, Vernieu, Tanat, Banw, Einlon, Rhiw, Taranon, Garno, Clwydog, Tylwch, Gloster and Berkeley Canal, Birmingham and Worcester Canal (west of Alvechurch). *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1;

England and Wales—continued.

- T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, except pike, the whole district below Vernieu mouth, in the counties of Salop, Stafford, Worcester, and Gloucester, and the Avon, where it flows through Worcester and Gloucester, March 14 to June 15. Pike may be killed anywhere, and at all times. Above Vernieu mouth C F are unreserved. *Licences:* S, 10s.; T, 1s. *Clerk:* H. George, Guildhall, Worcester.
- STOUR (KENT), including Lesser Stour. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to May 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, £1; T, none. *Clerk:* Capt. Lambert, Stanmore, Canterbury.
- TAFF AND ELY, including Rhondda. *Close time:* S, Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Nov. 2 to May 31; T, Sept. 20 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 10s. 6d.; T, 1s. *Clerk:* R. Evans, Duke-street, Cardiff.
- TAMER AND PLYM, including Inney, Attery, Carey, Tavy, Lynher, Yealm, Bude Canal. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 7s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk:* C. V. Bridgman, Tavistock.
- TAW AND TORRIDGE, including Yeo, Bray, Little Dart, Okement. *Close time:* S, Nov. 16 to March 31; gaff, Nov. 16 to May 31; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 10s. 6d.; T, none. *Clerk:* W. H. Toller, Barnstaple.
- TEES, including (Tees below Maize Brook) Leven, Skerne, Greta, Lune. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 25s.; T, none. *Clerk:* M. B. Dodds, Stockton-on-Tees.
- TEIFI, including Oych, Cery, Nevers, Wirral. *Close time:* S, Nov. 15 to Feb. 14; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1. *Licences:* S, 20s.; non-residents only, 10s. 6d.; fortnightly ditto, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d. *Clerk:* H. W. Howell, Alban-square, Aberaeron.
- TEIGN (DAVON), including Wrey. *Close time:* S, Nov. 21 to March 2; gaff, Sept. 2 to March 2; T, Oct. 1 to March 2; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 2s.; T, 2s. 6d. *Clerk:* S. Hacker, Newton Abbot.
- THAMES. *Close time:* C F, March 15 to June 15. (All close times under consideration.) *Licences:* none.
- TOWY, including Gwill, Cothi, Cennen, Taff, Loughor, Ammon, Gwendraeth Fach, Gwendraeth Fawr. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to March 15; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences:* S, 21s.; T, 2s. 6d. *Clerk:* W. M. Griffith, St. Mary-street, Carmarthen.
- TRENT, including Ancholm, Idle, Soar, Wreak, Derwent, Wye, Churnet, Dove, Mease, Anker, Blyth, Tame, Ludd, Withernean, Birmingham and Fazely, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and Essington and Wynley canals. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 10s.; T, 1s. *Clerk:* C. K. Eddowes, St. Mary's-gate, Derby.
- TYNE, including Derwent, Devil's Water, Allen Water, South Tyne, North Tyne, Bedewater. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; South Tyne, above Warden, 7s. 6d.; Bede and North Tyne, above Redemouth, 10s.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s. *Clerk:* R. Gibson, Hexham.
- USK AND EBBW, including Afon Liwyd, Honddu, Yscir, Bran, Tarrell, Cynrig. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to April 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; T, 1s. *Clerk:* C. Lyne, Bank Chambers, Newport, Mon.
- WEAB, including Bedburn, Browney. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 5s.; T, 1s. *Clerk:* C. Smart, Sunderland.
- WYE, including Monnow, Trothy, Lug, Arrow, Ithon. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to March 15; gaff, Sept. 2 to March 15; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, none. *Licences:* S in Wye below Llanwrthwl Bridge and all waters below Bulth Bridge, 20s.; other parts, 10s.; T, none. *Clerk:* E. Owen, Bulth.
- YORKSHIRE (rivers flowing into Humber), including Aire, Calder, Derwent, Don, Hull, Ouse, Wharfe, Nidd, Ure, Swale, Wiske, Barnsley Canal. *Close time:* S, Nov. 16 to Feb. 28; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; T, none. *Clerk:* J. H. Phillips, 22, Albemarle-crescent, Scarborough.

IRELAND.

CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON AND TROUT.

All dates inclusive.

The universal charge for a Salmon licence in Ireland is 20s., available for the whole country.

BALLINA—Sept. 16 to Jan. 31. *Exceptions:* River PALMERSTON or OLOONASHMORE, tidal, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; fresh, Nov. 1 to May 31; River EASKEY, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.

NOTE.—Angling for trout is also prohibited in River MOY during April and May, except in Loughs Conn and Cullen.

BALLINAKILL—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers LOUISBURGH, Nov. 1 to May 31; CABBOWNISKY, Nov. 1 to June 30.

**Ireland—continued.**

**BALLYCASTLE**—Nov. 2 to Jan. 31; cross lines, Sept. 29 to March 15.  
**BALLYSHANNON**—Oct. 10 to Feb. 28. River **BUNDUFF**, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; River **BUNDROWES**, Oct. 1 to Dec. 31; River **ERNE**, Oct. 1 to Feb. 28.  
**BANGOR**—Oct. 1 to April 30. Rivers **GLENAMOY** and **OWENGARVE**, Nov. 1 to April 30; Rivers **BURRISHOOLE** and **BALLYCROY**, and **ACHIL ISLAND**, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; Rivers **OWENMORE** and **MUNHIM**, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**BANTRY**—Nov. 1 to March 16.  
**COLERAINE**—Oct. 20 to March 15; cross lines, Sept. 29 to March 15. River **BANN**, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28.  
**COBK**—Oct. 13 to Feb. 14.  
**DUBLIN**—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**DUNDALK**—Oct. 12 to Feb. 28. Between **Ballaghan Point** and **Donaghadee**, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28. Between **River Fane** and **Ballaghan Point**, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28.  
**DROGHEDA**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**GALWAY**—Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers **CASHLA**, **DOOHULLA**, **SPIDDAL**, **BALLINAHINCH**, **CRUMLIN**, **SCREEB**, and **INVER**, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**KENMARE**—Nov. 1 to March 31.  
**KILLARNEY**—Nov. 1 to March 31. River **MAINE**, Nov. 1 to March 31.  
**LETTERKENNY**—Nov. 2 to Jan. 31. River **CRANA**, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28.  
**LIMERICK**—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers **FRALE**, **GEALE**, and **CASHEN**, Nov. 1 to March 15; River **MAIGUE**, Oct. 1 to Feb. 19; **Dunmore Head** to **Kerry Head**, Oct. 1 to March 31; **Loop Head** to **Hags Head**, Oct. 1 to April 30; River **MIDCAIR**, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**LISMORE**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.  
**LONDONDERRY**—Oct. 16 to Feb. 28; cross-lines, Sept. 29 to March 15. Rivers **FOYLE** and **BOE**, Nov. 2 to March 30.  
**SKIBBEREEN**—Nov. 1 to March 16.  
**SLIGO**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River **DRUMCLIFFE** and **Lake GLENCAR**, Oct. 20 to Jan. 31.  
**WATERFORD**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River **SUIR**, Sept. 16 to Jan. 31.  
**WEXFORD**—Oct. 1 to March 14.

**SCOTLAND.****CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON.**

All dates inclusive.

For all rivers (except as below)—Nov. 1 to Feb. 10.

**ADD**, **ARAY**, **ECKAIG**, **N. ESK**, **S. ESK**, **FYNE**, **RUEL**, **SHIRA**—Nov. 1 to Feb. 15.  
**BEAULY**, **DUNBEATH**, **FORTH**, **LOSSIE**, **NAIRN**, **NÉSS**, **SPEY**, **KYLE OF SUTHERLAND**—Oct. 16 to Feb. 10.  
**ANNAN**, **BERVIE**, **CARRADALE**, **FLEET** (**SUTHERLAND**), **FLEET** (**KIRKCUDBRIGHT**), **GARNOCK**, **GIRVAN**, **INVER**, **IOBSA**, **IRVINE**, **LAGGAN**, **LUCE**, **NITH**, **SORN**, **STINCHAE**, **UGIE**, **URR**, **YTHAN**, and all rivers in **HARRIS** and **N. UIST** and of **ORKNEY**—Nov. 1 to Feb. 24.  
**BOBGIE**, **HALLADALE**, **HOPE**, **NAVER**, **STRATHY**—Sept. 11 to Jan. 11.  
**DRUMMACHLOY** (**BUTE**), **GLENMORE** (**BUTE**)—Oct. 16 to Feb. 15.  
**ESK** (**DUMFRIES**)—Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; **T**, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1.  
**FINDHORN**—Oct. 11 to Feb. 10.  
**TAY**—Oct. 11 to Feb. 4, except **EARN**, Nov. 1 to Feb. 4.  
**THURSO**—Sept. 15 to Jan. 10.  
**TWEED**—Dec. 1 to Jan. 31.

**NOTE.**—There is no close time for trout and char in Scotland, except on the **Esk**.

# LIST OF CONTRACTIONS.

NOTE.—The final R. signifies railway. (c.s.) refers the reader to the CLOSE SEASONS.

A. & B.R.....	Aylesbury and Buckingham.	F.R. ....	Furness.
A. & R.R.....	Andover and Redbridge.	G. & H.R.....	Guildford and Horsham.
A. & T.R. ....	Ashburton and Totnes.	G.J.R. ....	Gosport Junction.
A. & R.R. ....	Ashford and Ramsgate.	G. & R.R. ....	Guildford and Reigate.
A.B.R. ....	Aylesbury Branch.	G.E.R. ....	Great Eastern.
A.R. & S.R.....	Andover, Romsey, and Southampton.	G.N.S.B. ....	Great North of Scotland.
B.R. ....	Buntingford.	G.N.R. ....	Great Northern.
B. & B.R.....	Bristol and Birmingham.	G.S. & W.R. ...	Great Southern and Western.
B. & C.D.B.....	Belfast and County Down.	G.W.R.....	Great Western.
B. & D.R. ....	Braintree and Dunmow.	H. & G.R.....	Horsham and Guildford.
B. & E.R.....	Bath and Everceech.	H.B.R. ....	Henley Branch.
B. & H.R.....	Berks and Hants.	Hm. B.R.....	Horsham Branch.
B. & M.T.J.B...	Brecknock and Merthyr Tydfil Junction.	H.R. ....	Highland.
R. & N.C.B.....	Belfast and Northern Counties.	H.J.R. ....	Hampstead Junction.
B. & R.R.....	Basingstoke and Reading.	H.R. ....	Hallam.
B. & St. M.R....	Buntingford and St. Margaret's.	H. & T.R. ....	Hastings and Tunbridge.
B. & K.R. ....	Berwick and Kelso.	H. & W.R.....	Hertford and Ware.
B.H. & B.B. ...	Belfast, Holywood, and Bangor.	K. & R.R. ....	Kensington and Richmond.
Bl. & R.R. ....	Bristol and Radstock.	K.R. ....	Killarney.
B-on-the-W.R..	Bourton-on-the-Water.	L. & B.R. ....	London and Brighton.
Bk. R. ....	Berwick.	L. & D.R.....	Leatherhead and Dorkinn.
B.B. ....	Ballycastle.	L. & K.R. ....	Leominster and Kington.
C. & B.R.....	Cork and Bandon.	L. & N.W.R....	London and North-Western.
C. & G.W.R. ...	Cambrian and Great Western.	L. & S.R.....	London and Southampton.
C. & G.W.U.R...	Cheltenham and Great Western Union.	L. & S.W.R. ...	London and South-Western.
C. & H.R. ....	Chester and Holyhead.	L.B. & S.C.R....	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
C. & M.R. ....	Cork and Macroom.	L.B.R. ....	Leatherhead Branch.
C. & S.R.....	Crewe and Shrewsbury.	L.C. & D.R. ...	London, Chatham, and Dover.
C. & T.B. ....	Clonmel and Thurles.	L.T. ....	Lower Thames.
C. & Y.R. ....	Cork and Youghal.	L.V.B. ....	Llynvi Valley.
C.M. & P.B.....	Coleford, Monmouth, and Pontypool.	L.W.E. & O.R.	London, Woodford, Epping, and Ongar.
C.N.R. ....	Chipping Norton.	m. ....	Miles.
C.R. ....	Cumbrian.	M.B.R. ....	Marlow Branch.
Cr.R.....	Cirencester.	M.G.W.R. ....	Midland Great Western.
C.W.R.....	Central Wales.	M.R. ....	Midland.
Cam. R. ....	Cambrian.	Mm. R.....	Macroom (Ireland).
Cook. R. ....	Cookstown.	M. & A.R. ....	Matlock and Ambergate.
Cor. R. ....	Cornwall.	M. & C.R. ....	Manchester and Chatburn.
D. & B.J.R. ....	Dublin and Belfast Junction.	M. & D.R. ....	Minster and Deal.
D. & S.R.....	Devon and Somerset.	M. & N.R. ....	Moreton and Newton.
D.t. ....	Daily Ticket.	M.K.R.....	Mid-Kent.
E. ....	East.	M.T. ....	Middle Thames.
E. & C.R.....	Epsom and Croydon.	M.T. & A.B. ...	Merthyr, Tredegar, and Abergavenny.
E. & E.R.....	Exeter and Exmouth.	M.W.R. ....	Mid-Wales.
E. & L.B.....	Epsom and Leatherhead.	N.A. & H.B. ...	Newport, Abergavenny, and Hereford.
E.R. ....	Eastern.	N. ....	North.
E. & W.J.R.....	East and West Junction.	N. & B.J.R.....	Northampton and Banbury Junction.
E.V. & B.C.R. ...	Eden Valley and Barnard Castle.	N. & B.R. ....	Newcastle and Berwick.
		N. & C.R.....	Newcastle and Carlisle.
		N. & L.R. ....	Nottingham & Leeds.

LIST OF CONTRACTIONS—*continued.*

N. & S.W.J.O....	North and South Western Junction.	S.Dm. R. ....	South Durham.
N.E.R. ....	North-Eastern.	S.D.R. ....	South Devon.
N.E.R. (I.) ....	North-Eastern (Ireland).	S.E.R. ....	South-Eastern.
N.K.R. ....	North Kent.	S.R. ....	Skey.
N.R. ....	Newbaven.	S.V.R. ....	Severn Valley.
O. & B.R. ....	Oxford and Birmingham.	S.Wls.R. ....	South Wales.
O.B.R. ....	Oxford Branch.	T.R. ....	Tralee.
O.R. ....	Oxford.	T. & C.W.R. ...	Taff and Central Wales
O.V.B. ....	Ogmore Valley.	T. & M.R. ....	Thirsk and Malton.
O.W. & B.R. ...	Oxford, Winslow, and Bletchley.	T. & S.R. ....	Tilbury and Southend.
P.A. & F.R. ....	Pirbright, Aldershot, and Farnham.	T.W. & H.R....	Tunbridge Wells and Hastings.
P. & L.R. ....	Preston and Longridge.	U.T. ....	Upper Thames.
P. & P.R. ....	Parsonstown and Portunna.	W.A. & T.B.R...	Wycombe, Aylesbury, and Thame Branch.
P. & T.R. ....	Plymouth and Tavistock.	W. & E.G.R. ...	Witney and East Gloucester.
P.C. & B.R. ....	Portsmouth, Chichester, and Brighton.	W.R. ....	Whitehaven.
P.D.R. ....	Portsmouth Direct.	W. & F.R. ....	Whitehaven and Furness.
R.B. ....	Ruabon.	W. & L.R. ....	Waterford and Limerick.
R. & H.R. ....	Rye and Hastings.	W. & R.R. ....	Watford and Rickmansworth.
R. & R.R. ....	Reading and Reigate.	W. & S.R. ....	Wilts and Somerset.
S. ....	South.	W. & T.V.R. ...	Whitland and Taff Vale.
St.A.R. ....	St. Andrews.	W. & W.R. ....	Worcester and Wolverhampton.
S.R. ....	Sevenoaks.	W.C. & K.J.B...	Waterford Central and Killenny Junction.
S. & A.R. ....	Shrewsbury and Aberystwith.	W.M.R. ....	West Midland.
S. & C.R. ....	Settle and Carlisle.	W.S. & W.R. ...	Wilts, Somerset, and Weymouth.
S. & D.R. ....	Southampton and Dorset.	W.V.R. ....	Waveney Valley.
S. & H.R. ....	Shrewsbury and Hereford.	Y.H. & L.R....	York, Harrowgate, and Leeds.
S. & L.R. ....	Southampton and London.	Y.R. ....	Youghal.
S. & W.R. ....	Staines and Wokingham.		
S. & Y.R. ....	Salisbury and Yeovil.		

# THE ANGLER'S DIARY AND TOURIST FISHERMAN'S GAZETTEER.

## A LIST OF FISHING STATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

### ENGLAND.

- Aberbeeg** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy, trout. Ebwyfach, trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) *Lakes:* Ponnd-y-Coed-Coe (3 m.) (*See Newport.*)
- Abercarne** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy. Trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Abercillery** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwyfach. Trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Abergavenny** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.R. Usk. Salmon, trout. Gavenny, trout. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s.*) Mynachdy brook, 3m.; Trothey, 5 m., trout (*c.s. Wye*); Full brook, 5 m.; Honddu, 5 m., trout; Monnow, trout, 7 m.; both reached by rail. (*See Chepstow.*) Grwyne, 6 m., plenty of small trout. (*See Newport.*) *Hotels:* Angel, Greyhound. The proprietors have salmon tickets for the free use of their visitors in Usk. Usk is preserved by the Abergavenny Fishing Association, limited in number. Entrance 21s. The issue of salmon and trout s.t. is limited to 20, at 40s.; professionals, 10l; trout a.t., 20s, for fly, worm, minnow, or gentle; trout s.t., fly only, 10s.; salmon and trout d.t., 5s. for persons living over 10 m. from the town; trout d.t., fly only, 2s. 6d., or 5s. unrestricted. Dace fishing during close time, 5s. Ladies may fish as above for half price. Season tickets from Mr. C. J. Daniel, Cross-street, Abergavenny, treasurer; and d.t. at the post-office. Any member living more than 20 m. from Abergavenny may transfer his ticket to a friend who also lives more than 20 m. off. Trouting begins Feb. 15th, and ends Oct. 1st; salmon fishing April 2nd, and ends Nov. 1st. No minnow to be used before May 1st, nor gaff. Transferable tickets are issued to the hotels and lodging-houses, to be used only by persons living over 5 m. from the town. All fishermen must have a bag or basket, and no dogs allowed. In the 3 m. reserved for the season ticket-holders there are several good catches. The trout fishing throughout the club water is fair, and there are about twenty fair salmon catches in it. Rod licences at the post-office. The fishing below the town is preserved by the landowners for some distance.
- Abersychan** (Monmouth).—E.V.R. Llwyl. Trout, salmon. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Abingdon** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames and Ock. (*See London, M.T.*) Pike, perch, tench, chub, and roach. *Inns:* Queen's Crown and Thistle, Lion, Nag's Head (*see Advertisement*). *Fishermen:* Hyde, Trinder, and V. Cornish.
- Acklington** (Northland).—N.E.R. On Coquet. Trout. (*See Felton.*) The owner of Felton Park will sometimes grant leave for a day. (*c.s.*)
- Acle** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. On Bure. Bream, roach, pike, perch. *Inns:* the Queen's Head and the King's Head. A letter to either of the landlords will insure a trap at the station. (*See Norwich.*) The half tides are so frequent that a good day's sport is doubtful. (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Addlestrop** (Gloucester).—W. & W.R. Evenlode here rises in a lake. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Adderley** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Some little trouting can be had a short distance off.
- Adderley** (Salop).—G.W.R. *Lakes:* The Meer, Adderley Hall lakes, New pool, Old pool, and Big pool (3 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*)

- Alcester** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Arrow. Alne. Bow brook (7 m. N.W.), Bagley Park lake (3 m. S.) (*See Inkberrow; Gloucester.*)
- Aldeburgh** (Suffolk).—E. Sfk. R. Bass can be taken from the jetty.
- Aldermaston** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett. Roach, dace, perch, pike, trout. Preserved. Emburne. Trout. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Alderney**.—Mr. Wilcocks says: "Sea fish of all kinds may be taken from any steep rock. Excellent pollack and other fishing outside the harbour. Strangers should not venture outside alone. Corbet is an excellent fisherman. With the rod, from the breakwater, may be taken whiting, pollack, mackerel, gar fish, occasionally bass and sea bream; this latter also from the steep rocks under the fort. The pollack and pout are the chief fish caught from the rocks or pier in the winter, and they are to be taken, more or less, all the year round, the pout more particularly, by throwing out a ground line; the pollack with a lightly-leaded line, with or without a float, according to local circumstances. The breakwater runs out into water of 100ft. depth or more. The other fish to be taken is the atherine or sand smelt which may be caught with a paternoster and a 4oz. or ½oz. lead, hooks No. 8 and 9, and a piece of rag worm for bait, ½in. long, on each hook. It is especially a winter-feeding fish, but takes best after dark, under a lamp. Under the fort during a fine summer evening, towing a casting line with three or four flies, and 20yds of line out; or a line with rock or lug worm bait, with a ½lb. lead, or even without any lead at all, will be successful in taking pollack. You would also catch congers by throwing out a ground line, baited with a piece of a sucker (*Octopus vulgaris*), or a small pout, piece of pollack, or other fresh fish. On sandy bottoms, in the bays, in rough weather in summer and autumn, when there is a good surf, a throw-out or ledger line baited with sucker (here called *pieuvre*), with squid (termed *conée*), or cuttle fish (*seche*), will occasionally take large ground bass, from 6lb. to 14lb. Bass are sometimes plentiful, and are found in the strong tides of the Sings passage, where they are whiffed or trailed for with a small eel or other fish bait. There is a good hotel at Alderney.
- Almeley** (Hereford).—H. H. & B.R. Upcott brook. Letton lake brook. Lakes in Newport Park and Upcott. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Alnwick** (Northland).—G.N.R. On Alne. Trout. The Duke of Northumberland preserves the water running through Hulne Park. Leave may sometimes be obtained. (*See Wooler.*) Mr. Burrell, of Broom Park, 7 m. from here, has some good trout on the Alne.
- Alresford** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen. Trout. Preserved. Alresford pond. Pike, perch. Preserved. (*See Southampton.*) The fishing belongs to Lord Ashburton, Lady Rodney of the Grange. Close to the town to Mr. Dunn, below to Mr. Marks, the Baroness Von Zant, and the Tiebhorne family.
- Alton** (Hants).—S.W.R. Wey. Trout. (*See London L.T.*) Inn, Swan.
- Alvechurch** (Worcester).—M.B. Arrow. Lakes: Great Bittle Reservoir (1½ m. N.W.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Alverley** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, &c. Borle brook, 1 m. W. Lakes: Kinlet pools (3 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Ambergate** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling, &c. Amber; grayling, trout, and coarse fish. Hotel: Thatched House.
- Amberley** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. Pike, bream, &c. (*See Little Hampton.*) Fishing good.
- Ambleside** (on Windermere).—L. & N.W.R. Pike, perch, and a few large trout in the lake. There are a few trout in the Rothery River, running into the lake here. We believe a small fee is required for fishing. This stream rises in the hills above Grasmere, runs through Codale and Easdale tarns, lake Grasmere, and Rydal water, and joins Windermere at Ambleside. There are pike and plenty of perch in Rydal. There are a few trout in the stream joining Rydal and Grasmere; this is also preserved as above. There are a few pike and plenty of perch, and a few trout in Grasmere, but they are much fished. There are plenty of small trout in the stream which runs into Grasmere. The higher up you go the better the fishing. Easdale Tarn lies some 3 m. in the hills above Grasmere. There are some trout and plenty of good perch. Codale Tarn lies near Easdale, and contains some good trout and fine perch. (*c. s. Leven.*)
- Andover** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On the Anton. Trout and grayling. (*See Southampton.*) Hotel: Star and Garter. The principal landowners, in addition to the smaller men, are the representatives of the late J. Rawlinson, Esq., Mr. J. Leywood, the Vicar of Goodworth Clatford, Mr. Tremayne, Colonel Stuart, Sir W. Heathcote, and W. Fowle, Esq. This is as far as Testcombe Bridge, where the Anton joins the Test. A club of twenty members at 25s. each, and two honorary ditto, fishes Mr. Fowle's water, about 4 m. in all; also the Lower Clatford water, beginning at Lower Clatford Bridge. Fly fishing only; wading allowed. Secretary, Mr. H. S. Davison, 17, Hart-street, Bloomsbury, London, and Basingstoke, Hants.
- Angel Road** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Park.*) Dace, roach, chub, perch, jack, barbel, bream, carp. On Lea. (*See Stratford.*) Mr. Jackson preserves the water. Tickets, 21s. with trolling; 10s. 6d. without, and is a day without trolling. The next fishing station above is at **Ponder's End** and **Enfield** (G.E.R.).
- Angmering** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On tributary of Arun and Patching pond. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Appleby** (Westland).—M.R. On Eden. Salmon, trout, chub. Visitors at the Tufon Arms have 5 m. of good water open to them. (*See Advertisement.*) From Warcop to Appleby

- the river is strictly preserved, and from Appleby to Kirkbythore. The owners of the fishing grant a limited number of tickets at a small rate. (c.s.)
- Appledore** (N. Devon).—Very good bass fishing at times in summer, on flowing tide. Station, Instow. Although there is excellent sea fishing in Bideford Bay, outside Appledore Bar, the tides are so strong, and the bar often so dangerous, that it is much better to fish the bay from Clovelly. (See *Hariland*.)
- Appleford** (Oxford).—O.B.R. Thames. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Arleigh** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Stour. Good fishing.
- Argoe** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey. (See *Newport*.)
- Armathwaite** (Cumberland).—S. & C.R. Eden. Salmon and trout. (See *Carlisle*.) Preserved by the Carlisle Association. *Hotel*: Red Lion. Fishing at per week. (c.s.)
- Arthington** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe. Trout. Tickets can be here obtained for a short length of water. (See *Olley*.) (c.s. York.)
- Arundel** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (See *Little Hampton*.) For fishing go to Amberley or Pulborough.
- Ascot** (Berks).—S. & W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) In 3 m. are Bull brook, Harmans, Englemore, Sunninghill Park, Sillwood Park, Virginia Water, Broomhill, Charters, Hall Grove, Bagshot Park, Swinley Lodge, ponds.
- Ascott** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Ashbourne** (Derby).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On the Dove. Trout and grayling. (See *Ham*; *Mappleton*.) (c.s. Trent.)
- Ashburton** (Devon).—T. & A.R. On Dart. Trout and salmon. *Hotels*, Golden Lion and London. (See *Dartmouth*.) Fishing for a slight fee. Apply to landlady, Golden Lion. Fishing extends from Holne Bridge down to Totnes, and from New Bridge up to Dartmeet. (c.s.)
- Ashford** (Derby).—*Hotel*: Devonshire Arms. On Wye. Trout and grayling. Preserved by the Duke of Devonshire. Monsal Dale can be fished with leave from the duke. Above Monsal Dale there are some sheets of water, containing heavy trout. There is good fishing at Miller's Dale: leave difficult to obtain. Above this water comes the Buxton fishery. (c.s. Trent.)
- Ashford** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour. Pike, &c. Fair trouting at Hothfield, 5 m. up. The mill which supplies the town with water is well stocked; apply to R. Furley, Esq. To fish the Stour above Ashford apply to the millowners. A short distance below Wye is a portion of the old river, cut off by the railway. Here are some jack, &c.; but it is much fished. In Eastwell Park (Lord Winchelsea) there is a large lake. Pike, tench, roach, perch. Leave may sometimes be obtained. Good fishing can be had also at Hothfield-place (Sir R. Tufton). (See *Sandwich*.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Saracen's Head.
- Ashford** (Middx.).—S.W.R. On branch of Colne. Thames 2 m. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Aspatia** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. On the Ellen. Trout.
- Ashperton** (Hereford).—W. & H.R. Frome (2½ m.), Leddon (2½ m.). Devereux Park lakes (4 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Athelney** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret; Tone. (See *Bridgwater*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Aure** (Gloucester).—Bideford brook, which rises in Abbot's Wood, runs 4 m. to Blakeney (c.s. Aure, 1½ m.), where Blackpool brook joins on right bank. Blackpool rises 1 m. E. of Speechhouse, and is 6 m. long. Bideford brook runs 2 m. to Aure, and joins Severn estuary 1 m. down.
- Axbridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. Ax rises N. of Wookey (G.W.R.), 1½ m. from Wells (G.W.R.), runs to Lodge Hill (G.W.R.) and Westbury 4 m. 1½ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains the decoy lakes at Stoke (n.s. Draycot, 1½ m.). 2 m. down, at Bartlett's Bridge, a road leads to a decoy on right bank 1 m. away. 3 m. down Ax Cheddar Water joins on right bank. Cheddar rises by Cheddar (G.W.R.), and 2 m. down waters a decoy on left bank standing almost on the banks of Ax. 1 m. down Ax is Cradle Bridge, and Axbridge 1½ m. off on right bank. Ax runs in 1½ m. to Lower Weare Bridge, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Loxton Brook, which rises above Max Mill near Winscombe (G.W.R.), and is 3 m. long. To 2 m. down Ax the tide flows. Bleasdon is 3 m. down right bank, Uphill (n.s. Weston Junction, 1½ m.) 4 m., and the sea 2 m. (See c.s. Avon.)
- Axminster** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On Axe and Yarty. Trout and salmon. Above Axminster trouting is good. Preserved by a club for 4 m.; m.t., 15s.; s.t., 30s. Below Axminster salmon fishing is fair; m.t., 10s. 6d.; s.t., 21s. Yarty is preserved, but leave can sometimes be obtained. The best flies are the blue dun, March brown, blue upright and red palmer. Mr. Pulman, of Axminster, will afford all information. (See *Seaton*.) (c.s.)
- Aylesbury** (Bucks).—A.B.R. & A. & B.R. Thame. Coarse fish. (See *London, M.T.*) There is some fair coarse fishing in the Aylesbury Branch Canal.
- Aylesford** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Aynho** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. Trout. Swere, and lake at Astrop House (See *London, M.T.*)
- Aysgarth** (York).—L. & H.R. On Yore and Burton Beck. Trout, grayling. The hotel is good. There is a good deal of free fishing here, fairly good. There are clubs at Askrigg and Hawes; s.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d., preserving 12 m. of water down to the junction of Bain with Yore. Below Aysgarth some salmon are sometimes found. Lord Bolton preserves a good length; leave sometimes may be had from his agent, 5 m. from Aysgarth is Seamerwater Tarn. Trout. (c.s. York.)



- Ayton** (York).—On Derwent. 5 m. below Hackness (see Hackness). Below Ayton are many chub, and pike; above, trout and grayling. (c. s. York.)
- Bailey Gate** (Dorset).—S. & D. R. Stour. (See Christchurch.) (c. s. Avon.)
- Bakewell** (Derby).—M.R. By staying at the Rutland Arms, Bakewell, 7 m. of the Wye can be fished from Bakewell Bridge to Fillyport Bridge. (See Advertisement.) Trout and grayling are plentiful; m.t., 31s.; w.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d. Minnow fishing and wading prohibited. There are two other rivers in the neighbourhood, the Lathkill and Bradford, but they are private. 4 m. from Bakewell is Edensor Inn, good fishing in the Derwent. (See Rowsley.) (c. s. Trent.)
- Bampton** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On Thames and Charney brook. (See London, U.T.)
- Bampton** (Devon).—D. & S. R. Exe (2 m. off), trout and salmon. Belbrook, Batherham brook. Trout. Hotel: White Horse. Exe is preserved by the Tiverton Association; s.t. only, 2 ga. Belbrook is preserved, and Batherham brook is free. (See Tiverton and Exeter.)
- Banbury** (Oxon).—O. & B.R. and N. & B.J.R. Cherwell. Lake at Wroxton Abbey, 3 m. (See London, M.T.)
- Barcombe** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ouse. (See Newhaven.) (c. s.)
- Barking** (Essex).—On Roding. This stream rises 4 m. N.W. of **Dunmow** (B. & D.R.), and in 3 m. crosses the railway, 1½ m. west of **Takeley** (B. & D.R.), and runs 15 m. to **Chipping Ongar** (L.W.E. & O.R.). Crispey brook, 18 m. long, here joins Roding on the right bank. The Roding next runs in 11 m. to **Chigwell Lane** (L.W.E. & O.R.), **Loughton** (L.W.E. & O.R.) 1½ m., **Buckhurst Hill** (L.W.E. & O.R.) 1 m., **Woodford** (L.W.E. & O.R.) 1½ m., **George Lane Station** (L.W.E. & O.R.) 1½ m., **Wanstead** 1½ m., (n.s. **Leytonstone**, L.W.E. & O.R., 1 m.), **Ilford** (G.E.R.) 2 m., and **Barking** is 2 m. The Roding here runs into Barking Creek.
- Barnard Castle**.—On Tees, Greta, Balder, and many brooks. Trout. (c. s.)
- Barnes** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames, and lakes in Richmond and Wimbledon Parks, 3 m. (See London, L.T.)
- Barnstaple** (Devon).—N.D.R. Taw. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) Taw rises close by Okement, on the slopes of Okement Hill (n.s. **Okehampton**, 6 m.), runs 7 m. to South Tawton (n.s. **Okehampton**, 3 m.). 2 m. down, Teal water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Taw runs 4 m. to **North Tawton** (N.D.R.), and 8 m. down (n.s. **Lapford**, N.D.R., 2 m. off) is joined on right bank by Lapford water. Lapford rises S. of **Bow** (D. & C.R.), runs 2 m. to Zeal Monachorum, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Braddiford brook, which rises E. of **Morcharod Road** (N.D.R.), and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down, at **Lapford** (N.D.R.) Washford brook, 10 m. long, joins Lapford on right bank. Lapford runs 3 m. to Taw. Taw runs to **Eggesford** (N.D.R.) 3 m., and 2 m. down, near Chulmleigh, is joined by Hollowcombe water, 5 m. long, on left bank, and Little Dart on right bank. Little Dart rises 5 m. S. of **East Anstey** (D. & S.R.) on Rackenford Moor, runs 2 m. to Rackenford, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Sturcomb river, which rises 4 m. S. of **East Anstey**, near the Little Dart, and is 5 m. long. Little Dart runs 1 m. to Witheridge, Chulmleigh 9 m. (n.s. **Eggesford**, N.D.R., 2 m.), and Taw 2 m. 2 m. down Taw, Tiddy-water, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Taw, at **South Molton Road Station** (N.D.R.), Yeo river joins on right bank. Yeo rises by **East Anstey**, and 6 m. down, at **Molland** (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Molland water, 3 m. long. 5 m. down Yeo, Mole joins on right bank. Mole rises 3 m. N. of North Molton, and 3 m. below that place, at the **South Molton Station** (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Flitton water, 4 m. long. Mole runs to **South Molton** 1 m., and Yeo 1 m. 2 m. down Yeo is Knowstone water, which rises 4 m. S.W. of **East Anstey**, runs 7 m. to Bishops Nympton (n.s. **Molland**, 3 m.), and 3 m. down joins Yeo. ½ m. down Yeo, Littlecot brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down Yeo, Bray river joins on right bank. Bray rises on the slopes of Bratton Down, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. 2 m. down Bray, a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank. 1 m. down Bray is **Castlehill** (D. & S.R.). 5 m. down Bray, Nadder water, which rises by **South Molton** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeo is 1 m. on, and runs to Taw in 5 m. Taw runs to **Portsmouth Arms** (N.D.R.) 3 m., **Umberleigh** (N.D.R.) 6 m. 2 m. on, Chittlehampton brook, which rises by Chittlehampton and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Taw is **Chapelton** (N.D.R.), and here Yarncombe brook joins on left bank. Yarncombe rises by High Bickington (n.s. **Portsmouth Arms**, 4 m.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 3 m. to Tawton, where Swimbridge water joins on right bank. Swimbridge rises by **Swimbridge** (D. & S.R.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 2 m. to Barnstaple. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Kentisbury, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. 5 m. down, a stream 5 m. long joins on left bank, running by Bratten Flemming. 1 m. down, a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 2 m. up. 5 m. down is Barnstaple. 2 m. below Barnstaple, Muddiford brook, which rises by Bittadon and is 8 m. long, joins Taw on right bank. The estuary is now reached. Good fishing for bass and grey mullet.
- Barras** (Westland).—S.D.R. Angell Beck runs near. Trout.
- Basechurch** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Perry (1 m. W.). Severn (5 m. S.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. Lakes: Birch Grove pool (1½ m. N.E.). Berth pool (2 m. N.E.). Fennymere pool (2 m. N.E.). Marston pool (3 m. N.E.) (See Gloucester.) (c. s. Severn.)
- Basingstoke** (Hants).—S.W.R. Newram springs, a series of ponds, the source of Loddon, are near here. Pike, trout.
- Baslow** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent. Trout, grayling. Hotels: Peacock (see Advertisement),

- Devonshire, and Wheatsheaf. Preserved by the Duke of Devonshire and a club. The fishery, called the Chatsworth, extends on the E. side of Derwent from Newbridge, Calver, to Rowsley Bridge, except the length of Mr. Moore's field at the ford, and on the W. side from St. Mary's Wood, Bunnell, to Rowsley Bridge. Season-ticket holders can fish as they please; day-ticket holders fly fishing only. Minnow fishing begins July 1, and ends Oct. 1. Trout fishing begins April 1, ends Sept. 30. Grayling fishing May 31, and ends March 31. No fish can be killed under 7 in. Holders of tickets are expected to patrolise the Chatsworth Hotel, Edensor, and the above-named hotels.
- Bassaleg** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy. Trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk*). (See Newport.)
- Bath** (Somerset).—G.W.R. On Avon. Some fine trout may be taken at Shawford, between Bath and Frome, and also in a brook which joins the river here. The fishing is, we believe, free. A club preserves the Avon. Roach, pike, perch, chub, very large gudgeon. (See Bristol.) (*c.s.*) Hotels: Royal and York.
- Bathampton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Bristol.) Avon and Box brook.
- Battle** (Sussex).—T.W. & H.R. On Brede and lakes at Beech Mill, Battle Abbey, Catsfield Green, Peppering Powder Mills. (See Rye; St. Leonards.) At Mountfield, 4 m. off, is a large lake belonging to Rev. W. Margesson. (*c.s. Rother*.)
- Beasley Cross** (Warwick).—G.W.R. (See Henley in Arden, Gloucester). Edstone brook. Lakes: Large lake at Wootton Warwen (2½ m. N.).
- Beaufort** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy. Trout. (*c.s. Usk*). (See Newport.)
- Beaulieu** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On Beaulieu. This stream rises in a pond 1 m. N. of old Beaulieu-road Station, now abandoned. In 4½ m. it is joined on right bank by a stream draining a pond 2 m. up, and which is 1½ m. S. of Beaulieu-road Station. These streams hold small trout. Beaulieu runs in 2 m. to Beaulieu; 5 m. down, a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Hatchet Mill pond, 1½ m. from Beaulieu. The river joins the sea 3 m. on.
- Bedford**.—M.R. Ouse. Pike, perch, roach, dace. Hotels: Swan, George, Lion, King's Arms. The fishing is free on N. bank where the river runs through the town, and for a short distance above; otherwise it is preserved by Bedford Angling Club for about 10 m.
- Bedwas** (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) Cefyl-Glydyr. (See Cardiff, Wales.)
- Bedworth** (Leicester).—C. & N.R. Sow. (See Gloucester.)
- Beer** (Devon) (n.s. **Seaton**, 2 m.).—2½ m. W. from here runs Branscombe brook, 3 m. long, joining the sea near the village.
- Bekesbourne** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Little Stour. Roach, trout. Preserved by a club. (See Sandwich.) (*c.s. Stour*.)
- Bellingham** (Northland.).—N.B.R. North Tyne. Trout, salmon. Hotel: Railway.
- Bentley** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. On Stour. Coarse fish. (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Berkeley** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Little Avon. Coarse fish, trout. Waterley brook. Little Avon rises S.E. of **Wickwar**, runs 3 m. to that town, and 3 m. to **Charfield**. Here Ozleworth brook joins on right bank. Ozleworth rises in a lake by Boxwell, and 4 m. down, at Alderley, is joined by Alderley brook on left bank. 1 m. down, the outflow of 3 lakes by Wotton Underedge (n.s. **Charfield**, 2 m.) joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Ozleworth joins Little Avon. 3 m. down Avon, Tortworth brook joins on left bank. Tortworth rises 2½ m. W. of **Wickwar** by Cromhall, and 2 m. down waters the lake in Tortworth Park; thence to the Avon is 3 m. Avon runs 4 m. to **Berkeley**, where Waterley brook joins on right bank. Waterley rises 2 m. S. E. of **Dursley**, and is 9 m. long. 2 m. below **Berkeley** is the Severn Estuary. (*c.s. Severn*.) Close by the station rises Billow brook, which runs thence 3 m. to the estuary.
- Berkhamstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (See London, M.T.) In the Grand Junction Canal are a few trout, and plenty of perch, dace, roach, jack, and tench.
- Berrington** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn (1 m. N.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. Cound's brook (1½ m. S.W.); trout. Tern (2½ m. N.). Bell brook (3 m. N.E.). Row brook (3 m. S.). Acton brook (3 m. S.). (See Gloucester.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Berwick** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Cuckmere river. Carp, &c. This stream rises in a series of ponds in Heathfield Park and neighbourhood, and in 1 m. runs into a large lake at Nettlesworth, close to Warbleton village, where it is joined by a small brook, which drains some ponds in Backington Wood, close to Heathfield; 2½ m. on, a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, which drains some mill ponds 1 m. to the east of Warbleton. 4 m. on, at Hellinly village (n.s. **Hailsham**, H.R., 2 m.), a stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of Waldron in a series of ponds, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook on left bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up at Horeham. 1½ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large pond on Hawkhurst Common, 1½ m. W. of Waldron, and is 3 m. long; 4 m. brings this brook to Cuckmere. Cuckmere now runs in 7 m. to Berwick, and in 8 m. to the sea, passing Aldfriston, Littleington, and West Dean.
- Berwick-on-Tweed**.—N.B.R. Whitadder joins Tweed 1½ m. from here. Trout, sea and brown. Hotel: King's Arms; very comfortable. The Whitadder from Edington Mill, 1½ m. from the Tweed, up to **Chirnside Bridge** railway station, or Allanton Bridge (called indifferently), is good. The lower waters of the Whitadder may be fished from the following stations: Hutton, 7 m. from Berwick, small inn and lodgings in the village; Allanton, 2 m. further on; Chirnside, opposite side of the bridge. The upper waters, from Abbey St. Batham's, 4 m. from **Grant's House** Station, and 7 m. from Preston Bridge, and the Cottage, 6 m. from Dunse. There are

several burns containing trout. Very little of the water is preserved, and none of the lower water. Till enters Tweed  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. above **Norham** (B. & K.R.), 9 m. from **Berwick**. **Hotel:** Victoria. Trout fishing on Tweed is free, and a day or two's salmon fishing can sometimes be had from the lessees of the fisheries, on payment. The Collingwood Arms, at **Cornhill** (B. & K.R.),  $5\frac{1}{2}$  m. farther up the line, is very comfortable, and when Tweed and Till are in spate and unfishable, a trap can be procured to Mindrum Mill on Bowmont 5 m. distant, where the water is free to **Kirknewton** or **Yetholm**, above which trouting is very good, and free. There is a good inn at **Yetholm**. The fishing for the first 6 m. above **Tilmonth** is very good. There are several good salmon casts. The lower portion of the water belongs to **F. Blake, Esq.**, **Tilmonth House**, and the **Earl of Tankerville** has a portion at **Heaton**; **Mr. Tait**, of **Shellacres**,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on the opposite side, and the **Earl of Erroll**, 4 m. of the upper part. The whole is strictly preserved, but a day's fishing may sometimes be obtained. Just below the village of **Etal** is **The Pool**, good for salmon and whiting. **F. Scargill, Esq.**, preserves the water at **Etal**, but sometimes gives leave. There is very good pike fishing in the lower part of **Till** at **Ford**. The best flies are—sea trout, wing, grey mallard; hackle and body, black; red shoulders and orange tip. Again, dun turkey wing, red and black body, orange tip; in a black water, white wing, black or blue body, and orange tag. Trout flies must be large in spring, woodcock wing; red hackle; large March brown; black wing and hackle; black gnat, hare's ear; a red spinner with partridge wing (good in the end of April). In May, March brown turned into a red spinner; **Hoffland's** fancy, black and red hackle; also landrall and black gnat. In autumn use yellow Sally, coachman, alder fly, landrall.

**Betchworth (Surrey).**—R. & R.R. Mole, and lakes at **Tranquil Dale** and **Fanchford Place**. (See *London, L.T.*)

**Bewcastle (Cumberland).**—On the **Lyne**. Sea trout, whiting, &c.

**Bewdley (Worcester).**—T.V.R. Severn. Salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c. Fishing free. **Dowles brook** (1 m. N.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)

**Bexley (Kent).**—N.K.R. (See *Dartford*.) On **Cray**, and **Darenth**, 3 m. Trout. Lakes, **Dartford Powder Mills**, 3 m.; **Lamb Abbey**,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. Preserved by the landowners.

**Bicester (Oxford).**—O.W. & B.R. Ray. Lake, **Middleton Park**, 3 m. (See *London, M.T.*)

**Bickleigh (Devon).**—G.W.R. On **Plym**, **Meavy**, **Tavy** (4 m.); trout, sea trout, salmon. **Tory brook** (4 m.); trout. (See *Plymouth*.) Fishing in **Plym**, **Meavy**, and **Tavy** preserved by **Plym Fishery Board**, who grant tickets. (c.s. *Tamer*.)

**Bideford (Devon).**—N.D.R. **Torridge**. Trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taw*.) **Torridge** rises on the **Ditchin Hills** 3 m. from **Hartland** (n.s. **Bideford**, 13 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by **Sockington water**, 3 m. long. 6 m. down **Torridge**, **Floodmead water**, which rises by **Woodfardisworthy** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Torridge** runs to **Puiford** 2 m., **Bulkworthy** 2 m., **Newton Petrock** 3 m. 3 m. down, at **Bradford**, **Waldon river** joins on right bank. **Waldon** rises by **Braulworthy**, runs 4 m. to **Sutcombe**, **Milton Damerel** 2 m., and **Torridge** 5 m. **Torridge** runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by **Whiteleigh brook**, 4 m. long. **Torridge** runs 4 m. to **Sheepwash**, where **Buckland brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Torridge** runs 7 m., and is joined on the right bank by **Lew river**. **Lew** rises by **Beworth**, runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long. 2 m. down **Lew**, **Ashbury brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and **Waggafor water**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Lew**, **Marshford brook** joins on right bank. **Marshford** rises 3 m. N.W. of **Oakhampton** (D. & C.R.), runs 2 m. to **Inwardleigh**, and **Lew** 3 m. **Lew** runs 3 m. to **Hatherleigh** (n.s. **Oakhampton**, 9 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by **Venton brook**, 4 m. long. 1 m. down, **Lew** joins **Torridge**, **Hatherleigh** being 2 m. distant. 2 m. down **Torridge**, **Oakment river** joins on right bank. **Oakment** rises close to the **Dart**, in the centre of **Dartmoor** (n.s. **Bridestow**, D. & C.R., 4 m.), runs 9 m. to **Oakhampton**, where **East Oakment** joins on right bank. **East Oakment** rises close to the parent stream, runs 4 m., and is joined by a branch on left bank 4 m. long. 5 m. down is **Oakhampton**. **Oakment** runs 6 m. to **Exbourne** on right bank, and **Jacobstow** on left bank, and 4 m. down at **Monks Oakhampton** (n.s. **Tawton**, D. & C.R., 6 m.), **Hatherleigh** being 3 m. off on left bank, **Exbourne water** joins on right bank. **Exbourne** rises near **Sampford Courtney Station** (N.D.R.), runs 3 m. to **Exbourne**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which runs through **Sampford Courteney** and is 4 m. long. **Exbourne** runs in 3 m. to **Okement**. 3 m. down, **Okement** joins **Torridge**. 5 m. down **Torridge**, at **Merton** (2 m. off the river), **Merton brook** joins on left bank. **Merton** rises on **Merton Moors**, runs 3 m., and is joined by a branch 2 m. long, which rises in **Berry Moor**. **Merton** is 1 m. down, and **Torridge** 2 m. 7 m. down **Torridge**, **Woolley water** joins on right bank. **Woolley** rises by **St. Giles's**, runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long, rising by **Roborough**. 2 m. down is **Torridge**. **Torrington** (N.D.R.) is 3 m. on. **Her<sup>e</sup> Langtree Brook**, 4 m. long, and which rises by **Langtree**, joins on left bank. **Torridge** runs 3 m. to **Wear Giffard**, where **Hunshaw water**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down **Laidland water** joins on left bank. **Laidland** rises 6 m. W. of **Torrington**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by **Alwington brook**, 5 m. long. **Laidland** runs 3 m. to **Torridge**, which runs to **Bideford** 2 m. Here two streams join **Torridge**—one on left bank, 3 m. long, and one on right bank, **Wear water**, 5 m. long. **Bass** may be caught in the tidal part of the river by a large red palmer. (See *Hartland*.)

**Bigawair (Monmouth).**—R. & M.R. **Wye**; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. **Olway** (2 m.); trout; preserved. (See *Chepstow, Newport*.) (c.s.)

- Billinghurst** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun and Adur. (See *Little Hampton*; *New Shoreham*.)
- Binegar** (Somerset).—B. & E.R. (See *Bristol*.) Lakes; Lechmere Water.
- Bingham** (Notts).—On Smite.
- Birdsborough** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Leam. Itchen (2 m. W.). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Birdsgrove**.—On Dove. Trout, grayling. Preserved by the Birdsgrove Fishing Club of 15 members; s.t., 4l. 4s. Sec., G. L. Sellers, Esq., Buxton-road, Ashbourne.
- Bishop Auckland** (Durham).—Weir. Salmon.
- Bishops Castle** (Salop).—B.O.B.R. Onny (2 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub, pike; preserved. Camlad (3 m. N.W.); trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Bishops Lydeard** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bridgwater*.) Norton brook. Trout.
- Bishops Stortford** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort. The Stort is preserved from a short distance below Stanstead to Stortford by Mr. Walter Gilbey, who occasionally gives leave. Pike.
- Bishopstoke** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen. (See *Southampton* and *Winchester*.) Trout and grayling. There is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. of free water close to the church. Mr. Tankerville Chamberlayne, of Cranbury Park, issues a limited number of tickets at 20l. for his water,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. The season begins April 1. If subscription is not filled up, a limited number of weekly and daily tickets are let. Apply to landlord, Junction Hotel. Hotel: Junction.. (See *Advertisement*.)
- Bishops Waltham** (Hants).—G.J.R. Hamble. Trout. (See *Botley*.)
- Blackburn** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Ribble, Hodder, and Calder. Salmon and trout. There are now no fish in Calder. (c.s. *Cumberland*, *Eden*, and *Hodder*.)
- Blackwater** (Hants).—S.E.R. Blackwater. (See *London*, *M.T.*)
- Blackwood** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey. (See *Newport*.)
- Blain Afon** (Monmouth).—E.V.R. Llwyd. Trout. (c.s. *Usk*.) (See *Newport*.)
- Blaina** (Monmouth).—W.V.E. Ebwyfach. Trout. (c.s. *Usk*.) (See *Newport*.)
- Blandford** (Dorset).—L. & D.R. Stour and Iwerne. (See *Christchurch* and *Wareham*.) Pike, perch, &c. Fishing good. (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Blockley** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Knee brook. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Blunham** (Beds).—Ouse. Preserved by a society of fifty members. Sec.: Mr. C. Forge, 12, Adde-street, Wood-street, E.C.
- Bodmin** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Camel. Trout, sea trout, salmon. Kirland water; Lanivet water. (See *Wadesbridge*.) Fowey, 3 m., sea trout, brown trout, salmon; fish small, banks wooded, river somewhat injured by clay water, wading advisable. (c.s.) Hotel: Royal.
- Bognor** (Sussex).—There is good sea-fishing from the rocks at low water for whiting, coal fish, &c. In July and August there is good sport with the "brazen." Grey mullet abound in the shallow water between Felpham and Little Hampton Harbour. The fishing westward is not so good for an amateur.
- Bolton** (Cumberland).—On the Lyne. Sea trout, whiting, &c.
- Bolton** (York).—M.R. On Wharfe. Small trout and grayling. By staying at the Devonshire Arms and Red Lion, fishing can be had free from Bolton Bridge up the river for 8 m. The very finest tackle must be used. (See *Kinsey* and *Ilkley*.) Fly fishing only permitted from April 1 to Oct. 1. (c.s. *York*.)
- Borrowbridge** (York).—N.E.R. Yore. Pike, perch, and a few trout and grayling.
- Boston** (Lincoln).—The Boston Angling Club preserves the Witham and adjacent fen drains. Fishing free. Pike, tench, perch, roach, rudd, and bream. Hotel: Peacock.
- Botley** (Hants).—G.J.R. Hamble. Sea trout and trout. Hamble rises in a large pond (good piking) by **Bishops Waltham** Station (G.J.R.), and in 1 m. is joined on left bank by the mill-stream from the corn mill at that town.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on is **Botley**. Here are some ponds holding pike in Botley Grange. 6 m. below is Southampton Water. The fishing is mostly private, but leave may sometimes be obtained.
- Bourne End** (Bucks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thames. Roach, pike, perch. Wye, polluted. (See *London*, *M.T.*) Fisherman: Barber. Hotel: Railway Hotel.
- Bournemouth** (Hants).—S.W.R. Bourne. Trout. The stream rises in a pond by Hawkesbury Hill, and is some 5 m. long. Some fishing from the pier.
- Bourton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn. (See *Clevedon*.)
- Bourton-on-the-Water** (Glo'ster).—B. on the W.R. On Windrush and Dickler. (See *London*, *U.T.*) Trout.
- Bovey** (Devon).—M. & N.R. (See *Teignmouth*.) Bovey and Teign. The fishing in Bovey is preserved by the landowners. Teign preserved by the Lower Teign Fishing Association. (c.s. *Teign*.) Hotels: Dolphin and Union. Tickets at the Union.
- Bow** (Devon).—C.R. Spreyton water. Trout. (See *Exeter*.) Lapford water. (See *Barnstaple*.)
- Box** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Box brook.
- Box Hill** (Surrey).—S.W.R. and L.B. & S.C.R. Mole. (See *London*, *L.T.*) Hotel: Burford Bridge Hotel. The river runs through the hotel orchard and garden, where visitors only can fish through private grounds to Leatherhead.
- Boxmoor** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. On Gade. Hotel: Bell, at Two Waters. Pike. (See *London*, *M.T.*)
- Bracknell** (Berks).—S. & W.R. There is a large mill pond at East Hampstead. (See *London*, *M.T.*) Harman's pond is near.
- Bradford-on-Avon** (Wilts).—W. & S.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon. Perch, trout, &c. Preserved by Bradford-on-Avon Angling Association for 3 m. S.t., 1l.; m.t., 2s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. 6d.; d.t., 6d. Hotel: Swan. (c.s.)

- Braemore** (Hants).—S.W.R. Avon. (See *Christchurch*.) Sir E. Halse preserves the trout fishing, which is excellent. He sometimes gives leave for a day, on a proper introduction.
- Brainree** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Maldon*.) On Brain and Blackwater. The Brain is strictly preserved. Pike, perch, dace, roach, tench. 4 m. off is Stisted Hall Pond, of 50 acres. Leave from Mr. S. Courtanild. Pike, carp, and tench.
- Bramber** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (See *New Shoreham*.)
- Bramley** (Surrey).—H. & G.R. Wey. Bream, roach, dace. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Brampton** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On the Eden, Irthing, and Gelf. Salmon and trout. Good accommodation at the Howard's Arms Hotel, Brampton. The rivers are about 1 m. from the inn. Tickets 5s. Tindale Tarn is 6 m., Talkin Tarn 1 m., off, holding pike.
- Brandon** (Warwick).—L. & B.R. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike perch, bream. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Bransford** (Worcester).—W. & M.R. Teme. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, grayling, trout. Preserved hence to Broadway Church by a society; s.t. 10s.; d.t. 2s. 6d. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Braughing** (Herts).—B. & St.M.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib and Quin. Trout, coarse fish. Preserved.
- Braunton** (Northton).—N.s. **Orick**, 5 m. Leam. Rain's brook (4 m. N.W.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Braunton** (Devon).—N.D.R. Braunton water. Braunton rises 1 m. S. of **Mortehoe Station** (N.D.R.), runs 1 m. to West Down, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Fullabrook, 3 m. long. **Braunton** is 3 m. on. 1 m. below, Knowle water, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Bredon** (Worcester).—M.R. Avon; Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. *Severn* (4 m.); roach, pike, perch, bream, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Brent** (Devon).—G.W.R. Avon. Trout. There is a good hotel and free fishing. Avon rises on Dartmoor, and 7 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, 3 m. long. 2 m. down Avon is **Brent**, and 2 m. down, Black brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Avon runs 2 m. to Diptford, 1 m. to Bickham Bridge, below which the fishing is preserved (d.t. 2s. 6d., of any of the Plymouth tackle shops, at the inns, or of the keepers), Newhouse 2 m. (good inn), Loddiswell 4 m. (Inn: Turk's Head), where Woodleigh Brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Avon is Aveton Giffard, to which the tide flows; the sea is 4 m. down. The best flies coch-y-bondhu, blue upright, red spinner. (c.s.)
- Brentford** (Middx.).—S.W.R. and G.W. & B.R. Thames and Brent. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Brentwood** (Essex).—G.E.R. There are some ponds in Thorndon Hall Park belonging to Lord Petre. Pike, perch, &c. in Weald Hall. The large lake of Fitzwater is some 3½ m. off.
- Bridestow** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lew. (See *Plymouth*.) Oakment; trout. Thistle brook (2 m.); trout. (See *Bideford*.) (c.s. *Taw*.)
- Bridges** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. Luxullon brook. (See *Par*.) (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Bridgnorth** (Shrops).—S.V.R. *Severn*. Dace, trout, chub, pike, perch, salmon. Fishing free. Worf (1 m. W.), Mor brook (2 m. S.W.). Claverley brook (4 m. E.). Borle brook (4 m. S.). Stratford brook (5 m. N.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Bridgwater** (Somerset).—Parret. Roach, salmon, few trout. Carey. Parret rises by **Crewkerne** (S.W.R.), runs to West Chinnock, where a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank; 1 m. on Hinton Brook joins on left bank. Hinton rises in a pond in Hinton House Park, by Hinton St. George (n.s. **Crewkerne**, 3 m.), and 2 m. down, at Merriot, is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. Hence to Parret is 3 m. 1 m. down Parret, a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds in Hinton House Park, and works two mills. Parret runs in 2 m. to South Petherton (n.s. **Martock**, G.W.R.); 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank which rises 2 m. E. of **Martock**, and is 4 m. long, working two mills. Parret runs to Kingsbury 1 m.; 2½ m. below, Isle joins on left bank. Isle rises S. of **Ilminster** (G.W.R.), and after working two mills passes by that town, and working three mills in 4½ m., is joined at Puckington, on left bank, by a stream which rises 3 m. W. of **Ilminster**, and is 5 m. long. Isle runs in 2 m. to Isle Abbot, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises S.W. of **Hatch** (G.W.R.), and is 6 m. long. 4 m. on Isle joins Parret. Parret runs in 2 m. to **Langport** (G.W.R.). Here Yeo joins on right bank. Yeo rises 3 or 4 m. N. of **Sherborne** (S.W.R.), and is joined at that place by Milborne brook which rises by **Milborne Port** (S.W.R.), and in 3 m. waters the large lake in Sherborne Park. Yeo runs in 4 m. to Bradford Abbas, where Yet joins on left bank. Yet rises 4 m. S. of **Yetminster** (S. & W.R.), where a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long. Yeo is 2 m. down. Yeo now runs in 1½ m. to **Yeovil Junction** (S.W.R.). Here Evershot brook joins on left bank. Evershot rises 4 m. S. of **Sutton Bingham** (S.W.R.), 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank which rises in a lake at Melbury Sampford (n.s. **Evershot**, S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. 1½ m. on a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. Yeo is ½ m. on. Yeo runs in 1 m. to **Yeovil** (G.W.R.), 2 m. below a stream joins on right bank working a mill 1 m. up; 4 m. down Yeo, Sparkford brook joins on right bank. Sparkford rises in a mill pond 4 m. N.E. of **Sparkford** (G.W.R.), near North Cadbury, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook working a mill. **Sparkford** is 1 m. on. Sparkford runs to Queen's Canal 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on the left bank by a stream which rises by **Marston**

**Magna** (G.W.R.) and is 5 m. long.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on Sparkford joins Yeo. Yeo now runs to Ichester (n.s. **Marlock**, G.W.R., 5 m.), Long Sutton 4 m., **Langport** and Parret 4 m. Here a small stream joins Yeo on right bank rising in Paradise mill pond  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. up. Parret now runs through the moors, and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which drains seven or eight large ponds in West Sedge Moor. 1 m. down Parret Hatch brook joins on left bank. Hatch rises  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. of **Hatch Station** (G.W.R.), runs 4 m. when it passes 1 m. S. of North Curry. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining a large pond  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up on Sedge Moor, and joins Parret 4 m. on. Parret runs in 2 m. to Chapel and Borough Bridge (n.s. **Athelney**, G.W.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.). Here Tone joins on left bank. Tone rises above Clatworthy 3 m. from **Wiveliscombe** (D. & S.R.), and 3 m. down passes 2 m. W. of **Wiveliscombe**, runs to **Wellington** (G.W.R.) 12 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. 3 m. down, at Bradford, a small stream joins on right bank, holding trout. 1 m. down, Milverton brook joins on left bank. This stream rises 1 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe** and in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. is joined on right bank by a stream, which rises in Wimorleigh Mill  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. S. of **Wiveliscombe** and is 2 m. long. Milverton brook runs in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **Milverton** (D. & S.R.), and Tone 4 m.  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile down Tone, a stream, which rises at West Buckland 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tone, Norton brook joins on left bank. Norton rises in Toland Mill 3 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe**, runs  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Halse (n.s. **Bishops Lydeard**, G.W.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m., or **Milverton** 2 m.), **Norton Fitz-warren** (G.W.R.) 4 m., and Tone  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. 1 m. down Tone, at Bishops Hull, Kingston brook joins on left bank. Kingston brook rises 3 m. N. of Kingston (n.s. **Taunton**, G.W.R.,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m.); 2 m. below Kingston a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Bishops Lydeard** and is 4 m. long. Tone is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below the junction. Tone runs in 2 m. to **Taunton**,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, Black brook joins on right bank. Black brook rises by Trull (n.s. **Taunton** 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. 2 m. down Tone, at Creech St. Michael, a stream joins on left bank, which rises by West Monkton (n.s. **Durston**, G.W.R., 2 m.) and is 3 m. long. Tone runs in 6 m. to **Athelney** (G.W.R.) and Parret  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. Parret runs in 6 m. to **Bridgwater**. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Enmore Castle Park 4 m. from **Bridgwater**, and 2 m. down is joined by a stream on the right bank, which works a mill  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. The main stream runs to Durligh and its mill 2 m. and **Bridgwater** 2 m. At Cannington, 3 m. from **Bridgwater**, runs a stream which rises 5 m. S.W. of Cannington, working several mills, and joins the Parret estuary 3 m. below. At Otterhampton,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. from **Bridgwater**, a stream joins the Parret estuary, which rises in a mill pond at Fiddington and is 3 or 4 m. long. (c.s. *Avon*.)

**CAREY** River rises at **Castle Carey**, G.W.R. runs to Babenty 6 m. (n.s. **Sparkford** 4 m.). 3 m. below a stream joins on left bank, which rises at South Barrow 1 m. from **Sparkford** and is 5 m. long. Carey passes in 1 m. within 2 m. N. of Ichester, and runs in 4 m. to Somerton (n.s. **Langport** 4 m.), and in 5 m. enters Sedge Moor, where it joins King's Sedge drain, and after a run of 12 m. joins Parret on right bank 3 m. below **Bridgwater**.

**Bridlington** (York).—Angling for billet from the pier, many pollack at Flamborough Head, and a variety of sea fish in the offing.

**Bridport** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. (See *Burton Bradstock*.) On Britt and Asker. Trout (c.s. *Aze*.) Britt rises in a mill pond by Beaminster (n.s. **Toller**, W.S. & W.R., 6 m.) One m. down, a stream joins on right bank, working a mill or two by Stoke Abbots,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. Six m. down is **Bridport**. Here Asker joins on left bank. Asker rises by **Porstock** (W.S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. Britt joins the sea 2 m. below Bridport. Bass-fishing from the pier head, with squid or cuttle bait. A rod and floated line might be used sometimes with success in rather rough weather. Mackerel, pollack, and pout may also be caught near the Pollack-stone.

**Brierley Hill** (Stafford).—G.W.R. Stour (3 m. S.). Smestow (5 m. W.). *Lakes*: Pensnet Chase Reservoir, Old Park Ponds (2 m. W.). Askew Bridge Pond (3 m. N.W.). Himley Park lakes and Common Pool (4 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Brighton** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Sea bream and other fish may be caught off here, and bass sometimes from the pier. In the Ouse, not far from Barmcombe, for several miles up, there is fair fishing for roach, chub, perch, and eels, and good pipe fishing.

**Brimscombe** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome. (See *Stonehouse*.)

**Brinklow** (Warwick).—T.V.R. Combe brook. *Lakes*: Bardon Pool (5 m.) (See *Gloucester*.)

**Brislington** (Somerset).—B. & R.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon. (c.s.)

**Bristol**.—G.W.R. & M.R. On Avon. Avon rises in Shipton Mill Head 1 m. S. of **Tetbury** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Malmesbury (n.s. **Minety**, G.W.R., 8 m.). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pool by Great Suerston, is 8 m. long, and works six mills. 1 m. below Malmesbury a stream joins Avon on left bank, which rises in Seven Island Pond 5 m. from **Minety**, and is 9 m. long. 1 m. up from its junction with Avon a stream joins it on right bank, which rises in Bredon Pond 3 m. from **Minety**, runs 4 m., where the outflow from the ponds in Charlton Park, 2 m. from Malmesbury, joins on right bank, and 1 m. on joins the main stream. Avon now flows to **Dauntsey** (G.W.R.) 4 m. Here Thunder brook joins on left bank. Thunder rises in a mill pool 4 m. S. of **Wootton Bassett** (G.W.R.), passes by that town, and in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. is joined by a stream on left bank 1 m. long, rising in a pond at Tockenham Wick, 1 m. from **Dauntsey Station**. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. From hence to Avon is 6 m. Avon runs to **Chippenham** (G.W.R.) 10 m., passing Christian Malford midway. At **Chippenham** Marden river joins Avon. Marden rises at Calstone Willington, 3 m. S.E. of

**Calne** (G.W.R.), and in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. is joined on right bank by river Brook, which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down Marden a stream  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. long joins on left bank, working a mill. 1 m. below **Calne** is the outflow on left bank of the large lake in Bowood Park. 1 m. below, Fisher's brook joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. N. from **Calne**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 4 m. long, rising in Whitcombe Mill 4 m. N. of **Calne**. 1 m. down, Marden is reached, and Marden runs in 4 m. to Avon. 5 m. below **Chippenhams** Avon receives on right bank the outflow of Corsham Park Lake, 3 m. up (n.s. **Corsham**, G.W.R.). 1 m. on, at Lavock, a stream joins on right bank, 2 m. long, which works three or four mills;  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. on a stream joins on left bank 4 m. long, which drains the lakes in Spy Park (n.s. **Calne**). 1 m. on is **Melksham** (W. & S.R.). 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. At **Holt** (W. & S.R.) a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Urchfont (n.s. **Devizes**, 4 m.). In 1 m. a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond at Mustead, 2 m. E. from **Devizes**. The main stream now runs in 5 m. to Worton, where a stream 5 m. long joins, which rises in Knowlum's Pond, 1 m. S. of West Lavington (n.s. **Devizes**, B. & H.R., 6 m.), and works several mills. The main stream now runs in 3 m. to Bullington (n.s. **Seend**, B. & H.R., 3 m.), where a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, and which rises in a mill pool by Edington (n.s. **Westbury**, W. & S.R., 4 m.). 1 m. down the main stream, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Snake Mead Mill by **Devizes**, and in 2 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Roundaway Mill, 1 m. from **Devizes**.  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. down, at Hide Mill, 1 m. from **Seend** (B. & H.R.), a stream joins on left bank, which rises in Drew's Pond, 1 m. S. of **Devizes**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. on the main stream is reached, which runs to Sennington (n.s. **Melksham**, 3 m.) 3 m., and Avon 2 m. 3 m. below **Holt** a stream joins Avon on left bank, which rises in a mill pond S. of **Westbury** (W. & S.R.), and in 3 m. is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in Berkley House Park lake (n.s. **Frome**, W.S. & W.R.), and is 5 m. long. At the junction of the above with the parent brook a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank, which drains a pond by North Bradley. Half a mile down a brook joins on right bank, which runs from **Westbury**, working two or three mills, and is 3 m. long. Hence to **Trowbridge** (W. & S.R.) is 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a pond 3 m. up. Avon is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down from **Trowbridge**. Avon runs in 2 m. to **Bradford** (W. & S.R.), **Freshford** (W. & S.R.) 2 m. Here Frome river joins on left bank. Frome rises in the lake at New Hitchling,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. S. of **Witham** (W.S. & W.R.), and is joined at that place on right bank by the outflow of the lake in Witham Park,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up.  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. down Frome a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Bradley Mill Pool 1 m. N. of Maiden Bradley, and is 3 m. long. Frome runs in 2 m. to **Frome** (W.S. & W.R.), and is here joined on right bank by the brook which drains the lake in Longleat Park, 5 m. from **Frome**, and also the mill pool at Corsley, 3 m. from **Frome**. 1 m. below **Frome** a stream joins Frome on left bank. This stream rises in Lechlumere Water (n.s. **Binegar**, B. & E.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.), and in 4 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. on, at Caleford, a stream, working a mill 1 m. up, joins on left bank. The main stream in 2 m. waters the lakes in Mell's Park, and 2 m. below, at Elm, a stream  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Little Elm. 2 m. on is the Frome. 1 m. down Frome the outflow of the large lake at Orchardleigh, 2 m. from Frome, joins on left bank. Beckington is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on, Road 2 m., Farleigh 3 m., **Freshford** and Avon 3 m. Avon now runs to **Limley** (W. & S.R.) 1 m., 1 m. below which a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Stone Easton Park (n.s. **Hallatrow**, B. & R.R.), runs  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. to **Midsomer Norton** (B. & E.R.), where a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond by **Chilcompton** (B. & E.R.) 2 m. up. The main stream flows to **Badstock** (B. & E.R.) 1 m., **Wellow** (B. & E.R.) 4 m., 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, which rises in the mill pool at Norton St. Philip, and is 2 m. long. The main stream flows to **Midford** (B. & E.R.) 2 m., where a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Hallatrow** (B. & R.R.), runs 6 m. to Combe Hay (n.s. **Wellow**, B. & E.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.), and **Midford**  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. Avon is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down. Avon runs in  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. to **Bathampton** (G.W.R.). Here Box brook and another stream join on right bank. Box is some 7 or 8 m. long, works several mills. **Box** (G.W.R.) is midway. The other stream also works some mills, and is 5 or 6 m. long. Avon runs in  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. to **Bath** (G.W.R.), **Weston** (M.R.) and **Twiverton** (G.W.R.) 1 m. 1 m. down a stream joins Avon on left bank, which rises in Priston Mill, and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Avon the outflow of the lakes in Newton Park, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. Avon runs in 1 m. to **Kelston** (M.R.) and **Saltford** (G.W.R.). 3 m. down, **Boyd** river joins on right bank. **Boyd** rises by Dodington (n.s. **Yate**, B. & R.R., 7 m.), and in 4 m., at Doynton, is joined on right bank by Feltham brook, which rises above Pucklochford (n.s. **Mangotsfield**, B. & R.R., 2 m.), and is 3 m. long. **Boyd**, in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m., waters the lake in Wick Court (n.s. **Warmley**, B. & R.R., 2 m.), and flows to **Bitton** (B. & R.R.), 3 m., and Avon, 1 m. Avon runs to **Keynsham** (G.W.R.) 2 m. Here Chew river joins on left bank. Chew rises at Chewton Mendip (n.s. **Hallatrow**, B. & R.R.,  $\frac{4}{5}$  m.), runs to West Hartree 4 m. (n.s. **Clutton**, B. & R.R., 5 m.), Chew Stoke 4 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Stowey Mill, 3 m. off (n.s. **Clutton**, B. & R.R.,  $\frac{2}{3}$  m.). Chew runs to Chewton Magna 2 m. (trout, perch); and here a stream joins on left bank, which works the powder mills at Winford 2 m. up. Chew 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 2 m. up. 1 m. down Chew is **Pensford** (B. & R.R.). 1 m. down, the outflow of the lakes in Hound-street Park,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up, joins on right bank. Hence to **Keynsham** is 5 m. 1 m. down Avon Siston brook joins on right bank. Siston rises by

**Mangotsfield**, runs to **Warmley** 2 m., **Bitton** 2½ m., and **Avon** 1 m. **Avon** in 4 m. is joined on left bank by a brook rising above **Brislington** (B. & R.R.) 2 m. up. **Avon** reaches **Bristol** in 2 m. (See *c.f. Avon*.) **Ashton brook**, 5 m. long, joins **Avon** at **Long Ashton Station** on left bank.

**FROME** river here joins **Avon** on right bank. **Frome** rises by **Chipping Sodbury** (n.s. **Yate**, B. & B.R., 2 m.), runs 5 m. to **Yate**, 3 m. to **Iron Acton** (M.R.). 1 m. down, **Laden** river joins on right bank. **Laden** rises by **Wickwar** (B. & B.R.), and in 4 m. passes 1 m. E. of **Tytherington** (M.R.), and 4 m. down joins **Frome**. 4 m. down, **Frome** (n.s. **Filton**, G.W.R., 3 m.) **Bradley brook** joins on right bank. **Bradley** rises by **Alveston** (n.s. **Thornbury**, M.R., 3 m.), runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by **Stoke Brook**, 3 m. long. **Bradley** joins **Frome** 4 m. down. 3½ m. down **Frome** the drainings of the lake in **Stoke Park**, ½ m. up, joins on right bank (n.s. **Fish Ponds**, B. & B.R., 1½ m.). 2 m. down **Frome** is **Stapleton Road Station** (G.W.R.), and 2 m. down is **Bristol**.

**Britton** (Somerset).—B. & B.R. (See *Bristol*.) On **Boyd** and **Siston brook**.

**Brixham** (Devon).—G.W.R. **Brixham brook**. This stream runs by **Churston Ferrers**, and is 3 m. long. **Brixham** is a most important sea-fishing station. Many large bass caught at the trawlers' moorings. Dabs and mackerel in the bay, pollack along the rocky shore to **Bury Head**, and beyond, especially at and around the **Cod Rock**; enormous shoals of bass often also here, from high water and during the ebb. Bream and conger also round this rock. (See also *Paignton and Torquay*.)

**Broad Clist** (Devon).—S.W.R. **Clist**, **South brook**, **Halbrook brook**. (See *Topsnam*.)

**Brookenhurst** (Hants).—S. & R.R. (See *Lymington*.)

**Bromfield** (Salop).—S. & H.R. **Teme**; grayling, trout, chub, pike; permission from **Lady Clive**, of **Oakley Park**. **Onny**; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. **Corve** (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling. **Pyr brook** (4 m. N.). **Lakes**: **Decoy Pool** (1½ m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Bromley** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On **Ravensbourne**. (See *Lewisham*.)

**Bromsgrove** (Worcester).—B. & G.R. **Spadbourne brook**. (See *Gloucester*.)

**Bromyard** (Hereford).—B.R. **Frome**. **Inkstone brook**. **Linton brook** (3 m.). **Leddons** (4 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)

**Broome** (Salop).—C.W.B. **Clun**; trout, grayling. **Kempton brook**. (See *Clun*; *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Brough** (Westland).—The river **Eden** runs near. **Salmon** and **trout**. (c.s.)

**Broughton-in-Furness** (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On **Duddon**. **Trout**, **salmon**. This stream rises on the Westmoreland border. After 2 m., **Guisscale Gill** joins on the right bank. 1 m. on a small stream runs in on the left bank which flows out of a small hill tarn. **Moasdale Beck**, ½ m. on, joins on the right bank. **Cockley Beck**, ¼ m. further on, joins on the left bank. Some 4 m. on a considerable burn joins on the right bank, and 1½ m. beyond that **Tarn Beck** joins on the left bank. **Tarn Beck** rises on the side of **Leathwaite Fells**, and, after a short course, runs into **Leathwaite tarn**. 2½ m. from the lake **Long House Gill** joins **Tarn Beck** on the left bank, and on the same side, but 1 m. on, a beck joins, which runs out of a hill loch. ½ m. beyond this **Tarn Beck** joins **Duddon**. From this point some 3 m. down, **Cresby Gill**, some 5 m. in length, joins **Duddon** on the right bank. On the same side about 1 m. on, **Hole House Gill** joins **Duddon**. This stream rises in a hill loch near **Fox Craggs**, and has a course of about 4 m. From the junction of **Hole House Gill** and **Duddon** to the junction of **Logan Beck** with **Duddon** on its right bank, is some 2½ m. 2 m. beyond this point, and close to the town of **Broughton-in-Furness**, the river **Sickle** joins **Duddon** on the left bank. This river rises in the slopes of **Dummerdale**, and, after passing through a small tarn in a course of 2½ m., is joined on the left bank by **Apple Tree Worth Beck**; 1 m. beyond this junction a fair beck joins on the right bank. This beck, some 1½ m. from its junction, on the left side going up stream, is joined by a small streamlet, which drains a small tarn lying under **Stickie Pike**. From the junction of this stream with **Sickle** to the junction of **Sickle** with **Duddon** at **Broughton-in-Furness** is some 3½ m. Below this point the **Duddon** runs into the estuary. Roads run by the banks of all the streams.

**Broxbourne** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*; *Cheshunt*; *London*.) **New River**, **Lea**. **Lea** holds trout, pike, barbel, perch, dace, chub. The fishery begins above at **Page's Water**, the lock at **Dobb's Weir**, at **Hoddesdon**, and ends at **Currant Tree Island**. **Hotel**: **Crown**, where tickets can be had; s.t., 42s., bottom and jack fishing; 21s., trouting. D.t., bottom, 1s.; jack, 2s.; trout, 5s. Trout fishing commences on April 1st, ends August 31st. No person may fish with more than one rod and line. From the 1st of March to the third Tuesday in August no ledger fishing with worms is allowed, nor must any lob worm or fish bait be used except by trout subscribers. No fishing for jack allowed from March 1 to the third Tuesday in August. No gorge fishing between third Tuesday in August and October 31st. No perch, roach, or dace (except with art. fly) to be taken between March 15 and June 15. The fishing from **Currant Tree Hole** to the **Aqueduct Lock** at **Broxbourne** is now in private hands, and is strictly preserved.

**Brundall** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (See *Coldham Hall*; *Acle*.)

**Bruton** (Somerset).—W.S. & W.R. **Brue** and **Cambe**. (See *Highbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

**Buckenham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. On **Yare**. A few miles from **Norwich**. **Bream**, **roach**, &c. There is a little waterside public-house, where you can get a boat. About the best place is the mouth of **Hassingham Dyke**, some 2 m. down. The bream and roach run very large. The stream is very deep. **Buckingham** and **Hassingham Broads** are preserved by **Sir B. Beauchamp**. (c.s. *Norwich*.)



- Buckfastleigh** (Devon).—S.D.R. *vid* Totnes. On Dart. Salmon and trout. (See *Dartmouth*.) Fishing can be obtained for a small fee from hence to Holne Bridge up, and to Totnes down stream. (c.s.)
- Buckhurst Hill** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (See *Barking*.) Fishing very poor.
- Bucknall** (Salop).—C.W.B. Teme; trout, grayling, chub. Redlake brook. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Bude** (Cornwall).—(N.A. *Holsworthy*, 10 m.) Hotel: Falcon. On Bude. Bude rises by Week St. Mary (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 11 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined by Longford brook on right bank, 3 m. long. Bude runs 3 m. to Marhamchurch (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 7 m.), and 1 m. down, Stratton brook joins on right bank. Stratton rises a mile above Stratton (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 9 m.), and is 5 m. long. Bude runs to Bude 2 m., and joins the sea 1 m. down. By staying at the hotel fishing can be had in the canal reservoir, 8 m. off. 4 m. N. of Bude runs Sheephill brook, 5 m. long. There is some sea fishing.
- Budleigh Salterton** (Devon).—Good sea-fishing. Whiting, pollack, mackerel, and pout, locally known as "blains," are caught within from five minutes' to half an hour's distance from the beach. Shoals of bass are often found off the harbour's mouth at Otterton Ledge and at the Foot Clout Rock, and, if not too rough, in breezy weather, will take a fly. Mussel bait is fetched from Lymptone, on the Exe, and small fresh-water eels for pollack fishing are procurable with a finely-meshed shrimp net under stones inside the Otter mouth. Many whiting are caught late in autumn in Ladram Bay towards Sidmouth. For fishing, apply to James Rogers; and for lodgings or furnished houses to either Mr. H. Stickland, Mr. G. Bence, or Mr. G. Perriam. Troutling in the Otter.
- Buildwas** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, trout, grayling, dace, salmon; fishing free. Farley brook. Leighton brook (2½ m. W.). Inn: Buildwas Bridge Inn. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Bulford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Pod's brook. (See *Maldon*.)
- Buntingford** (Herts).—On B. & St.M.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib. Trout fishing very good, mostly preserved by—Somes, Esq., of Aspeden.
- Burgess Hill** (Sussex).—L.C. & D.R. On Adur. (See *New Shoreham*.) Trout.
- Burngallow** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Cllesy. (See *St. Austell* and *St. Ewe*.)
- Burnham** (Essex).—On Crouch. This stream rises near the village of Great Burstead. 14 m. down, a stream joins on the left bank, which rises near Woodham Ferris, and has a course of 4 m. From hence to Burnham is 12 m. 2 m. below Burnham, Roach joins Crouch. Roach rises near Rayleigh, and in 4 m. reaches Rochford (n.s. *Southend*, 5 m.), where a small brook joins on the right bank. 10 m. down Roach joins Crouch, and 3 m. on the sea.
- Burnsall** (York).—Wharf, Ouse. Trout and grayling. Preserved for 7 m. by the Apple-treewick, Barden, and Burnsall Angling Club of fifty members. Entrance, 21s.; s.t. 21s., and 4 day tickets for friends. Troutling begins April 1, and ends Sept. 30. Grayling fishing April 1 and Jan. 31; d.t. 5s.; from the sec., Mr. T. J. Critchley, Brook-street, Ilkley, York; Mrs. Reynard, New Inn, Appletreewick; Mr. S. Lister, of Barden Tower; and J. Thompson, Red Lion Inn, Burnsall. (c.s. *York*.)
- Burnt Mill** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stort. (See *Stratford*.) Pike, roach, &c.
- Burton Bradstock** (n.s. *Bridport*, W.S. & W.R., 3 m.). On Bredy. Bredy rises at Little Bredy (n.s. *Dorchester*, 7 m.). runs 3 m. to Little Cheney, and Burton Bradstock, 5 m. (See *c.f. Axe*.)
- Burton Bridge** (Stafford).—On Trent. Inns: The Saracen's Head and Royal Oak. (c.s.)
- Burton-on-Trent** (Stafford).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Trent. Inns: The Queen and the George. The Wetmoor fishing is preserved by Mr. Smith. Tickets may be had from the Boot Inn, High-street; per day, 1s.; per season, 10s. Good roach, dace, pike, perch, chub, and specially barbel. (c.s.)
- Buxted** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See *Newhaven*.) Ouse. Trout. Good fishing. (c.s.)
- Buxton** (Derby).—M.R.L. & N.W.E. Trout. The fishing is preserved for 4 m. down, below that it is private. Daily tickets, 1s. 6d., from Mr. Banks, shoemaker, 37, Spring-gardens. (See *Advertisement*.) The fish run large; the best place is about 1½ m. down, at "The Lovers' Leap." Nothing but "fly" is allowed. (See *Ashford*.) Hotel: Shakespeare.
- Byfield** (Warwick).—E. & W.J.R. On Cherwell. (See *London*, M.T.) There are two reservoirs near here.
- Caerleon** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Llwyd. (See *Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Caine** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Marden (coarse fish), River brook, and Fisher's brook. Lake in Bowood Park.
- Calton Bridge** (York).—On Aire. Trout. Preserved by the Craven Angling Club.
- Cam** (Glo'ster).—B. & B.R. Cam Brook. (See *Dursley*.)
- Cambourne** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Gwythian brook. Gwythian rises by **Cambourne**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by Gwinear brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Gwinear** Station (G.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Gwythian runs to the sea in 2 m. (c.s. *Camel*.)
- Cambridge** (Cambridge).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. On Cam. Pike, perch, roach, bream, carp, &c. The river above the town contains plenty of fine chub, dace, &c., but few pike. It is, however, preserved. Below the town the river is preserved for 20 m. by Cambridge and Ely Angling Society; s.t., 2s. 6d. roach; 5s. pike; Sec., Mr. Purchas, Sidney-street, Cambridge; and S. A. Allen, Club Inn, Ely. Below Baitsbite Locks the fishing for pike, &c., is very fair, and the farther down you go the better. Small pike may be taken in the early morning by the boat houses close to the town. There is good trout fishing at Linton, 9 m. off; leave must be obtained from a Fellow of Pembroke College.

- Campden** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. (*See Shipston, Gloucester.*) Knee brook.
- Canterbury** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. and A. & R.R. *Hotels*: The Rose, Fleur de Lis, Fountain, Market Hotel, Saracen's Head, and The Falstaff. (*See Sandwich.*) On Stour. Trout, pike, perch, roach, salmon, tench, eels. Preserved by the Stour Fishery Association from Shalmsford to Canterbury and the mouth of Stour. Trout fishing begins April 15 and ends September 15, and salmon from June 1 to August 31. Coarse fishing begins June 15 and ends March 15. For troutling, only the artificial fly is allowed, and the dead natural or artificial minnow. Salmon and salmon trout may be fished for from Canterbury downwards with any bait. No trout may be killed under 13in. long, or salmon or salmon trout under 3lb. No cross-lining allowed, nor may dogs be taken. Each member has six tickets for friends. A member's ticket is available for coarse fishing below Fordwich for himself and any members of his family. The public can obtain day tickets for coarse fishing (one rod only) at 1s. each, by applying to W. May, water bailiff, Fordwich Arms; at the Grove Ferry Inn, or of any keeper. (c.s.)
- Cantley** (Norfolk).—On Yare. Pike, roach. The bream fishing is very good, so it is also at Reedham. The river is very deep, 18ft. or 20ft. *Inn*: the Red House. (c.s. *Norfolk.*)
- Carlisle** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On Eden, Caldew, and Petteril. Salmon, trout, chub. *Hotels*: County and Station, Bush, Victoria, and Red Lion. Eden rises in the E. of Westmoreland, and is 65 m. long, passing **Kirkby Stephen**, below which Soulby, Bela, and Brough Becks join. Eden now flows past Musgrave (fishing free), Warcop (fishing free), to **Appleby**, **Temple-Sowerby**, and **Carlisle**. Best months for salmon, March, April, September, and October. The Caldew and Petteril are better for trout. Leave can be had in several parts of the Eden from the Carlisle Angling Association; s.t. for strangers 63s., salmon and trout; 21s. trout; w.t. 10s. 6d. and 5s. The association have four different stretches of water. Mr. J. B. Slater, Carlisle, is secretary. Good quarters at the Crown Inn, Wetheral, 4 m. from Carlisle, on the banks of the Eden, at its best part. Leave can be had from the Penrith Association in a long stretch of first-class trout water.
- Carshalton** (Surrey).—E. & C.R. Wandle. Trout. (*See London, L.T.*) Fishing very good, but preserved.
- Castle Ashby** (Northampton).—M.R. On Nene. (*See Northampton.*)
- Castle Carey** (Somerset).—G.W.B. Brue and Evercrech brook. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Castleford** (York).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., M.R. On Calder. Dace, roach, chub, &c.
- Castle Hill** (Devon).—D. & S.R. Bray. Trout. (c.s. *Taw.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Castor Bridge** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. (*See Lewisham.*)
- Cattal** (York).—Y.H. & L.R. On Ouse. Good coarse fishing. (c.s. *York.*)
- Cavendish Bridge** (Stafford).—On Trent. Trout, grayling, barbel, dace, chub, &c. Preserved, s.t. 10s. (c.s.)
- Chancewater** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Sevecock water. (*See Truro.*)
- Chapelton** (Devon).—N.D.R. Taw. Yarncombe brook. Chittlehampton brook (2 m.). Swimbridge water (3 m.). (c.s.) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Chard** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*)
- Chard Junction** (Somerset).—L. & S.W.R. On Axe. *Hotel*: Tytherleigh Arms, where troutling can be had in 3 m. of water; s.t. 30s., m.t. 15s. (*See Seaton.*) (c.s. *Axe.*)
- Charfield** (Gloucester). B. & B.R. Little Avon (trout and coarse fish) and Bleworth brook. (*See Berkeley.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Charmouth** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. On Char; trout. Char is some 7 m. long, and works two or three mills. (*See c.s. Axe.*) General sea fishing.
- Charlbury** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London, U.I.*)
- Chartham** (Kent).—On A. & R.R. On Stour. (*See Sandwich.*) Here begins the water belonging to the Stour Fishery Association. Trout, jack, perch, roach, &c. 3m. of the river belongs to C. S. Hardy, Esq. *Inn*: Railway Tavern. (*See Canterbury.*) (c.s.)
- Chatburn** (Lancs.).—On Ribbles. Fishing fair. Tickets from Pendle Hotel. (c.s.)
- Chatsworth** (Derby).—(n.s. **Bowsley**.) On the Derwent. Trout, grayling, &c. Preserved by the Chatsworth Club. By staying at Chatsworth Hotel the fishing can be had. Wading allowed. Fishing commences on April 1; minnow fishing from July 1st to Oct. 1st. To fish the club water you may also stay at the Peacock or Wheataheaf, Baslow.
- Cheddar** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax, Cheddar water, and decoy. (*See Axbridge.*) (c.s. *Avon.*)
- Chelmsford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer and Cann. (*See Maldon.*) Good fishing at times. The Chelmer belongs to a navigation company, and the fishing to the lords of the manors and farmers. From Chelmsford to Boreham there are plenty of pike, perch, roach, dace, carp, tench, and below Boreham large quantities of bream. Most of the farmers and millers readily give leave to fish. There is a large pond at the Nunnery, Boreham, 3m. from Chelmsford, containing carp, tench, and roach; permission from Mr. Sparks, the land steward, on the estate, 4 m. from Chelmsford is Mill Pond, belonging to Sir J. Tyrrel, of Boreham House; leave to fish can be obtained.
- Cheltenham** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Chelt. Swilgare (2 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Chertswold** (Monmouth).—Wye. Trout, salmon, chub, pike, dace. Mounton brook. (*See Portsknott.*) Wye rises on the slopes of Plymlonon, 10 m. above **Llangurig** (M.W.R.). 4 m. down, Tavenig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Wye, Bidno, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Wye is **Llangurig**. Wye runs 8 m., and is joined on left bank by Marteg, which rises 4 m. above **Pont-y-dwr** (N.W.R.), runs to **St. Harmon** (N.W.R.) 2 m., and Wye 4 m. Wye runs 3 m. to **Rhayader** (M.W.R.).

Here a stream joins on left bank, which runs out of Glan Llyn,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. 2 m. down Wye, Elan joins on right bank. Elan rises in Llyn Helygen (n.s. **Llangurig**, 6 m. cross country), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Gwngy, which rises in a lake (Llyn Gwngy) 3 m. up, 1 m. S.W. of Llyn Helygen. 2 m. down Elan, Hirin joins on right bank. Hirin rises in Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf (n.s. **Ehavadur**, 9 m.), runs in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, and 4 m. down joins Elan. 8 m. down Elan, Clearwen joins on right bank. Clearwen rises 6 m. E. of **Strata Florida** (M. & M.B.), runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by Figen, which rises in Llyn Fyrdwyn-fach (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.), runs  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Llyn Fyrdwyn-fawr.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below this lake a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, rising in Llyn-du,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. S.E. of Llyn Fyrdwyn-fawr. Figen runs in 1 m. to Llyn Figen-felan (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 8 m.), and 3 m. down joins Clearwen. 2 m. down Clearwen, Brwynog, which rises in Llyn Gynon (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.) and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Clearwen runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Arban, 3 m. long (n.s. **Doldowlod**, M.W.R., 8 m.), 3 m. down Clearwen, Garw, which rises in Llyn Garw (n.s. **Doldowlod**, 9 m.) and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Clearwen, at Capel Nant-gwyl, is Elan, which runs 4 m. to Wye. Wye runs 2 m. to **Doldowlod**, 5 m. to **New Bridge** (M.W.R.). 1 m. below, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Ithon on left bank. Ithon rises in Llyn Dwr (6 m. S. of **Newtown** (O. & N.B.)), runs 6 m. to Abergwenlas Inn (n.s. **Pen-y-bont**, C.W.R., 10 m., or **St. Hermon**, M.W.R., 8 m.), Llanho 4 m., Llanbister  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. 2 m. down, Cam-ddwr joins on left bank. This stream rises above the pound and alehouse 5 m. W. from **Llangynllo** (C.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Ithon runs to **Pen-y-bont** (C.W.R.), and here Arran joins on left bank. Arran rises  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. W. of **Llangynllo**, on the road to the alehouse above mentioned, runs to **Doban** (C.W.R.) 7 m., and Ithon 2 m. 2 m. down Ithon, Llandegley brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and 5 m. down Ithon, at Llanbadarn, 1 m. from **Pen-y-bont**, Clywedog joins on left bank. Clywedog rises in Fish pool 4 m. E. from **St. Hermon** (M.W.R.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Crych brook, 5 m. long. 5 m. down Clywedog is Ithon and **Pen-y-bont**. 1 m. down Ithon, Camllo, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Ithon again, Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Wherby 4 m. S.W. of **St. Hermon**, and 4 m. down, at Nantmel, is joined on the right bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining Llyn Gwyn (3 m. N.W. from **Doldowlod**, M.W.R.). Dulas joins Ithon 3 m. down, Ithon runs to **Llan-drindod** (C.W.R.) 3 m., and 2 m. down, at Disserth, is joined on left bank by Hawddwy, 3 m. long. 3 m. down, Ithon joins Wye by **New Bridge**. 4 m. down Wye, at **Builth Road** (M.W.R.), Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Builth** 2 m. Here Irton joins on right bank. Irton rises on the Bryn Garw range, runs 6 m. to Llanfihangel Abergwessin, where Gwessin, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Calant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irton runs to **Llanwrtyd** 4 m., and 2 m. down by the railway is joined by Cerdin, 5 m. long, on left bank. 1 m. down, Cledan, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irton runs 3 m. to **Llangammarch** (C.W.R.). Here Dulas, 8 m. long, joins on right bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, Anell, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and Camddur, 4 m. long, on left bank. Cammarch joins  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down on left bank. Cammarch rises on Coraigan-duon, runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Cnyffed, 4 m. long. 3 m. down Cammarch, Elinon, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down is Llangammarch. Irton runs 2 m. to **Garth** (C.W.R.). Here Dulas joins on left bank. Dulas rises 8 m. N. from **Garth**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Gwenwest, 4 m. long. Irton runs to **Gilmeri** 4 m. (C.W.R.), and 2 m. below, close to **Builth**, is joined on right bank by Oneiddon, 2 m. long. 1 m. down Irton, Chwefrn joins on left bank. Chwefrn rises 4 m. S.W. of **Doldowlod** (M.W.R.), runs 4 m. to Llanafan-fawr, and 5 m. to Irton, which joins Wye just below at **Builth**. 2 m. down Wye, at Llanfared, Dihonw joins Wye on right bank. Dihonw rises 3 m. S.W. of **Garth** (C.W.R.) at Ffrwd-wen, and is 6 m. long. Wye runs 3 m. to **Aberedw** (M.W.R.). Here Edw joins on left bank. Edw rises at Rowton 2 m. S. of Llandegley, 3 m. from **Pen-y-bont** (C.W.R.), and 3 m. down, at Rhos-maen, is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Melan, 4 m. S.W. of **New Radnor** (L. & K.R.), at Llanfihangel nant Melan. Edw runs 2 m. to Bettws Disserth, and 2 m. below, at the Hundred House, Camnant, which rises 4 m. N.E. of **Builth**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Edw is Cregrina, and 1 m. down, at Glan Edw, Rhulen brook, 2 m. long, which rises in the Llyn pools 5 m. N.E. from **Aberedw**, joins on right bank. Edw runs to Llanbadaen-y-Garreg 2 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Baill brook, which rises by Pen-blaen,  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. from **Builth**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Cawr, and another tarn 3 m. N. from **Aberedw**. 1 m. down is Edw, which runs in 2 m. to **Aberedw** and Wye. Wye runs to **Erwood** (M.W.R.) 3 m. Here Lloglin joins on right bank, running out of Llyn Lloglin. 6 m. up, 1 m. down Wye, Bach-howey brook joins on left bank. This brook rises near Pant, 6 m. from **Aberedw**, and 5 m. down at Llanddewi-fach is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in 2 small pools on Llanbedr Hill  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. E. of **Aberedw**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Llanbychllyn (n.s. **Aberedw** or **Erwood** 3 m.), and 1 m. down joins Bach-howey, Wye is 3 m. down. Wye runs 1 m. and is joined on right bank by Cunrig, 5 m. long. Wye runs to **Boughrood** (M.W.R.) 2 m. and **Glasbury** (H.H. & B.B.)  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. Here Llyfni joins on right bank. Llyfni rises at Middlewood 2 m. E. of Llanisafnffraed or **Tal-y-bont** (B. & M.T.Y.B.), and runs 2 m. to Llyn Saffada or Llangorse, 1 m. E. of **Tal-y-Llyn Junction** (M.W.R.), 3 m. down at Llandeivallog, Cwm brook, 2 m. long

joins on left bank, and **Trefeinon** (M.W.R.) is 1 m. on. Llyfni runs to **Talgarth** (M.W.R.), 3 m. Enig here joins Llyfni on right bank and Dulais brook on left bank. Enig is 4 m. long, and is joined close to the town by 2 short branches. Dulais is 7 m. long, and 2 m. from Talgarth is joined on left bank by **Treffrwd brook**, 5 m. long. Llyfni runs 2 m. to **Three Cocks Junction** (H.H. & B.R.), and 1 m. down joins **Wye** at **Glisbury**. Wye runs to **Hay** (H.H. & B.R.) 5 m. (where Dulais brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank); **Whitney** (H.H. & B.R.) 5 m. 6 m. down, at Willersley (N.S. **Eardisley** 1 m.), Upcot brook joins, which rises in the lakes in Newport House Park and Upcot, by **Almeley** (H.H. & B.R.), runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank near **Eardisley** (H.H. & B.R.), by Holywell brook, 2 m. long, Upcot runs to Wye 2½ m. 1 m. down Wye, by Letton, Letton Lake, which rises by **Almeley**, runs 2 m. to **Kinnersley** (H.H. & B.R.), and Wye, 5 m., joins on left bank. Wye runs to Monnington 4 m., **Credenhill** (2 m. off the river, H.H. & B.R.), 6 m. 2 m. down, near Eaton Bishop, Gage brook joins on right bank. Gage rises by Kingston, 3 m. W. from **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.R.), and is 4 m. long. Wye runs to **Hereford** 4 m. Here Withy brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Sugwas brook on left bank. Sugwas brook rises 1 m. N.W. of **Moorhampton** (H.H. & B.R.), runs 6 m. to **Credenhill** (H.H. & B.R.), and Hereford 5 m. 3 m. down Wye Red brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Wye is **Holme Lacy**, and 1 m. below, Lugg joins on left bank at Mordiford. Lugg rises in a pool on Pool Hill 5 m. above **Llangynllo** (C.W.R.), and 3 m. below that place is joined on right bank by Graig brook, which rises in Graig Pool 3 m. E. of **Dolav** (C.W.R.), runs 2 m. to Bledla, just below which Bledla brook joins on left bank, which rises in a pool 2 m. S.W. of **Llangynllo**, and is 3 m. long. Craig runs to Lug 2 m. Lug runs 6 m. to **Presteign**, where Boullibrook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Lug, Summergill brook joins on right bank. Summergill rises by Llanfangel-nant Melan, 4 m. above **New Radnor** (L. & K.R.); at **New Radnor** it is joined on left bank by Black brook, 3 m. long. Summergill runs 4 m. to Knill, 3 m. to **Presteign** (1 m. off on N. bank), and 2 m. down joins Lug. Lug runs to Kinsham 2 m., Mortimer's Cross 5 m. (trout, grayling; preserved by Shobdon Court Club; s.t., 3l. 3s.; Sec., T. B. Gwillim, 14, Corn-square, Leominster), **Kingsland** 2 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Here Pinsley brook joins on right bank, Ridgmore brook and Stretford brook on left bank. Pinsley rises in two branches in the 4 lakes in Shobdon Park, 2 m. from **Pembridge**, runs 4 m. to **Kingsland**, and Lug 4 m. Ridgmore rises in a series of ponds by Croft Castle, runs to **Eye** (S. & H.R.) 3 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Stretford brook rises by Cornford 5 m. N.E. from **Leominster**, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Puddleston brook, which drains the lake at Puddleston 2 m. up. Stretford runs 4 m. to **Leominster**, where Cogwell brook, which rises above Kimbolton, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Lug, Arrow joins on right bank. Arrow rises in Mann pools, lying 1½ m. N.E. of the Llyn pools, 6 m. N.E. of **Aberedw**, runs 3 m., where it is joined by a stream 3 m. long on left bank. 3 m. down Arrow, at Newchurch, 4 m. from **Whitney**, Cwm-illa brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Arrow runs 8 m. to **Kington** (L. & K.R.), where Gilwern brook joins on left bank. Gilwern rises 6 m. above **Dolhier** (L. & K.R.), where it is joined by Cynon brook, 3 m. long, on left bank, and Hales brook, 2 m. long, on right bank. Gilwern runs to **Stanner** (L. & K.R.) 2 m., and **Kington** 2 m. Arrow runs to **Titley** (L. & K.R.) 2 m., **Pembridge** (L. & K.R.) 5 m., Eardisland 3 m. (there are coarse fish below here), Monkland 3 m. (fishing poor, but decent quarters), and Broadward Bridge, 1½ m. from **Leominster**, 2 m. Here Stretford brook joins on right bank. Stretford rises by Weobly (n.s. **Moorhampton**, 3½ m.), and 5 m. down, at Stretford, is joined on left bank by Tippetts brook, which rises 2 m. S. of **Pembridge**, and is 6 m. long. Stretford joins Arrow 5 m. down. Arrow runs in 1 m. to Lug, which runs to **Ford** (S. & H.R.) 1 m., and 2 m. down, at Hampton Court, is joined on left bank by Humber brook, which rises 4 m. above Steens Bridge, 3 m. from **Leominster**, runs 4 m. to the lake in Hampton Park, and 1 m. to Lug. 1 m. down Lug, Marston brook, which rises by Marston Chapel, 4 m. from **Ford**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Lug runs to Bodenham 1 m., **Diumore** (S. & H.R.) 1 m., Maiden 3 m. Here Derndole brook, which rises by Kings Pion, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Lug runs to **Moreton-on-Lug** (S. & H.R.) 1 m., and 4 m. down at Lug Bridge, 2 m. from **Hereford**, is joined on left bank by Sutton brook, which rises by Ullingswick, runs 5 m. to Sutton St. Nicholas (n.s. **Moreton-on-Lug**, 2½ m.), and Lug 3 m. 4 m. down Lug, at Hampton Bishop, (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), Frome joins on left bank. Frome rises 8 m. above **Bromyard** (B.R.), where it is joined on right bank by Inkatone brook, 5 m. long. Frome runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Linton brook, 2 m. long. Frome runs to Bishops Frome 3 m., and Stretton Grandison 4 m. (n.s. **Ashperton**, W. & H.R., 2½ m.). Here Laddon joins on right bank. Laddon rises by Grendon Bishop 4 m. W. from **Bromyard**, runs to Stoke Lacy 5 m. (n.s. **Bromyard**, 4 m.), and Frome 6 m. Frome runs to Yarkhill (n.s. **Stoke Edith**, W. & H.R., 1 m.), and Lug 5 m. Lug runs to Mordiford 1 m. (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), and here Pentelow brook joins on left bank, rising in 3 lakes in Devereux Park (n.s. **Ashperton**, W. & H.R., 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. Just below Mordiford Lug joins Wye. (The best flies for Lug and tributaries are March brown, blue duns of various shades, grannam, coch-y-bondhu, and willow fly.) Wye runs to Fownhope 3 m., **Fawley** (H.B. & G.R.), to the N., 5 m., and 2 m. down, **Wriggle brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Wye runs to Sellock Ferry 2 m., and **Fawley**

(to the S.) 2 m. 1 m. down, Sollers brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Ross** (H.B. & G.R.) 6 m. Here Radhall brook joins on left bank. Radhall rises by **Mitcheldean Road Station** (H. & G.R.), and is 8 m. long. Wye runs to **Kerne Bridge** (R. & M.B.) 5 m., where Castle brook, rising in some ponds at Weston-under-Penyard, 2 m. from **Mitcheldean Road Station**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Simmonds Gate** (R. & M.B.). Here the river makes a large horseshoe, and at the head of the curve, 2 m. down (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.), Garron joins on right bank. Garron rises by Orcoop (n.s. **Pontrilas** (N.H. & H.R., 6 m.), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by Llanwarne brook, which rises by Llanwarne (n.s. **Fawley**, H.R. & G.R., 5 m.). 3 m. down, the outflow of Trewarthen pool,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Ross**, 7 m.). 4 m. down is Garron. 1 m. down, at Llangarron, Lammerch brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Ross** or **Kerne Bridge**, 5 m.). 5 m. down Garron, Luke brook, which rises by Everston, 4 m. from **Ross**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.). Garron runs to Wye 1 m. Wye runs back again 2 m. to **Simmonds Gate**, and reaches **Monmouth** in 6 m. Monnow and Trothy here joins Wye. Monnow rises by Craswall Chapel, 6 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs to Longtown (n.s. **Pandy**, N.A. & H.R., 5 m.), and here Eseeley brook joins on left bank. Eseeley rises on Cusop Hill, 5 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs 4 m. to Michaelchurch Eseeley, and Longtown 4 m. 1 m. down Monnow, at Clodock, 4 m. from **Pandy**, Olchon brook joins on right bank. Olchon rises on the N.E. slopes of the Black Mountains, 8 m. from **Hay**, runs 3 m. to Llanveyno and 3 m. to Clodock. Monnow runs to **Pandy** 4 m. Here Honddu joins on right bank. Honddu rises on the W. slope of the Black Mountains (n.s. **Glasbury**, 7 m.), runs 3 m. to Capel-y-fân, Llanthony 4 m. (here tickets can be had for a length of water), **Llanfihangel** (W.A. & H.R.), 6 m., and **Pandy** 2 m. Monnow runs 4 m. to Langus, 1 m. from **Pontrilas** (N.A. & H.R.), and here Rowlston brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Monnow, at **Pontrilas**, Dore joins on left bank. Dore rises 2 m. above Dorston, 5 m. E. from **Hay**, runs to Peterchurch 3 m., and **Pontrilas** 8 m. Here Worm Brook joins on left bank, and Dulas brook on right bank. Worm brook rises in the ponds at Allenmore House, 1 m. N. from the **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.R.), runs to **Devereux** (N.A. & H.R.) 4 m.; here a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 2 m. up. 4 m. down is Pontrilas and Dore. Dulas brook is 5 m. long. Dore joins Monnow just below. Monnow runs 8 m. to Skenfrith (fair fishing accommodation at the inn), where Black brook, which rises in some ponds at Black-brook House, 6 m. from **Pontrilas**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Monnow runs to Rockfield 6 m. and **Monmouth** 3 m. Trothy rises 2 m. above Llanfetherine, 5 m. N.E. from **Abergavenny**, and is here joined on right bank by Full brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Pandy** by Great Campstone, and is 3 m. long. 4 m. down Trothy, Mynachdy brook, which rises by Llanddewi Skirrid, 3 m. N.E. of **Abergavenny**, and 4 m. down by Llanvapley, is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. 1 m. down, Mynachdy joins Trothy. Trothy runs to Llantillio 2 m., Llanfihangel Iestern Llewertt 3 m. (n.s. **Dingestow**, 4 m.). Here Llumon, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Trothy runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank by Nant-y-fuchan, 3 m. long (n.s. **Dingestow**). Trothy runs to **Dingestow** 2 m., and **Monmouth** and Wye 5 m. Wye runs to **Redbrook** 3 m., **Bigswell** 5 m., **Tintern** 3 m., and **Chepstow** 8 m. The best flies for trout in Wye are Mayfly, Carshalton cock-tail, March brown, coach-y-bonddhu, and duns of various shades; orle, orange palmer, spider, and rough red palmer. The Wye salmon flies are chiefly made with bittern hackle wing, with a greenish yellow (blue dun dyed yellow) hackle from head to tail, and a pretty full body of orange floss silk, one golden pheasant topping over the bittern's wing; tail, sprigs of bright red parrot or ibis, mixed with a like amount of wood-duck. The same fly with a lemon-yellow body or blue dun hackle and silver tinsel is good. Then salmon-coloured bodies with the same wings and hackle varied. The Welsh fly, made with brown turkey or bittern wing, is the best general fly that can be used. Sometimes the body and hackle are varied from the real blue cock's hackle and tawny body to bright yellow or red with claret body; but the yellow brown wing remains the same. The Butcher, Priest, and Blue Doctor are now commonly used.

**Chertsey** (Surrey).—& W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) Thames. Pike, perch, chub, roach, trout. *Hotels*: Crown, Chertsey Bridge, Cricketers, Railway, and Swan. *Fishermen*: J. Poulter, H. Puras, W. Galoway, J. Halett, T. Taylor, jun. Good fishing also in **Abbey River**, which runs out of Thames at **Laleham**, and runs in at Chertsey.

**Cheshunt** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea and New River. Mr. G. J. Eastwood preserves the King's Weir Fishery on the old river Lea from the end of the Government Powder Mill stream, **Waltham**, to the **Eroxbourne** Fishery, for his own use. It is very good. (See *London, Waltham*, and *Broxbourne*.)

**Chigwell-lane** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (See *Barking*.) Fishing very poor.

**Chilham** (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour. Fishing may be obtained from the mill owners (See *Sandwich*.) *Inns*: Alma and Woolpack. (c.s.)

**Chilcompton** (Somerset).—B. & E.R. (See *Bristol*.)

**Chippenhams** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon and Marden. Coarse fish. Above the mill there is good pike, perch, and chub fishing in the deep water; and below the mill are a few trout, and plenty of dace and roach. (c.s.)

**Chipping Norton** (Oxon).—C.N.R. On a tributary of Evenlode. (See *London, U.T.*)

**Chipping Norton Junction** (Oxon).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (See *London, U.T.*)

**Chipping Ongar** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Maldon and Barking*.) On Roding and Cripsey brook. Poor fishing.

**Chiswick** (Middx.).—K. & R.R. Thames. (See *London, L.T.*) In the lake in Lord Morley's park is good pike fishing, strictly preserved.

**Christchurch** (Hants).—S.W.R. On the Avon and Stour. Salmon, pike, perch, roach, tench, dace, trout. Very strictly preserved. *Hotel*: Newlyn's Family. Fishing free to visitors at the hotel, except for salmon. Avon rises in Wilts, at Bishops Canning, 4 m. from **Devizes**, runs 5 m. to Beachingslake (n.s. **Woodborough**, 1 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank which works two mills, 1 m. up.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Avon a stream joins on right bank, working two mills 1 m. up. 1 m. down Avon is Wivelsford; Charlton,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m.; Rushall, 1 m.; Upavon, 1 m.; Enford, 4 m.; Haxton, 2 m.; Nether Avon, 1 m. (good trouting preserved by the farmers); Figheldean, 1 m.; Durrington, 2 m.; Bulford, 1 m.; Amesbury (n.s. **Porton**), 3 m. (trout and grayling strictly preserved by Sir E. Antrobus); Wilsford, 2 m.; Great Durnford,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.; Stratford, 6 m.; **Salisbury** (S.W.R.), 2 m. Here the Willy and Winterbourne join, one on the left bank, the other on the right bank. Willy rises by Hill Deverill Mill, 4 m. s. of **Warminster** (W.S. & W.R.), and in 2 m. is joined on left bank by the outflow of the Shire Water lake 1 m. up. 2 m. on Willy touches **Warminster**, 1 m. off; runs 3 m. to **Heytesbury** (W.S. & W.R.); **Codford** (W.S. & W.R.),  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. Here a stream joins on the left bank, which rises beyond Chiltern St. Mary, and is 4 m. long. Willy runs in 4 m. to **Wily** (W.S. & W.R.); Langford, 2 m. 2 m. below, Winterbourne, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Willy runs to **Wishford** (W.S. & W.R.), 1 m. **Wilton** (W.S. & W.R.), 3 m. Nadder here joins Willy. Nadder rises at Nadder Head Lake, by **Shaftsbury** (S.W.R.), and in 5 m. is joined on right bank by the outflow of five large ponds in Wardour Park. 1 m. on a small stream, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Nadder runs in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **Tisbury** (S. & Y.R.). Here the outfall from the large lake at Fonthill Giffard, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Nadder runs to **Dinton** (S. & Y.R.), 6 m., **Wilton** (S. & Y.R.), 7 m., and Willy, 1 m. Willy joins the Avon at **Salisbury**, in 4 m. Winterbourne rises beyond Cholerton (n.s. **Grately**, S.W.R., 3 m.), runs through Wilbury Park to Newton Toney, 2 m., Allington,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m., Boscombe, 1 m., Idmiston, 1 m., **Porton** (S.W.R.), 1 m., Winterbourne, 1 m., **Salisbury**, 6 m. Avon now runs to Nunton, 4 m., where the Chalk Stream joins on right bank. Chalk Stream rises near Alvediston (n.s. **Tisbury**, S. & Y.R., 5 m.), runs to Ebbesborne, 1 m., Ffield, 2 m., Broad Chalk, 2 m., Toney Stratford, 4 m., Combe Bisset,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m., Hummington, 1 m., Odstock, 2 m., Avon, 1 m. Avon runs to **Downton** (S. & D.R.), 5 m., **Braemore** (S.W.R.), 4 m., **Fording-bridge** (S. & D.R.), 4 m. Here a stream runs down from Demerham, 4 m. long, working two mills, joins Avon on right bank. Avon runs to Ibbesley, 4 m., Ellingham, 1 m. Here Black Water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Avon runs to **Kingwood** (S.W.R.), 5 m. Here two streams join on left bank, rising in the New Forest, and are 8 m. long and 6 m. long. Christchurch is 10 m. on. Here the landlord of the King's Arms preserves a good stretch of water, including the junction of the Stour. The roach run very large. Boat and man can be had. Above and adjoining the hotel water some good coarse fishing can be had at 10s. per day, including boat and man. (See *ct. Avon*.) The best flies on the Avon are the March brown, blue dun, whirling dun, grannam, caperer, sand-fly, alder-fly, green and grey drakes, ant flies, orange flies, the dnns, and the coachman; an artificial grasshopper for grayling. STOUR rises in Stour Head ponds (n.s. **Witham**, W.S. & W.R., 6 m.), runs 6 m. to **Gillingham** (S.W.R.). Here Shreen Water joins on left bank. Shreen rises at Mere, 4 m. from **Gillingham**, and works 2 mills.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, at Accliff Mill, Ledden river joins Stour. Ledden rises some 5 m. east of **Gillingham** and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Fern brook, which rises in Lashmere Pond, 1 m. N.W. of **Shaftsbury** (S. & Y.R.), and is 4 m. long. Ledden now runs in 1 m. to Stour. Stour runs to Fifehead Magdalen 4 m., 3 m. below which Cale river joins on right bank. Cale rises by **Wincanton** (S. & D.R.), runs 6 m. to S.W.R. (n.s. **Temple Combe** S.W.R.,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m.), and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Bow brook, which rises 2 m. N. of **Temple Combe**, and is 6 m. long, working some mills. Stour runs in 2 m. to **Stalbridge** (S. & D.R.), 1 m. off, where a short stream, working a mill 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Stour Lidden river joins on right bank. Lidden rises some 8 m. S.W. of **Sturminster Newton** (S. & D.R.), in Stoke Mill, and 2 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. 5 m. down Lidden a stream 6 m. long joins on left bank, which works a mill or two. 3 m. down, Lidden reaches Stour. 1 m. down Stour, Divellish river joins on right bank. Divellish rises at Fifehead Neville,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. from **Sturminster**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Stour is **Sturminster**. 3 m. down Stour, at Manston, a stream joins on left bank, which rises at Melbury Abbas, 2 m. S. from **Shaftsbury**, runs 6 m. to West Orchard, where a short stream joins on right bank. Hence to Stour is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. 1 m. down Stour a stream, which rises by Fontmell Magna, 5 m. up, working some mills, joins on left bank. Stour runs in 3 m. to **Shillingston** (S. & D.R.) 5 m. down, at Stowerpaine, Iwerne river joins Stour on left bank. Iwerne rises by Iwerne Minster, and is some 5 m. long, turning a mill or two. Stour runs in 4 m. to **Blandford** (S. & D.R.), 5 m. to **Spettisbury** (S. & D.R.). Here Tarrant river joins on left bank. Tarrant rises by Tarrant Gunville, runs 4 m. to Tarrant Monkton, and Stour 5 m. Stour runs to **Shapwick** 1 m., **Sturminster Marshall**, and **Bayley Gate** (S. & D.R.) 2 m., **Wimborne Minster** (S. & D.R.) 8 m. Here Allen river joins on left bank. Allen rises in St. Giles's

- Park, 2 m. from Cranborne (n.s. **Verwood**, S. & D.R.), and 3 m. down, after working four mills, is joined on right bank by the outflow of the large lake at More Critchell. Hence to **Wimborne** is 7 m. Three m. down Stour, Blackwater, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Stour runs in 7 m. to Holdenhurst (n.s. **Hern Bridge**, S.W.R., 2 m.). Here Moors river joins on left bank. Moors rises by Cranborne, runs 10 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in a lake by Queen's Wood (n.s. **Verwood**,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m.), and is 7 m. long. Moors runs to **Hern Bridge** (S.W.R., 4 m.), and Stour 1 m. 5 m. on Stour joins Avon at **Christchurch**. (See c.t. *Avon*.) The sea fishing at Christchurch is good. The time to fish for mackerel with lines in the Bay is July and August, on the first of the ebb tide running over the Christchurch Reef east and west, where pollack may also be taken earlier in the season. Bass in the harbour's mouth. The Stour is now most rigidly preserved.
- Churchill** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Churchill brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. Hoobrook (1 m. S.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Church Road** (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Church Stretton** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Connd's brook; trout. Quenny brook (2 m. S.), Heath brook ( $\frac{1}{4}$  m. E.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Churnside Bridge**.—Tweed and Whiteadder. Trout and salmon. (See *Berwick*.)
- Cirencester** (Gloucester).—C.R. On Churn. Few trout below, above more plentiful. There are many trout streams near, mostly closed. At Cricklade is pike fishing. (See *London, U.T.*) In Lord Bathurst's park is a large lake. Pike, perch, &c.
- Clapham** (York).—On the M.R., near Lancaster. *Hotel*: Flying Horsehoe, close by the station; accommodation good. The Wenning and several other streams are in the immediate neighbourhood, to fish which the landlord can obtain leave. (c.s. *Lune*.)
- Clare** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. On Stour.
- Cleeve** (Gloucester).—M.R. Swilgare. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Cleobury Mortimer** (Salop).—T. & B.R. Rea; trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Clevedon** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  m. off. Kenn rises in a mill pond on Bakewell Common, near **Bourton** Station (G.W.R.), runs 2 m. to **Nailsea** (G.W.R.), Kenn 6 m., and the sea 2 m. The drainings of Nailsea Moor here join the sea. The water course rises by **Flax Bourton** (G.W.R.), and runs 3 m. to Jacklands Bridge, where the 2 main drains commence, called Middle Yeo and Land Yeo, which run to **Clevedon** in 6 m.
- Clifton** (Warwick).—R. & S.B. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Swift (2 m. W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Clithero**.—(See *Ribblesdale*.) 3 m. from here is Hodder Bridge Inn, on the Hodder. Trout-fishing bad, but morm and sprod fishing good in the season. Tickets at the inn, which is fairly comfortable. Mytton Bridge Inn 2 m. from the **Whalley** station; here fishing on both Hodder and Ribble can be had. Redpump, 4 m., and Whitewell 10 m. from Clithero, both on the Hodder, comfortable inns, where permission can be had, few trout, but very good for morms and sprods after a flood, especially **Whitewell**. Ramsbottom, of Clithero, sells suitable flies. The salmon fishing in September and October is good. (c.s. *Ribble*.)
- Clun** (Salop).—(N.s. **Burme**, 8 m.) Clun; trout, grayling. Lower Redlake brook ( $\frac{3}{4}$  m. S.). *Lakes*: Acton Pool (4 m. W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Clutton** (Somerset).—B. & R.R. (See *Bristol*.)
- Coalport** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, roach, chub, dace, salmon. *Lakes*: Willey Park lakes ( $\frac{3}{4}$  m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Codford** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. On Wyllye; trout. Preserved by the owner of Ashton Gifford. (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Codsall** (Staffs).—G.W.R. 3 m. off is Chillington Pool; good fishing.
- Colchester** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Stour.
- Goldham Hall** (Norfolk).—On Yare,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from the **Brundall** station. The inn is good. Good roach fishing and plenty of small perch. It is preserved by a society at Norwich.
- Cole** (Somerset).—S. & D.R. Brue and Shepton brook. (See *Highbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Colewall** (Worcester).—H. & W.R. Cradley brook. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Colyford** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (See *Seaton*.) Axe and Coly; trout, salmon. (c.s.)
- Colyton** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (See *Seaton*.) Axe and Coly; trout, salmon. Good accommodation. Trout on Coly good, and preserved. Tickets can be had. (c.s.)
- Combe Row** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Watchet*.)
- Condover** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Connd brook; trout. *Lakes*: Bomer Pool. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Congresbury** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Yeo. Yeo rises by Blagdon (n.s. **Sandford**, G.W.R., 6 m.), runs to Wrington 4 m., and **Congresbury**  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. The tide flows to this point. The sea is 6 m. down. (See c.s. *Avon*.)
- Coniston**.—On Furness line. A mile off is Coniston Lake. Close by the village runs Church Beck, rising in Levers Water, 2 m. off;  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down from this tarn a small stream joins close by Coniston Copper Works. This stream runs out of Low Water Tarn 1 m. in the hills on the right;  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on from this stream a decent burn joins on the left bank. At Coniston a small burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. off. Church Beck runs into Coniston lake about 1 m. from the village. Close to Church Beck, Yew Dale Beck joins the lake. This stream rises in the Silberthwaite High Fells, and flows in about 2 m. to High Yew Dale, where a small stream joins on the left, running out of Low

- Tarn and two small nameless lochs N.W. of Low Tarn. After leaving High Yew Dale a course of 3 m. takes the beck to Coniston lake, which it enters at the boat house  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. north of the outfall of Church Beck. We now start from the head or north end of the lake, where there is an inn, and go down the lake or southwards. Coniston lake is about 7 m. long. At the very head of the lake a small burn runs in, which runs out of a tarn 2 m. off on Hill Fell. 5 m. down, Torver Beck joins on the right hand. (*See Torver.*) (*c.s. Kent.*)
- Constantine** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Penryn**, 6 m.) Constantine brook; trout. This brook rises some 3 m. above Constantine, where it is joined by a brook 3 m. long. 2 m. down Constantine joins the estuary of Helford river (*c.s. Fowey*).  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. W. runs Helford river. Helford rises by Polgreen, runs  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Penglaze Mill (the nearest point to **Constantine**), and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. down is joined on left bank by Trecoos brook, which rises by Trecoos  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. W. of **Constantine**, and is 2 m. long.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Helford, Gweek water joins on right bank. Gweek rises 3 m. N.E. of **Helston**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down is the estuary. Trout in Helford above Gweek.
- Cookham** (Berks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thames and Wye. (*See London, M.T.*) Lord Boston preserves one of the back waters below the bridge. *Hotels:* Ferry and King's Arms. *Fishermen:* Godden and Collings.
- Cornhill** (Northland).—B. & K.R. (*See Berwick.*) Tweed and Till. Trout and salmon.
- Cornwood** (Devon).—G.W.R. Yealm; trout; preserved. Yealm rises 4 m. above **Cornwood**, runs 1 m. to the station, and 6 m. to Yealmtan (n.s. **Plympton**, 5 m.). The tide flows to 1 m. below the town, and 1 m. below, Braxton water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below on right bank, Ford brook, 2 m. long, joins, and 2 m. down, at Newton Ferrers, Newton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. The sea is 1 m. on. Good bass and pollack fishing in this harbour and outside.
- Corsham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Coryton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Lid. Good trouting but preserved. Lew. **Maryston Brook**, 3 m.; trout. (*See Plymouth.*)
- Coughton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Coventry** (Warwick).—L. & B.R. Sherburne. Low (3 m. N.E.). Witherbrook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes:* Coombe Abbey Lake (4 m. E.); roach, pike; belongs to Lord Craven. (*See Gloucester.*) *Hotel:* King's Head.
- Cradley** ( ).—New Pool. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Cranley** (Surrey).—H. & G.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Wey.
- Craven Arms** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Onny; trout, grayling. Quenny brook (3 m. N.). Eaton brook (4 m. N.E.). *Lakes:* Whittleton Pool (1 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Crawley** (Sussex).—H.B.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Crayford** (Kent).—N.K.R. (*See Dartford.*) On Cray.
- Credenhill** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Sugwas brook. Wye (2 m.); chub, pike, salmon, dace, perch, trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Crediton** (Devon).—N.D.R. Creedy; trout. Spreyton water; trout. (*See Exeter.*)
- Cressage** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon, trout. Langley brook (3 m. S.W.). Leighton brook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes:* Harnage Grange pond (3 m. S.W.). Acton Burnell Park lakes (5 m. S.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Crewkerne** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) *Hotel:* George. Axe (3 m. off). Trout. (*c.s.*) Farret (1 m. off). Trout (for a few meadows), roach, dace. Leave must be obtained for both streams from the landowners and millers. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Crick** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. (*See Braunston.*)
- Cropredy** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*) Clattercut reservoir lies near.
- Crosby Ravensworth** (Westland).—On Lyvennet. Trout.
- Cross Keys** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy; trout, salmon. Sirhowey. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Croydon** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. and E. & C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Wandle. Trout. *Hotel:* Greyhound. At Beddington, 2 m. off, the owner of the Snuff Mills sometimes gives leave.
- Crudington** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern. Strine. Beanhill brook (2 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Crumlin** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk.*) *Lakes:* Ponnd-y-Coed Cae (3 m.). (*See Newport.*)
- Culham** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Cullompton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm. Kentisbere brook, Ashford brook, Fulford water. Trout. *Hotel:* White Hart. The river is preserved down to Kenasham Mills by the Culm Fishing Association. Season begins Feb. 1, and ends Aug. 31; s.t., 21s., with 6 day tickets for friends living 15 m. off. Strangers living 15 m. off can get m.t., 10s. 6d. No wading. See, C. J. Upcott, Esq., Shortlands, Cullompton. Above it is private. The Culm is the earliest river in Devon. (*See Exeter.*) (*c.s. Exe.*)
- Culmstock** (Devon).—C.V.R. Culm. Trout. (*See Exeter.*) *Inn:* Railway. The fishing is good, and is preserved up to **Hemyock** by the Upper Culm Fishing Club. S.t., 10s. 6d.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 2s. Below the river is private; tickets at the inn. (*c.s. Exe.*)
- Cwm** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy. Trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Cwm Afon** (Monmouth).—E.V.B. Llwyd. Trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Cwmbran** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.B. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Dalston** (Cumberland).—On the Caldew. Trout.
- Dartford** (Kent).—N.K.R. On Darent. Trout, perch, roach, &c. The Darent rises by



Westerham, and in 6 m. runs by **Dunton Green** (S.E.R.), **Sevenoaks** station (S.R.), 1 m. (good trouting, preserved by Lord Stanhope); **Otford** (S.R.), 3 m.; **Shoreham** (S.R.), 12 m.; **Eynesford** (S.R.), 4 m., passing Lullingstone (preserved by Sir W. Hart Dyke, who often gives leave);  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on is **Farningham** (L.C. & D.R.), and **Dartford** is 6 m. A mile below Dartford the Cray joins Darenth. Cray rises near **Orpington** (S.E.R.), and in 1 m. runs by **St. Mary's Cray** (L.C. & D.R.): **Bexley** (N.E.R.), 4 m., passing St. Paul's Cray and Foot's Cray. From Bexley to **Crayford** (N.E.R.) is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.; from whence to the junction of Cray and Darenth is 2 m. 2 m. below this junction Darenth joins Thames. Bream are in the lake of the Phoenix Paper Mills at Dartford, close by which is the Dartford Creek, conveying the Darenth water to the Thames. In the creek are large dace, flounders, pike, and occasionally salmon trout. There is a peculiar blue roach to be found in a small pond on the Dartford marshes. There are many large carp in the pond of Messrs. Pigou and Wilkes' powder mills.

**Dartmouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Dart. Salmon and trout. Dart rises in the centre of Dartmoor, and immediately divides into two parts, the East and West Dart. 5 m. brings the East Dart to Post Bridge, where fisherman's accommodation can be had at the inn, and at some lodgings in the village. 4 m. down Wallabrook joins Dart. This stream rises in Merripit Hill,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from Post Bridge, and has a course of 5 m. There are plenty of trout in this stream, and fishing is free. Dart next runs in 2 m. to Dartmeet, where it is joined by the West Dart. This stream, when it leaves the parent brook, runs in a course of 5 m. to Two Bridges, where is a nice fishing inn. Two Bridges is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from Prince Town, where is the Duchy Hotel, one of the best in the West. At Two Bridges Cowstick brook, 4 m. long, joins Dart. A mile below Two Bridges Black brook joins Dart on the right. This stream rises on Miss Tor, runs by Dartmoor Prison, close to Prince Town, and joins Dart  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on. All these streams are full of small trout. A mile below, Cherry brook joins Dart on the left bank. This stream rises close to West Dart, and passes the Post Bridge Road 2 m. from Two Bridges, and the same distance from Post Bridge. The stream is 6 m. long, and fishes well. 2 m. down Dart, Swincombe brook joins on the right bank. This stream is 3 m. long, and worth fishing when the mines are not working. 3 m. from this point the two Darts meet. Good accommodation can be had here by previous arrangement with Mrs. French, Dartmeet, Ashburton. Fishing can be obtained in the above rivers and their tributaries by payment of 2s. 6d. a week; tickets to be obtained at the above inns, or of the keepers. Spring and autumn are the best seasons. The best flies are cock-y-bonddhu, silver grey, willow bud, black gnat, coachman, grouse, and badger. From Dartmeet Bridge to New Bridge, 7 m., the river is preserved on the left bank by Dr. Blackall, of Spitchwick, and on the right by Sir R. Torrens, of Holne Cot. A mile down from New Bridge Webbern joins Dart. This stream divides in two parts close to its junction with the Dart. The East Webbern rises near Widescombe, and has a course of 4 m. The West Webbern is 7 m. long; the fishing is free. The Dart next runs for 2 m. through the properties of Mr. Bastard, of Buckland, on the left bank, and Sir Henry Wray, of Holne Chase, on the right, until Holne Bridge is reached. Leave is sometimes granted. Holne Bridge is 2 m. from Ashburton (A. & T.R.). Leaving Holne Bridge Dart runs to **Buckfastleigh** (A. & T.R.), 3 m. Here a stream joins Dart, 5 m. long, which rises 3 m. north of Ashburton, and flows through that town.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below a brook enters Dart on the right bank, having a course of 6 m. From hence to **Staverton** (A. & T.R.), is 4 m. 3 m. below **Staverton** a brook, 5 m. long, joins on the right bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below a stream, 8 m. long, joins on the left bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below this again **Totnes** (S.D.R.) is reached. From hence to Dartmouth the tide flows. 5 m. below **Totnes**, on the right bank, a considerable stream joins Dart on right bank. This stream, 12 m. long, after running for 4 m., passes 1 m. south of the village of Rattery, thence to Harberton 3 m., and thence 5 m. to Ashpington at the estuary, where all the estuary fish can be taken freely. There is excellent whiting fishing 7 m. from land. In August there is generally very fair whiting fishing just outside Dartmouth Harbour, abreast of Blackpool Beach in ten fathoms water, about 1 m. from shore. Pollack and bass are to be found near the Mewstone and Eastern Blackstone. At neap tides, in this inner ground, says Mr. Wilcocks, the bottom may be kept with leads of 1lb. and 2lb., but towards the springs 2lb., 3lb., and 4lb. must be used with as fine a line as possible. (c.s.) (See *Stoke Flemming* and *Slapton Ley*.) Whiting fishing not good until after midsummer.

**Datchet** (Bucks).—S.W.R. Thames. (See *London, M.T.*) Fishermen: J. Hoare and Lumsden. Hotels: Manor House and Royal Stag.

**Dauntsey** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Avon and Thunder brook. (See *Bristol*.) (c.s.)

**Dawlish** (Devon).—G.W.R. Dawlish water. Trout. Hotel: London, and others. The brook rises on the slopes of Halden, and is 6 m. long. Leave from the farmers and mill-owners. Mr. Hoar, of Luscombe, preserves some portion. Dabs, mackerel, pollack, pout, &c., are caught off here in moderate weather. A sand-eel seine is kept. A line thrown off the breakwater pier at the mouth of the brook, and baited with squid or cuttle, will take large bass in rough weather. The squid must be obtained from the mackerel nets. Pollack towards and close to Parson and Clark rocks, also  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. off shore, half-way W.

**Deal** (Kent).—A few roach and perch in the Riebboro' stream, Sandwich. There is good fishing in the evening off the pier for pollack, mackerel, &c., in autumn. (See *Margate*.) Hotels: Queen's and Royal.

**Defford** (Gloucester).—M.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Boro brook. Lakes: Croome Park lakes (3 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

- Derby.**—M.R. On the Derwent. Trout, grayling, &c. A club preserves a considerable portion of the water from here to Borrowash. The borough waters are open; very poor fishing below. (*c.s. Trent.*) Hotel: St. James.
- Deveraux** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. Worm brook. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Devizes** (Wilts).—B. & H.R. On Avon. Trout and grayling. (*See Christchurch.*) Also several brooks and Drew's pond. (*See Bristol.*) (*c.s.*)
- Devock Water** (Cumberland).—Trout. The lake is preserved. Inn: The King of Prussia, 2½ m. off. There are several lakes near. Burnmore tarn contains large trout and pike.
- Dingestow** (Monmouth).—R. & M.R. Trothy; trout; preserved. Nant-y-fuchan (2 m.) (*c.s. Wye.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Dinmore** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lugg. (*c.s. Wye.*) Fishing decent. Trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach. Preserved by the Bodenham Club, of 30 members, from Bodenham through Dinmore to Moreton. Marston brook (2 m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Dinsdale-on-Tees.**—Salmon, trout. Tickets, 1l. for salmon fishing on Mr. Surtees' estate can be had by visitors staying at the Sulphur Spa Hotel (*see Advertisement.*) (*c.s.*)
- Dinton** (Wilts).—S. & Y.R. Nadder. Trout, roach, dace. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Dorchester** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. Frome, Crane. (*See Wareham.*) Trout, dace, roach, perch, pike. Frome is preserved for 3 m. above and 3 m. below the town by the Dorchester Fishing Club, of 24; Sec. Capt. Mansel. Entrance, 5l. 5s.; s.t., 5l. 5s. The rest of the stream is strictly preserved by the landowners. (*c.s.*)
- Dorking** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. and S.E. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*) Leave may be obtained from the millers. Trout, coarse fish. Hotel: White Horse. Very difficult to obtain trouting, which is very good in parts.
- Doublebois** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey; trout. St. Neot; trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Fowey.*)
- Dover** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Dour. (*See Kearsney.*) There is good sea fishing from the jetty. Mullet, coal whiting, silver whiting, whiting pouts, smelts, dogfish, and rock tench. Lug worm is the best bait. The wind should be southerly or westerly. Whittings can be taken from the end of the Admiralty Pier, with a long rod, running line, and 3 hooks. Large bass and coal whiting may be taken with worms found between the rocks under the cliffs; codlings and coal whiting from the North Jetty. Mullet and flounders in the harbour. The trouting in Dour is good, and preserved; leave from the miller at Dovercourt.
- Downerrry** (Cornwall).—Good pollack and other sea fishing.
- Downton** (Hants).—S. & D.R. Avon. Trout, grayling, and pike. Preserved. The landlord of the Bull Inn gives leave for 1½ m. of fishing, principally pike. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.*)
- Draycot** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Stoke Decoy Lakes. (*See Azbridge.*)
- Driffield.**—Very good trouting, strictly preserved by a club of twenty members. The best flies are small duns of different shades, and also a light sand fly. The river rises at Kirkbarn, and falls into the Hale about 6 m. from the town of that name. The club entrance fee is 10 guineas; s.t. 10 guineas. Each subscriber has six day cards for friends. The riparian owners are Lord Lonsborough, Viscount Downe, Sir Tatton Sykes, and Mr. Renard, each landowner being entitled to silver tickets in proportion to the size of their estate. These tickets are transferable; any person in possession of one can fish for trout when and where he pleases on the preserved waters. The season commences on the first Tuesday after the 20th of April, and ends on the 10th of October. The extent of the club water is about 10 m. Only artificial fly and minnow permitted; no person to kill more than ten brace of trout in one day, and all fish under 10in. in length to be returned. All persons fishing to give to the keepers the number of trout he has taken during the day, and his name and address; and, in default of meeting a keeper, to enter the same in a book that is kept in the refreshment room in the Driffield railway station. No fishing after nine o'clock at night. May and June are the best months.
- Drigg** (Cumberland).—On F.R. Fair fishing in Westwater, 7 m. off, and in the rivers Ist and Esk. Trout, salmon, salmon trout. Hotel: Drigg Hotel. S.t., 10s. (*See Raven-glass.*) (*c.s. Cumberland.*)
- Droitwich** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Salwarp. Body brook. Hampton brook (2 m. N.W.). Dovedale brook (2 m. W.). Hen brook (4 m. N.E.). Severn (6 m. W.); pike, perch, chub, dace, roach, trout, salmon. Dean brook (6 m. E.). Lakes: Westwood Park lakes (2 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Dudley** (Stafford). G.W.R. Lakes: Gades Green reservoir (2 m. S.). Old Park pond (2 m. W.). Pennet Park lakes (3 m. S.W.). Himley Park lakes, and Common Pool (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Dulverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Exe, Haddeo, Barle, Dounes brook, Brushford brook. Trout, salmon. Hotels: Carnarvon Arms, Lion, and Lamb. The trouting in Barle is very good, though fish are small. The fishing above the town is preserved on both sides for 3½ m.; season commences Feb. 2. Salmon from June, sometimes later. For salmon and trout—s.t., 2l. 2s.; m.t., 1l. 1s.; w.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 3s. 6d. For trout only—s.t., 10s.; w.t., 2s. 6d.; d.t., 1s. Can be obtained at post-office, hotels, and from the Secretary, Rev. G. S. Jellicoe, who will supply every information. (*See Advertisement.*) The water is reserved for salmon on Monday and Tuesday, and for trout on Monday, in each week. Salmon are often taken in the Exe and lower part of Barle. The landlord of the Carnarvon Arms has the right of fishing a portion of Lord Carnarvon's water. (*See Exeter and Tiverton.*) Exe, below Exe Bridge, is preserved by the Tiverton Angling Associates; s.t., 42s. Above it is preserved by Lord Carnarvon. Dounes brook is free, and Brushford brook preserved.

- Dulwich** (Surrey).—There is a pond here, by the roadside, containing great abundance of carp, but it belongs to Dulwich College, and it is very difficult to obtain leave.
- Dunmow** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer and Roding. (*See Maldon and Barking.*) Inns: Saracen's Head, Star, and White Lion. A few trout and other fish. Leave from the land-owners.
- Dunster** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Dunster brook. Trout. Dunster rises in three branches 3 or 4 m. S. of Timberscombe, where the three streams unite, runs to **Dunster** 4 m., and joins the sea 2 m. down. It is mostly preserved by the owner of Dunster Castle.
- Dunton Green** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Dartford.*) On Darenth.
- Durham** (Notts).—G.N.R. M.R. On Trent. Pike, barbel, &c. The Bridge Inn comfortable.
- Dursley** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Cam brook. Waterley brook. Cam rises by Oldpen in a large mill head, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outfall of a lake in Ley tarn. 2 m. down is **Dursley, Cam** (B. & B.R.) 2 m., **Dursley Junction** 2 m. Here Ham brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Cam is Slimbridge, and 1 m. down Slimbridge brook joins on right bank. Slimbridge rises by **Procester** (B. & B.R.), and is 5 m. long. 2 m. below the junction is the estuary. (*See Berkeley.*)
- Dursley Junction** (Glo'ster).—B. & B.R. Cam brook. Ham brook. (*See Dursley.*)
- Durston** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Dymock** (Hereford).—N.s. **Ledbury**, 5 m. Leaden. Preston. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Eardisley** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Upcott brook. Holywell brook. Wye (1½ m.); salmon, chub, pike, dace, trout. (c.s.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- East Anstey** (Devon).—D. & S.B. Yeo. Little Dart (5 m.). Sturcombe (4 m.). Knowstone water (4 m.). (c.s. *Taw.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- East Farleigh** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway. Hotel: Bull. Jack fishing very good. At West Farleigh, Mr. Jackson's lake has a high repute.
- East Grinstead** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (*See Rochester.*) Trout.
- Easton Court** (Hereford).—H. & B.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike. West brook. Cadmore brook (1 m. E.). Ledwych (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Ebbw Vale** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy; trout. (c.s. *Usk*) (*See Newport.*)
- Eccleshall** (Stafford).—On Stow. Trout.
- Edenbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Eden. Hotel: Station.
- Edensor**.—(*See Baslow.*)
- Edington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue. (*See Highbridge.*) (c.s. *Avon.*)
- Eggesford** (N. Devon).—N.D.R. On Taw, Hollowcombe water, Little Dart. Trout fishing good. (c.s.) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Egginton** (Derby).—Trent. Grayling, pike, chub, &c. Preserved. Tickets can be had from Mr. Ratcliff, Messrs. Bass, Burton-on-Trent. Some trouting can be had some 3 m. off in a stream running into Trent. (c.s.)
- Egremont** (Cumberland).—On Ehen. Sea trout, salmon, brown trout. (c.s.)
- Ellesmere** (Salop).—O.E. & W.R. Ellesmere mere. Black mere (1½ m.). White mere (3 m.). Kettle mere (2 m.). Newton mere (2½ m.). Colemere mere (3 m.). Crose mere (4 m.). Roden (6 m.). Fishing in Ellesmere is free, and leave may be obtained for the others. Pike, perch, roach, bream, dace. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Elstead** (Surrey). L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Elston**.—Nearest station **Grimstargh** (P. & L.R.). On Ribble. Good trout, mort, and spred fishing. Leave must be obtained from J. Fletcher, Esq., Leytham. (c.s.)
- Elstree** (Herts). M.R. (*See London, M.T.*). 1½ m. off is Elstree reservoir. Pike, perch, roach, carp, tench. S.t. 11 s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. for jack and perch, and 1s. for roach. Puns to be had. Tickets from T. W. Briscoe, Fishery Inn.
- Elton**.—On L. & N.W.R. (*See Oundle.*) Nene.
- Emsworth** (Hants).—P.C. & B.R. Ems. Trout. Ems rises above Racton, where is good trouting, but preserved; runs 2 m. to West Bourne, where fishing is free, and 2 m. on to **Emsworth**. Bass at the harbour's mouth.
- Enesham** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, pike, perch, bream, roach, dace. Isborne. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Enfeld and Ponder's End** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) On New River and Lea. Roach, dace, chub, barbel, jack, perch, bream. Hotels: Anchor and Pike, Swan and Pike, and Royal Small Arms Hotel. S.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 1s. The Ordnance water (Mr. Bailey, Chingford) contains some good fish, especially chub. Subscription, 11. 1s.; without troling, 10s. 6d.; and 1s. per day without troling. Minnow and eel lines forbidden; troling from Oct. 1st to Feb. 14th. Above this is the Old King's Head water, which commences at the Tumbling Bay and ends at Chingford Marsh, rented by Mr Coventry. Chub and barbel are plentiful. S.t. 10s. 6d. Troling begins Sept. 1st. Minnow fishing not allowed.
- Epsom** (Surrey). S.W.R. & E. & C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) There are some ponds on Epsom Common.
- Esher** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Etchingham** (Sussex).—H. & T.R. (*See Rye.*) On Rother. (c.s.)
- Evercreech** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercreech. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Evercreech Junction** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercreech. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Evershot** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. (*See Wareham and Bridgwater.*)

**Evesham** (Worcester).—G.W.R. On Avon; trout, pike, perch, bream, dace, and chub. *Inn*: Northwick Arms. Preserved by an angling society and the landowners. (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Exwell** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Hog's Mill River. (See London, L.T.)

**Exeter** (Devon).—G.W.R. & S.W.R. On Exe. Salmon, trout, pike, dace, perch. Exe rises on Ashcombe Hill, in the centre of Exmoor, and runs 6 m. to Exford (*Inn*: White Horse, very comfortable, trouting very good, and free, n.s. **Dulverton**, 12 m.) 6 m. down stream is Winsford (n.s. **Dulverton**, 6 m. *Hotel*: Royal Oak, very comfortable; good free trouting early in the season). 2 m. below at Exton, Quarum Water joins Exe on left bank. Quarum rises 2 m. N. of Exford, and is 7 m. long. Exe flows in 6 m. to Hele Bridge, **Dulverton** being 1 m. distant on right bank. 1 m. below, Hadeo joins Exe on left bank. Hadeo rises some 2 m. E. of Exton, and in 4½ m. is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long. 1½ m. down, a stream joins Hadeo on left bank, which is some 3 m. long, running in two streams, which meet at Stert Bridge. Hadeo joins Exe 4 m. down. Lord Carnarvon preserves this stream. Exe runs in 1½ m. to Exe Bridge and **Dulverton** Station. Here Barle joins Exe on right bank. Barle rises in the centre of Exmoor, and runs in 3 m. to Simondsbad (n.s. **Dulverton**, 14 m. Trout numerous but small. Leave from Mr. Knight, of Simondsbad). 3½ m. down at Landacre Bridge a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank. Barle flows in 3 m. to Withypool (n.s. **Dulverton**, 8 m. There is a decent little inn here, and the trouting very good, and free. Exford and River Exe is 3 m. over the hills from here.) A stream 4 m. long joins Barle here on left bank. 6 m. down Barle, Donnes brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank (this brook is preserved by the owner of the property). **Dulverton** is 3 m. down Barle. 2 m. on, Barle joins Exe at Exbridge, where the Tiverton Association rights begin. ½ m. below Exe Bridge, Brushford brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank; preserved. 4 m. down Exe, Belbrook joins on right bank (n.s. **Bampton**, D. & S.R., 2 m.) Belbrook is some 7 m. long, and midway is joined on right bank by two short streams. The whole is in private hands. 1 m. down Exe, Bampton Brook joins on left bank. Bampton rises above Raddington (n.s. **Venn Cross**, D. & S.R., 2 m.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a short stream rising 1 m. E. of **Morebath** (D. & S.R.) Bampton runs 2 m. to **Bampton** (D. & S.R.), and 1½ m. below joins Exe. This stream is free. There is a decent angling inn at the junction of Bampton with Exe. 6 m. down Exe a short stream joins on right bank, which rises by Culverleigh. **Tiverton** (G.W.R.) is 1 m. on. Here Loman joins on left bank. Loman is some 9 m. long, and receives a tributary 5 m. long at Uploman. 4 m. down Exe at Bickleigh (here the Tiverton fishing ends) there is a nice little inn—Bickleigh Bridge Inn. There are plenty of dace below the weir, but only trout and salmon above. The fishing hence down to Thorverton is preserved by the Up. Exe Fishing Association; Sec., Mr. W. C. James, Thorverton; and the Landowners' Salmon Fishery Association, sec. Mr. Whippell. Trout are numerous, and there are plenty of dace, &c. S.t., 1½ ls.; w.t., 5s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. Salmon, s.t., 2½ 2s. for one day a week; special d.t., 1½ ls., of the hon. sec., Mr. Whippell, Rudway, Silvertown, near Cullumpton, Devon, and at Bickleigh Bridge Inn. At Bickleigh, Dart river joins Exe on right bank. Dart is about 9 m. long, and rises above Coombe Mill, 6 m. W. of **Tiverton**. 2 m. down Exe, Butterleigh brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Exe runs in 1½ m. to Silvertown (n.s. **Hele**, G.W.R., 3 m.), Thorverton (here the Up Exe Society ends) 1 m., Bramford Speke on right bank, and Stoke Cannon on left bank, 3 m. (Here begins the Lower Exe United Fishing Association, which runs to Cowley Bridge.) Fishing poor. S.t., 1½ ls.; d.t. to May 1, 5s.; for the rest of season 2s. 6d.; all kinds of fishing with rod and line allowed. Fishing begins Feb. 15, and ends Aug. 31. There are perch in this bit.) 1 m. down Exe Culm river joins on left bank. Culm rises 3 or 4 m. above **Kemyock** (C.V.R.), where a stream of the same length joins on left bank. Culm runs 2½ m. to **Culmstock** (C.V.R.), and 2 m. down Sheldon brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, **Ufoum** (C.V.R.) is 1 m. down Culm, **Tiverton Junction** (G.W.R.) 2 m., and **Cullompton** (G.W.R.) 2 m. Here Kentisbere brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Culm, Ashford brook joins on right bank. Ashford rises 1 m. W. of Sampford Peverell (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 3 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which rises by Halberton (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 2 m.) 1 m. down Ashford, and 1 m. from **Cullompton**, Fulford water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Ashford joins Culm. 2 m. down Culm, Langford brook, 3 m. long, join on left bank. 1 m. down Culm is **Hele** (G.W.R.), Stoke Cannon 5 m., and Exe 1 m. 2 m. down Exe is Cowley Bridge. (Here the Lower Exe fishing ends, and another association going to Exeter begins. Salmon, pike, dace, and few trout. S.t., 5s.) Creedy joins on right bank. Creedy rises 3 or 4 m. above Woodfardisworthy (n.s. **Crediton**, N.D.R.), and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Yeo brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down Creedy at Sandford, Sandford brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Crediton** is 2½ m. down Creedy. Here Spreyton water joins Creedy on right bank. Spreyton rises by Spreyton (n.s. **Bow**, C.R., 2 m.), runs 6 m., when it is joined at Colbrook by two short streams on either bank. Spreyton runs in 3 m. to **Crediton**, where a short stream joins on right bank; and 1 m. down, Spreyton joins Creedy. Creedy runs 2 m. to **St. Cyres** (N.D.R.), where Shobrook brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. From hence to the junction of Creedy with Exe is 5 m. Exeter is 1 m. down Exe. There are plenty of dace, &c., close to the city. The Exeter Ship Canal contains roach, dace, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels, and flounders. The best part is the lower half beyond Countess Weir, beginning opposite the limekilns on the broadwater. Large carp and tench have been taken here. The roach are also fine. Between Topsham Lock and the nearest drawbridge is a very good spot; 1½ m. farther is Turf Lock House, a very

- comfortable inn. At Alphington, 3 m. S. of Exeter, Alphington brook joins Exe Estuary on right bank. This brook rises by West Town, and in 2 m. is joined by Adder Water on left bank, which rises by Whitestone, and is 3 m. long. Alphington runs to Ide 1 m., and Alphington 1 m.
- Bhall** (Warwick).—C & N.R. Sow. Breach brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Bminster** (Devon).—G.W.R. Towsington brook; few trout. This brook rises by Shillingford, and is 4 m. long.
- Bournemouth**.—Bass are caught here in summer by towing a dead sand-eel in a boat under sail. Flounders and eels, with soft crab bait, especially off Lympstone. Outside the bar, dabs may be taken with mussel bait. Pollack with sand or freshwater eel bait, off Straight Point, where pout, bream and congers are also found. Mackerel fishing is much followed in spring, summer, and autumn under sail.
- Bye** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Bldmore brook, and lakes at Croft Castle (3 m.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Bynesford** (Kent).—S.R. On Darenth. (*See Dartford*.) Trout, roach, perch, eels, &c. Fishing good. Leave may be had occasionally from Sir W. Hart Dyke, of Lullingstone Park.
- Fairford** (Glo'ster).—W. & E.G.R. On Colne. Trout. (*See London, U.T., and Cirencester*.)  
*Hotel*: Bull. D.t., 2s. 6d. Good fishing, beginning April 1st. Fly only. Much of the river is in private hands. Fishing good.
- Falmouth** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. (*See St. Maw's, Penryn, Manaccan and St. Keverne*.) 2 m. S.W. at Budock runs Budock water, 3 m. long. (*c.s. Fovey*.)
- Fareham** (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. Meon. Trout, roach, carp. Meon rises in a mill pond at East Meon (n.s. Petersfield, P.D.R., 5 m.), runs 2½ m. to West Meon, Warnford 1 m., Exton 1½ m., Meon Stoke 1 m., Droxford 1 m., Wickham 4 m., Titchfield, 4 m., and 2 m. on joins the sea. From its source to a mile below Wickham the stream is private. Hence to Titchfield (*Hotel*, Bugle) it is preserved by a club of limited members, hon. sec., E. Goble, Esq., solicitor, Titchfield; a.t., St. 5s. The best flies are March brown, blue dun, crowding, hawthorn, red and brown spinners, palmer, black gnat, May fly, and coachman. Close to the shore is Brownish Pond, preserved. A stream runs into Portsmouth Harbour here, which rises in Rudley Mill, and in 2½ m. is joined on left bank by the drainage of Creech Pond ½ m. up. 1 m. on is Southwick, where is a large lake at the Priory. 1 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. Fareham is 3 m. on. This stream is small and private.
- Farnborough** (Hants.).—L. & S.R. Near here is a large pond, the source of Blackwater. (*See London, M.T.*) 3½ m. off are the Fleet Ponds. Fishing good, but reserved for the men at Aldershot.
- Farnham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wey. Trout. (*See London, L.T.*) 4 m. S. on Frencham Common are the Great and Little Ponds. Perch, eels. There is an inn close to. Also Abbot's Pond.
- Farningham** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Darenth. Trout, roach, perch. (*See Dartford*.) Fair trouting early in the season, which commences on Good Friday of each year, by staying at the Lion Hotel. The owner of Franks also preserves a portion of the water.
- Fawley** (Hants.).—1 m. off, on Fields Heath, are some small ponds, and one large one. 2 m. off runs the Dark Water. This stream rises in Flash Pond on Beaulieu Heath, runs 1 m. to another pond. Here joins on right bank the outflow from four ponds on the heath, ½ m. up. 1½ m. down the outflow of a pond joins on right bank, ½ m. up. 4 m. down is the sea.
- Fawley** (Hereford).—H.B. & G.R. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout. (*c.s.*) Sollers brook (1 m.). Wriggle brook (2 m.). Llanwarne brook (5 m.) (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Felstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer. (*See Maldon*.)
- Feltham** (Middx.).—S.W.R. A branch of Colne. (*See London, L.T.*) Some fishing can be had, at per day, from one Dawes.
- Felton** (Northland.).—On Coquet. Trout. *Inns*: Northumberland Arms, comfortable. Fishing for 4 m. free to those staying at the inn. Leave to fish in the water below the village can be had for a small sum. Bull trout in autumn. Nearest station, **Acklington**. (*See Warkworth*.) (*c.s.*)
- Fenny Compton** (Warwick).—O. & B.R. Ham brook (2½ m. N.), Itchene (3 m. N.). *Lakes*: Stoneton House Lake (2½ m. N.E.) (*See London, M.T., and Gloucester, L.S.*)
- Filey** (York).—First-rate sea-fishing. Good sport can be had with either a white fly or artificial bait for coal fish at the end and along the bridge, which is a ledge of rock running some distance into the sea. Many pollack here.
- Filton** (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol and Lea Mills*.)
- Fishponds** (Glo'ster).—B. & B.R. Frome. *Lake*: Stoke Park. (*See Bristol*.)
- Fiskerton** (Notts).—M.R. On Trent. Good roach, dace, pike, perch, chub, barbel, &c. The river is preserved below the mouth of the Greet by a club; season ticket, 10s. The opposite side belongs to Sir Hy. Bromley, who is very liberal in giving permission. (*c.s.*)
- Flamborough** (York).—*Hotel*: Ship. Lodgings can be had. From June to Sept. there is good fly fishing from off the rocks. Billet, pollack, coalfish, are plentiful.
- Flax Bourton**.—(*See Clevedon*.)
- Florden** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. On Tasse. Good fishing.
- Foleshill** (Warwick).—C. & N.R. Sow. Marches brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Ford** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lug. Trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace. Mr. Arkwright, of Hampton Court, preserves 5 m. from Ford to Bodenham. Preserved above Ford by the Leominster Club (*see Leominster*). (*c.s. Wye*.) Humber brook (2 m.), Marston brook (4 m.). *Lakes*, Hampton Park (2 m.). (*See Chepstow*.)

**Ford** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (*See Little Hampton*.)

**Fordingbridge** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On the Avon. Trout, grayling, perch, &c. *Hotel*: Greyhound. Mr. Coventry's steward, Mr. J. Hannan, sometimes gives leave to gentlemen for a portion of the water; otherwise all preserved by Marchioness of Anglesea. (*See Christchurch*.)

**Forrabury** (Cornwall).—Boscawen brook, 4 m. long, and Tredawl Water (2 m. off) 3 m. long.

**Fowey** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey river. (c.s.) Trout, sea trout, salmon. Preserved, but leave can be had. Autumn is the best time. Fowey rises 5 m. N. E. of Temple (n.s. **Bodmin**, G.W.R., 7 m.), runs 15 m. to Doublebois, where it is joined on right bank by St. Neot river (n.s. **Liskeard**, G.W.R., 5 m.) St. Neot rises on Bodmin Moor, 4 m. from Temple, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Dozmare Pool  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. St. Neot runs 6 m. to St. Neot (n.s. **Liskeard**, 6 m.), and Fowey, 3 m. Fowey runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Temple brook. Temple rises by Temple, runs 5 m. to Warleggon (n.s. **Bodmin Road**, 6 m.), and Fowey, 5 m. Fowey runs 4 m. to **Bodmin Road** station, G.W.R., where Milton brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Fowey runs 4 m. to **Lostwithiel**, G.W.R., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, which rises in some ponds on Red Moor and Creek, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down Fowey on left bank is the Leign, which rises 2 m. above Boconnock (n.s. **Lostwithiel**, 3 m.), and is 7 m. long, holding trout. 1 m. down Fowey on left bank is Penpolle Creek, into which runs Trebant water, which rises 2 m. E. of Boconnock, and is 7 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. Fowey runs to **Fowey**, and the sea in 2 m. Into the left side of the harbour opposite the town flows Pout brook, 4 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. There is capital sea fishing of all kinds.

**Freshford** (Somerset).—W. & S.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon and Frome. Perch, trout, &c. Preserved by the Bradford-on-Avon Angling Association. S.t., 1l.; m.t., 2s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. 6d.; d.t., 6d. Obtainable at the railway station. (c.s.)

**Frome** (Somerset).—B. & B.R. Slimbridge brook. (*See Dursley*.)

**Frome** (Somerset).—W.S. & W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Frome, and *Lakes* at Berkley House Orchardleigh. (c.s. *Avon*.) Fair trouting in Frome, leave not to be had.

**Fullerton Bridge** (Hants).—A.R. & S.R. On Test. Trout. Preserved by the owners of Wherwell Priory.

**Gargrave** (York).—On the Aire. Trout. Preserved by the Aire Angling Club from Gargrave to Eastburn brook (Hon. Sec., J. H. Dewhurst, Esq.); above here by private owners. (*See Skipton*.) (c.s. *York*.)

**George Lane** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (*See Barking*.) Fishing very poor

**Gillingham** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Stour, Shreen, Ledden. (*See Christchurch*.) Trouting good. (c.s. *Avon*.)

**Glasbury** (Hereford).—Honddu (7 m.). Trout. (*See Chepstow*.)

**Glastonbury** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue and Wootton brook. (*See Highbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

**Gloucester**.—G.W.R. Severn. Severn rises 12 m. above **Llanidloes**, and just above the town Brochan joins on right bank. Brochan rises 1 m. N. from **Llangurig**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Dulas brook, which rises  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. E. of **Llangurig**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Tylwch, which rises 5 m. above **Tylwch**, and joins Dulas  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. below. Dulas runs 2 m. to Brochan, which joins Severn  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. on. At **Llanidloes**, Clywedog joins Severn on left bank. Clywedog, which is 14 m. long, is joined 6 m. from its source, on right bank, by Llwyd, 4 m. long (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 8 m.). 1 m. down, Biga, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 7 m.). 1 m. down Clywedog, at Heblid, a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Derw-llwydion 1 m. up (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 6 m.). Clywedog runs 8 m. to **Llanidloes** and Severn. Severn runs to **Dolwen**, 4 m., and here Ebyr, which rises in Llyn Ebyr 3 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Severn, at Aber Berthin, Berthin, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Severn runs to **Llandinam**, 3 m., and **Caersws**, 3 m. Here Tarannon and Garno join on left bank. Tarannon rises in Llyn Gloyw (4 m. W. from **Carno**), runs 8 m. to Trefeglwys, 3 m. below which, Belaf, 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Caersws**, 2 m.).  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Tarannon, Ceryst joins on right bank. Ceryst rises 2 m. N. from **Llanidloes**, and is 7 m. long. 1 m. down Tarannon is **Caersws** and Severn. Garno rises 4 m. above **Carno**, under the name of Llwyd; at Carno it is joined on right bank by Pwll-Llydan, 3 m. long. Cledun, 3 m. long, also joins at this place. 1 m. down Garno, Cernlog, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Garno runs 3 m., when a stream joins 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Du (n.s. **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, 3 m.). Garno runs 1 m. to **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and Severn 2 m. Severn runs 3 m., when Tarw joins on left bank. Tarw rises in Llyn Tarw, which lies 4 m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and 1 m. E. from Llyn Mawr and Llyn Du, and runs 6 m. to Severn. 2 m. down Severn, at Aberhavesp (n.s. **Scafell**, 1 m.), a stream joins on left bank, which drains Fachwen pool 2 m. up. Severn runs 2 m., when Hafren, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Severn runs to **Newtown**, 2 m. 3 m. down Severn a stream 10 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. down Severn, at **Abermule**, Mule, which rises 4 m. above **Kerry**, and runs thence 6 m. to Severn, joins on right bank. Severn runs 4 m. to **Montgomery** station, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in two or three small ponds 5 m. up. 1 m. down Severn, at Glan Severn (n.s. **Montgomery**, 2 m.), Rhiw joins on left bank. Rhiw rises in Llyn-y-bugall 7 m. N. from **Carno**, runs 8 m. to Tre-ganol, and here Mawr joins on right bank. Mawr rises in Llyn Mawr  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and close to Llyn Du, and Tarw

runs 6 m. to Llanluggan and Rhiw 2 m. Rhiw runs to Manafon 2 m., Berriew 6 m., and Severn 1 m. Severn runs 1 m. to **Forden**, where Camlad joins on right bank. Camlad rises in a pond at Lower Bent  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. from **Lyddham**, runs to a pond at Lyddham, to Snead 1 m., Church Stoke 4 m. Here Caerbitra joins on left bank. Caerbitra rises 3 m. E. from **Kerry**, and is 8 m. long. Close to its junction with Camlad, Lacks brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Camlad runs to Chirbury 4 m.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, Halesford brook, which rises in Marton pool (n.s. **Forden**, 5 m. W.), and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Camlad runs to **Forden** and Severn in 6 m. Severn runs to **Welshpool** 7 m. Here Sylvan brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Buttington**, 2 m., and 3 m. down, below where the railway crosses the river (**Pool Quay** being 1 m. off on left bank), Trevern joins on right bank. Trevern rises by **Middleton**, and is 4 m. long. 5 m. down Severn, **Crigion** being 1 m. off on right bank, Bete brook joins on left bank. Bete rises in a lake 3 m. above Guilefield (n.s. **Pool Quay**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which crosses the turnpike-road from **Welshpool** to Guilefield 2 m. from the former place, and is 5 m. long. Bete runs to **Pool Quay**, 2 m., and Severn, 3 m.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Severn, Maerdy brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank, passing **Arleen en route**. Severn runs to **Llandrinio**, 2 m., **Ferry**, 4 m. Here Vyrnwy joins on left bank. Vyrnwy rises on the slopes of Cefn Coch, 6 m. S.E. from **Llanuwchllyn**, runs 3 m., when Taneres, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Vyrnwy, Ennant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanuwchllyn**, 7 m. S.E.)  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Vyrnwy, Hirddu, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Vyrnwy runs to Llanwddyn 2 m., where a stream 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Vyrnwy, Gwion, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Vyrnwy, Marchant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Vyrnwy, Cowny 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and 1 m. down Vyrnwy, Dyfnant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Vyrnwy, Llwydiarth joins on left bank. This brook rises 2 m. N.E. above Llanfihangel (n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 6 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining a pond by Llwydiarth. The brook runs to Vyrnwy in  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. Vyrnwy runs 2 m., when Cringae, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 8 m. down Vyrnwy, Einion joins on right bank. Einion rises in Llyn-hir 9 m. N.E. from **Carno**. 1 m. down, the outflow of Llyn Grahwyddan  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Carno**, 10 m.). 3 m. down Einion, a brook 4 m. long joins on right bank. 3 m. down Einion, Banw joins on left bank. Banw rises on the slopes of Moel-y-Llyn 8 m. from **Dinas Mowddwy**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Yoghutha, 2 m. long. 3 m. down Banw, at Garthbiblo (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.), Twich joins on left bank. Twrch (good trouting, but preserved for the most part by Sir W. Wynne and Mr. Price) rises on the slopes of Careg-y-Ifran, 2 m. E. from Llan-y-Mowddwy (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 4 m.). 4 m. down, Llechog, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Twrch, Cathan, which rises in Llyn-y-bugail (trout; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had) 2 m. up, joins on right bank (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 9 m., or can be fished from **Cann-Office**, 7 m.). Twich runs 4 m. to Garthbiblo and Banw. Banw runs 2 m. to Llangadfan and **Cann-Office** (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.). Here Eira joins on right bank. Eira rises 3 m. N.E. from **Llanbrynmair**, 7 m. down, Cannon, which rises in Llyn Gwyddior (perch, trout), 3 m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Llanbrynmair**). Eira runs 3 m., when Cledan joins on right bank. Cledan rises 5 m. N. from **Carno**, and is 5 m. long. Eira runs 2 m., when Nydydd, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Eira is **Cann-Office** and Llangadfan. Banw runs 2 m. to Llanerfyl. 1 m. down, Gwylfryn, 3 m. long, which drains Llyn Gwylfryn 2 m. from **Cann-Office**, joins on left bank. Banw runs 4 m., when Einion joins on right bank. Einion rises in Llyn-her (trouting preserved, but leave may be had sometimes) 4 m. S. from **Cann-Office**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Llyn Granwyddan (good trouting, but preserved; leave sometimes),  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. Einion runs 3 m. and is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 3 m. down Einion is Banw. Banw runs 2 m. to **Llanfair** (n.s. **Welshpool**, 8 m.), and 5 m. down, at Mathynafel Park, is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, draining a pond at Maesmawr, 5 m. N.W. from **Welshpool**. Banw joins Vyrnwy 1 m. down. 1 m. down Vyrnwy, at Meifod, a brook joins on right bank, draining Llydu  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. up (n.s. **Llansantffraid**, 6 m., or **Welshpool**, 6 m.). From Meiford down to **Llanymynech** the river is preserved by the Verniew and Cain Angling Association (See *Llanymynech*). Vyrnwy runs 10 m. to **Llansantffraid**, where Cain joins on left bank. Cain rises 6 m. above **Llanfyllin**, 1 m. above which place Llechwedd, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Cain runs to **Llanfechan**, 5 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Brogan, 8 m. long. Cain runs to **Llansantffraid** and Vyrnwy, 2 m. 1 m. down Vyrnwy, Tanat joins on left bank. Tanat rises 5 m. above **Llangynnog** (n.s. **Llanderfel**, 9 m.), and 4 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Goch, which stream is joined on right bank 3 m. above the junction by a brook draining Llyn Pennan 1 m. up. At **Llangynnog**, Eiarth, 5 m. long, joins Tannat on left bank; it runs by the side of the high road to **Llanderfel**. 3 m. down Tannat, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Tannat, **Llanrhaider-yn-Mochnant** being 1 m. off on left bank, Moch (good trouting, free) joins on left bank. Moch rises in Llyn Llynecaws 6 m. N.W. from **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Disgynfa, 3 m. long. Moch runs 6 m. to **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 1 m. down joins Tanat. Tanat runs 1 m., when Twrch joins on left bank. Twrch is 9 m. long, and runs 1 m. E. of **Llanrhaider-yn-M.** 1 m. down Tannat again a brook joins on left bank 5 m. long, and running 3 m. E. from **Llanrhaider**. (Good flies for all these streams are light duns, sandfly, red dipper, alder

willow, grannom, iron blue and stone fly. Also the following: *body*, hare's ear and yellow wool mixed; *legs*, freckled dun, with reddish tips; *body*, mole's fur; *wing*, two small feathers, tipped reddish, taken from the outside of a cock sparrow's wing; *body*, hare's ear; *legs*, feather from a partridge's back.) Tannat runs to Llangedwyn 3 m. (n.s. **Llan-y-blodwel** or **Llanfechan** 4 m. (*Im*: Green Man; comfortable; 3 m. of river preserved by the landlord, all the rest retained by Sir W. Wynne; salmon, trout, pike, grayling.) 3 m. down Tannat, Cynllaith rises 4 m. W. from **Oswestry**, and after running 5 m. is joined at New Mill by a brook on right bank 4 m. long. 1 m. down, near Liansilin, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Rhyddwyn 1 m. up (n.s. **Oswestry**, 5 m. E.). 2 m. down Cynllaith a stream joins, on right bank, the outflow of Llyn Moelin 3 m. up. Moelin lies 4 m. N. from **Llangedwyn**. 3 m. down, Cynllaith joins Tannat, which runs to **Llan-y-blodwell**, 2 m., and joins Vyrnwy 3 m. down. Vyrnwy runs 3 m. to **Llanymynech**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Morda, which, after a course of 3 m., runs 3 m. W. from **Oswestry**, runs 5 m., when it passes 1 m. S. of that town, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by the stream 3 m. long which drains the lake at Aston 3 m. S.E. from **Oswestry**. Morda runs 6 m. to Vyrnwy, which joins Severn 5 m. down. 2 m. down Severn, Wear brook joins on left bank. Wear rises in Sandford Hall pond 3 m. above **Kinnerley**, and joins Severn 3 m. down. Severn runs to Shrawardine 5 m., where is a large lake at Shrawardine Castle (n.s. **Shrewsbury**), and 5 m. down at Mountford Bridge a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake by Onslow Hall 2 m. up (n.s. **Hanwood**, 3 m.). 1 m. down Severn, Perry joins on left bank. Perry rises by **Gobowen**, and 3 m. down, near **Whittington**, the outflow of the lakes at Halston Hall joins on left bank. Perry runs 3 m. to Rednall Mill, **Rednall** being 2 m. off on right bank. 4 m. down, at Wyke, a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake at Shelyocke (n.s. **Rednall**, 3 m. N.W.). Perry runs 5 m. to **Baschurch**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by War brook, which rises in Berth pool  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. from **Baschurch** Station, runs thence in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Buch Grove pool, in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Marton pool on left bank, and, running through Fennymere pool, joins Perry 3 m. down. Perry joins Severn 3 m. below. Severn runs 4 m. to **Leaton** Station (1 m. off on left bank), and in 7 m. reaches **Shrewsbury**. Here Raddle brook, which rises in Onslow Hall lake 3 m. N. from **Hanwood**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Just below Raddle, and on same side, Rea joins. Rea rises 7 m. above **Minsterley**, where it is joined on left bank by Minsterley brook, 5 m. long. Rea flows 3 m. to **Pontesbury** (1 m. off on right bank), and here Habberley brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Rea, at **Hanwood**, Yockleton brook joins, which rises 3 m. above **Westbury**, runs 4 m. to **Yockleton**, and Rea 2 m. 2 m. down Rea, at Hooka Gate, Longden brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Rea, at Meole Brace, Meole brook, which rises in Bomer pool 2 m. N. from Condovery, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Rea runs to **Shrewsbury** 2 m. Close by the station runs a stream draining Almond pool, Black pool, and Hencott pool, 3 m. N. from **Shrewsbury**.

**LOWER SEVERN**.—3 m. down Severn, Sundorn brook joins on left bank. Sundorn rises in a pond by **Yarton**, runs 4 m. to **Hadnall**, and 3 m. down waters the lakes at Sundorn Castle, joining Severn  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below. Severn runs 6 m. to Ateham, where a stream joins on right bank, watering two lakes near **Berrington**, and is 2 m. long. 1 m. down Severn, Tern joins on left bank. Tern rises in Maer Hall lake 2 m. S. from **Whitmore**, runs 6 m. to **Norton**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Hemp Mill brook, 3 m. long, and which waters Daisy lake, near Audley Cross, half-way down, 3 m. N.E. from **Market Drayton**. Tern runs to **Market Drayton** 2 m., where Coal brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, after watering some lakes by Peats Wood close to the junction. 3 m. down Tern is the outflow of the Buntingsdale Hall lake,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. 2 m. down, Baile brook joins Tern on right bank. Baile rises in a pool at Sandford Hall 2 m. E. of **Prees**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook which rises in Big pool, 3 m. S.W. from **Adderley**. 1 m. down, the outflow of Old pool at Titley Park,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, **Market Drayton** being 2 m. off on left bank, is the outflow of a pond at Stych Farm,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. A little lower down, on the same side, a stream joins, which rises in Cloverley pond 5 m. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to Mordon Mill pond, and 2 m. down joins the main stream, which joins Baile 2 m. down. Baile joins Tern 1 m. down. Tern runs to Stoke-upon-Tern 4 m. (n.s. **Hodnet**, 1 m.). Here Saltern's brook, which rises in two ponds by Wardale 4 m. S. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to the mill-pond at Rose Hill, thence 2 m. to Salter's Mill, and Stoke 1 m., joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Peplow** 3 m., just above which is the outflow of a pond on the right bank. 2 m. below **Peplow**, Allford brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs 2 m. to Great Bolas, where Polford brook, 6 m. long, and which runs 2 m. S.W. of **Peplow**, joins on right bank, and Meess on left bank. Meess rises in the White Stith lake 5 m. N.E. from **Shiffnal**, and 8 m. down runs through Aquadale Meer 2 m. from **Newport**. 2 m. down, Meess receives the outflow of Chetwynd Park pond, close to **Newport**, on left bank, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on, Lomeo brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Meess, Ellerton brook joins on right bank. Ellerton rises in Heywood ponds 4 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**, runs 3 m. to Ellerton Mill pond, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long running out of the canal reservoir at Great Soundley, 7 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**. Ellerton passes through Showed Mill pond, and joins Meess 1 m. down. Meess runs 5 m. to Tibberton, and Tern



4 m. Tern runs 3 m. to **Crudgington**, where Strine joins on left bank. Strine rises 3 m. W. of **Newport**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Brockton brook, which rises in Wildmoor pool, runs to Minton's pool in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below which the outflow of Limehills pool joins on left bank. These lakes are close together 3 m. S. of **Newport**. Brockton joins Strine 6 m. down. Strine runs 2 m. to Broad lake, where Preston brook joins on left bank. Preston rises in a lake by **Hadley**, and is 6 m. long. 1 m. down, Strine joins Tern at **Crudgington**. 1 m. down Tern, Beanhill brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Walcott** 5 m., and here Boden joins on right bank. Boden rises in White Meer 2 m. from **Ellesmere**, runs  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Blackmere, and 1 m. on to Colomere, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long, draining Crose Mere 4 m. S.E. from **Ellesmere**. Boden runs 8 m. to **Wem**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Pres brook, which rises in **Pres** mill-pool, and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Boden a brook joins on left bank, draining the large lake in Hawkstone Park 5 m. E. from **Wem**. Boden runs 6 m. to Stanton, 3 m. to Shawsbury (n.s. **Hadnall**, 4 m.), and 8 m. down joins Tern at **Walcott**. Tern runs to Severn 5 m. Severn runs 1 m. to Wroxeter (n.s. **Berrington**,  $\frac{2}{3}$  m.), a short distance above which Bell brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Severn, Cound brook joins on right hand. Cound rises above **Church Stretton**, runs 5 m. to **Le Botwood**, **Dorrington**, 4 m., watering the pond at Longnor Forge midway, **Condover** 4 m., **Berrington** (1 m. off on left bank) 3 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Row brook 7 m. long.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on Acton brook joins on right bank. Acton rises in a pond at Hobsey Coppice 1 m. E. of Frodesley (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Cound, Langley brook joins on right bank. Langley rises in Langley pond by Langley (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 6 m.). 2 m. down the outflow of the lakes in Acton Burnell Park (n.s. **Cressage**, 5 m.) joins on left bank. 2 m. down the outflow of Harnage Grange Pond (n.s. **Cressage**, 3 m.) joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Langley joins Cound, which runs 1 m. to Severn. Severn runs 4 m. to **Cressage**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Hughley brook, which rises 5 m. above Hughley (n.s. **Frethorpe**, 2 m.), runs 4 m. to **Much Wenlock** ( $\frac{1}{2}$  m. off on right bank), and joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs to Leighton 1 m., where Leighton brook, working two or three miles, joins on left bank. Severn runs 3 m. to **Buildwas**, where Farley brook joins on right bank. Farley rises in two ponds in the Marsh 1 m. E. of **Much Wenlock**, and is 5 m. long, working four mills. Severn runs to **Iron Bridge**, 3 m., **Coalport**, 2 m., **Linley**, 3 m. Here Linley brook joins on right bank. Linley rises in the large lakes in Willey Park 3 m. W. from **Linley**, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down Severn, Worl joins on left bank. Worl rises in a pond in the marsh 3 m. N. from **Shifnal**, runs  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Burlington Pool,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to New pool,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Forge pool; and 3 m. down at the Pavilion is joined on left bank by Norning brook, which rises in the Moat and two other ponds at Weston Park; and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Tong brook, which, rising in Cowley Wood pond and Weston Mill pond, waters Norton Meer (n.s. **Shifnal**,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m.), and joins Norning 2 m. down. Worl runs 3 m. to Ryton, where a brook, which rises by **Shifnal** 5 m. up, and works several mills, join on right bank. Worl runs to Stableford 4 m., where Badger brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Badger rises in Snowdon pool  $\frac{3}{4}$  S.W. from **Albrighton**. Worl runs 4 m. to Wortfield (n.s. **Bridgnorth**, 4 m.), and here Stratford brook joins, which rises in the large lake at Patshull (n.s. **Albrighton**, 3 m.), and running 4 m., is joined on left bank by Claverley brook, 6 m. long. Stratford runs 1 m. to Wort, which joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs to **Bridgnorth** 1 m., and 5 m. down at Stenford is joined on right bank by Mor brook. Mor rises 4 m. above Acton Round,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. S.E. of **Much Wenlock**, where it is joined on left bank by Beggarhill brook, 3 m. long. Mor runs to Morville 3 m., where the outflow of three ponds, 1 to 2 m. to the N., joins on left bank (n.s. **Bridgnorth**,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m.). Mor joins Severn 8 m. down. Severn runs 2 m. to **Hampton**, 3 m. to **Alverley**, 1 m. below which Borle brook joins on right bank. Borle rises by Upton Cressett, 5 m. W. from **Bridgnorth**, and is 11 m. long. Severn runs to **Upper Harley** 2 m., **Bewdley** 4 m. Just above, at Dowles, Dowles brook joins on right bank. Dowles rises in a series of ponds at Kinlet, 3 m. S.W. from **Alverley**, runs 9 m. to **Wyre**, and Severn 3 m. Just below **Bewdley** the outflow of a large lake close to Bewdley on the W. joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Stourport** 3 m., where Gladder brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Stour on left bank. Stour rises by **Halesowen** in Grange Mill pond. 2 m. down, the outflow from Lutley Mill pond joins on left bank. 2 m. down, at **Cradley**, a brook joins on right bank, running out of Gades Green Reservoir, 2 m. S. of Dudley, and feeding the New pool close to **Cradley** on the W. Stour runs to **Stourbridge** 3 m., where a brook joins on left bank, draining Gig Mill pond and another pond close to Stourbridge on the S. 1 m. down Stour a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the reservoir in Pennsett Chase by **Brierley Hill**. 3 m. down Stour, at Devil's Den, Smestow joins on right bank. Smestow rises by Tettenhall, 2 m. N.W. from **Wolverhampton**, runs 7 m. to Trysull, 2 m. below which Wombourne brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, working several mills. 2 m. down Smestow, at Hollow Mill, a stream, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, which rises in the ponds in the Old Park, 2 m. W. of **Dudley**, and works several mills. Here also joins at the same place the stream, 3 m. long, draining the ponds in Himley Park, and the common pool by Himley. 2 m. down Smestow, Philley brook, 5 m. long, and feeding some mills, joins on right bank. Smestow joins Stour 2 m. on. Stour runs to **Kidderminster**, 10 m. Here a brook,

which rises by **Churchill**, and feeds numerous large mill ponds, joins on left bank; it is 6 m. long. 2 m. down Stour, Hoo brook joins on left bank. Hoo rises in a large pond, 2 m. above Bell Broughton (n.s. **Churchill**, 3 m.), and is 8 m. long. Stour runs to **Stourport** and Severn in 3 m. 4 m. down Severn, Dick brook, rising above Heighington, 3 m. W. from **Stourport**, and 9 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. above the junction, the outflow of Sharpley Pool, 4 m. S. of **Stourport**, joins Dick on right bank. Just below Weir Ferry, 1 m. down Severn, the outflow of Frog pool, and another pond 1 m. up, join on right bank. 1 m. down Severn, Shrawley brook, 4 m. long, and which drains the lakes at Witley Court, 7 m. from **Stourport**, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Severn, at Hawford, 4 m. N. from **Worcester**, Salwarp joins on left bank. Salwarp rises in Fockbury mill pond, 2 m. N. from **Bromsgrove**, at which place Spadashourne brook, 4 m. long, working some mills, joins on left bank. 5 m. down Salwarp, at Upper Warren, Hen brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Salwarp runs to **Droitwich**, 4 m., where Body brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Salwarp, Hampton brook, 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Salwarp, Doverdale joins on right bank. Doverdale runs 2 m. E. of **Thurlebury**, and is 14 m. long. Salwarp joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs 5 m. to **Worcester**. 2 m. below, Teme joins on right bank. Teme rises some 15 m. above **Knucklas**, runs 3 m. to **Knighton, Bucknall**, 6 m., **Leintwardine** (n.s. **Hoptonheath**, 3 m.). Here Clun joins on left bank. Clun rises 11 m. above **Clun** (n.s. **Broome**, 8 m.). Here Lower, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. Clun runs to Clunbury, 3 m., and Broome, 2 m. Here Kempton brook, which rises in Acton pool, 4 m. N. from **Clun**, and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Clun runs 2 m. to Clungunford, **Hoptonheath**, 2 m. 2 m. down, Red Lake brook joins on right bank. Bedlake rises 10 m. above **Bucknall**, and joins Clun 3 m. below. Clun runs to **Leintwardine** and Teme, 1 m. Teme runs 3 m., when Alceox brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teme at Burrington the outflow of Burrington pool, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Teme flows to **Bromfield**, 6 m. Here Onny joins on left bank. Onny rises in Marsh pool, 8 m. up from **Lydham**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining Shelve pool, 2 m. N. (n.s. **Lydham**, 7 m.) 1 m. down Onny, Black brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Onny runs to **Lydham**, 4 m., and **Baton**, 2 m. Here Eaton brook, which rises by Robin Hood's baths, 4 m. S.W. from **Le Botwood**, and is 10 m. long, joins on left bank. Onny runs to **Plowden**, 2 m., and 6 m. down, by Strefford bridge, Quenny brook joins on left bank. Quenny rises 4 m. above **Marsh Brook** station, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Eaton brook, which rises by Cardington, 3 m. N.W. from **Longville**, runs 9 m. to **Marton Road**, and 4 m. down joins Quenny, which joins Onny 1 m. below. Onny runs to **Craven Arms**, 1 m., **Onibury**, 4 m., **Bromfield** and Teme, 4 m. Here the outflow of the Decoy pools, lying 2 m. to the S.W. of **Bromfield**, joins on right bank. Teme runs 3 m. to **Ludlow**, and here Corve joins on left bank. Corve rises 1 m. S. of Burton, 1 m. from **Presthorpe**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream rising in Lutwiche mill pond 2 m. up (n.s. **Longville**, 2 m.). Corve runs 5 m., when Thonglands brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Corve runs 2 m., when Tugford brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down Corve, at Culmington, Pye brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Corve joins Teme at **Ludlow**, 8 m. down. 2 m. down Teme the drainage of the lakes in Ludford Park, 1 m. S. from **Ludlow**, joins on right bank. Teme runs to **Woolferton**, 4 m., and 1 m. down, Brimfield brook, rising in two ponds, and running by **Woolferton** Station, and 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teme, at **Easton Court**, West brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teme, Cadmore brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teme, Ledwych joins on left bank. Ledwych rises 4 m. above Middleton, 3 m. N.E. from **Ludlow**, and is joined on right bank at that place by the outflow of the lakes at Downton Hall, 1 m. up. Dogditch brook, 5 m. long, joins also on the left bank. 3 m. down Ledwych, 2 m. S.E. of **Ludlow**, Cay brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Ledwych the outflow of Wooton pool, 2 m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Ludlow** or **Tenbury**, 5 m.). 7 m. down, Ledwych joins Teme, which runs to **Tenbury**, 1 m. Here Kyre brook joins on right bank. Kyre rises 2 m. above **Kyre Magna**, runs through Kyre Park just below, receiving the outflow of Kyre pool 4 m. up. Thence to **Tenbury** is 5 m. 2 m. down Teme, Corn brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Teme, by **Newnham Bridge**, Bea joins on left bank. Bea rises 15 m. above **Cleobury Mortimer**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Cleobury brook, 3 m. long. Thence to **Cleobury** is 10 m., **Neen Sollers** 6 m., just above which **Banhall** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below, Hopton brook joins on right bank. Hopton runs 3 m., when Hopper brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Thence to Bea is 4 m.; Bea runs to **Newnham Bridge**, 2 m., where the outflow of Bickley pools, 2 m. up, join on right bank; thence to Teme is 1 m. Teme runs to **Eastham**, 3 m., where Pipers brook (trout) joins on right bank. 6 m. down Teme, at **Stanford Bridge**, the outflow of **Stanford Park** lake, 4 m. up, joins on right bank. Teme runs 12 m. to **Knightsford Bridge**, **Knightswick** being 1 m. off on right bank; and here Sapey brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Teme runs 3 m. to **Broadwas** and **Leigh Court**, 4 m. Here Leigh brook joins on right bank. Leigh, under the name of Cradley, rises by **Colwall**, runs 4 m. to **Mathon**, 4 m. W. from **Great Malvern**, and joins Teme 10 m. down. Teme runs 2 m. to **Bransford**, and 3 m. down, at **Powick Bridge**, is joined on left bank by **Laughern** brook, which is 14 m. long, and passes close on the W. side of **Worcester**, and 2 m. down joins Teme, which joins Severn 3 m. down.

Severn runs to Kempsey, 4 m.; **Upton-on-Severn**, 8 m.; **Ripple**, 4 m.; **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here **Ripple** brook, which drains the lakes in Croome Park, 3 m. N.W. from **Deford**, joins on left bank. Here also **Avon** joins on left bank. **Avon** rises in the reservoir by **Naseby** (n.s. **Kilworth**, 5 m.), and 3 m. down at **Welford**, 2 m. from **Kilworth**, is joined on right bank by the outflow from another reservoir 1 m. up. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Kilworth**; **Stanford**, 4 m.; **Lilbourne**, 2 m. Here **Yelvertoft** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. **Avon** runs to **Clifton**, 3 m.; **Rugby**, 3 m. Here **Swift** joins on right bank. **Swift** rises by **Kimcote**, 4 m. N.W. from **W. Kilworth**, runs 4 m. to **Lutterworth** (n.s. **Ullesthorpe**, 4 m.), and **Rugby** 8 m. **Avon** runs 10 m. to **Brandon**, and 9 m. below, at **Stoneleigh** (n.s. **Kenilworth**, 3 m.), is joined on right bank by **Sow**. **Sow** rises 3 m. above **Bedworth**, runs 2 m. to **Exhall**, where **Breach** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Foleshill**, where **Marches** Brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Sow**, 3 m. from **Coventry**, where **Withy** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Sow**, **Coomb** brook joins, which rises in **Burden** pool 5 m. above **Briklow**, runs thence in 3 m. to the lake in **Coomb** Park, and join **Sow** 1 m. on. 5 m. down **Sow**, **Sherburne** joins on right bank. **Sherburne** rises 5 m. above **Coventry**, and joins **Sow** 3 m. below. 2 m. down **Sow**, a stream joins on right bank 6 m. long, rising in some ponds on **Westwood** Heath (n.s. **Tile Mill**, 2 m., or **Kenilworth**, 3 m.). 1 m. down, **Sow** joins **Avon**, which runs 8 m. to **Leamington**. Here **Leam** joins on left bank. **Leam** rises 6 m. above **Braunston** (n.s. **Crick**, 5 m.) and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by **Rains** brook, 7 m. long, which runs 3 m. S. of **Rugby**. **Leam** runs to **Birdingbury** 5 m., and 3 m. down, at **Martin's**, is joined on left bank by **Ichene**. **Ichene** rises in a lake at **Stoneton** House, by **Wormleighton** (n.s. **Fenny Compton**, 2 m.), and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by **Ham** brook, which runs 1 m. N. from **Fenny Compton** Station, and is 4 m. long. **Ichene** runs 3 m. to **Harbury** and 3 m. to **Southam**, and 5 m. down joins **Leam**, which joins **Avon** 12 m. down. **Avon** runs 1 m. to **Warwick**, and 1 m. down is joined by a brook on left bank, which rises in a mill pond at **Chesterton**, 3 m. W. from **Harbury**, and 7 m. down waters the large lake in **Warwick** Park on the **Avon's** bank. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Barford** and **Hampton** Lacey 5 m. (n.s. **Stratford-on-Avon**, 5 m.). Here **Thelesford** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. A little below, running through **Charlote** Park, **Dene** joins on left bank. **Dene** rises by **Kington**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which rises in 3 ponds on **Pool** Fields, 2 m. N. from **Kington**, and waters the large lakes by **Coombrooke**, 2 m. N.W. from **Kington**, and joins **Dene** 1 m. down. **Dene** runs 8 m. to **Avon**, which runs to **Stratford**, 7 m. 1 m. below, **Stour** joins on left bank. **Stour** rises 12 m. above **Shipston** (n.s. **Campden**, 7 m.), and 7 m. down, at **Mitford** Bridge, is joined on left bank by **Compton** brook, 8 m. long. 1 m. down, at **Burmington**, **Knee** brook, which rises by **Campden**, runs 5 m. to **Blockley** and 8 m. to **Stour**, joins on left bank. **Stour** runs 3 m. to **Shipston**, **Halford** 5 m., 2 m. below which the outflow of **Ealington** Park lake, 1 m. up, joins on right bank; 9 m. down, **Stour** joins **Avon**. **Avon** runs to **Milcoote** 2 m., **Bidford** 9 m. **Salford Priors** 2 m. Here **Arrow** joins on right bank. **Arrow** rises by **Alvechurch**, runs 5 m. to **Bedditch**, just above which place a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake and **Hewell** Grange 2½ m. N.W. from **Bedditch**. 1 m. down **Arrow** a brook joins on right bank, draining the pond at **Ipsley** Lodge, 1 m. S.E. of **Bedditch**. **Arrow** runs to **Studley**, 3 m.; **Conington**, 3 m.; **Alcester**, 3 m. Here **Alne** joins on left bank. **Alne** rises above **Lapworth** Bridge, 4 m. N. from **Henley-in-Arden** (n.s. **Bearley Cross**, 5 m.), runs 20 m. to **Wootton** **Wawen**, 2 m. S. of **Henley**, and 2 m. from **Bearley Cross**. Here **Alne** waters a large lake, and is joined also on right bank by a brook running down from **Henley**. 2 m. down **Alne**, at **Gray** **Mill**, **Edstone** brook, which rises by **Hatton**, runs 6 m. to **Bearley Cross** and 2 m. to **Alne**, joins on left bank. **Alne** runs to **Alcester** 7 m. 2 m. down **Arrow** the outflow of the lake in **Rag** Park, 1 m. N.W. of **Wixford**, joins on right bank. **Arrow** runs to **Wixford** 1 m., and **Salford Priors** and **Avon** 3 m. Here **Ban** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Harvington**, and 2 m. down, by **Offenham**, **Wickham** brook joins on left bank. **Wickham** rises 2 m. above **Child's** **Wickham** (n.s. **Hinton**, 5 m.), runs to **Badsey** 4 m., and **Offenham** 3 m. **Avon** runs to **Evesham** 2 m., and here **Isborne** joins on left bank. **Isborne** rises by **Winchcombe** (n.s. **Cheltenham**, 8 m., S.W.), runs 12 m. to **Hinton**, and **Evesham** 3 m. **Avon** runs 7 m. to **Crothorn**, **Fershire** 5 m. Here **Wyre** joins 1 m. above the town on right bank. **Wyre** rises by **Inkberrow** (n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.), runs 6 m. to **Flyford** **Flavell**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by **Whitsun** brook, which rises above **Bishampton** (n.s. **Fershire**, 5 m.), and is 6 m. long. **Wyre** runs to **Fershire** and **Avon** 3 m. 8 m. down **Avon**, by **Deford**, **Bow** brook joins on right bank. **Bow** rises 7 m. N.W. of **Alcester**, above **Feckenham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Dean** brook, 3 m. long. **Bow** runs to **Himbleton** 1 m., 5 m. to **White Ladies** **Ashton**, 2 m. from **Spetchley**, **Fershire** station 4 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Stoulton** brook, which drains the lake in **Spetchley** Park, 6 m. up by **Spetchley**. **Bow** joins **Avon** 4 m. down at **Deford**. **Avon** runs 4 m. to **Bredon**, and **Severn**, at **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here **Carant** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Severn** **Swilgare** joins on left bank. **Swilgare** rises at **Frestbury**, 2 m. N.E. from **Cheltenham**, runs 4 m. to **Cleve** station, and 5 m. down close by **Tewkesbury**, is joined on right bank by **Tirle** brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down, **Swilgare** joins **Severn**, 5 m. down **Severn** by **Norton**, 5 m. from **Gloucester**

- Chelt joins on left bank. Chelt rises 4 m. above **Cheltenham**, and runs to Norton 7 m., and Severn 2m. Severn runs 8 m. to **Gloucester**, just above which Longford brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Close to the junction with Severn, Broadboard brook, 7 m. long, joins Longford on right bank. At **Gloucester**, Leaden joins on right bank. Leaden rises 7 m. above **Ledbury**, a mile above which place a stream joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining the Dogberry pools. 2 m. down Leaden the drainings of the canal reservoir  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up join on left bank. 1 m. down Leaden is Dormington, and 2 m. **Dymock** (n.s. **Ledbury**, 5 m.), where Preston river joins. 9 m. long, on right bank. Leaden runs to Pauntley, 6 m., and 3 m. down at **Upladon** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) is joined on left bank by Clynnch brook, which rises in Eastnor Castle lake, 2 m. E. from **Ledbury**, and is 11 m. long. Leaden runs to Hartpur, 3 m., where Newent brook which rises above **Newent** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 10 m.), and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Leaden runs 5 m. to **Gloucester**. Here also Twiver 6 m. long, joins Severn on left bank. (*See Upladon, Newent.*) (c.s.)
- Glynde** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Newhaven.*)
- Gobowen** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Perry. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Godalming** (Surrey).—P.D.R. Wey. (*See London, L.T.*) Preserved by a society.
- Gomshall** (Surrey).—S.E.R. (*See London, L.T.*) On Sittingbourne. Trout. There are some lakes at Albury Park.
- Goodworth Clatford** (Hants).—S.W.R. On Test. Trout, grayling. (*See Southampton and Andover.*) The owner of Clatford Mills has extensive rights.
- Goring** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: Sloane, Miller of Mansfield, and Swan and Bull at Streatley. *Fishermen*: J. Rush, G. Bartholomew, J. Saunders, at Streatley.
- Goring** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Govilon** (Monmouth).—M.T. & A.R. Usk; trout, salmon. Wenarth. *Lakes*: Forge Pond 2 m. (*See Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Grange Court** (Gloucester).—H. & G.R. Hope brook ( $1\frac{1}{2}$  m.) (*See Westbury.*)
- Grampond** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Fal. Fal rises on the E. side of Castle Down (n.s. **St. Columb**, 3 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by the outflow of a large lake on Tregoes Moor, close to the river. 1 m. down Fal a stream joins on left bank, which is 2 m. long, and a branch of which drains another pond on Tregoes Moor. Fal runs 5 m. to St. Stephen's, and 2 m. down (n.s. **Grampond Road**, G.W.B.,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m.) is joined on left bank by Gwendra Water, 5 m. long, passing St. Stephen's midway. Fal runs 2 m. to **Grampond**, Tregony 2 m., and 6 m. down runs into Falmouth Harbour. (c.s. **Fowey**.)
- Grampond Road** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Treasillian water; trout, grilse. Treasillack brook. (*See Truro, New Quay, Tregony, Veryan.*)
- Grantham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. In the canal are pike, perch, bream. *Hotels*: George, Angel, and Royal.
- Grant's House Station** (Northland).—(*See Berwick.*) Whiteadder. Trout.
- Grasmere**.—(*See Ambleside.*)
- Grassington** (York).—On Wharfe. Trout and grayling. Preserved by a club. Sec., W. Harker, Grassington, near Skipton. St. 10s. (*See Kilsney.*) (c.s. York.)
- Grateley** (Hants).—S.W.R. Winterbourne. Trout and coarse fish. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Great Haywood**.—Trent and Sow. Mr. L. Morgan preserves a portion of the water. Fishing very good. Roach, pike, chub, trout.
- Great Marlow** (Bucks).—M.B.R. Thames. Perch, roach, trout, pike, chub. *Hotels*: Anglers, Crown, Railway, Greyhound. *Fishermen*: G. White, R. and W. Shaw, H. Rockwell, G. Coster. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Green Road**.—W. & F.R. Black Beck runs 1 m. off. This stream rises on Thwaites Fell, and in  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. reaches Broadgate. From Broadgate Bridge to Hallthwaites Bridge is 1 m. From Hallthwaites to its junction with the Duddon Estuary is 2 m.
- Grimston** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. Frome, Piddle. Salmon, trout. (*See Wareham.*) (c.s.)
- Grimstead West** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (*See New Shoreham.*)
- Groombridge** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway.
- Grove Ferry** (Kent).—On A. & R.R. On Stour. Perch, roach, tench, jack, eels. (*See Sandwich; Canterbury.*) There is good day accommodation, but no beds. The best place for fishing is on the south side of the river, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from the inn, in a S.W. direction. The flood tide is the best time. (c.s.)
- Guernsey**.—Pollack (here called whiting), mackerel, turbot, &c., are taken. Best season from April to end of July. *Fishermen*: J. Falla, or R. Ferguson. Terms: 10s. per diem. Sea-fishing can be had from the pier at St. Peter's Port, and at St. Sampson's, with rod and ledger lines, for pollack and sand smelts.
- Guildford** (Surrey).—P.D.R. Wey. (*See London, L.T.*) Pike, roach, bream. Fishing free and decent. At Clandon Park are some lakes, also on Broad Street and Whitmore Commons.
- Gwinear** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Hayle. Trout. Gwinear water. (*See Hayle.*) (c.s. Camel.)
- Gwinear Road** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Gwinear brook. (*See Cambourne.*) (c.s. Camel.)
- Hackness** (Yorks).—Derwent. Trout and grayling. *Hotel*: Everley Arms, where a free ticket for the preserved water can be had. Above Hilla Green Bridge, 3 m. above Hackness, the river is free. From Hilla Green Bridge to Hertford Dale Bridge, below **Ayton** (*see Ayton*), the river is preserved by the Derwent Anglers' Club of 40 members, at 31s. 6d. a year; entrance, 20s. s.t. to strangers recommended by members, 40s.; d.t. for ditto, 5s.; to

- be obtained of Mr. Patrick, gunmaker, **Scarboro'**, 6 m. off. Trouting begins April 15, and ends Sept. 30; grayling June 16, and ends March 14. No fish to be killed under 8 in., or more than 10 brace killed in one day. No wading nor dogs allowed. There are many chub below **Ayton**. The upper part of the preserve is used for fly only, the lower part for minnow or worm.
- Hadley** (Salop).—S.U.R. Preston brook (2 m. N.W.), and a lake in which the brook rises. (See Gloucester.)
- Hadnall** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Sundown brook. Roden (4 m. E.) (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Hallham** (Sussex).—H.R. (See Berwick.)
- Hadham Cross** (Essex).—B. & St. M.R. (See Stratford.) On Ash. A few trout, pike, &c.
- Halesowen** (Worcester).—G.W.B. Stour. Lakes: Grange Mill Pond, Sutley Mill Pond (2 m. W.), New Pool (3 m. N.W.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Hallatrow** (Somerset).—B. & R.R. (See Bristol.) On lakes. Stone Easton Park Lake.
- Hammersmith** (Middx).—K. & R.R. Thames. (See London, L.T.)
- Hampton** (Middx).—S.W.R. Thames. (See London, L.T.) Inns: Red Lion, Tagg's Island Hotel (where some private fishing can be had), and Bell. Fishermen: W. Benn and Son, T. Langshaw and Son, T. Wheeler and G. Martin at Tagg's Island.
- Hampton** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon. Borle brook (2 m. W.). Mor brook (2½ m. N.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Hampton Court** (Middx).—Thames, Mole, the Island Fishery, and Hampton Court ponds. Hotels: Mitre and Island, King's Arms and Castle. E. Moulsey. Castle, and Carnarvon Castle. Fishermen: C. and T. Davis, W. and T. Milbourne, T. Wheeler, J. Smith, T. Watford, V. Stone, G. Martin. In the Home Park are some ponds. Pike, perch, carp, tench. Leave from the Master of the Horse's office.
- Hambrough** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode and Glyme. (See London, U.T.) A day's fishing may sometimes be had in the lakes in Blenheim Park from the steward of the Duke of Marlborough.
- Hanwell** (Middx).—G.W.R. Brent. Fishing poor and free. Perch, pike, and chub. (See London, L.T.) At Osterley Park are two fine lakes. Perch.
- Hanwood** (Salop).—M.B.R. Rea; trout, grayling. Yockleton brook. Longden brook (2½ m. S.). Lakes: Onslow Hall lake (3 m. N.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Harbottle** (Northland.).—On Coquet. Trout. (See Warwick.) (c.s.)
- Harbury** (Warwick).—G.W.B. Itchen. Lakes: Chesterton Mill Pond (3 m. W.). (See Southam, Gloucester.)
- Harrington** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, pike, perch, roach, dace, bream. Wickham brook (3 m. S.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Harleston** (Norfolk).—W.V.R. On Waveney. (c.s. Norfolk)
- Harlow** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See Stratford.) On Stort. The fishing on the towing path is free. Leave is freely given for the back waters and mill tails. Pike, perch, tench, roach, chub, Inn: Railway.
- Harpenden** (Herts).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Lea. (See Stratford and London, M.T.)
- Harrow** (Middx.).—L. & N.W.R. Ruislip Reservoir. (See London, M.T.)
- Hartfield** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (See Rochester.)
- Hartington** (Derby).—On Dove. Trout, grayling. Hotel: Charles Cotton, where fishing can be had; d.t. 2s. 6d. (See Advertisement.) Some miles of the river lying between the lower end of the Hartington Fishery and the upper end of the Dovedale Fishery is in private hands.
- Hartland** (Devon).—(N.s. Bideford, G.W.R., 15 m.) Hartland Abbey stream, Spoke's Mill (2 m.), Welcombe (4 m.), Torridge (5 m.), Marshland (6 m.), all holding trout, Marshland especially. Hotels: New Inn and King's Arms. Hartland Abbey stream rises 4 m. E. of Hartland, and joins the sea 3 m. down. Spoke's Mill stream rises 2 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long. Welcombe rises 4 m. S. of Hartland, runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Marshland rises 5 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long, joining the sea close to Welcombe stream. Fish of all kinds may be killed off the coast and in the fissures of the rocks at low tide. Capital bass fishing with indiarubber sand-eel at times from a boat.
- Harton Road** (Salop).—C.A. & M.W.R. Eaton brook. Quenny brook (3 m. W.). Lakes: Lutwiche mill pond (2 m. N.E.). (See Gloucester.)
- Harwood Dale** (Yorks).—9 m. from Scarborough. Jugger Howe Beck and Derwent. Trout and grayling; free. (See Hackness.)
- Haslemere** (Surrey).—P.D.R. (See London, L.T.; Little Hampton.)
- Hassocks Gate** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See New Shoreham.)
- Hatch** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Bridgwater.)
- Hatfield** (Herts).—G.N.R. On Lea. The river belongs to the Marquis of Salisbury, who sometimes gives permission. In Hatfield Park is a large lake. Pike and coarse fish. (See Stratford.)
- Hatton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Edstone brook. (See Gloucester.)
- Haverhill** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. On Stour.
- Hawes** (York).—On Ure. Trout and grayling. Inns: the Black Bull, Crown, and White Hart. The fishing is preserved by the Hawes and High Abbotside Angling Association. Non-residents can fish for—s.t., 10s.; d.t. 1s.; residents, s.t., 5s. No fishing before 6 a.m., or after 8 p.m., up to May 1, and after that date from 4 a.m. to 10 p.m. Fishing begins Feb. 14, and ends Oct. 1. Sec., Mr. B. Thompson. (c.s. York.)

**Hawes' Water** (Westland).—Trout and char.

**Hayle** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Hayle. Trout. Hayle rises in Clowance Park (n.s. **Gwinear Road**, G.W.R., 3 m.), runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by Germoe brook, 3 m. long. Hayle runs to **St. Barth** (G.W.R.), 3 m., and Hayle 2 m. Here Gwinear water, which rises by **Gwinear** (G.W.R.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. The tide flows to this point. (*c.s. Camel.*)

**Hayling Island**.—There is very good fishing from boats in the harbour, all sorts of fish, especially bass. A lady keeps a boarding establishment, and there is a good hotel.

**Hasleford** (Notts).—On Trent. (n.s. **Bleasby Gate**, M.R.) Perch, roach, dace, barbel, chub, &c. Free on both sides; but Mr. Cox, the landlord of the inn, charges 6d. for fishing on the island, where there is some good barbel fishing.

**Headcorn** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Beult. Trout.

**Hele** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe (3 m. off). Salmon, trout, dace, roach. (Preserved by the Up Exe Fishing Association.) Culm and Langford brook. Trout. The Culm from here up to Cullompton is preserved by the Culm Fishing Association. (*See Exeter and Topsham.*)

**Helmaley** (York).—On Rye. Plenty of trout. The fishery belongs to Lord Feversham, whose agent will sometimes grant leave for fishing the stream above Helmaley Bridge. Fly and minnow fishing; no worm.

**Helston** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Ferry**, 12 m.). Looe river and Pool. Looe rises 4 m. S. of **Pool Station** (G.W.R.), runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook, 2 m. long. Looe runs 1 m. to Wendron and **Helston**, 3 m. 1 m. down, Looe forms a large lake, 2 m. long, separated from the sea by a sand bar. Both river and lake (except one arm on the left bank), is destroyed by mine water. In the arm mentioned some good trout may be killed. (*c.s. Fowey.*) (*See Constantine.*)

**Hemel Hempstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Gade. (*See London, M.T.*)

**Hemyock** (Devon).—C.V.R. Culm. Trout. Above here the river is private; below it is preserved to **Culmstock** by the Upper Culm Fishing Club. S. t. 11. 1s.; w. t., 7s. 6d.; d. t., 2s. 6d., to be had at the Culm Valley Inn. Good fishing. (*See Exeter.*)

**Hendon** (Middx.).—G.N.R. & M.R. Brent and Welsh Harp Reservoir. Hotel: Welsh Harp. (*See London, L.T.*) Leave for the Decoy and Tenterden lake by introduction to the proprietors. Chub, roach, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels. (*See Advertisement.*)

**Hengood** (Sussex).—On Adur. Dace, &c. (*See New Shoreham.*)

**Hengford** (Monmouth).—B. & B.R. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Cardiff, Wales.*)

**Henley-in-Arden** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Beasley Cross**, 5 m.) Aine (1½ m. E.) Lakes: a large lake at Wootton Warwen (1½ m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*)

**Henley** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) Inns: Angels Red Lion, Catherine Wheel, Anchor, and White Hart. Fishermen: R. and E. Vaughan, the Parrotts, Richardson, T. Jerome, T. and R. Potter, G. Hamilton, and the Neals. The two mill tails at Marsh Lock are private.

**Hereford**.—N.A. & H.R. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout, perch. Wlithy brook. Sugwas brook. Red brook (2 m.). Lug (2 m.); pike, perch, and coarse fish. Sutton brook (2 m.). Gaze brook (3 m.). (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*) The Holme Lacey fishery on Wye is preserved by Mr W. Stephens, Gwynne-street, Hereford, for 20 m. S. t., trout, 30s.; salmon and trout, 100s.; d. t., trout, 3s.; salmon and trout 5s.; w. t., trout, 7s.; salmon and trout, 12s. Trout fishing commences March 1st, and ends Sept. 30th. Salmon fishing on March 15th and Nov. 1st. No trout or grayling to be taken under 8in. The fisheries extend from Bullingham brook to Lug's mouth on the left bank of the river, and from Bullingham brook to Cary brook on the right side. Tickets for bottom fishing 5s. for the season. Boats must not be used. (*c.s.*)

**Hernbridge** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Stour and Moors. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)

**Hertford** (Herts).—G.N.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) On Lea, Mimram, Beam, Rib, and New River. Hotels: Salisbury Arms, Dimsdale Arms, Railway, and White Swan. The landlord of the Swan rents a fishery. Trout, jack, perch, chub. S. t. 5s. The Marquis of Salisbury preserves the Lea for 1 m. above the town. Above, W. R. Baker, Esq. preserves some 3 m. of good trout water. The fishing in Mimram is preserved. From Luton down there is good trouting—fish running 2lb. or 3lb. Mr. Thornton owns some portion of the stream. If properly introduced, leave may be obtained for a day. Below Mr. Thornton, Earl Cowper has the right to the junction of Mimram with Lea. The fishing is jealously guarded. The fishing on Beam is good—trout especially; but leave is difficult to obtain. There is about ½ m. of open water below Waterford Mills. The old river Lea is preserved from the town mill tail to the engine house in the King's Mead; s. t., 5s. Mr. E. Oram, St. Andrew's-street, Hertford, or Messrs. Simson, Market-place.

**Hesket Newmarket** (Cumberland).—On Caldew; trout. Overwater (8 m.); pike; strictly preserved.

**Haytesbury** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. Willy. Trout. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)

**Hexham** (Northland.).—M.R., G.N.R. On Tyne. Salmon and trout. The owner of Beaumont Castle preserves some 3 m. of water. (*c.s.*)

**Heyford** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)

**Higham Ferrers**.—On Nene. The river is here preserved by the Wellingborough and Higham Ferrers Club. This club water joins on with the club water at Northampton. There is about ½ m. of free water here. (*See Wellingborough.*) The Nene, after passing Higham Ferrers, flows to Ringstead. (*See Ringstead.*)

**High Bridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue. (*See c.s. Avon.*) Brue rises E. of Bruton

(W.S. & W.R.), where Cambe River, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Brue runs in 1 m. to Cole (S. & D.R.), where Shepton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Brue runs to **Castle Carey** (G.W.R.) 2 m., and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Evercreech brook. Evercreech rises in a mill pond some 2 m. N. of **Evercreech** (G.W.R.), and 1½ m. down at **Evercreech Junction** (G.W.R.) is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pond at Milton Cleveland 1 m. from **Evercreech**. Evercreech joins Brue 4 m. down. Brue runs in 6 m. to Baltonbury on right bank, and **Glastonbury** (G.W.R.) 5 m. Here Wootton brook joins on right bank. Wootton rises by North Wootton (n.s. **Fennard**, G.W.R., 2½ m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising W. of **Fennard Station**, and is 4 m. long. Wootton runs in 4 m. to **Glastonbury**. Brue runs in diverse channels through the moors for 4 m. to **Meare** (G.W.R.), where Godney brook joins on right bank. Godney rises at **Crocombe** (n.s. **Shepton Mallet**, G.W.R., 2 m.), runs to **Wells** (G.W.R.) 3 m., **Polsham** (G.W.R.) 2 m., and Brue 6 m. Brue runs in 1½ m. to Westhay Bridge (n.s. **Shapwick**, G.W.R., 1 m.); 3 m. down on left bank is **Edington Station** (G.W.R.), 1½ m. off the river. Brue runs in 4 m. to **Woolavington** and **Cossington Station** (G.W.R.) and **High Bridge** 1½ m. Brue joins Parret estuary 1½ m. below.

**Highgate** (Middx.).—There is some fishing in the ponds belonging to the Alexandra Palace. Apply to the manager.

**High Wycombe** (Bucks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Wye. Trout. *Hotels*: Lion and White Hart. A portion of the river is preserved by the High Wycombe Angling Association; apply to the secretary, Mr. J. Thurlow. A branch runs through the lake in Lord Carington's grounds. Pike, perch, carp, roach. Leave is sometimes given. (See *London, M.T.*)

**Hinton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Isborne. (See *Gloucester*.)

**Hoddesdon** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford and London*.) On Lea, Stort, and New River. The Lea here is preserved by Cook. His water immediately joins the upper part of the Broxbourne fishery. *Inns*: Fish and Eels. Above Cook's is the Rye House fishery.

**Hodnet** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern (1 m. E.). Salten brook (2 m. E.). *Lakes*: Rose Hill ponds (4 m. E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Holly Bush** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey. (See *Newport*.)

**Holme Lacey** (Hereford).—A. & H.B. Wye; plenty of coarse fish, and a few trout, grayling, and salmon. Lug (1 m.); pike and coarse fish. Frome (2 m.). Pentelaw brook (2 m.) (c.s.) *Inns*: Green Dragon and Mitre. (See *Chepstow*; *Hereford*.)

**Holmes Chapel** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. On Dane. A few trout and plenty of all kinds of coarse fish, preserved by landowners.

**Holmewood** (Stafford).—L. & D.R. (See *London, L.T.*) Ewood Pond is 1½ m. off.

**Holmsley** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On Warburn. Dace, trout, salmon peel. Preserved. Warburn rises near the station, and is about 10 m. long, joining the sea at Key Haven, 6 or 7 m. S.W. of **Lymington**. Another stream rises by the "Rising Sun," by Wootton, 2½ m. from the station, runs 5 m. to Milford, and joins the sea 1 m. down. Fishing fair. The sea fishing is very good. (See *Lymington*.)

**Holsworthy** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. (See *Bude*.)

**Holt** (Wilt.).—W. & S.R. (See *Bristol*.)

**Holy Stone** (Northland.).—Near Coquet. Trout. Accommodation can be had. (c.s.)

**Honiton** (Devon).—S.W.R. On Otter. Trout. *Blancombe Brook*, *Awlescombe Brook*. (See *Ottery St. Mary and Seaton*.) D.t., 2s. 6d., at Fenny Bridge. (c.s.)

**Hopton Heath** (Salop).—C.W.R. Clun. Trout, grayling. *Redlake brook* (2 m. S.). (See *Leintwardine*.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Horley** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. Mole. (See *London, L.T.*) Few small trout above. Below, pike, perch, carp, tench, bream, eels, roach. Leave not difficult to obtain from the millers. By Horley Church is some deep water holding good fish—pike, perch, carp, tench, bream. 2 m. below Horley Mill is a similar stretch of water.

**Horncastle** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. On Bain. Trout, roach. Bain rises at Ludford, runs 14 m. to **Horncastle**, thence to Tattersall, and joins Witham. Trouting good, but strictly preserved.

**Horning Ferry** (Norfolk).—(See *Norwich*.)

**Hornsey**.—G.N.R. On New River. (See *London*.)

**Horrabridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Walcombe. Tavy, 3 m. Trout. (c.s. *Tamer*.) (See *Plymouth*.)

**Horsham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun and Channel Brook. (See *Little Hampton*.) Fair pike fishing. *Hotels*: Bedford, King's Head.

**Hovingham** (York).—The Rye for 4 m. is preserved by the Ryedale Angling Club of 20 members, who can each introduce a friend for six days in the year. Trout, and a great many grayling. The members of the Club are restricted to artificial fly or minnow; visitors to artificial fly alone. There is some free water a few miles below Hovingham, where grayling are large and numerous, but trout scarce. There are several other small streams in this neighbourhood, Holbeck, Riccal, &c., but mostly preserved. *Hotel*: the Worsley Arms, most comfortable.

**Hungerford** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennet. Trout. *Hotel*: Bear. (See *London, M.T.*) The river is preserved by a society of limited members. Entrance, 20 gs.; s.t. 10 gs. Sec., Mr. H. Collins, Leopold House, Reading.

**Hythe** (Kent).—S.E.R. In the military canal are bream, roach, perch, and a few pike. Fishing fair; m.t., 1s. *Hotel*: Swan.

- Ilam** (Stafford.).—The Dove. Trout and grayling good. By staying at the Isaak Walton or Ilam Hotel leave can be had for 3m. and 4m. of water. Ilam is 5 m. from Ashbourne.
- Iford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Roding. (*See Barking.*)
- Ilfracombe** (Devon).—N.D.R. (*See Linton.*) 3 m. off runs Berry water, which rises by Horedown Gate, 4 m. from Ilfracombe, runs 3 m. to Berry harbour, and the sea 2 m. *Hotels:* Ilfracombe and Royal Clarence.
- Ilkley Bridge** (York).—On Wharfe. Trout and grayling. The fishing is good below here. Good accommodation at the New Inn, Crescent Hotel, and Rose and Crown, where tickets can be got at 2s. 6d. per day. Above, the river is preserved by Mr. J. C. Kay and Mr. W. Middleton. (*See Bolton.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Ilminster** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*c.s. Axe.*) Yarty. (*See Seaton.*) Isle. Trout, pike, and coarse fish. Leave may be obtained. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Ingatstone** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Cann. (*See Maldon.*) About 2½ m. from here is the large lake of Fitzwater.
- Inkberrow** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.) Wyre. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Instow** (Devon).—N.D.R. Good sea fishing, and salmon in Torridge; preserved by a society. Tickets are to be obtained. (*See Bideford.*) (*c.s. Tav.*)
- Ipswich**.—On Gipping. Roach, pike, tench, and perch. *Hotels:* White Horse, Golden Lion, Crown and Anchor. About 2 m. of water is free up to a little way above Boss Hall. The Gipping Angling Preservation Society here preserve the river up to Blakenham. The whole, including the free water, extends over 7 m. Family tickets 21s., and d.t. 1s., of the keeper; hon. sec., W. Edgcombe, National Provincial Bank. There are three inns—one at Sprooughton, Bramford, and Claydon
- Ireby** (Cumberland).—On the Ellen. Trout.
- Iron Acton** (Gloucester).—M.R. Frome. (*See Bristol.*)
- Iron Bridge** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn. Pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon, &c. Willey Park Ponds (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Isfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Ouse. (*See Newhaven.*) (*c.s.*)
- Isle of Man**.—The sea fishing is excellent for pollack, there called "blockin," mackerel, cod, and codlin, whiting and plaice. The chief bait for ground fish is herring; but lugs, sand-eels, small fresh-water eels, and shellfish are also found there. Whiffing with white and coloured flies and indiarubber sand-eel for pollack and mackerel is followed with success. There is also good fishing in and off Ramsay Bay. Double and treble gut hook links and casting lines are requisite. At sea and along the rocky coast, "boilans" (wrasse) and congers may be taken. The small White and Black Water rivers unite their streams and fall into the sea at Douglas. There is trout fishing in this and other streams of the island. There is trouting at Drindale, 10 m. from Douglas.
- Isle of Wight:**
- ALVERSTONE**.—I. of W.R. (*See Brading.*)
- BLACKWATER**.—I. of W.R. (*See Cowes.*)
- BRADING**.—I. of W.R. On Brading. Roach, dace, trout. Brading rises in Ford Mill (n.s. **Wroxhall**, I. of W.R., 3 m.). 5 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises in French Mill 2½ m. up. Brading runs in 1½ m. to **Horringsford** (I. of W.R.), 1 m. to **Newchurch**, **Alverstone** 1 m., 1 m. to **Sandown** (I. of W.R.), and Brading 2 m., joining the sea 2 m. below **Brixton**. Here two streams join, each working a mill at its source. The united streams work a mill at Brixton, and runs in 1 m. to the sea. Leave from the landowners and farmers. There is about 1 m. of free water by the station.
- COWES**.—I. of W.R. On Medina. Medina rises 3 m. above Gatcombe Mill and Park, 1 m. from **Blackwater Bridge** (I. of W.R.), runs 1 m. to **Stride** (I. of W.R.), 1 m. to **Newport**, to which the tide flows and joins the sea at Cowes 6 m. below. Mullet may be caught with a small fly on the ebb tide. *Hotels:* Marine, Gloucester, and Crown.
- HORRINGFORD** (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)
- NEWCHURCH** (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)
- NEWPORT** (I. of W.R.).—(*See Cowes.*)—There are some large ponds near Carisbrook holding very fine trout. Leave may sometimes be had.
- NEWTOWN**.—On Newtown River, which rises in Cambourne Mill, runs to Green Mill, and is 4 m. long.
- RYDE** (I. of W. R.).—There is very good pout and whiting fishing here. Very fair fishing from the jetty. The largest fish are under the timbers.
- SANDOWN** (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*) Brading (1 m. N.); trout, roach; preserved by Lady Oglander. There is some free fishing below the bridge; dace, roach. There is a reservoir here holding roach, fishing free.
- STRIDE** (I. of W.R.).—(*See Cowes.*)
- VENTNOR** (I. of W.R.). Fair fishing from the pier when the tide is up. There are plenty of rock tench and flounders.
- WOOTON**.—Wooton Brook here joins the sea; it is 5 m. long.
- WROXHALL** (I. of W.R.). (*See Brading.*)
- YARMOUTH**.—On Yare, which rises in the large lake at Freshwater, 3 m. off. At sea is good pout and whiting fishing.
- Isleworth** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames and Yedding Brook. (*See London, L.T., and Richmond, Surrey.*) *Fisherman:* W. Clarke.



**Ialip** (Oxford).—O.W. & B.S.R. Cherwell and Ray. (*See London, M.T.*)

**Itchen Abbas** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen. Trout. (*See Southampton.*)

**Itchinfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (*See Little Hampton.*) Good pike fishing.

**Ivy Bridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Erme. Trout numerous, but very small. Erme rises on Dartmoor, runs 6 m. to Hartford Bridge, above which fishing is free, but preserved hence to the sea by the Avon and Erme Fishery Association; d.t. 2s. 6d., at the hotel at **Ivy-bridge**, or the Plymouth tackle shops; runs 2 m. to **Ivybridge**; Ermington 3 m. Here Ugborough brook joins on left bank. Ugborough rises by Ugborough (n.s. **Kingsbridge Road**, G.W.R., 2 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Wood brook, 2 m. long. 2 m. down is the Erme. Erme runs 1 m., and is joined on left bank by Shilstone brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Erme the tide flows, and here Modbury brook joins on left bank. Modbury rises 1 m. E. of Modbury (n.s. **Ivybridge**, 5 m.), and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Erme is the sea. (c.s. *Avon*.)

**Jersey**.—General Information.—There is no free water fishing except in a few ponds for carp, tench, eels, &c. The sea fishing is very good. The rock upon which Elizabeth Castle stands in St. Aubin's Bay is a very good spot. Bass, mullet, and conger. There is shore fishing for pout, pollack, &c. The rocks about Bouley Bay, Rozel Bay, St. Brelade's, and St. Aubin's are good spots, and red mullet, soles, plaice, &c., can be taken in a trammel net. Fine freshwater eels can be also caught in St. Helier's harbour by ground-lines or a trot, baited with bits of sand-eel or soft crab found under stones. Close to all the insulated rocky shoals which environ St. Aubin's Bay, pollack may be caught, here called whiting. Les Pignonets and Grune du Port rocks near Noirmont Port are favourite spots. Apply to J. de la Mare, or P. Le Ray.

**Kearney** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Dour In Kearney Abbey there are some trout. Leave from the occupier. (*See Dover*.)

**Kelston** (Somerset).—M.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon and Boyd. (c.s.)

**Kelvedon** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Maldon*.) There is a fine sheet of water in Braxted Park. *Inns*: Star and Fleece and Railway Tavern. 4 m. off is Oldfield Grange Pond, belonging to Mr. Hanbury, of Oldfield Grange, Coggeshall, who will often give permission. Pike, perch, carp, tench, and roach.

**Kendal**.—Trout, mott, sprod, salmon. The Kent has two tributaries—the Mint and Sprint; and these, with the Kent, are under the protection of the Kent Angling Society (voluntary subscriptions). Angling for trout is free in all but a small portion of the Kent near its mouth, and a small portion of the Sprint near its source. *Hotels*: Railway and King's Arms.

**Kenilworth** (Warwick).—W. & L.R. (*See Stoneleigh*.) *Lakes*: Ponds on Westwood Heath (3 m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.)

**Kerne Bridge** (Hereford).—R. & M.R. Wye. Chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon, trout. (c.s.) Castle brook. Garran (2 m.); trout. Luke brook (2 m.). Lammerch brook (5 m.). (*See Chepstow*.)

**Keswick**.—On Greta. Preserved by a club; s.t., price 5s. Also in the river Derwent trout are numerous, and salmon occasionally. Thirlmere Lake is near (perch, pike, trout), the Greta running out of it and joining the Derwent at the foot of Derwentwater, which last river runs into Bassenthwaite Lake, some 5 m. distant. Good fishing; trout, pike, perch. In addition, there is the stream that runs up Borrodale. The trout fishing in Derwentwater is good by trolling, and the river which connects it with Bassenthwaite likewise contains occasionally some very large trout and pike. The season begins Feb. 15, and ends Sept. 20. Derwentwater and all the streams within 6 m. are preserved by the society. Bassenthwaite contains large pike and perch. At the foot of Bassenthwaite is the Pheasant Inn, which gives leave to fish. Overwater, 3 m. from Bassenthwaite, swarms with pike; leave required.

**Kew** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)

**Keynsham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon, Chew, and Siston Brook. (c.s.)

**Kidderminster** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Stour. Churchil brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Kilnsey** (York).—On Wharfe. Trout. *Hotel*: Tennants Arms. The Kilnsey Angling Club of 30 members preserve the water; sec., Col. Nowell, Netherlands, near Skipton, York; entrance fee 21s.; subs. 84s. Fishing very good. Visitors' tickets, from the keepers, 5s. a day. The source of the stream is under the southern brow of Cam Fell, from whence it runs down Langstroth Dale, past the villages of Buckden and Starbottom (where the club rights begin) to Kettlewell. A little below this the river Skifare joins the Wharfe, and is formed by two streams which unite at the village of Arncliffe. The Skifare is good, and is preserved by the above club from Hawkwick down. Below the confluence of the waters from Littondale is Kilnsey. The club rights extend to 1 m. below. (*See Bolton*.) The Kilnsey club also preserves a large reservoir at Grimwith, 7 m. east of Kilnsey, which contains large trout. (c.s. *York*.)

**Kilworth** (Warwick).—R. & S.R. Avon. Dace, roach, perch. (*See Naseby and Welford*.) Swit (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Kingsbridge** (Devon).—(N.s. **Kingsbridge-road**, G.W.R., 12 m.) Kingsbridge brook. This brook is 3 m. long, and forms in addition a long estuary, up which the tide flows to Kingsbridge. 2 m. below Kingsbridge, at Charlton, Fleece brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Chillington water, which rises 3 m. N.W. of Torcross, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Heydon Brook, 3 m. long, joins a branch creek at South

- Pool. Capital sea fishing in the estuary. Good bass fishing at Salstone Rock, half-way between Kingsbridge and Salcombe. Avon 3 m. N.; trout, salmon. (*See Brent.*)
- Kingsbridge Road** (Devon).—G. W.R. (*See Ivy Bridge.*)
- Kingland** (Hereford).—L. & K.R. Lug and Pinsley brook; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Wye.*) The fishing is preserved by the landowners; then comes the stretch preserved by Mr. Bedford, Royal Oak, **Leominster**, and then  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. of free water to **Leominster**. There are two small inns; lodgings can be had. (*See Chepstow.*)
- King Sombourne** (Hants).—S.W.R. The Test. Large trout. (*See Southampton.*)
- Kings Langley** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Gade.
- Kingston** (Surrey).—G.W.R. Thames and Hog's Mill River. (*See London, L.T.*) Inns: Griffin, Sun, Wheatsheaf, Railway, and White Hart. *Fishermen*: T. Johnson and T. Johnson, jun.; B. Pope, E. Stephens, and J. Wilks.
- Kington** (Hereford).—L. & K.B. Arrow. Trout. Preserved by a club below to Titley, above by the landowners. (*c.s. Wye.*) Gilwern brook. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Kington** (Warwick).—G.W.B. Dene. Lakes: Coombroke lake (2 m. N.W.), ponds in Pool Fields (2 m. N.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Kinnerley** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Wear brook. Morda (3 m. W.) Severn (3 m. S.); chub, dace, trout, pike, salmon. Vyrnwy (4 m. S.W.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Lakes: Sandford Hall lake (3 m. N.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Kinnerley** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Letton lake brook. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Kintbury** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Kirby Moorside**.—N.E.R. This is a good centre from which to fish several streams. *Hotels*: White Horse, King's Head. Going westward from Kirby Moorside is Hodge Beck, which rises in Bransdale, runs down Sleightholm Dale to Hold Caldron Mill, where it sinks, rises again at Howkeld Head, 1 m. W. of Kirby Moorside, and joins the Dove 2½ m. S. of it. It contains a great number of trout and grayling at the lower end. Almost all of it can be fished by ticket of Earl Feversham's at a small charge. Fly and minnow only. A little further W. is Riccal Beck, which rises on the moors, runs down Riccal Dale, sinks underground, rises again a mile or two lower at Harome, joins Rye at Muscoates. Contains very many trout and grayling at lower end. River Dove rises in Farndale, after a run of 8 or 10 m., sinks underground at Yoadwath Mill, 1 m. E. of Kirby Moorside, rises again at Keld Holme, ¼ m. S.E. of Kirby Moorside, flows past Edatone, Northolme, and Salton into Rye, below East Ness. Trout and grayling plentiful, the latter below Keld Holme. A good deal of Mayfly on this stream. Part of it at Douthwaite Dale and Northolme belongs to W. F. Shephard, Esq., Douthwaite Dale. A good deal of it to Earl Feversham, who grants tickets, and several freeholders. D.t. 1s. for Riccal, Hodge, and Dove, from Marshall Stephenson, Esq., Duncombe Estate Office, Helmsley, agent to Lord Feversham, to whom the greater part belongs.
- Kirkby**.—(*See Woodland.*)
- Kirkby Lonsdale** (Westland.).—On Lune. Trout. *Hotels*: Royal and Green Dragon. (*See c.s.*)
- Kirkby Stephen** (Westland.).—Eden and Angill Beck. Trout. Leave to fish from the landowners. Angill Beck can be fished with leave from the occupiers of Angill Castle. (*c.s.*)
- Kirklington** (Notts.).—M.R. Greet. Trout.
- Kirknewton** (Northland.).—The College and Bowmont here join, and form Glen. (*See Berwick-on-Tweed.*)
- Kirtlington** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Knareborough** (York).—On Nidd. Trout, pike, perch, chub, dace, barbel. The fishing is preserved by a club limited to 40 members. Secretary, Mr. Wolstenholme; entrance fee, 2l. 2s.; annual subscription, 1l. 1s. A club ticket is provided for use of friends of members. Free tickets are granted for three days a week to residents in Knareborough for a portion of the water. Season commences on March 1st, ends September 15th. No member or other person can fish more than three days a week. (*c.s. York.*)
- Knightswick** (Worcester).—B.B.R. Teme. Trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike. Sapey brook. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lancaster**.—On Lune. Salmon and trout. Tickets are let by the lessee for a small sum per week. The river flows through Halton, Hornby, Kirkby Lonsdale, Middleton, and Sedborough, near which it rises. (*c.s.*)
- Langford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer. (*See Maldon.*)
- Langley** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Black Park, Harvey, and Langley Park are some large lakes. Pike, perch, and chub. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Langport** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret and Yeo. (*See Bridgewater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Lanternan** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Dowlas brook 2 m. (*See Newport.*)
- Lapford** (Devon).—N.D.R.—Taw, Lapford water, Washford brook. (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Launceston** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Tamer; trout. Yeolm; trout. Attery; trout; river very bushy. Cowdrey water, 5 m. Laudno water, 2 m. Inny, 4 m.; trout. Penpont water, 4 m.; trout. (*c.s. Tamer.*) (*See Plymouth and St. Germans.*) *Hotels*: White Hart and King's Arms.
- Lea Bridge** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Lea. (*See Stratford.*) Pike, barbel, roach, bream, carp, chub, tench. S.t. 15s., d.t. 1s. Only annual subscribers can fish for jack.
- Leaholme Bridge** (Yorks).—Near Whitby. Decent trouting, and a good country inn close to the river.

- Leamington** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.B. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. *Leam.* (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Leatherhead** (Surrey).—L.B.R. Mole. (See London, L.T.) Trout, dace, and perch. Retained by the landowners.
- Leaton** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Severn (1 m. W.). Chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. *Lakes:* Almond Pool, Black Pool, and Hencot Pool (2 m. S.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Le Botwood** (Salop).—S. & H.B. Conn'd brook; trout. Bow brook (3½ m. N.E.). Acton brook (4 m. E.). Eaton brook (4 m. S.W.). (See Gloucester.)
- Lechlade** (Oxon).—W. & E.G.R. On Thames, Colne, and Leach. Chub, trout, dace, pike, perch, and roach. Trouting on Leach very good. Strictly preserved by the landowners. (See London, U.T.)
- Ledbury** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Leaden. *Lakes:* Eastnor Castle lake (2 m. E.), Dogberry pools (3 m.), Canal reservoir (3 m.). (See Dymock, Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Lee** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. (See Lewisham.)
- Leeds** (Yorks).—G.N.R., M.K.R., L. & N.W.R. (See Clapham.)
- Leicester**.—On Soar. Pike, roach, perch, chub, carp, and tench. The water below the town is much polluted, and of not much account. The Wreke, (except close to Melton, where it is polluted) about 5 m. below the town, and which falls into Soar at Syston Mill, is good, and is preserved chiefly by H. C. Woodcock, Esq. (Rearsby), who kindly gives permission to anglers for the asking. The Leicester Angling Society preserves a considerable length; tickets at a small charge. This river is noted for its chub and bream holes. There is good roach fishing between Syston and Melton Mowbray, a distance of 9 m. There are several small forest streams containing trout, but they are all strictly preserved. 7 m. from Leicester is Thornton Reservoir, containing large trout; strictly preserved. The owner of Brookaby Hall preserves about 2 miles of the Wreke. (c.s. Trent.) *Hotels:* Bell, Royal, George, Stag and Pheasant, Wellington.
- Leigh Court** (Worcester).—B.B.R. Tems. Trout, chub, dace, grayling, pike, perch. Leigh brook. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Leintwardine** (Hereford).—(n.s.) **Moyton Heath**, 3 m. Tems; grayling, trout; preserved by the Leintwardine Angling Club of limited numbers, elsewhere by the landowners; fishing first-class. Clun; trout, grayling; preserved as the Tems. Alcox brook (3 m. S.E.). *Lakes:* Barrington pool (4 m. S.E.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Leominster** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. *Hotel:* Royal Oak. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace. There is 1½ m. free water just above the town; then comes 1½ m. preserved by the landlord, Royal Oak, for his guests. Above, preserved by the landowners. The Eaton Fishing Club of limited numbers (sec. Mr. V. W. Holmes, National and Provincial Bank) preserve 4 m. below the town to Ford, also 2 m. of Arrow from its junction with Lug. (c.s. Wye.) Pinsley brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. Ridgmore brook. Cogwell brook. Arrow (1½ m.); trout, grayling, dace, perch; preserved by Leominster Club and the landlord of Royal Oak. (c.s. Wye.) Stretford brook (1½ m.). Humber brook (3 m.). Puddleston brook (4 m.). (See Chepstow.)
- Lewes** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Ouse. (See Newhaven.) Pike, perch. Preserved by a society. Tickets: Family, 21s.; annual, 15s. 6d.; monthly, 2s. 6d.; weekly, 1s.; daily, 6d.
- Lewisham** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. This stream rises by Hayes, runs by Bromley (L.C. & D.R.) 3 m., 3½ m. to Catford Bridge (M.K.R.), Lewisham 1 m. 1 m. below, at Lee (M.K.R.), a stream joins Ravensbourne, having a course of 6 m. Ravensbourne joins Thames 2 m. on at Greenwich.
- Leyburn** (York).—(See Aysgarth.) Cover joins Yore 3 m. off at Cover Bridge. Leave to fish a portion of Yore and the Cover up to East Witton Stepping Stone, on the south side, by staying at Coverbridge Inn—comfortable. Above, the fishing is private. Good general fishing below Middleham. *Hotel:* White Swan, Middleham. (c.s. York.)
- Leytonstone** (Essex).—On L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (See Barking.)
- Lidford** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lid, Lew, 3 m.; Tavy, 3 m. Trout. Preserved by the Tamer and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets. (c.s. Tamer.) (See Plymouth.)
- Lifton** (Devon).—Lid; Thistle brook. Trout. (See Plymouth.)
- Lidlington** (Beds.).—W.A. & T. Thame Coarse fish. (See London, M.T.)
- Lilbourne** (Northton).—B. & S.B. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Yelvertoft brook. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Limply** (Wilts).—W. & S.R. (See Bristol.) On Avon. (c.s.)
- Linley** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. Linley brook. *Lakes:* Willey Park ponds (3 m. W.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Liphook** (Hants).—P.D.R. Ripley Pond is 2 m. walk. (See London, L.T.) Packet and Worlmer Ponds are distant 3½ m.
- Liskeard** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river. Looe river, 1 m. Seaton river. Looe rises 2 m. above Liskeard, runs to that town, and 3 m. on runs by Menheniot Station, 3 m. off, on left bank. 2 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, and 5 m. down is Looe. Here a stream, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. There are trout in the river above the tide-way. Good sea fishing. Immediately outside the harbour pollack are caught whiffing. Larger pollack towards the island, dabs at the anchorage, and whiting, &c., in the offing. (See Fowey, St. Germans, and Menheniot.) *Hotel:* Webb's.
- Liss** (Sussex).—P.D.R. Western Rother. Trout. (See Little Hampton.)
- Little Hampton** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun rises in Coulhurst pond in St. Leonard's

Forest (pike, perch, roach; leave from C. Dickens, Esq.). Runs 1 m. to Hammers pond (pike, perch, roach, dace; leave from P. Ballard, Esq., Crawley) and Hawkins' pond (trout; leave from Col. Aldridge, Horsham).  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on is a pond on the right bank. 1 m. on, at Amy's Mill, a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, rising in a lake  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. of Hawkins' pond, and watering lakes at New Lodge and Highland Farm, near **Horsham**. Arun runs in 1 m. to **Horsham**, where it waters a private lake in Hill's Place, just below which Channel brook, 2 m. long, from Warnham Mill Pond, joins on right bank. Arun runs in 1 m. to **Itchingfield**, 2 m. to **Slinfold**,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **Budgwick**. 2 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at Loxwood, and a mill pond or two  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. up. 2 m. down Arun on right bank are two lakes by Malham, and 2 m. on is **Shillinghurst**. 1 m. below a large stream joins Arun on right bank. This stream rises in five or six large lakes in Shillinglee Park (Lord Winterton) (n.s. **Haslemere**, 4 m.), runs 2 m. to Evernoll, where are more lakes on the common, and a large one in Pheasant Court. At Evernoll a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, rising in some ponds at Ash Park and East End Farm, 1 m. W. of Shillinglee Park. The ponds in the Wealds are innumerable, and are full of fish—carp, pike, perch, and tench. The main stream now runs 2 m. to Kudford where is a lake, and 1 m. below is joined by the outflow of three ponds on right bank. 1 m. on is Wisborough Green, and Arun  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. 5 m. down Arun is **Fulborough**. Here the Western Rother joins on right bank. Rother rises at Hawley Mill, by Empshot, runs 3 m. to **Liss**; here the drainage of a pond  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at Sheet Mill, a stream joins on right bank, rising in Steep Mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down Rother is **Petersfield**. Here is the drainage of the large pond on Petersfield Heath. 2 m. on is the outfall of a lake at Down Park, 1 m. W. of **Wigate** Station. Rother runs  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **Winstead**, where the effluent of three lakes lying alongside the road from the station joins on right bank. 1 m. on at Chithurst a stream joins on left bank draining some lakes in Harting Combe, Cook's Pond on Newick Common, Milland Millpool, and some other lakes, all within 2 m. of each other (n.s. **Liphook**) runs 2 m. to Hammer Pond, by Chithurst, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Rother. 2 m. down Rother is the drainage 3 m. long, on right bank of a lake at Newhouse Farm,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. S. of **Winstead** Station. Rother runs in 2 m. to **Midhurst** and receives the drainage of a lake on Midhurst Common. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins, rising in Bex Mill, 2 m. S. of **Midhurst**, and turning another mill; and 1 m. on are the drainage from the lakes in Cowdry Park on left bank, and the lake on Ambersham Common on right bank.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. on a stream joins on left bank, rising at Cook's Mill, near Fernhurst (n.s. **Haslemere**), runs 3 m. to Lugerahall, and its fine mill pond,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below which it is joined on left bank by the drainage from the ponds in Chillinghurst Park, and on the right bank by the drainage of the large lake at River Park (trout). 1 m. on, at Salmon Bridge, on the left bank, is the drainage of a pond on River Common (trout) (n.s. for these lakes, **Petworth**), 2 m. on this brook joins Rother. There are trout more or less in all these streams above this point.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Rother a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Grapham, runs 2 m. to Barrett's Mill and Pond, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Rother. 3 m. on by **Petworth** Station is the drainage of the lakes in Petworth Park (Lord Leconfield), and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on, on right bank, is the drainage of the large lakes in Burton Park (pike, perch, carp, and tench). 1 m. on, on left bank, is the drainage, 1 m. long, of a lake by Egdean, 2 m. from **Petworth**, and 3 m. on, Rother reaches **Fulborough** and the Arun. 1 m. down Arun on left bank a stream joins, 2 m. long, which waters two mills by West Chiltonington, and two lakes on Chiltonington Common., 3 m. down Arun a stream,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, joins on right bank, rising in Bignor Mill Pool, and feeding another lake half way down. 2 m. down Arun is **Amorbey**; Burpham,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m., and **Arundel**, 2 m.; **Ford**,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Patching Pond (nearest station, **Goring**, 2 m.; **Arundel**, 4 m.); runs to **Angmering**, 2 m., where the drainage of four lakes at New Place, 1 m. up, joins on right bank; and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on is Arun. Hence to **Little Hampton** and the sea is 3 m. Good bass fishing from the pier, also grey mullet and sand smelts. Open sea fishing but moderate. *Hotel: Beach.*

**Littleport** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Ouse. Bream, roach, perch, jack, dace, carp. *Inn: Black Horse and Railway.* Charles South, at the Gate House, is a capital man, and keeps rods and tackle; write to him before going down. Fishing good. Swims require baiting two or three days before fishing. *S.t. 2s. 6d.; pike, 6s.; from Cambridge and Ely Angling Society; Sec., Mr. Purchas, Sidney-street, Cambridge, or S. A. Allen, Club Inn, Ely.* 4 m. off is Brandon Creek, preserved by the landlord of the Ship Inn, for people staying in his house; and by Mr. Dench, solicitor, Ely.

**Lizard, The** (Cornwall).—Good bass and pollack fishing from the rocks here in summer time, with salmon rod and light artificial baits.

**Llandenny** (Monmouth).—C.M. & P.R. Olway. Trout; preserved. Baglan brook; Pill brook. (*See Newport.*)

**Llandinangel** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Honddu. Trout. Preserved by the land-owners. (*See Chepstow.*)

**Llangurig** (Monmouth).—M.W.R. Wye Trout. (c.s.) Bidno (1 m.), Tavenig (5 m.), Gwngy (7 m.), Llys, Helygen (6 m.), Gwngy (7 m.) (*See Chepstow.*)

**Llan-y-blodwell** (Salop).—L.B.R. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Cynlliath (3 m. W.) Vyrnwy (2 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by the Vyrnwy and Cain Angling Association. (*See Llanymynech.*) Cain; trout, salmon (3 m. S.); preserved as above. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)

**Llanymynech** (Salop).—O. & N.R. Vyrnwy; preserved by Vyrnwy and Cain Angling Association. Trout, salmon, chub, &c. Tanat (3 m. N.W.); trout, grayling, chub, pike, &c. Morda (1 m. E.). Severn (4 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, pike, perch. Cain (4 m. W.); trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)

**Lodge Hill** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. (*See Axbridge.*) (c.s. Avon.)

**London**.—On Thames and New River. New River rises by **Hertford** (G.E.R.), and flows to **Hoddesdon** (G.E.R.); **Broxbourne** (G.E.R.), 2 m.; **Cheshunt** (G.E.R.), 5 m.; **Waltham** (G.E.R.), 1½ m.; **Enfield** (G.N.R.), 6 m.; **Winchmore Hill** (G.N.R.), 2½ m.; **Wood Green** (G.N.R.), 6 m.; **Hornsey** (G.N.R.), 1½ m.; **Torrington Park** (G.N.R.), 3½ m. Here at Stoke Newington are the New River Company's water-works and reservoirs, where the fishing is very good (pike, perch, &c.), but strictly forbidden.

**UPPER THAMES**.—Thames rises at Thames Head, near **Tetbury-road Station** (G.W.R.) It flows through Pool Keynes, Somerset Keynes (good preserved trouting depending on the wetness or dryness of the seasons), Ashton Keynes (pike, chub, &c.), where it is joined on left bank by Swill brook, 5 m. long. 4 m. on, at Cricklade (pike fishing is very good and free. *Hotels*: White Hart and White Horse), Churn joins Thames on left bank. Churn rises by Cubberly (Glo'ster), and in 14 m. runs to **Cirencester**, passing Colesbourn, Rendcomb, and North Cerney, where the trouting is good and preserved. The owner of Rendcomb Park sometimes gives leave. 12 m. on Thames is reached, passing South Cerney midway. ½ m. down Thames, Dancy brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and ½ m. on Ray joins on right bank. Ray rises in a mill head at Wroughton, 2½ m. from **Swindon**, and 6 m. on a brook joins on left bank, running out of a large lake at Lydiat Tregoz, 2½ m. upstream. 1 m. down Ray **Furton** is reached, 1 m. from the river. Thames is 6 m. on. 8 m. down Thames Byde Mill brook joins on right bank. This brook runs out of a large lake at Warnford Place; nearest station, **Shrivenham**, and is 8 m. long. 1 m. down Thames Cole joins on right bank. Cole rises in Cole Reservoir, 2 m. from **Swindon** (G.W.R.), and in 5 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which has a large mill head 2 m. up. 4½ m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains a large lake in Beckett Park, 1½ m. up (nearest station, **Shrivenham**). From hence to Thames is 8 m., passing Coleshill. 1½ m. down Thames, at **Lechlade** (W. & E.G.R.), Colne joins on left bank. The Glo'ster Colne rises in a mill-pond 1½ m. N. of **Shipton** (W. & W.R.), runs to Withington, 3 m., Yanworth 4 m., Coin St. Dennis 3 m., Coin Rogers 1 m., Bilbury 3 m., Coin St. Aldwin's 1½ m., Hatheross 1 m., Quenington 1 m., **Fairford** (W. & E.G.R.), 2½ m., **Lechlade** 6 m. 1 m. below, Leach joins Thames on left bank. Leach rises at North Leach, and runs in 13 m. to East Leach Turville, 1½ m. to Southrop, and Thames 4 m., passing Little Faringdon, 1 m. from **Leachlade** station. 3 m. down Thames Kelmscott is reached, thence to Tadpole Bridge, near **Bampton** (G.W.R.), 2½ m. off the river, is 7 m. 5 m. down, Charney Brook joins on left bank. Charney rises in a mill pond at Black Bourton, 1 m. W. of Bampton, and running through that town joins Thames 5 m. down. 3 m. on, at Newbridge (some good preserved fishing below), Windrush joins Thames on left bank. Windrush rises in a mill pond at Guiting Power (Glo'ster), and runs in 7 m. to **Bourton-on-the-Water**. 1½ m. below, Dickler river joins Windrush on the left bank. Dickler rises in Donnington Mill, 2 m. N.W. of **Stow**, and is 6 m. long. 1½ m. down Windrush is Risington, and 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in a mill pond at Sherborne, 2 m. up. 1½ m. down Windrush is Windrush and Barrington, Talnton 2 m., Burford 1½ m., **Witney** 11 m., Ducklington 1 m., Standlake 4 m. (large trout), and 2 m. on the Thames. 7 m. down Thames Ensham is reached (nearest station **Yarnton**) (*Inns*: Red Lion and Swan). 1 m. below, Evenlode river joins Thames on left bank. Evenlode rises in a lake close by **Adlestrop**. ½ m. down, at Daylesford, is a large pond. 3 m. down, at **Chipping Norton** junction (W. & W.R.), a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a mill pond by Little Rollwright, runs to Salford, 1½ m., **Chipping Norton** (C.N.R. 1½ m. off) ½ m., Church Hill 3 m., Evenlode 2 m. Evenlode next runs in 4½ m. to **Shipton** (W. & W.R.), 1½ m. to **Ascott** (W. & W.R.). 5 m. on, at Shorthampton, a stream joins on left bank, which drains a mill pond 1 m. up. From here to **Charlbury** (W. & W.R.) is 1 m. 1 m. below, the overflow from several large ponds in Combury Park joins Evenlode on the right bank. 5 m. on is Stonesfield, and 6 m. on, at **Hanbrough** (W. & W.R.), Glyme River joins on left bank. Glyme rises in some lakes in Heythrop Park, 2 m. above Enstone, where it is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, which works some mills. Glyme flows next to Glympton 5 m., and Wootton 3 m. Here Darne River joins on the left bank. Darne rises in some pools by Sandford, runs 1 m. to Westcot Barton, and 7 m. on to Glyme. Woodstock is 2 m. on down Glyme. Here the river waters the large lakes in Blenheim Park (pike, strictly preserved), and in 2 m. reaches Evenlode, and 5 m. on Evenlode joins Thames (Lord Abingdon preserves the left bank of Thames for some distance). From hence to **Oxford** is 5 m.

**MIDDLE THAMES**.—At **Oxford** Cherwell joins Thames on left bank. Cherwell rises in Northampton 1 m. above Woodford (nearest station **Byfield**, E. & W.Y.R.), and flows in 8½ m. to **Copredy** (O. & B.R.). There are eight mills. At **Copredy** a stream joins on right bank, which rises in two reservoirs by **Copredy**, 3 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, rising in Wormleighton reservoir (nearest station **Fenny Compton**, O. & B.R.); 3 m. down this stream the overflow from Clattercut reservoir, 1 m. off, and 1 m. from Claydon village, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, Copredy is reached. 4 m. down Cherwell, passing four mills, a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Farnborough in a large lake,

and is 7 m. long, passing Mollington and Hanwell. 2 m. down Cherwell **Banbury** (O. & B.R., and N. & B.Y.R.) is reached, and King Sutton in 5 m., [where a stream  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. long joins on left bank, draining a lake at Astrop House.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Cherwell two streams join on right bank. The first rises in a pool by Cherrington, and working five mills, and passing Shutford half-way, reaches Broughton in 5 m. Here two streams join, one on right bank and one on left bank. The first rises by Horley, in a pool, and flowing by Drayton and Wroxton, 2 m. from Banbury, has a course of 5 m., likewise draining the lake in Wroxton Abbey. The other rises in a pool by Epwell, and is  $5\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, passing Tadmarton village. From Broughton to the junction at Cherwell is 8 m., passing Adderbury and working 3 mills. The second stream is the Swere, which, rising in Priory mill pool by Great Rollwright, runs in 3 m. to Swerford Park, where it waters a large lake, and 10 m. down joins Cherwell, passing South Newington and Barford, and four mills. 2 m. down, Cherwell **Aynho** (O. & B.R.) is reached (Deddington is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. off), and 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains some lakes by Great Tew and Lower Warton, and, passing close to Deddington, has a course of 8 m. One m. below the junction of this stream with Cherwell, **Somerton** (O. & B.R.) is reached;  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. on is **Heyford** (O. & B.R.);  $5\frac{1}{2}$  m., **Kirtlington** (O. & B.R.); 2 m., **Woodstock Road** (O. & B.R.) and **Islip** (O.W. & B.R.), 4 m. Here Ray joins on left bank. Ray rises by **Bicester** (O.W. & B.R.), and is 8 m. long. At Islip a stream joins Ray on right bank, which rises in a large lake in Middleton Park, 3 m. from **Bicester**, and is 8 m. long. The Cherwell now runs in 6 m. to **Oxford**. The Thames next flows in 2 m. to **Iffley**. (*Inn*: Isis Tavern.) Kennington 1 m., Sandford 1 m. (*Inn*: King's Arms), and **Abingdon** (G.W.R.),  $5\frac{1}{2}$  m. Ock here joins Thames. Ock rises west of Chartrey Basset, and 6 m. below that village a stream joins on the right bank 9 m. long, which, rising in a mill pool at Letcombe Regis, and, passing Wantage and East Hanney, feeds three mills. The Ock now flows in 4 m. to **Abingdon**. 2 m. down Thames a stream joins on right bank, which is 9 m. long. It rises in some pools near Ardington and flows to **Steventon** (G.W.R.) in 4 m., thence 5 m. to Sutton Courtenay-on-Thames, working six mills. **Culham** (G.W.R.) is on the opposite side of river. Thames now flows to **Appleford** (O.B.R.), 2 m., Long Wittenham,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. (*Inn*, The Vine Cottage); Clifton Hampden, 1 m. (*Inns*: Barley Mow and Plough); Little Wittenham,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below which Thames joins on left bank. Thame (a good pike and roach river) rises some 9 m. above **Aylesbury**. 6 m. down is Coddington, and Chearsley 1 m. 1 m. below, at Notley Abbey, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake at Wotton. 1 m. down a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains the lake in Dorton. 5 m. on Thame river is reached; 3 m. on **Thame** is reached; 5 m., **Liddington** (W.A. & T.R.); Wheatley, 5 m.; Addesden, 2 m.; Stadhampton, 4 m.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, Baldon brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Thame is Drayton, and Dorchester 2 m. further. (*Fishermen*: Turner, Batten, King, Wheeler, and Palmer. *Hotels*: White Hart, Fleur-de-lis, and Crown.)  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on Thames is reached. Shillingford is 1 m. down Thames, Bensington  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. (a few trout, pike, and perch), and **Wallingford**  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which, rising in a mill pool at Blewberry, runs 3 m. to South Moreton, feeding four mills, thence 3 m. to **Wallingford**.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. below Wallingford, and close to Thames on left bank, is a large lake at Mongewell. Thames now runs in 3 m. to **Moulsoford**; Streatley (*Inns*: Bull and Swan. *Fishermen*: Saunders and Rush), and **Goring** 7 m. **Fangbourne** 4 m. Here the Pang (a fine trout stream, strictly preserved), some 12 m. long, joins on right bank. Thames next runs in 3 m. to Mapledurham and Purley (n.s. **Tilghurst**). (*Hotel*: Roebuck. *Caversham Inns*: Crown and Caversham Hotel) and **Reading** 4 m. Kennet here joins Thames. Kennet rises a few miles north of East Kennet, runs 1 m. to West Overton. Tyfield 2 m., **Marlborough** (B. & H.R.) 2 m., Ramsbury 6 m., **Hungerford** (B. & H.R.), 4 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, 3 m. long, which flows out of two ponds at Froxfield. Kennet next runs to **Kintbury** (B. & H.R.) 4 m., **Newbury** (B. & H.R.)  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. 1 m. down Kennet Lambourne river joins on left bank. Lambourne rises by Lambourne, runs to Eastbury  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., East Garston 1 m., Great Shelford  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., Boxford 3 m., and Kennet 5 m. Kennet now flows in 3 m. to **Thatcham** (B. & H.R.), **Midgham** (B. & H.R.) 3 m., **Aldermaston** (B. & H.R.) 2 m.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, Emburne river joins Kennet on right bank. Emburne rises in a pond on Holt Common, and in  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. is joined by a brook on right bank, which drains some ponds 2 m. up. Emburne runs in 2 m. to Newton (2 m. S. of **Newbury**, B. & H.R.), and 4 m. on is joined by a stream on right bank,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, rising in a mill pool at Kingsclere. Emburne now runs to **Midgham** (B. & H.R.), 4 m., **Aldermaston** (B. & H.R.) 3 m., Kennet  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m.; Kennet runs in 3 m. to **Thale** (B. & H.R.), and Thames 6 m. Thames now runs in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Sonning. (*Inns*: Bull, White Hart, and French Horn. *Fishermen* must be bespoken from Reading. Good for pike above. The mill tails belong to Mr. Witherington);  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **Shiplake**, and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Wargrave (nearest station **Shiplake** or **Twyford**, G.W.R., 2 m.). Loddon here joins Thames. Loddon rises in Newram Springs, a series of ponds close to **Basingstoke** (L. & S.R.), and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pool 3 m. up by Bramley. 3 m. down Loddon, **Strathfieldsay**, the Duke of Wellington's place, is reached (leave must be obtained from the Duke. *Inn*: Wellington Arms. Pike, perch, &c. Nearest station, **Mortimer**, B. & R.R.), and 4 m. on, at Swallowfield, Blackwater joins Loddon. Blackwater rises in a large pond by **Farnborough** (L. & S.W.R.), and runs in 5 m. to **Blackwater** (S.E.R.),

where a stream joins on right bank, rising in a lake 1 m. up. Blackwater runs in 3 m. to **Sandhurst** (S.E.R.).  $\frac{5}{8}$  m. down Whitewater joins Blackwater on left bank. Whitewater rises in a lake by Grewell, and 1 m. down waters a large lake at Wanboro' Castle, by Odiham town (nearest station **Winchfield**, L. & S.R., 2 m. off). 8 m. down, at Heckfield, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake, Fleet Pond, by the L. & S.R.,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. from **Farnborough** station, and is  $7\frac{1}{2}$  m. long. Whitewater joins Blackwater in 2 m. and hence to Loddon is 2 m. Loddon runs in 9 m. to **Twyford** (G.W.R.). Here St. Patrick stream joins on right bank, rising in a mill pond by Easthampstead (nearest station **Bracknell**, S.W.R., 1 m. off). 1 m. down, Bull brook joins on right bank. Bull brook rises in a large lake—**Harman's Pond**—by **Bracknell**, and runs in 4 m. to Warfield, where a stream 3 m. long joins, which drains the lakes in Ascot Place. 2 m. down Bull brook joins the main stream. 6 m. on is St. Lawrence Waltham, and 3 m. on **Twyford**. Thames is  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on. Thames now runs in 1 m. to Wargrave. (Inns: St. George and the Dragon, and White Hart. *Fishermen*: W. Wyat, Brown, S. Crampton.) 2 m. to **Henley** (G.W.R.), Remenham,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m.; Hambledon, 2 m. (The lock-keeper makes up a bed or two). Medmenham,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. (Inns: Ferry Hotel. *Fisherman*: R. Young.) Hurley,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. (Above the lock on left bank is a stream under the woods holding dace. *Fisherman*: Townsend.) **Great Marlow** (G.W.R.), 3 m.; **Bourne End** (G.W.R.), 4 m. Here Wye joins on left bank. Wye rises in a large mill pool by **West Wycombe** (W.A. & T.B.R.), runs in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to **High Wycombe** (W.A. & T.B.R.),  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. to **Loudwater** (W.A. & T.B.R.), 2 m. to **Woburn** (W.A. & T.B.R.), and joins Thames  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. below. Thames runs to **Cookham** (G.W.R.)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., **Maidenhead** (G.W.R.) 4 m.,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Bray and Monkey Island; (Hotel: George, where are punts, &c. *Fisherman*: Chapman. Bray mill tail is private.) Dorney  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., and 4 m. to Clewer, Eton, and **Windsor** (G.W.R. & S.W.R.). Here a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, draining a large lake in Stoke Park 2 m. from **Slough**. 1 m. below Windsor a stream  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. long joins Thames on left bank, which rises in the large lake in Black Park, and in the lake in Langley Park, 1 m. on, nearest station **Langley** (G.W.R.), 1 m. off. Thames runs 1 m. to **Datchet** (S.W.R.),  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Old Windsor (nearest station **Wraybury**,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. Hotel: Bells of Ouseley).  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on the Hertford Colne joins Thames. Colne (under the name of Ver) rises by Redburn (nearest station **Harpenden**,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m.), runs to **St. Alban's** (M.R. & G.N.R.) 4 m., **Park-street** (G.N.R.) 2 m., and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by a stream which rises by London Colney, and in 2 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in Elstree reservoir, **Elstree** (M.R.),  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. off, and runs in 3 m. to **Radlett** (M.R.), 1 m. below joining the parent brook, which joins Colne 1 m. below. Colne runs to **Watford Junction** (L. & N.W.R.), 3 m. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, running out of some ponds at Hill Field Lodge (pike, perch, carp, roach; good fishing, strictly preserved). 1 m. on is **Watford** (W. & R.R.), and **Rickmansworth** (W. & R.),  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. Gade river joins here on right bank. Gade rises in some ponds by Great Gaddesden, runs 3 m. to **Hemel Hempstead** (L. & N.W.R.), and 1 m. below, at **Box Moor** (L. & N.W.R.) is joined by a brook on right bank, which rises by **Berkhamstead** (L. & N.W.R.), and is 4 m. long. Gade runs next to **King's Langley** (L. & N.W.R.) 4 m., and **Rickmansworth** 6 m. Here Chess joins Colne on right bank. Chess rises by Chessham, runs  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Cheneys, and **Rickmansworth** 5 m. 6 m. down Colne, Misbourne stream joins on right bank. Misbourne passes Great Missenden (capital trouting in the lakes at Missenden Abbey), runs 2 m. to Little Missenden, and 1 m. on waters the large lake at Sharnloes (Mr. Drake, from whom leave must be obtained). Amersham is 1 m. on, Chalfont St. Giles, 3 m., Chalfont St. Peter's  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., and Colne 5 m. Colne, in numerous streams, runs to **Uxbridge** 1 m., **West Drayton** 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Ruilip reservoir (fishing strictly preserved by H. Cosery, Esq., who sometimes gives leave; n.a. **Harrow** or **Pinner**,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m.), runs to **Rickmansworth**, 4 m., to Ruilip 1 m., **Uxbridge** 3 m., Hillingdon 1 m., **West Drayton** 2 m., **Colnbrook**  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., **Wraybury** 2 m., and joins Thames, with several outfalls, 1 m. on.

**LOWER THAMES.**—**Staines** (S.W.R.), is 1 m. down Thames, **Laleham**  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. (Inns: Horseshoe. *Fishermen*: A. W. and G. Harris.) **Chertsey** (S.W.R.)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., **Weybridge** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m. Bourne brook and Wey here join Thames on right bank. Bourne brook divides into two parts close to its effluence, the left stream rises in the lakes at Sunninghill Park and Silwood Park (nearest station, **Ascot**, S. & W.R.), runs  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. to Virginia Water and the other ponds in Windsor Park (nearest station, **Virginia Water**, S. & W.R.), 3 m. to Chertsey, and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. to the junction. The right stream rises by Chobham, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, rising in Glover's, Gracious, and other ponds (good tench fishing), and in  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. waters the lake in Ottershaw Park (good tench fishing, nearest station **Woking Common**, L. & S.W.R.), and  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. on joins Thames. The Wey rises by **Alton**, Hants (L. & S.W.R.), and runs 1 m. to Holybourne, **Froyle**  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m., **Farnham** (L. & S.W.R.),  $\frac{6}{8}$  m. 2 m. down a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, running out of a lake by Alder Holt Wood, 3 m. from **Farnham**.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Wey a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Ripley Pond, 2 m. W. of **Liphook** (P.D.R.). 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank draining a pond close to the station. 1 m. on **Parke Pond** is reached. 1 m. down a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank draining Woolmer Pond and two others close by. Greatham village is 1 m. off, and **Liphook**  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising by **Haslemere**

(P.D.R.), in some ponds; runs 4 m. to Bramshot, where it is joined by a stream 1½ m. long, draining some ponds on Greyshot Down. 2½ m. on is the main stream, which runs 2 m., when it is joined on left bank by a stream draining the lake in Headley Park. 1 m. on the drainings of two lakes on Wishang Down joins on right bank. 1 m. on the outflow of Frensham Great Pond joins on right bank. 1 m. on is Frensham (nearest station **Farnham**, L. & S.W.R., 4 m.), and 1 m. on the outflow of Frensham Little Pond joins on right bank. These two ponds are 1 m. apart on Frensham Common. 1 m. on Wey is reached. 1½ m. down Wey the outflow of Abbot's Pond and two lakes on Hankley Common join on right bank. These ponds are 1 m. from Frensham Little Pond. 1½ m. down, at Elstead, a stream 2 m. long drains a pond on Thursley Common, about 1 m. from Abbot's Pond. 1 m. below Elstead the drainings of the lakes on Putterham Common join on left bank (nearest station, **Tongham**, S.W.R., 3 m.). 1½ m. down Wey a stream 2 m. long joins on right bank draining Hammer's Pond on Witley Common (nearest station, **Milford**, P.D.R., 2½ m.). 2½ m. down Wey is **Godalming** (P.D.R.) Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in some ponds by **Witley** (P.D.R.), runs 2 m. to **Milford**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. ½ m. on is the draining of a lake at Bushbridge, 1 m. up. 1½ m. on is **Godalming**. 1 m. down Wey the drainage of New and Old Pond joins on left bank. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank rising in a large lake 1 m. from **Crawleigh** (H. & G.R.), runs 4 m. to **Bramley** (H. & G.R.), where the drainage of some ponds, 1½ m. up, on Black Heath, joins on right bank. 1½ m. on is Wey which runs to **Shelford** (S.E.R.), where Sittingbourne joins on right bank, rising in a lake on Abinger Common, runs to **Gomshall** (S.E.R.), 3 m., Shiere 1 m., where it feeds the lakes in Albury Park 1 m. on, below which it feeds some lakes, and **Shelford** is 3 m. on. Wey runs to **Guildford** (P.D.R.), 1 m. At Stoke, 1 m. on, the drainage of a lake 1 m. up on left bank joins Wey; 3 m. on is **Woking** (L. & S.R.); and 2 m. on, at Ripley, two streams join on right bank and left bank. The one drains the ponds in Clandon Park, 3 m. from **Guildford**, and is 4 m. long; the other rises in some ponds close to the railway (**Pirbright**), and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by the drainage of a pond on Pirbright Common 1 m. up, and ½ m. on the drainage of two other ponds, 1½ m. up, runs in on right bank, and ½ m. on is the drainage of another pond on right bank. 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond on Broad Street Common, 2 m. from **Guildford**, runs 2 m. to Whitmore Common, where it waters a lake, and ½ m. on joins Whitmore Pond, reaching the main brook 1 m. on. The stream next runs to **Woking** (L. & S.R.), and 2 m. on reaches Wey, which runs to Wisley, 1 m.; Byfleet, 1 m.; and **Weybridge**, 4 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in two ponds on Horsley Common; runs 4 m. to Wisley, where the drainage of Hut Pond (carp, pike, roach, d.t. 12., at the inn next the pond), and several other ponds on Wisley and Ockham Common, join on right bank, and 1½ m. on, on right bank, is the overflow of a pond on Cobham Common. 2 m. on is **Weybridge**. Here the outfall of the lake in Oatlands Park joins Wey on right bank close to the Thames. Thames flows next to **Shepperton** (S.W.R.), ½ m.; **Hallford**, ½ m. (*Hotels*: Ship, Red Lion. *Fishermen*: T. Perdue, T. E. and W. S. Rosewell, A. Trodd, W. Rogerson); **Walton-on-Thames**, 1 m. (*Hotels*: Duke's Head, Crown, Swan, Anglers, and Old Manor House. *Fishermen*: R. Walford, S. Rosewell, and C. J. and G. Hone); ½ m. below a stream joins Thames on left bank, draining a lake at Littleton, close to **Laeham**. Thames runs next to **Sunbury**, ½ m.; **Hampton**, 2 m.; **Moulsey** and **Hampton Court**, 1 m. Mole here joins Thames. Mole rises in two large lakes close by the H.B.R., 1 m. W. of **Crawley**, and in 1 m. is joined by the drainings of a lake close to on the right bank. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins 1½ m. long, which rises in a pond in Tilgate Forest, and in ½ m. joins another large pond. **Crawley** is 1 m. N. Mole runs in 1 m. to **Three Bridges** (L. & B.R.); **Horley** (L. & B.R.), 3 m.; here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Charlwood, and is 3 m. is joined by a stream 2 m. long, draining a lake at Woolborough 1 m. N. of **Three Bridges**. 2½ m. below **Horley** a stream joins Mole on right bank, which rises in some pools by **Rowfant** (S.W.R.), and 1 m. on is joined by the overflow of lakes at Bashford Castle on the right bank, and two lakes by Wakeham's Green on the left bank. **Rowfant** Station is 1 m. N.E. and N.W. from each of these lakes. This stream now runs to **Horley**, 3 m., and Mole, 3 m. 1 m. on a stream joins Mole, rising in the large lake in Garton Park, by **Merstham** (L. & B.R.), and in a smaller lake ½ m. E. of Merstham, runs to **Red Hill** (L. & B.R.), 3½ m., and Mole, 5 m. 2 m. down Mole a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank draining Ewood Pond, 1½ m. from **Holmeswood** Station (L. & D.R.). Mole runs next to **Betchworth** (R. & B.R.), 4 m.; **Dorking** (L. & B.R.), 1½ m. Here Pip brook joins on left bank, draining some ponds belonging to R. Fuller, Esq., of the Rookery, 4 m. on up by Wootton. Mole runs to **Box Hill** (S.W.R.), 1½ m.; **Leatherhead** (L.B.R.), 4 m.; **Cobham**, 4 m.; **Esler** (S.W.R.), 4½ m.; **Moulsey**, **Thames**, 2½ m. Thames runs to **Thames Ditton** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Kingston** (S.W.R.), 2 m. Here Hogg's Mill River joins on right bank. The stream rises by **Ewell** (S.W.R.), and 1½ m. below is joined on left bank by a stream rising in some ponds on Epsom Common (nearest station, **Epsom** (S.W.R., and E. & C.R.), and is 3 m. long. Hogg's Mill runs to **Malden** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Kingston**, **Thames**, 2½ m. Thames flows to **Teddington** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; here a branch of the Colne running from Harmondsworth joins on left bank. It passes Stanwell, 2 m. (nearest station, **Ashford**, S.W.R., 2 m.), East Bedfont, 1 m., **Feltham** (S.W.R.), 1 m., and **Teddington**, 4 m. Thames runs to **Twickenham** (S.W.R.), 1½ m.; **Richmond** (S.W.R.), 1½ m.; **Isleworth** (S.W.R.), 1 m. Yedding Brook here joins Thames. Yedding rises some miles N. of Cranford (nearest station, **Southall**, G.W.R., 1½ m.), runs



5½ m. to **Twickenham**, where a branch of Colne joins it, and passing several powder and other mills, 2 m. on joins Thames. Thames runs next to **Brentford** (S.W.R., and G.W. & B.R.), 1 m. Here Brent joins on left bank. Brent rises in a lake on the property of the late Lord Tenterden, and in the decoy at **Hendon** (M.R.), runs to **Welsh Harp Reservoir** (M.R.), 1 m. Here a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, which holds fish—pike, perch, roach—at times. The upper part belongs to — Marshall, Esq., of The Hall, Edgware, the lower to Mr. Warner, of the Welsh Harp. Brent runs in 1 m. to Kingsbury, Twyford (Middlesex), 2½ m. (nearest station **Willesden Junction**, H.J.R., 2 m.); **Perivale**, 1½ m. (pike, bream, and tench in a mill pond; d.t., 1s.). **Greenford**, 1 m.; **Hanwell** (G.W.R.), 1½ m.; **Thames** 3 m. **Thames runs to Kew** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Mortlake** (S.W.R.), 1½ m.; **Barnes** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Chiswick** (K. & R.R.), 1 m.; **Hammermith** (K. & R.R.), 1 m.; **Putney** (S.W.R.), 1½ m. Here a stream joins on right bank rising at Lower Morden, 1 m. E. of **Malden** (E. & L.R.), runs in 6 m. to **Barnes** (S.W.R.), and joins Thames 1½ m. on. **Thames runs to Wandsworth** (S.W.R.) 1 m., where **Wandle** joins on right bank. **Wandle** rises by **Croydon** (L.B. & S.C.R., and E. & C.R.), runs to **Beddington**, 1 m. (a little trout can be had free; also at Hackbridge and the Snuff Mills); **Carshalton** (E. & C.R.), 1 m.; **Mitcham** (S.W.R.), 1½; **Merton** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Thames**, 4½ m. From Wandsworth to Westminster Bridge is 5½ m.

**Long Ashton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ashton Brook. Trout. Preserved by Sir G. Smith of Ashton Court.

**Longhope** (Gloucester).—H. & G.R. Hope brook. (See *Westbury*.) Denn (1 m.) (See *Ockle Street*.)

**Lonoville** (Salop).—C.A. & M.W.R. Corve (2½ m. S.E.); trout, grayling. Eaton brook (3 m. N.W.). Thonglands brook (3½ m. S.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Lostwithiel** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Fowey; sea trout, salmon, brown trout, (c.s.) (See *Fowey*.) Red brook. Leign; trout (3 m.). Fishing in Fowey poor owing to china clay water. Lord Roberts permits fair fishing from Lostwithiel up to Glyn Bridge. July, September, and October are the best months. Minnow fishing best.

**Loudwater** (Bucks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Wye. (See *London, M.T.*) Here pollutions begin.

**Loughton** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. Fishing very poor. (See *Barking*.)

**Lowestoft** (Suffolk).—At Oulton Broad, near here, capital bream fishing may be had. A canal joins Yare and Waveney, and, running through Oulton Broad and Lake Lothring, falls into the harbour here. In Mutford Broad good perch, bream, and roach fishing can be had. The pike are preserved by the gentlemen who rent the water. *Hotels*: Royal, Harbour, and Suffolk.

**Ludlow** (Salop).—L. & N.W. and G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, perch, pike. Leave must be had from the landowners. Lord Windsor gives occasional leave for the Oakley Park water. Corve, as above. Fishmore brook. Ledwyth (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub, &c.; leave from the landowners. Cay brook (2 m. E.). Onny (2½ m. N.W.); trout, grayling; preserved. Dogditch brook (3 m.). *Lakes*: Ludford Park Lakes (1 m. S.). Downton Hall Lakes (4 m. N.). Wootton Pool (5 m. E.). Burrington Pool (5½ m. S.W.). *Hotel*: Angel. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Lulworth**.—(See *Weymouth*.)

**Lustleigh** (S. Devon).—M. & N.R. On Bovey. (See *Teignmouth*.)

**Luton** (Beds).—M.R. & G.N.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea. The river is preserved where it runs through the lakes in Luton Park by the Hon. Mrs. Gerard Leigh. Permission is sometimes granted. The pike fishing is amongst the best in England.

**Lutterworth** (Leicester).—(n.s. **Ullesthorne**, 4 m.) Swift. Avon (6 m. S.E.). Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Lyddham** (Salop).—B.C.B.R. Onny; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. Camlad; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Black brook (4 m. N.). *Lakes*: Shelve Pool (7 m. N.). Marsh Pool (8 m. N.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Lydney** (Gloucester).—G.W.E. Lydney brook. Lydney rises in the centre of the Forest of Dean, and is 9 m. long.

**Lyme Begis**.—5 m. from Axminster and from the Axe. The Coly and the Otter are still farther distant; but there is omnibus accommodation to Axminster, whence the Coly and the Otter are easily reached by railway. (See *Seaton* and *Ottery St. Mary*.) Bass may be caught in rough weather by throwing out a line baited with squid or cuttle from the pier, on the flowing tide. Under the same conditions a rod and floated line might be used, same bait or soft crab. Mackerel by hook and line in the season.

**Lymington** (Hants).—S. & D.R. *Hotel*: Nag's Head. On Boldre. Coarse fish. Boldre rises by Bolderwood Lodge, in the heart of the New Forest, 5 m. N. from **Holmsley**, and in 2 m. waters the large lake in Burley Lodge. 3 m. down, at Queen's Bower, a stream joins on left bank, which rises 2 m. W. of **Lyndhurst**, runs 2 m., when it is joined by a stream on right bank 2 m. long. ½ m. on is the Boldre. 2 m. on is **Brookenhurst Station**. 5 m. down a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Lachmore Pond, 1½ m. from **Brookenhurst**. 1 m. on is **Lymington**. Fishing can easily be obtained. 3 m. E. of Lymington is Sowley Pond; good pike and perch fishing. Bass sometimes at mouth of Lymington creek; flounders and grey mullet up the channel.

**Lyndhurst** (Hants).—S. & D.R. (See *Southampton*; *Lymington*.)

**Lynside**.—N.B.R. On Lyne. Salmon, trout, salmon trout, whitinga. Free up to Chig.

**Lynmouth** (Devon).—(n.s. **Ifracombe**, N.D.R., or **Minehead**, W.S.R., 18 m. off). East and West Lyn; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Lyndale Hotel (*see Advertisement*). East Lyn rises by Oare Oak, and in 4 m. is joined by a short stream on left bank. 1 m. down Lyn, Oare water joins on right bank. Oare (preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare) rises on Lucott Hill, 5 m. from Porlock, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long. Oare runs in 4 m. to East Lyn, which runs 2 m. to Linmouth. West Lyn is some 5 m. long, and half-way down is joined on left bank by a short stream. West and East Lyn join close to the sea. S. licence, 10s. 6d.; s.t. 40s.; w.t. 5s.; d.t. 1s. Tickets and licence at hotel. 5 m. off at Paracombe runs Paracombe water, which joins the sea at Trentishoe in 6 m.

**Magor** (Monmouth).—S.W.R. Penhow brook, 7 m. long.

**Maidenhead** (Berks.).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) Roach, trout, pike, perch, barbel, dace. *Hotel*: Skindle's, Bear, Raymead. *Fishermen*: E. Andrews, H. Wilder, J. Gill, G. Winn.

**Maiden Newton** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. Frome. (*See Wareham. (c.s.)*)

**Maidstone** (Kent).—S.E.R. Medway. Chub, pike, perch, roach, bream. *Hotels*: Star (where every information can be obtained) and Mitre. There is good fishing from 2 m. up the river to Tonbridge, fishing free. The Maidstone Club preserves the water from Hartlake Bridge, where the Tonbridge Club ends; d., w., or m. tickets. Some waters in the neighbourhood are preserved, and permission is difficult to obtain. The ponds at Leeds Castle, 6 m. off, and the "Mote" (Lord Romney), hold pike. The fish ponds at the paper mills of Messrs. Hollingsworth on the Len are very good; but permission is rarely given. (*See Rochester.*)

**Malden** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Hogg's Mill river. (*See London, L.T.*)

**Maldon** (Essex).—On Blackwater. G.E.R. *Inn*: King's Head. Pike, perch, roach, dace, and a few trout. This stream rises 5 m. east of **Saffron Walden** (G.E.R.), and, under the name of Pant, in 20 m. runs to **Braintree** (G.E.R.) within 1 m. of the town, passing the villages of Sampford, Bardfield, Shalford, and Bocking (the river between Weathersfield and Shalford is sometimes to be let. Roach, dace, trout, and pike. Apply to Messrs. Beaumont and Son, solicitors, Coggeshall). From **Braintree** the river runs, in 8 m., to Coggeshall; **Kelvedon** (G.E.R.), 4 m.; from hence to the junction of Pods brook, on the left bank, with the Blackwater at **Witham** (G.E.R.), is 6 m. Pods brook rises 6 m. northwest of **Braintree**, and then follows the railway to **Bulford** (G.E.R.) 3 m.; from **Bulford** to **Witham** is 8 m.; passing the village of White Notley in its course. This stream is preserved the whole way. Pike, perch, roach, dace, &c. From the junction of Pods brook with the Blackwater to **Wickham** (G.E.R.) is 2 m., to **Langford** (G.E.R.) 1 m., and **Malden** (G.E.R.) 2 m. From **Malden** to the junction of the Chelmer, on the right bank, with the Blackwater is 3 m. The Chelmer rises close to the Blackwater, and, in 4 m., runs by Thaxted, and thence to **Dunmow** (G.E.R.) 8 m. Below **Dunmow** there are a few trout, pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave must be obtained from the farmers. 4 m. on, at **Felsted** (G.E.R.), a brook joins on the left bank, 8 m. long. From **Felsted** the Chelmer runs, in 14 m., to **Chelmsford** (G.E.R.). Here the Cann joins Chelmer. This stream rises 13 m. N.W. from **Chelmsford**, and 2 m. above that town is joined by a brook which rises 5 m. east of **Chipping Ongar** (G.E.R.), and, in 8 m., flows to **Ingatestone** (G.E.R.), 1 m. from the town, and, flowing by Margaretting and Writtle, in 8 m. joins the Cann. The Chelmer now becomes navigable. 6 m. below **Chelmsford** a brook joins on the right bank, which rises 2 m. north-east of Billericay, and is 14 m. long. The Chelmer now runs 6 m. to **Langford** (G.E.R.), then 1 m. to **Malden**, and thence to its junction with the Blackwater, 2 m. Just outside the entrance of the Blackwater river, whiting, cod, ling, and dabs are caught with hook and line.

**Malton** (York).—G.N.R. & M.R. (*See Scarborough.*)

**Malvern** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme (rail 5 m. to **Bransford**). (*See Bransford.*) Severn (5 m. E.). Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon, trout. Leigh brook (4 m. W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Hotels*: Imperial and Abbey.

**Manacnan** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Falmouth**, G.W.R.). Manacnan brook, 4 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)

**Mangotsfield** (Glouce.).—B. & R.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Feltham brook and Siston brook.

**Mappleton**.—2½ m. from Ashbourne and 3 m. from Dovedale. Good trouting in Dove.

**Marazion** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Marazion water. 6 m. long.

**Margate**.—The deep-line fishing off Margate is good. The whittings run large. The bass—called locally the salmon dace—is taken close in at high water with a spoon bait. They are often taken off the jetty with rod and line, as also whiting and flounders, the hook baited with a piece of oyster. Fish from a boat where the gulls hover; you will take some fine bass with the spoon. Mulletts are abundant, and cod are taken with the long line, which the fishermen shoot at one tide and take up at another, with sometimes more than a hundred hooks thereon, baited with sprats as fresh as it is possible to obtain them. A portion of the skate resembling sweetbread, and of which mulletts are exceedingly fond, is here used as a bait. Fishing off Ramsgate is better than that off Margate, and there is good dab fishing in the Downs off Deal. Bass are found in the entrance of Sandwich Haven, and on the North Foreland ledge.

**Market Deeping**.—Welland. Good coarse fishing free.

**Market Drayton** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern. Coal brook. Hemp Mill brook (3 m. N.E.). Baile brook (4 m. S.W.). *Lakes*: Peats Wood lake (1 m. S.E.), Buntingdale Hall lake (3 m. S.W.), Daisy lake (3 m. N.E.). New pool, Old pool, and Big pool ¾ m. N.W.). Rose

- Hill ponds (4 m. S.). Heywood ponds (4 m. S.E.). Morden Mill pond (4 m. W.). Wardale ponds (4 m. S.). Cloverley pond (5 m. N.W.). Canal reservoir, Great Saundley (7 m. S.E.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Marlborough** (Wilts.).—B. & H.R. Kennett. Trout. (See London, M.T.)
- Marsh Brook** (Salop.).—S. & H.R. Quenny brook. Eaton brook (3 m. E.). Clun (3 m. S.W.); trout, grayling. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Marsh Mills** (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym (preserved by Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets). Tory brook. Trout, sea trout. (See Plymouth.) (c.s. Tamar.)
- Marton Magna** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Bridgwater.)
- Martock** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Bridgwater.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Marton** (York).—On Leven. Leven rises at the head of Rosedale, receives several small streams, flows past Rosedale Abbey, Cropton, Linnington, Marton, Normanby, and Barugh into the Rye. Leven is a very good trout stream, from Linnington Mill upwards strictly preserved; from there downwards leave may sometimes be got; below Marton mostly free; grayling, pike, chub, dace, and a few trout. Good inn at Marton.
- Maryport** (Cumberland).—On Ellen. Trout.
- Mary Tavy** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tavy; trout; preserved by Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets. Wolmer brook (2 m.). Walcombe (5 m.); trout. (c.s. Tamar.) (See Plymouth.)
- Masham**.—Yore. Hotel: King's Head, where leave can be had.
- Matlock Bath** (Derby).—Visitors can fish in the part of the Derwent preserved by the Darley Dale Club at 2s. per day from Darley Bridge to Matlock Bath Station Bridge, and there are some first-class streams in it for fly fishing. There is nearly one half of one side free for fishing, with either bottom or top, between Matlock Bridge and Darley Bridge. The fishing commences on March 25. Tickets from Mr. J. Clarke, Museum Parade, Matlock. (c.s. Trent.) Hotel: Royal.
- Mayfield**.—On Dove. Trout, grayling. (c.s. Trent.)
- Meare** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue and Godney brook. (See Highbridge.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Melksham** (Wilts.).—W. & S.R. Avon. Perch, pike, roach. Fishing fair. Lodgings can be had. (See Bristol.) (c.s.)
- Melton Mewbray** (Leicester).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Wreke. (See Leicester.) (c.s. Trent.)
- Menheniot** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans; trout. (See St. Germans.) Seaton river. Looe, 3 m.; trout. (See Liskeard.) Seaton rises 4 m. N. of Liskeard (G.W.R.), runs 1 m. E. of the town, and reaches Menheniot Station in 3 m.; thence to the sea is 6 m. (c.s. Fowey.)
- Merstham** (Surrey).—S.E.R. (See London, L.T.) The lake in Gatton Park is let to Mr. McAlmont, Lord Cairns brother-in-law. There is a catchwater mill pond near, and a smaller one full of perch to the west of the lake. Inn: The Feathers.
- Merton** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wandle. Trout. (See London, L.T.) Below, the fish are nearly all destroyed.
- Mevagissey** (Cornwall).—Excellent sea-fishing, especially in summer. There is, however, hardly any fishing from the shore. Off Chapel Point, and round the Gwineas Rocks, are good places for pollack. Shoals of large bass frequent the Gwineas during May and June. There are two small inns at Mevagissey, and lodgings can also be had. Small trout in the brook. 4 m. off, at St. Ewe, free trouting can be had in Ewe; good. (c.s. Fowey.)
- Middleham** (York).—Inn: White Swan. Yore and Cover. Trout and grayling. Good fishing. (See Leyburn.) The Cover is preserved for 2 or 3 m. by the Middleham Angling Association, of limited numbers. s.t., 21s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. Apply to secretary, J. E. Miller, Esq., Middleham.
- Midford** (Somerset).—B. & E.R. (See Bristol.) On Avon. (c.s.)
- Midgham** (Berks.).—B. & H.R. Kennett, Embourne. (See London, M.T.)
- Midhurst** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R., & L.B. & S.C.R. Western Rother. Trout. (See Littlehampton.) Fishing free from hence to Pulborough.
- Midsomer Norton** (Somerset). B. & E.R. (See Bristol.)
- Milborne Port** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (See Bridgwater.)
- Milford** (Surrey).—P.D.R. There are some lakes on Puttenham Common. (See London, L.T.)
- Millicote** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Millersdale** (Derby).—On Wye. Trout and grayling. Strictly preserved. (See Ashford Tideswell.)
- Milnthorpe** (Westland).—On Bela. Trout. Inn: Cross Keys. Preserved by the Milnthorpe Angling Society of 35 members; entrance, one guinea; hon. sec., L. Elburn, Esq., Milnthorpe; s.t., 42s. Each member may take a friend staying in his house, or resident over 20 m. from Milnthorpe. Fishing begins March 2, and ends Oct. 1. The fishing is very good in March, April, May, and September. (c.s. Kent.)
- Milverton** (Somerset).—D. & S.R. Milverton brook and Norton brook. (See Bridgwater.)
- Minehead** (Somerset).—W.S.R. (See Linton.)
- Minety** (Wilts.).—G.W.R. (See Bristol.) On Bredon Pond.
- Minster** (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour. (See Sandwich.) Inn: New Inn. (c.s.)
- Minsterley** (Salop.).—M.B.R. Bea. Trout, grayling. Minsterley brook. Habberley brook (3 m. S.E.). Lakes: Marton pool (7 m. S.W.) (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Misterton** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (See Seaton.) Axe. Trout. (c.s.)
- Mitcham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wandle. Trout. Preserved, but much polluted below. (See London, L.T.)

- Mitcheldean Road** (Hereford).—H. & G.R. Rudhall brook. (*See Chepstow*.)
- Molland** (Devon).—D. & S.R. Yeo. Molland water. Knowstone water. 3 m. (*c.s. Taw*.) (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Monmouth**.—B. & M.R. Wye; pike, chub, dace, perch, salmon, trout. Fishing fair. Monnew; chub, dace, trout; fishing free for 3 m., where it is preserved nearly to Pontrilas by the Lower Monnow Fishing Club of limited numbers; sec., R. Wrightson, Newport, Monmouth; s.t., St. Trothy; trout; preserved (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Moorhampton** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Lugwas brook (1 m.), Stretford brook (3½ m.). (*See Chepstow*.)
- Morcharad Road** (Devon).—N.D.R. Braddiford brook. (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Morbeth** (Somerset).—D. & S.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter*.)
- Moreton** (Devon).—N. & M.R. *Hotel*: White Hart. (*See Teignmouth*.) On Teign and Bovey. Trout. The river Teign is preserved from Stepsbridge to Dartmoor 12 m. Tickets at the White Hart and at Steps Inn, Steps Bridge. The landlord of the White Hart grants tickets also for the upper part of the Bovey.
- Moreton** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. Frome, Piddle. Trout, salmon. (*See Wareham*.)
- Moreton-on-Lug** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lug. Trout, grayling, pike, perch, roach, dace. (*c.s. Wye*.) Preserved above by the Bodenham Club. (*See Dinmore*.) Derndale brook (1 m.), Sutton brook (2½ m.). (*See Chepstow*.)
- Morpeth** (Northland.).—On Wansbeck. Trout. There are 5 m. or 6 m. of open water below the town. Above this water the river belongs to several private persons, who, however, are liberal to stranger gentlemen. There are several feeders of the Wansbeck, where sport is good at times, and leave easily obtained.
- Mortehoe** (Devon).—N.D.R. (*See Braunton*.)
- Mortimer** (Berks.).—B. & R.R. Strathfieldsay is near. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Mortlake** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mottisfont** (Hants.).—S.W.R. On Test. Plenty of trout, but closely preserved. (*See Southampton*.)
- Moulsoford** (Berks.).—G.W.R. On Thames. *Inn*: Beetle and Wedge. *Fishermen*: J. Cox and Swadling. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Much Wenlock** (Salop).—C. & M.W.R. Hughley brook (1½ m. N.W.), Beggarhill brook (3 m. S.E.), Mor brook (3½ m. S.E.). Severn (4 m. N.); chub, pike, dace, salmon, trout. *Lakes*: Marsh ponds (1½ m. E.), Willey Park ponds (3 m. E.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Mullion** (Cornwall).—(n.s.) *Penryn*, 19 m. Mullion brook. Mullion rises in Hayle Pool near Ruon Major, and is 3 m. long. Good pollack, conger, &c., fishing.
- Musgrave** (Westland.).—E.V. & B.C.R. Eden. Trout. Angill Beck runs near. Trout.
- Mutford Bridge** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. On Oulton Broad. Good fishing in Oulton by staying at Wherry Hotel (*see Advertisement*). Pike, perch, bream, &c. No fence time.
- Nailsea** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn. (*See Clevedon*.)
- Nailsworth** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Nailsworth brook. (*See Stonehouse*.)
- Nantyderry** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Llanarth brook 3 m. (*See Newport*.) (*c.s.*)
- Naseby** (Northampton).—n.s. *Kilworth*, 5 m. Avon rises in the large reservoir W. of the town. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Netherwastdale**.—On Wastwater Lake. Trout. The fishing on both lake and river free. Sport is good in May and June. There are also several small tarns in the hills but the fishing is indifferent. There are two small inns at Netherwastdale, both clean and comfortable. The *Drigg Station* (W.R.) is distant 6 m. One of the best flies is a red and orange body, gold twist, and woodcock's wing. The banks of the river are heavily wooded. Brown and dun flies are very killing. The charge for boats, including boatman, 4s. per day. Red and black hackles ribbed are good flies; also one with black silk body, black hackle, and crow's wing. The dotted hackle and a fly with peacock's tail, body tipped with gold, hackle black or red, wings mallard, are also good and so is the cooh-y-bonddhu. Sprinkling Tarn holds large trout. Burnmoor Tarn large pike and eels. After heavy floods good sport in the river that runs into Wastwater. (*c.s. Cumberland*.)
- Newark** (Notts.).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Trent. Roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, barbel, bream, grayling, eels, &c. The water below Newark is rented by the Newark and Muskharn Fishery Association; day tickets may be had from Mr. Weaver, Market-place. (*c.s.*)
- Newbridge** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Usk, Ewby. Trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Newbridge Hotel, where fishing can be had. (*c.s. Usk*.) (*See Newport*.)
- Newbury** (Berks.).—B. & H.R. On Kennet and Lambourne and Embourne (3 m.). *Hotels*: Chequers, Jack of Newbury, Swan (on the London-road). The Newbury District Angling Association preserves the Lambourne and the Kennet hence to Aldermaston. (*See London, M.T.*) Good trouting in Lambourne, and good general fishing in Kennet. St. for both streams 2s.; d.t. Lambourne 5s., Kennet 2s. 6d. Fly only on Lambourne.
- Newent** (Gloucester).—(n.s.) *Gloucester*, 10 m. Newent brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Newhaven** (Sussex).—N.R. On Ouse. Ouse rises in two large ponds close to Slaughterham village, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in a large lake at Balcombe, 2 m. down from which a stream joins on left bank, which drains two or three ponds 1½ m. up. ¼ m. below this Ouse is reached. 4 m. down Ouse a stream joins on left bank, 4½ m. long, which rises in a lake by Horsted Keynes. 5 m. down Ouse, near Fletching, a stream 3 m. long, which runs out of some large lakes in Sheffield Park, and mill, joins on left bank. 3 m. down, at Sharp's lock, a stream, 3 m. long, joins on left

bank, one branch of which flows out of a lake in Maresfield Park and the other from a large pond in the village (n.s. **Buxted**, L.B. & S.C.R.) Ouse next flows in 2 m. to **Isfield** (L.B. & S.C.R.) Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a lake by High Hurst Wood, 3 m. N. of **Buxted**. At **Buxted** a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, which drains several ponds and mill dams. Next **Uckfield** (L.B. & S.C.R.) is reached in 2 m. and **Isfield** in 3½ m., 1½ m. below **Isfield**, two streams join Ouse, one on the right bank and the other on left bank. The right hand stream rises in a lake by Chally, flows 2 m. to Old Park, where it waters a large lake, and then 2½ m. on to the Ouse. The stream on the left bank is 2 m. long, and drains some large lakes near Mole Wood. Ouse next flows in two branches to **Barcombe** (L.B. & S.C.R.) 2 m., thence to **Lewes** (L.B. & S.C.R.), 6 m. 3 m. below a stream 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Glynd** (L.B. & S.C.R.) is in the centre of it. Thence to **Newhaven** (N.R.) is 6 m., passing Rodmill, Tarring Nivelle, Piddinghoe, South Houghton, and Denton. 1 m. from **Newhaven** Ouse joins the sea. (c.s.) Fair sea fishing, whiting, &c. Bass at harbour's mouth and round Beachy Head.

**Newmill End** (Herts.).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Lea. (See *Stratford*.)

**Newnam Bridge** (Worcester).—T. & B.R. Teme; trout, chub, grayling, dace, roach, perch, pike; preserved above by the Tenbury Angling Association (see *Tenbury*); below, privately. Rea; trout, grayling, chub. Piper's brook (2 m. E.). Lakes: Bickley pools (2 m. N.); pike, perch, roach, carp; preserved by Lord Dudley. Stamford Park lake (7 m. S.E.) Inn: Talbot; comfortable. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**New Passage** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Pilning brook. Pilning rises 5 m. N.E. of **Pilning** (G.W.R.), and runs to **New Passage** 3 m. 2 m. Olveston brook joins the sea; it is 4 m. long.

**Newport** (Monmouth).—G.W.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Ebwy; salmon, trout. Usk rises in Brecon 12 m. above **Devynock**, in a small lake full of trout. 7 m. from the source, Hydfer, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at Treacastle (a good inn, and fishing free above, but preserved below by the landowners), a stream joins on left bank, which, dividing in two parts at Llywel, is 5 m. long. 2 m. down, Clydach (4 m. long) and Cray joins Usk (n.s. **Devynock**, 2 m.), one on left bank and the other on right bank. Cray rises 3 m. above **Cray Station** (N. & B.R.), and is 7 m. long. Usk runs 2 m. to **Devynock**. Here Senni joins on right bank. Senni is 6 m. long, and receives on left bank Trewaren, 4 m. long, close to the town. 2 m. down Usk, Cilieni joins on left bank. Cilieni is 9 m. long, and is joined by Llandellor Brook on right bank midway down. Usk runs 3 m. to **Aberbran** (N. & B.R.). Here Bran, 11 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Usk, at Aberyscir, Yscir joins on left bank. 4 m. above the junction Yscir divides into two parts, Yscir-fechan and Yscir-faur, each some 8 m. long. Usk runs in 3½ m. to **Brecknock** (N. & B.R.); there Honddu joins on left bank, and Tarett on right bank. Honddu rises 4 m. above Capel Dyffryn Honddu, runs 4 m. to Llanfihangel-fechan, and **Brecknock** 6 m. Tarett rises on the Beacons, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook rising in Llyn-cwm-Llwh, 4 m. up. Tarett runs 2 m. to Usk. 2½ m. down Usk, Cynrig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down Usk, at Llanhamlath (n.s. **Taly-llyn Junction**, N. & B.R., 2 m.), Mehascia, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Usk, at Llanisaintior or **Taly-bont** (B. & M.T.J.R.), Alwynd joins on right bank. This stream rises near **Torpantau Station** (B. & M.T.J.R.), and is 8 m. long. 3 m. down Usk, Dyfferyn, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1½ m. down, Hogwy, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Llangynydr 1 m. up from the junction. 2 m. down Usk, Rhiangoll joins on left bank. Rhiangoll rises 4 m. S.W. of **Tolgarth** (M.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Llanfihangel, 2 m. to Tretower, and Usk 1 m. Usk runs in 2 m. to Crickhowel (n.s. **Gilwern**, M.T. & A.R., 4 m.) (The troutling is very good both above and below the town. The fishing for the most part belongs to the Duke of Beaufort, Archdeacon Davies, Mr. Miles, and Sir J. Bailey, who are liberal to stranger gentlemen. March and April are best for trout; salmon fishing varies with the water. Hotel: Bear, which has half mile of salmon fishing for visitors at per day.) 2 m. down, Grwyne joins Usk on right bank. Grwyne rises 6 m. across country from **Tolgarth**, runs 13 m. to Llanbedr, 2 m. from Crickhowel, where it is joined on right bank by Grwyne-fechan, 7 m. long. 3 m. down is Usk. 1 m. down Usk, Clydach, which rises 4 m. above **Gilwern Station** and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Usk runs to **Govillon** 4 m., where Wenarth joins on right bank. Wenarth rises in the Forge Pond 2 m. S. of the station, and is 3 m. long. Usk runs to **Abergavenny** 2 m. Here Gavenny joins on left bank. Gavenny rises near **Llanfihangel**, and is 5 m. long. Usk runs 3 m. to **Fenpergwm**, 2 m. below which Llanover Brook, which rises in a small lake and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Usk, Llangattock brook, which runs 1½ m. E. of **Fenpergwm** and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. ½ m. down Usk, Llanarth brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Usk runs 3 m. to **Nantyderry**, and **Usk** (C.M. & P.R.) 5 m. Here Olway river runs close to the town, and joins Usk on left bank 2 m. down. Olway rises by Trellech (n.s. **Bigweir**, S.W.R., 2 m. E.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 1 m. down Olway, at **Llandenny** (C.M. & P.R.), Raglan Brook, which rises by **Raglan** (C.M. & P.R.) and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Olway, Pill brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Olway runs 3 m. to **Usk**, and Usk river 2 m. Usk runs to Kemeys Inferior 5 m., and 3 m. on is joined on right bank by a brook which rises by **Panteg** (N.A. & H.R.), and is 7 m. long. Usk runs to **Caerleon** (N.A. and H.B.), 1 m. Here Liwyd joins on right bank. Liwyd rises 2 m. above **Blaen-Afon**, runs to **Cwm Afon** 3 m., **Abersychan** 2 m., **Pontypool** 2 m., **Panteg**

**2 m., Pontrhydyran, 1 m., Pontnewydd (N.A. and H.R.) 1 m., Cwmbran (N.A. and H.R.), 1 m., and 3 m. down, is joined on right bank by Dowlas brook, which rises 2 m. N. of Llantonan (N.A. and H.R.), and is 4 m. long. Llwyrdd brook Usk 3 m. down. Usk runs 4 m. to Newport, to which point the tide flows. March and April are the best trout months, and April to October for salmon. Flies for Usk are March brown, with more yellow in the body; blue and yellow duns; coach-y-bonddu; spider fly, body, dark slate blue; hackle, long, black; wing, hen pheasant's; Hoffland's Fancy and the spinners. At the end of May the "little purple" comes on (body, dark mole; hackle, dark grizzly blue; wing, dark starling). At the same time a large yellow dun comes on, and continues during the season (hook No. 9; body, yellow ribbed with gold; hackle, smoky, golden tipped; wing, light starling). This and the alder dressed buzz are the best general flies. The black gnat, stone fly, the fern fly (dark orange-red body, light blue hackle, and hen pheasant wing), and the large cinnamon, are also useful flies. The larger flies, as the cob, alder, large spinner, and large dun, must be dressed on No. 9 hooks, the others on 10, and the purple and gnats on 11 and 12. Mr. Francis recommends these salmon flies as good general Welsh patterns: 1. Gold tip, pale blue sprigs of Indian jay and flamingo, or ibis, or red macaw fibres for tail, orange wool body, brown hackle, long and full all the way up; gold tinsel sparingly, and brown mottled turkey wing; black head. 2. Tip and tail as before; light orange silk body; yellow hackle long and full, gold twist sparingly, and dirty red hackle at shoulder; mottled turkey wing. 3. Tail and tip as before; dirty yellow wool body; golden olive hackle; gold twist fine, large bunch of peacock's harl for wings. 4. Gold tip, two red macaw fibres, and a gold pheasant's topping for tail; dark brown wool body; golden olive (rather inclining to orange) hackle, with black tints to the fibres, sparse gold twist, turkey wing. 5. Gold pheasant tippet tail, dark brown wool body, bronzed olive hackle, with darkish dirty green tips, turkey wing, no tinsel. 6. Gold tip, fancy tail of two sprigs of blue macaw, light yellow toucan feather and small green parrot feather (this tail is not indispensable), two twists of ostrich harl (black), over yellow silk body, gold tinsel, and light smoky blue hackle with golden tips; wing, two bittern's hackles. All the hackles are dressed very full and long, and most of the bodies are fattish. Hooks, about No. 7 or No. 8, salmon size. Another good Usk fly has a it of yellow floss silk for tail, a pale yellow or lemon body, pale blue or dun hackle, and wings of either the striped feathers under a hawk's, or snipe's, or woodcock's wing, dyed pale yellow.**

EBWY rises 2 or 3 m. above Beaufort, and passing there runs to Ebbw Vale (2 m.), Victoria (1 m.), Owm (2 m.), Aberbeeg (3 m.). Here Ebwy fash, which rises above Blaina, runs thence to Aberillery (3 m.) and Aberbeeg (2 m.). Joins on left bank. 2 m. down Ebwy, by Crumlin, a stream joins on right bank  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, which drains a pond—Pond-y-Coed-Cae, 2 m. S.W. from Aberbeeg. Ebwy runs to Newbridge (1 m.), Abercarne (1 m.), Cross Keys (1 m.). Here Sirhowey joins on right bank. Sirhowey rises in Llyn-garn-fawr 3 m. N.W. from Trefil, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining a pond 1 m. up. 1 m. down Sirhowey, Nant-y-llecha joins on right bank, draining a pond 3 m. up. Sirhowey runs to Tredegar (3 m.), Holly Bush (5 m.), Argeod (3 m.), Black Wood (2 m.), Tredegar Junction (2 m.), Ynysddu (2 m.), and Cross Keys (4 m.). Ebwy runs to Bisca (1 m.), Tydee (3 m.), Bassaleg (2 m. from Newport)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. Ebwy joins Usk Estuary 8 m. down. (c.s. Usk.)

**Newport (Salop).** S.U.B.—Meess (1 m. N.), Srine (3 m. W.), Lorneo brook (3 m. N.), Brockton brook (3 m. S.), Ellerton brook (5 m. N.W.). *Lakes:* Chetwynd Park pond (1 m. N.), Aquadale mere (2 m. N.E.), Minton's Limekiln and Wildmore pools (3 m. S.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)

**New Quay (Cornwall).**—G.W.R. Kestle water. Kestle rises 1 m. S.W. from St. Columb Station, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by Tredinick water. Tredinick rises 2 m. N. of St. Michael's (n.s. Grampound, G.W.R., 6 m.) 3 m. down, Newlyn water, which rises on Newlyn Down, runs by Newlyn, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tredinick runs 2 m. to Kestle. 1 m. down Kestle, Stringer's water, which rises a short distance N. of Newlyn and is  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, joins on left bank. Kestle runs to the sea and New Quay in 2 m. (c.s. Camel.) 2 m. N. from New Quay runs Mellincoose water, which rises 1 m. N. from St. Columb Station, runs 7 m. to St. Columb Minor, where it is joined by Trewnice water, 2 m. long, and runs to the sea in 1 m. 2 m. S.W. from New Quay, at Crantock, runs Trevowa water, 3 m. long. 4 m. W. down the coast from New Quay into Holywell Bay runs Holywell brook, 6 m. long. Fair sea fishing.

**New Shoreham (Sussex).**—On Adur. Adur rises in a lake by the railway 2 m. west of Burgess Hill (L. & B.R.). In  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. a stream  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. long joins on right bank, which drains a large lake, 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains two large ponds near Bolney village. 2 m. on a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Hassocks Gate Station (L. & B.R.), and is 5 m. long, supplying three mills. 1 m. down Adur, at Shermanbury, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in some lakes 9 m. off. Cowfold village is half way up this stream. 2 m. down Adur, where the railway crosses (nearest station Henfield, S. & H.R.), a stream joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds at Strude Garden, 1 m. west of Hassocks Gate Station, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on the left bank, 2 m. long, which rises in a large lake at Woodmanore (nearest station Henfield), 3 m.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. on, this stream joins Adur.  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, at Henfield a large stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of Billinghamurst (L.B. & S.C.R.), and after 7 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which runs out of a large lake  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. off.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.

- down a stream joins on left bank, which drains a large lake called Knapp Pond (nearest station **Grinstead**, L.B. & S.C.R.,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. off.)  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. down stream, 1 m. south-west of **Partridge Green Station** (L.B. & S.C.R.), a stream joins on the right bank, which drains some ponds near Ashington, and is  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. long.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, Adur is reached; 5 m. down Adur is **Steyping** (L.B. & S.C.R.); here a stream joins on the right bank, which drains two ponds at Wiston,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. off. Next comes **Bramber** (L.B. & S.C.R.) 1 m., and **Shoreham** 5 m., passing Botolphs and Combes. Bass at harbour's mouth, and a variety of sea fish outside and in the offing.
- New Sollers** (Sloop).—T. & B.R. Roa. Trout, grayling. Ranhall brook. Hopton brook. Hopper brook ( $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. N.W.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Newton Abbot** (S. Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. Trout and a few salmon. Preserved by the Lower Teign Fishing Association hence up to **Buckfastleigh**. Hotels: Globe and Magora. (See Teignmouth.) There are a few trout in the stream which joins Teign here. Fish above the town. (c.s.)
- Newton-le-Willows** (York).—Newton Beck runs near. Trout.
- Norham** (Northland.).—(See Berwick.)
- Norhampton**.—On Nene. Pike, perch, bream, chub, &c. Preserved by a society; at 3l. 3s. and 1l. 1s. from the Paper Mills to Whiston Mill head. Each member (paying 3l. 3s.) has eight day tickets, four for trolling, and four for angling only; and sons (under twenty-one) of members—not holders of a day ticket—are allowed to angle, but not to troll; not more than three day tickets are granted to any one person not a member, and in every instance each ticket holder must be accompanied by a member. No fishing on Sundays; and no pike fishing between the 1st of March and the 30th of June; no fishing with any live or dead fish or artificial fish-bait during this period; and no live-bait fishing after the 30th of November; and no perch fishing between March 31 and June 1. No person is allowed to fish for pike more than two days in any one week. The club water begins 2 m. from the **Wellingborough** station, and extends nearly 8 m. There is an inn  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from the water close by the **Castle Ashby** station, which is the middle of the fishery. Hotel: George.
- North Tawton** (Devon).—N.D.R. Taw. (c.s.) (See Barnstaple.)
- Norton** (Salop).—S. & M.D.R. Tern. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Norton Fitzwarren** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Norton brook and Tone. Trout. (See Bridgewater.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Norwich**.—(See Coldham Hall, Buckenham, Cantley.) On Yare. Fishing free. Boat 2s. 6d. a day. Pike, perch, bream, chub, &c. 8 m. by road and 14 m. by river, below the town the broads begin; on the left bank lie Strumpshaw, Buckenham, and Hassingham, belonging to T. Tuck, Esq., and Sir W. B. Procter; and on the right bank Surlingham and Rockland. On the Bure the first broad on the right bank is Bridge Broad at Wroxham, and then Wroxham Broad. These two are the property of Blake Humphrey, Esq. The next is Salhouse, then Woodbastwick (a duck decoy), Great and Little Ranworth Broad (one of them a decoy), and South Walsham, these belong to W. H. Trafford, A. Cates, J. Kerrison, and H. W. Burroughes, Esqs. On the left bank are Belaulgh, Hoveton, Great and Little, and Burnt Fen Broad, the properties of the Rev. J. Blodfield H. N. Burroughes, Esq., and others. These broads are within 10 m. of Norwich. Good accommodation can be had at Wroxham Castle or Horning Ferry, within a mile or two of them all. The Ant forms first the Antingham Ponds, then Dilham Lake, and Barton Broad. Oliver Broad lies on the right bank. On the left are Stalham and Catfield Broad. Lord Suffield, the trustees of W. H. Windham, Esq., Sir J. H. Preston, J. C. Webb, Esq., and Mrs. Cubitt, are the chief owners. On the Thurne are Horse Mere, and then Hickling and Chapman's Broad with Whitesley's Sound, forming one great lake. Ludham is small. Between these and the sea are Somerton and Winterton, and near Acle lie Ormesby, Rollesby, and Filby Broad. These are mostly held by the Rev. J. Micklethwaite, Mrs. Hume, W. Rising, Esq., Rev. C. Lucas, and — Ensor, Esq., &c. On the Waveney, in Suffolk, are Fritton and Flixton, both decoys. Oulton, a fresh-water broad, and Lake Lothing, a salt one. The fish in all these lakes are pike, perch, eels, tench, bream, roach, rudd, and carp. Leave to fish may sometimes be obtained on most of these lakes. The rivers and broads of the Ant and Bure contain the largest fish. The fishing on the rivers is free. Hotels: Norfolk, Royal, Rampant Horse, Maids Head, and Bell.
- Norwood** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. The South Norwood Park Lake; jack, perch, roach. Subscription 3l. 6d. per annum; d.t., 2s. 6d.; limited to 50 members. For tickets apply to A. Steer, Estate Office, South Norwood Park, Surrey.
- Nottingham**.—On Trent. Perch, roach, dace, pike, chub, barbel, &c. The river is much fished close to the town, and the fishing is poor. There used to be some grayling, but they are very rare now. The fishing is free from Beeston Lock to the Trent Bridge on the Nottingham side; the opposite side is preserved from Clifton Grove to the Trent Bridge. Tickets 10s. per season. (c.s.)
- Nunington**.—On Rye. Excellent trout fishing; leave hardly obtainable.
- Oakhampton** (Devon).—N.D.R. On Taw and Okement. Trout. (c.s. Taw.) Marshford Brook, 3 m. (See Bideford and Barnstaple.)
- Ockle Street** (Gloucester).—S.W.R. Denn brook, which rises 1 m. E. from **Longhope** station; and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long. Denn runs to Severn (2 m.).
- Offord** (Hunts).—G.N.R. 1 m. from here is a famous breaming station, called **Barnes's Hole**.

- Onlbury** (Salop).—S. & H. R. Onny; trout, grayling; preserved. Teme (3 m. S.); trout, grayling, chub, dace. Corve (3 m. E.). *Lakes*: Decay pool (2 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Orpington** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Cray. (*See Dartford.*)
- Oswestry** (Salop).—G.W.R. Cynllaith. Morda (1 m. S.). Tanat (6 m. S.W., at **Llan-y-blodwell**); trout, grayling, chub, &c. Vyrnwy (8 m. S., at **Llanymynech**); trout, salmon, chub, &c. *Lakes*: Aston lake (3 m. S.E.), Rhyddwyn (5 m. W.), Halston Hall lake (5 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Oxford** (Kent).—N.K.R. Darenth. Trout. (*See Dartford.*)
- Otley** (York).—M.R. & N.E.B. On Wharfe. Trout, grayling, chub, dace, barbel. Above this place Woodhead Beck joins at Burley Mill. This stream is polluted, and contains no fish. Above is Greenholme Mill, about which there is good fishing belonging to Messrs. Pison. In the Washbourne stream, 2 m. below this, there is some good trouting; leave to fish unattainable. There is an angling club at Otley of limited numbers, who preserve 5 m. of water; 3 m. between Otley and Pool is kept exclusively for members. S.t., 3l.; entrance, 2l. Secretary, Mr. Pratt, Otley. There is a short stretch of free water. Mr. Sheepshanks, of Arthington Hall, has opened his water to the Otley Club. The coarse fish are here rather numerous. Day tickets at the Wharfedale Hotel, Arthington. Season from April 1st to Jan. 31st. The landlord of the White Hart at Pool reserves some day tickets for a small portion, to be obtained at the hotel at Pool; also some fishing from Pool paper mills. A portion is preserved also by the Earl of Harewood for 8 m. Permission for a day's fishing may be had by applying to the earl's steward. The pool below Harewood Bridge is well stocked with grayling, trout, pike, and perch. Netherby Deep, 1 m. below, contains many barbel. Between Burley and Otley the river is strictly preserved. The spring tides flow to Tadcaster Bridge, 6 m. above where the Wharfe joins the Ouse. (*c.s. York.*)
- Ottery Road** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter and Tailwater Brook. (*See Ottery St. Mary.*) (*c.s.*)
- Ottery St. Mary** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter and Tailwater Brook. Trout, salmon. Otter rises at Otterford on the S. slopes of the Black Down Hills (n.s. **Taunton**, 8 m.); 2½ m. down a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. Otter runs to Upottery 3 m., and 4½ m. on is joined on right bank by Pennythorn Brook, 4 m. long. Otter runs in 2 m. to **Moniton** (S.W.R.). Here Blanacombe Brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Awlescombe brook joins on right bank, 4 m. long and working a mill. 2½ m. down Otter is **Ottery Road Station** (S.W.R.). 1 m. off the river on right bank, and 3 m. down is **Ottery St. Mary**. Here Tailwater Brook joins on right bank. Tailwater rises at Broadhembury (n.s. **Ottery Road**, 4 m.), runs in 5½ m. to that station, working three mills, and **Ottery**, 3 m. Otter runs in 2½ m. to **Tipton** (S.W.R.), Newton Poppleford 2 m. (fishing free hence to the sea), Otterton 3 m. 1 m. down a small stream joins on right bank, working a mill above Budleigh 1 m. up. The tide flows to this junction. The trouting at Ottery is early and good. Leave from the owners, principally Lady Rolle. (*See c.s.*)
- Oundle**.—The Nene runs past here from **Thrapston**. (*See Thrapston.*) Very good pike fishing is to be had on the Manor of Ashton, a little below here, belonging to Baron Rothschild; also at Elton Hall (n.s. **Elton**, L. & N.W.R.), belonging to Lord Carysfoot, who will, we understand, give leave. The Nene next passes **Wandsford**. (*See Wandsford.*)
- Overton** (Hants).—S.W.R. On Test. Good accommodation. Trout and grayling. The fishing belongs to Capt. Brydges. (*See Southampton.*)
- Overton**.—(L. & N.W.R.) The Nene, running from **Wandsford** (*see Wandsford*), passes by here. The pike fishing is very good, and belongs to the Marquis of Huntley. There is no inn near. The river next runs by **Peterborough**. (*See Peterborough.*)
- Oxford**.—O.R. Thames, Cherwell, and Isis. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: Wheatsheaf, Roebuck, and Anchor. *Fishermen*: J. Bosson, P. and A. Beesley, D. Talboys.
- Padstow** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Wades Bridge**, G.W.R. 8 m.) Petherick Water. Trout. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **St. Columb** (G.W.R.) and is 7 m. long. (*c.s. Camel.*) In summer there are bass, also pollack by the rocky cliffs and round the shore of Stepper Point, round the Gull, Newland, and Penlike Point.
- Paignton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Pollack at back of pier; sand-eel seines kept. Mackerel, bass, &c.
- Pandy** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. *Hotel*: Pandy Inn. Monnow; trout. The Upper Monnow is preserved by the Upper Monnow Fishing Club of 15 members, at 10l. 10s. Hon. Sec., Gen. Gillespie, Trewyn House, near Abergavenny. Honddu preserved as above, and by the landowners above the club water. (*c.s. Wye.*) Full brook (2 m.), Olchon brook (4 m.), Eesley brook (5 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Pangbourne** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames and Pang. (*See London, M.T.*) Few trout, perch, pike, &c. *Inns*: George, Elephant and Castle, and Swan. *Fishermen*: G. Ashley, W. Davidson, T. Lovegrove. Over the Weir at Whitechurch is the Bridge House, very comfortable. The Pang is full of trout, especially near Tidmarsh, but is private, and belongs to Mrs. T. Brendon, and R. Hopkins, Esq.
- Panteg** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. (*See Newport.*) Llwyd. (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Par** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. Bream rises 2 m. S.W. of **Victoria** station (G.W.R.), close by the line, runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Rosmellon brook, 2 m. long. ½ m. down Bream, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up. 2 m. down Bream Treverbyn Water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Bream runs 1 m. to **Bridges** (G.W.R.), where Luxulian Brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Bream runs 3 m. to **St. Blaise** (G.W.R.). **Par** (G.W.R.), 1 m. and the sea 2 m. (*c.s. Fowey.*) Sand-eels



- at Par sands, mackerel from the bay, pollack by Gribben Head and near the harbour; large pollack, conger, &c., in the offing.
- Park (Essex).**—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea. Dace, roach, chub, perch, barbel, bream, jack, carp. Mr. Ford preserves. Tickets 21s., with troling, 10s. 6d. without, and 1s. a day without troling. The next preserve above is Jackson's, to which the Angel-road Station (G.E.R.) is the nearest.
- Park Street (Herts).**—G.N.R. Colne. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Partridge Green (Sussex).**—(See *New Shoreham*.) On Adur. Trout, &c.
- Pateley Bridge.**—On Nidd. The fishing is poor below, but above it is strictly preserved. The beck above here are good. How Steam Beck especially so; free. (See *Ramskill*.)
- Patterdale (Westland).**—There is a capital hotel. Brothers Water can be fished from hence. It contains trout. Also Ullswater. Boats and men can be had. Angle Tarn is 3 m. off; fair trouting in a wind.
- Peel Wyke.**—On Bassenthwaite. Pike and large trout. Good inn on the lake.
- Pembridge (Hereford).**—L. & K.R. Arrow; trout, grayling. Preserved by landowners. (c.s. *Wye*.) Tinsley brook (2 m.); preserved by landowners. Tippets brook (2 m.). Lakes at Shobdon Park (3 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Pengarn (Monmouth).**—R. & N.E. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Pennard (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Wootton Brook. (See *Highbridge*.)
- Penpergwm (Monmouth).**—N.A. H.B. Usk; salmon trout. Llanover brook, 2 m. Llangatrock brook, 2 m. (See *Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Penrith (Cumberland).**—Hotels: New Crown and the George. Decent trout, pike, chub, and perch fishing to be had in Lake Ullswater; and the rivers Eden, Eamont, and Lowther give salmon, pike, chub, roach. Dacre Beck joins Eamont above Penrith, and contains great numbers of trout; private. The trouting in Eden is particularly good; preserved by Eden and Eamont Angling Society; s.t., 42s.; m.t., 21s.; w.t. 10s. 6d.; Sec. F. Parker, Esq., Frenington, Penrith. (c.s.)
- Penryn (Cornwall).**—G.W.R. Penryn River. Penryn river is 6 m. long, and runs into the head of Falmouth harbour. (c.s. *Fowey*.) (See *Mullion, Ruon Minor, Helston, Constantine*.)
- Pensford (Somerset).**—B. & R.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Chew and Lakes, Hound-street Park.
- Penshurst (Kent).**—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Eden.
- Penzance (Cornwall).**—G.W.R. 3 brooks join the sea here. Gulvall brook, which rises 1 m. above New Mill, and 2 m. down is joined by a brook 2 m. long, 1 m. down is the sea. Madron brook rises by Boskedrian, and passing Madron 1 m. from Penzance, is 4 m. long. Newlyn brook runs into Guavas Lake. Newlyn rises above Bosullow, and is 7 m. long. Good pollack fishing off the Scillies. Accommodation at St. Mary's. Good sea-fishing  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. within the west headland of Mount's Bay,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from shore. Dabs taken from boats at anchor in Guavas Lake. All the rocky grounds afford pollack, which can also be caught by pier angling. Hotels: Dingley's, Mounts Bay, Union.
- Peplow (Salop).**—G.W.R. Tern. Polford brook (2 m. S.W.), Alford brook (3 N.E.). Meess (4 m. S.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Perran (Cornwall).**—G.W.R. Perran, Trewedra water, Stithians water. Perran rises by St. Dye (N.s. *Scorrier Gate*, G.W.R. 2 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Gwenna brook, 3 m. long. 2 m. down by Perran, Trewedra water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Perran, Stithians water joins on right bank. Stithians rises in a pond by Caverlock,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. W. of Stithians, and is 7 m. long. The tideway is now reached. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Perranzabuloe (Cornwall).**—(N.s. *Truro*, G.W.R., 7 m.) Towan. Towan rises by Chiverton, and 1 m. down waters a lake by Perranzabuloe. 2 m. down, Golla water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down is the sea. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Pershore (Worcester).**—G.W.R. Avon. Pike, perch, roach, dace, chub. Wyre (1 m. N.). Stourton brook (3 m. N.W.), Whitsun brook (5 m. N.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Peterborough (Northampton).**—On Nene. Pike, bream, chub, &c. The fishing is poor by the town, but better about Wadsford,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. by rail and 8 m. by road. The Nene, running from Overton (see *Overton*) passes by here. From the boundaries of Long Overton to Peterborough on the Northampton side, and from Wansford Bridge to the new-cut mouth below Peterborough on the Hunts side—say, for 6 m.—is now vested in the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, we believe. The Nene next flows by Whittlesea.
- Petersfield (Hants).**—P.D.R. On Western Rother. Trout, perch. (See *Fareham, Little Hampton*.)
- Petworth (Sussex).**—L.B. & S.C.R. Rother. (See *Little Hampton*.) Pike, perch, roach, carp, tench, and eels in Chingford lake, Burton Park. Rother holds pike, perch, roach, and is preserved. Leave may be obtained. Some of the smaller streams hold trout.
- Pevensey (Sussex).**—L.B. & S.C.R. On Pevensey river. This stream rises in two or three large ponds at Penhurst, and then flows in 1 m. to Ashburton, where there are some large lakes.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, a stream joins on right bank,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. long, rising in Bucksteep Mill Pond, 1 m. down, at Boreham Bridge, a stream 5 m. long joins on the right bank. 6 m. down Pevensey is reached. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in five or six lakes in Herstmonceux Park, and flows in two streams, some 6 m. long each, to Pevensey.
- Pickering (York).**—N.E.R. (See *Salton*.) On Costa and Pickering Beck. Costa rises at Keld Head, 1 m. W. of Pickering. A stream of very clear water, flowing through a very flat country, joins the Rye at Howe Bridge. It is preserved by the Costa Anglers' Club of 40 members; contains very large trout and grayling; has a great rise of Mayfly. Secretar

J. H. Phillips, Esq., 22, Albemarle-crescent, Scarborough. Pickering Beck rises at Fen Bogs in Newton Dale, runs through Pickering, joins Costa near Kirby Misperton Bridge; several parts free. Contains trout and grayling, the latter at the lower part. *Inns*: Black Swan (see *Advertisement*), White Swan, George, and Bay Horse. Several becks containing trout may be found on the railway line from here to Whitby.

**Pierce Bridge** (York).—Tea. Trout and salmon. Clowbeck. Trout. The owner of Cliffe Hall preserves some 4 m. of the Tea.

**Pining** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Pining Brook. (See *New Passage*.)

**Pinner** (Middx).—L. & N.W.R. Ruislip reservoir is  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. off. (See *London, M.T.*) Pike, perch, tench. *Inn*: George.

**Plealey Road** (Salop).—There is some trouting 3 m. off. Leave may sometimes be obtained from the owner of Wrentnall House.

**Flowden** (Salop).—B.C.B.R. Onny. Trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Plumpton** (Cumland).—On the Petteril. Salmon and trout. (c.s. *Eden*.)

**Plymouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym, Tamer. Trout, salmon. *Hotels*: Royal and Duke of Cornwall. Plym rises 8 m. N.E. of **Bickley** (G.W.R.) on Dartmoor, and 6 m. down, Meavy joins on left bank. Meavy rises 5 m. E. of **Horrabridge** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Meavy, and Plym 3 m. Plym runs to **Bickley** 1 m., **Marsh Mills** (G.W.R.) 3 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tory Brook, which rises 4 m. E. of **Bickley**, runs 6 m. to **Plymouth** (G.W.R.), and Plym 1 m. This brook is poisoned with clay water. Plym runs to **Plymouth** in 2 m. (c.s. *Tamer*.) The Tamer and Plym Fishery Board grant tickets for Plym and Meavy as far as Cann Quarry; hence to Plymouth it is preserved by Mr. H. Clark, of Efford Manor.

**TAMER** rises 4 m. N.E. of Kilkhampton, runs 4 m., when it forms the reservoir for the Bude Canal. Good fishing. 2 m. below at Morton Mill, Stratton being 4 m. off on right bank, Foxwater brook which runs 1 m. E. of Kilkhampton, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank; 4 m. down Tamer a brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long. Holsworthy lying 4 m. off on left bank. 8 m. down Tamer, Holsworthy water joins on left bank. Holsworthy rises 4 m. N. of Holsworthy town. (*Hotel*. Stanhope), at which place a brook 4 m. long join on left bank. 6 m. down, Holsworthy joins Tamer. 1 m. down Tamer, Claw river joins on left bank. Claw rises on Claw Moor, 4 m. S.E. of Holsworthy, runs 4 m. to Clawton and Tamer, 3 m. Tamer runs 2 m. to Luffincot, 3 m. to Boyeton, and 3 m. down is joined by Bear Water 6 m. long on right bank. 2 m. down Tamer at New Bridge (n.s. **Launceston**, 2 m.), Yeolm river joins on right bank. Yeolm rises by Otterham, and 2 m. down is joined by Cancer water, 2 m. long, on left bank. 4 m. down Yeolm Warbstow being 2 m. off on right bank, Wilsey brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Yeolm, near North Petherwin (n.s. **Launceston**, 5 m.) Cowdery water, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Yeolm, Kingsford water, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeolm runs to Yeolm Bridge, 2 m. (n.s. **Launceston**, 2 m.), where it runs for 2 m. through the park at Werrington House and waters the lake there, and 1 m. down joins Tamer. 1 m. down Tamer, Carey joins on left bank. Carey rises 6 m. S.E. of Holsworthy on Hallwill Moor, runs 4 m. to Ashwater, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Carey runs 1 m. to Virginstown and Tamer 6 m. 1 m. down Tamer Attery river joins on right bank. Attery rises by Tresmeer, runs 4 m. to Egloskerry, 5 m. to **Launceston**, and Tamer 2 m. Tamer runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by Lyd river. Lyd rises 3 m. N.E. of **Lidford**, runs 5 m. to **Coryton**, where Lew water joins on right bank. Lew rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, and runs from thence in 4 m. to Lew Mill, **Lidford** being 3 m. off, and 3 m. down joins Lyd. 2 m. down Lyd, Mary Stow brook joins on left bank. Mary Stow rises 2 m. S. of **Coryton**, and is 5 m. long. 3 m. down Lyd at **Lifton**, Thistle brook joins on right bank. Thistle rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, runs to Stowford 7 m. (n.s. **Lifton**, 3 m.), 2 m. down, Bradwood water joins Thistle on right bank. Bradwood rises near Germanewick, runs 3 m. to Henwood Mill, where a short stream joins on right bank, runs to Bradwood Wiger 2 m. and Thistle 3 m. 1 m. down, Thistle joins Lyd. Lyd runs in 2 m. to Tamer, 2 m. down Tamer, a small brook 3 m. long, which runs 2 m. S. of **Lifton**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, Tamer, Laudno water, which rises 2 m. S. of **Launceston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tamer, 6 m. from **Launceston**, Inny river joins on right bank. Inny rises by Davidstow, 4 m. N.E. from Camelford (*Hotel*: King's Arms. Fishing free.) Runs 4 m. to St. Clether, Laneast 2 m., Trewen 2 m., and 2 m. down at Two Bridges, 4 m. from **Launceston**, Penpont water, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Inny runs 10 m. to Tamer. 4 m. down Tamer a brook 2 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. on another short stream working a mill joins on right bank. Tamer runs 5 m. to New Bridge, **Tavistock** being 3 m. off on left bank, Calstock 5 m. 1 m. down, Cleve water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. To this point the tide flows. 7 m. down, Tavy joins Tamer. Tavy rises on Dartmoor, 3 m. E. of **Lidford**. 2 m. down, Battle water, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Tavy runs 5 m. to **Mary Tavy**, and 2 m. down is joined by Worimer brook, which rises 2 m. N.W. of **Mary Tavy**, runs by that station, and joins Tavy 2 m. down. Tavy runs to **Tavistock**, 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Launceston** brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Tavy, Wallcombe river joins on left bank. Wallcombe rises on Cocks Hill, 5 m. E. of **Mary Tavy**, runs 4 m. to Merriville Bridge, **Tavistock** being 4 m. off on right bank; runs 2 m. to Sampford Spiney, 4 m. to **Horrabridge**, and Tavy, 1 m. To 5 m. down Tavy the tide flows (n.s. **Bickley**, 4 m.), 3 m. down, Tavy joins Tamer

- (Tavy holds trout, sea trout, salmon, and is preserved by the Tamer and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets). Tamer runs to **Saltash**, and **Plymouth**, 3 m. Sea fishing excellent—bass, pollack, mackerel, hake, conger. Bass fishing off Bame Head from the rocks with a rod, and plano-convex minnow, or spinning sand eel, equal to salmon fishing. Fish run from 2lb. to 20lb. in weight. In the Sound, whiffing for pollack or mackerel. Bottom fishing for chad, pouting, whiting, near the Cobbler Buoy, Mallard, and inside the east and west ends of Breakwater. Large whiting, cod, conger, and hake in the offing near the Eddystone. Rod fishing for smelt, bass, mullet, and pollack, off the piers and rocks. For information as to tackle, boatmen, and baits, &c., apply to Messrs. Hearder and Son, 195, Union-street, Plymouth; or Messrs. Brooks, Edgumbe-street, Stonehouse.
- Plympton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tory brook. White with clay water now. (*See Plymouth.*) (*c.s. Tamer.*)
- Polperro** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Looe**, G.W.R., 6 m.) On Polperro brook, 6 m. long. Good sea fishing for pollack, mackerel, whiting, conger, and bream. Use pilchard bait.
- Polsham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney brook. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Pontesbury** (Salop).—M.B.E. Rea (1 m. N.). Trout, grayling. Habberley brook (1 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Pontnewydd** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.B. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pontrhydyran** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.B. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pontrilas** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.B. Monnow; trout, grayling. Preserved by tenant of Kentchurch to 3 m. below here, where the Lower Monnow Club of limited numbers comes in and preserves to within 3 m. of Monmouth; Sec., R. Wrightson, Esq., Newport, Monmouth; s.t., 5l. (*See Pandy.*) (*c.s. Wye.*) Dore, Worm brook, Dulas brook, Rowleston brook (1 m.), Garron (6 m.); trout. Black brook (6 m.) **Lakes**: Black brook House (6 m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Pontypool** (Monmouth).—E.B. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pool** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. (*See Helston.*)
- Poole** (Dorset).—D. & S.R. On Rockle. **Hotel**: London. Rockle rises in a mill pool above Morden Park 6 m. N. from **Wareham** (D. & S.R.), runs in 1 m. to the large lake in Morden Park, and runs into Poole Harbour 6 m. down. On the opposite side of the harbour from the town debouches Corfe River; salmon, sea trout, trout. Corfe rises 1 m. W. of Corfe Castle (n.s. **Wareham**, D. & S.R., 4½ m.), and is here joined by Byle Brook on right bank. Corfe runs into Poole Harbour 5 m. down. For fishing apply to the clerk to the Conservators, Wareham. Good sea fishing; pollack near Old Harry and his Wife. Large boat, with two men and a boy, for trawling and line fishing, 1l. per day. J. Harvey Brown, John Hughes, and Nicholas Collington are good fishermen. They provide trawls, lines, bait, &c. Information from landlord of London Hotel. (*c.s. Frome.*)
- Pool** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe. Trout, grayling. Tickets can be obtained for a short length. (*See Otley.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Pooley Bridge**.—Good trout fishing in Ullswater and the rivers Eamont and Lowther.
- Porlock** (Somerset).—*Inn*: The Ship. 1 m. E. runs Aller. Trout. Aller rises on the slopes of Lucott Hill, runs 3 m. to Lucott mill, and Porlock 5 m. 1 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Luckham, runs to Holincote, Sir T. Ackland's bailiff. Aller joins the sea 1 m. on. A small stream runs through Porlock, with a branch at West Porlock, which holds plenty of small trout. Some 3 m. across the hills runs Oare water, preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare, who will give leave. (*See Linton.*) There is no sea-fishing here.
- Portstock** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. (*See Bridport.*) On Asker. *Inn*: Three Horseshoes.
- Portishead** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Here the drainings of Clapton Moor, 5 m. long, joins the sea.
- Porton** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Avon and Winterbourne. Trout and coarse fish. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.*)
- Portland** (Dorset).—G.W.R. & S.W.R. (*See Weymouth.*)
- Portskewet** (Monmouth).—S.W.B. Morenton Brook (1 m. N.E.). Morenton rises above Morenton (n.s. **Chepstow**, 2 m.), and 3 m. down at St. Pierre the outflow from the lake in St. Pierre Park joins on right bank. 1 m. down is the Severn estuary. 1 m. W. of **Portskewet** runs Neddin Brook. Neddin rises in Went Wood under the name of Cas-Troggy Brook, runs 5 m. to Lanvair D'iscoed, Caerwent 2 m.; **Portskewet** 4 m.
- Portsmouth Arms** (Devon).—N.D.R. On Taw. Salmon and trout. (*c.s.*) Yarncombe-brook (14 m.) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Powburn** (Northland).—(*See Wooler.*)
- Prees** (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. Sandford Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Prestbury** (Worcester).—M.R. Swilgare. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Presthorpe** (Salop).—C. & M.W.R. Hughly brook (1 m. N.W.). Corve (2½ m. S.); trout, grayling, &c. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Preston** (Lancs.).—On Ribble. Salmon, trout, dace, chub, eels. Fishing very poor. (*c.s.*) *Hotel*: Victoria.
- Pulborough** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun and Western Rother. (*See Little Hampton.*) Fishing free in Rother, from hence to Midhurst. Fishing good on Arun. Pike, bream, roach, perch, salmon, trout, &c. *Hotel*: Arun Hotel.
- Purfleet** (Essex).—T. & S.R. On Mardyke. This stream rises by East Horndon, and in 4 m. is joined on the right bank by a stream which rises by Little Warley. From this junction to Purfleet is 8 m.

**Purton** (Wilts.).—C. & G.W.U.R. On Ray. (See London, U.T.)

**Putney** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (See London, L.T.)

**Quay Haven**.—(See Milford.)

**Radlett** (Herts.).—M.R. (See London, M.T.)

**Radstock** (Somerset).—B. & E.R. (See Bristol.)

**Raglan** (Monmouth).—C.M. and P.B. Raglan brook. (See Newport.)

**Rainham** (Essex).—L. & S.R. On Ingreburn Brook. This stream rises some 4 m. north-west of **Brentwood** (G.E.R.), and in 8 m. reaches Upminster. 3 m. on a stream joins which runs through a large pond called Berwick Pond. 1½ m. down Rainham is reached, 1 m. on the brook joins Thames. There are fish throughout its course. 1½ m. from Rainham runs Beam brook. This stream rises 5 m. north of **Bomford** (G.E.R.), under the name of Bourne brook. 4 m. on is Beam Bridge, 1½ m. from Rainham, and 1 m. further the brook runs into Dagenham Reach. Pike, perch, bream, roach. Fishing here is very good; day tickets can be had. The outfall of the lake runs into Thames Estuary.

**Ramsgate**.—Fair sea fishing for cod and whiting. There is fresh-water fishing at Minster in the Stour. (See Margate and Sandwich.)

**Ramskill**.—On Nidd. Trout and grayling. By staying at the Yorke Arms there is fishing in 1½ m. of water at 1s. per day. Ramskill is 5 m. from **Pateley Bridge**. (See Pateley Bridge.)

**Ravenglass** (Cumberland).—F.R. On Ert, Bleng, Esk, and Mite. Trout, salmon trout, salmon. *Hotel*: King's Arms. Preserved by a society. Ticket, 10s. a season for all. May and June are best for trout, salmon trout June, July, and August, and salmon September, October, and November. The Irt runs out of Wastwater, and is the best fishing stream. The best salmon casts are in the first ½ m. above Muncaster Bridge. Few salmon or salmon trout run up Mite, but trouting is good. Small duns, browns, and red palmers are best. Good accommodation can be had at Sharp's Bowerhouse Inn, on Mite, which is also about ½ m. from Irt and Esk. There is a station on the Eskdale Railway close to. The Woolpack Inn, Eskdale, contains quarters for two. This is close to Esk and near four or five tarns. King of Prussia, Eskdale, Smith's, Strands Inn, near the foot of Nether Wastwater, are good; boats on the lake. Lutwidge Arms Hotel, Holmrook, is good, and close to Irt; also Fox and Hounds, Westdale Head, and 12 m. from **Drigg Station**. (c.s. *Ehen*.)

**Reading** (Berks.).—G.W.R. Thames and Kennet. *Hotels*: Railway, Queen's, and Ship. (See London, M.T.) Good pike fishing to Sonning. A society preserves the Thames from Goring Lock to Shiplake. *Fishermen*: Wicks, W. Clarke, Holdaway, R. Mills, H. Knight, W. Moss, and T. Hall.

**Redbridge** (Hants).—S. W. R. On the Test. Salmon and trout, pike, roach, dace, &c. The Test here falls in Southampton Water. Strictly preserved. (See Southampton.)

**Redbrook** (Monmouth).—B. & M.R. Wye. Chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)

**Redditch** (Worcester).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow. *Lakes*: Hewell Grange lake (2½ m. N.W.) Ipsley Lodge pond (1 m. S.E.) (See Gloucester.)

**Red Hill** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. (See London, L.T.)

**Rednall** (Salop).—S. & C.B. Perry (2 m. N.). *Lakes*: Shelyocke lake (3 m. S.E.) (See Gloucester.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Redruth** (Cornwall).—W.C.R. Tresillian. This brook rises 2 m. N. of the town, and is 4 m. long. (c.s. *Fowey*.)

**Reepham** (Norfolk).—Some trouting can be had here.

**Reedham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (See *Cantley*.)

**Rhywderin** (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. Rumney (2 m.). Salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff, Wales*.)

**Ribchester** (Lancs.).—On Ribble. Salmon, trout, morm, spred, dace, chub. The De Tabley Arms, Ribchester Bridge, is a good hotel, and gives leave to fish (see *Advertisement*). Tickets are also granted to visitors at the Whitewell Hotel. (See *Cliithero*.) (c.s.)

**Richmond** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (See London, L.T.) *Hotels*: Star and Garter, Station, Talbot, King's Head, and Greyhound. *Fishermen*: E. and C. Brown, G. and H. Howard, H. Mansell, Job Brain, W. Wheeler, J. Bushnall, and T. Young. From here to **Isleworth** (S.W.R.) is good fly fishing for dace. In Richmond Park the Penn ponds hold pike, perch, and carp. Leave from the deputy-ranger. The upper pond holds most pike.

**Richmond** (York).—On Swale. Trout. The river rises in the Penninerange. Keld is the first village on the stream, above which the following beck joins the main stream, all full of trout: Great Sieddle, Little Sieddle, Whitsundale, East Stonedale, and West Stonedale. Below Keld the fish are larger, but not so numerous. The chief beck in this portion are Manker, Mill, Crackpot, Arkle, Marrick, and Marske. Mill and Marske are preserved. Below Muker the river is often discoloured by hush from lead mines. The fish run four to the pound in the main stream, and smaller in the beck. The fishing is open between Keld and Richmond. There are no trout below. (See *Aysgarth*.) Fishing from April 1st to October 1st. From Grenton to Marske the river is preserved. (c.s. *York*.)

**Rickmansworth** (Herts).—W. & R.R. Colne, Gade, and Chess. Trout, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. Fishing in Colne is preserved by the Harefield Valley Fishery. *Hotel*: Neave's Fishery Hotel. (See London, M.T.) Ruislip reservoir is 3½ m. off. Pike, perch, tench. The landlord of the Swan can obtain leave to fish a good stretch of water in the Colne.

- Riding Mill** (Northland).—N. & C. R. On Tyne. At Minsteracres, 4 m. off, is some good fishing in two lakes. (c.s.)
- Ringstead**.—On L. & N.W.R. The Nene runs past this place from Higham Ferrers, and passes by **Thrapston**. (See *Thrapston*.)
- Ringwood** (Hants.).—S.W.R. Avon. (See *Christchurch*.) Salmon, pike, roach, grayling, dace. *Hotels*: White Hart and Crown. Tickets can be had at the first for 3½ m. at 5s. a day, and at the second for 3 m. at 2s. 6d. a day (*Fisherman*, E. Hordle.) (c.s.)
- Ripley**.—On the Nid. Tolerable fishing. Trout.
- Ripon**.—By staying at the Unicorn Hotel fishing can be obtained, we believe, in the Yore, Skell, and Laver, and other good trout streams in the neighbourhood. (See *Advertisement*.) The fishing near Ripon is very good. (c.s. *York*.)
- Ripple** (Worcester).—M.T. & A.B.R. Severn; salmon, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach. Ripple brook. Avon (3 m. E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severna*.)
- Risca** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy. Trout, salmon. (c.s. *Usk*.) (See *Newport*.)
- Roadwater** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford. Trout. (See *Watchet*.)
- Robertsbridge** (Sussex).—T.W. & H.R. (See *Rye*.) On Rother. *Inn*: Old George. The river is preserved by the Rother Fishery Association. Hon. sec., D. N. Olney, Esq., Blenheim House, Robertsbridge. (c.s.)
- Rochester** (Stafford).—N.S.R. Dove. Chub, trout. Preserved by a club; s.t., 3l. 3s.
- Rochester** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Medway. The river rises 2 m. west of **East Grinstead**, and flows in 12 m. to **Hartfield**, and then to **Withyham** 1 m. below which a stream joins on the right bank which rises at **Tunbridge Wells** and in 4 m. passes **Groombridge**, and joins Medway 1½ m. below. 2 m. below this junction Medway is fed by a stream 6 m. long on the left bank; from hence to the junction of Eden with Medway at **Fenshurst** is 4 m. The Medway is preserved from Fenshurst Park to **Tonbridge** by Tonbridge Angling Society. A small charge is made for fishing. Good pike, bream, and chub. Accommodation at the Goat's Head, Leigh. Eden rises near **Simpfield**, Surrey, and, after passing **Oxted** and **Crowthurst**, in 10 m. is joined by a branch which rises 3 m. south of **Lingfield** (Surrey), and has a length of 7 m. From this junction to **Edenbridge** (S.E.R.) is 2 m. From Edenbridge to **Chiddingstone** (S.E.R.) is 8 m., thence to Medway is 4 m. The Medway runs now to **Tunbridge** (S.E.R.) in 2 m. 6 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, having a course of 9 m., passing **Hadlow** in its way; and 3 m. below this again, at **Yalding** (S.E.R.), **Telse** and **Bent** join Medway. **Telse** rises near **Tunbridge Wells**, and is 26 m. long, passing **Lamberhurst**, **Goudhurst**, and **Horsemonden**. **Bent** rises 7 m. east of **Headcorn** (S.E.R.), thence runs to **Staplehurst** (S.E.R.) 3 m., and **Yalding** (S.E.R.) 10 m. Medway next flows to **Wateringbury** (S.E.R.), 3 m., **East Farleigh** (S.E.R.) 5 m., **Maidstone** (S.E.R.), 3 m., **Aylesford** (S.E.R.) 4 m., **Snodland** (S.E.R.) 4 m., and **Rochester** 8 m., passing **Lower Halling** and **Cuxton**.
- Rogate** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Romford** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Rainham*.)
- Romsey** (Hants.).—S.W.R. On the Test. *Hotels*: Angel, White Hart, Red Lion, Bull and Swan. (See *Stockbridge*, *Southampton*.) About and below the town trout and grayling are scarce. Hon. Ralph Dutton, Lady Palmerston, Lady Barker Mill, and Miss Sturges Bourne own the principal parts of the water. Leave is difficult to obtain, and the fishing poor. By staying at the Swan some trout and grayling fishing can be had free.
- Ross** (Hereford).—H.B. & G.B. Wye. Pike, perch, salmon, chub, dace, trout. (c.s.) Fishing free, but poor. Luke brook (4 m.), Lammerch brook (5 m.). *Lake*: Trewarthen pool (8 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Rothbury** (Northland).—Near Coquet. Trout. Accommodation can be had here. Fishing very good; almost free. (See *Warkworth*.) (c.s.)
- Rowfant** (Sussex).—S.W.R. (See *London*, L.T.)
- Rowsley** (Derby).—On Wye and Derwent. Trout and grayling. *Hotel*: Peacock. The Hathersage Club water commences 3 m. or 4 m. above **Baslow**, but the visitors staying at Rowsley can fish right up through **Chatsworth Park**, some 8 m. of water. The best fishing is above **Baslow**. The Derwent near Rowsley is deep and sluggish. (c.s. *Trent*.)
- Rowdon** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort. (See *Rye House*.) Pike, roach, &c.
- Ruan Minor** (Cornwall).—(n.s. *Fenryn*, 22 m.) **Caerleon** water joins the sea 1 m. N. **Caerleon** rises in **Croft Pascoe Pool** on **Goonkilly Down**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains **Leech Pool** 1 m. up. **Caerleon** runs 4 m. to the sea.
- Rudgwick** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.B. Arun. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Rugby** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. **Swift**. **Rain's brook** (3 m. S.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Rye** (Kent).—R. & H.R. On Rother. The stream rises near **Rotherfield**, in Sussex. In 5 m. it is joined by a stream on the left bank 4 m. long. 1½ m. down, near **Tiochurst Road** (T. & H.R.), a stream 6 m. long joins Rother on the left bank. 6 m. on, at **Etchingham** (T.W. & H.R.), a stream 8 m. long joins on the right bank; 3 m. on, at **Robertsbridge** (T.W. & H.R.), a stream joins on the right bank, having its source in a large pond in **Brightling Park**. 6 m. on, the **Kentish Ditch** joins on the left bank. Some 6 m. down, passing **Newenden**, a trout stream of 8 m. long joins on the left bank rising 3 m. N.E. of **Hawkhurst** (nearest station, **Etchingham**). From hence to **Rye** is 9 m., passing **Witleyham** and **Playden**. At **Rye** two branches join on the right bank, the first, **Tillingham water**, 8 m. long, rises near **Beckley**, and the second, the **Brede**, rises near

- Battle** (T.W. & H.R.), and has a course of 15 m., passing Whatlington, Sedlescombe, Brede, Udymer, and **Winchelsea** (R. & H.R.). Rother and tributaries Tillingham and Brede are preserved by the Rother Fishery Association; s.t., 10s. Each subscriber for every extra 10s. he pays gets 10 day tickets for friends; d.t., 2s. 6d. Troutling begins April 1st, ends Sept. 1st. The smaller tributaries mostly abound in trout. Hon. sec., D. N. Olney, Esq., Blenheim House, Robertsbridge. (See c.s.) Bass at harbour's mouth, and flat fish in the bay.
- Rye House**.—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*). On Lea. *Hotel*: King's Arms. This fishery joins on to Cook's; the proprietor has thrown open his fishery free of charge. The preserve extends up the Stort as far as Roydon. Trout, perch, barbel, roach, chub, jack. Troutling begins on May 1st. Regulations same as at Broxbourne. Puns can be had.
- Safron Walden** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Twanter, containing trout of considerable size.
- Salford Friars** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Arrow. Ban brook. (See *Gloucester*). (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Salisbury** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Avon. Trout, grayling, jack, roach. Willy and Winterbourne; trout and coarse fish. (See *Christchurch*.) Avon is preserved by the Sarum Club of 10 members for 4 m.; sec., Mr. H. Selby Davison, 17, Hart-street, Bloomsbury, and Basingstoke, Hants. At Britford, 1½ m. off, the Avon is preserved for 4 m. by the owner of the Moat. Lord Radnor, of Longford Castle, preserves some part of the river below the city. (c.s.)
- Saltaah** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tamer. Trout, sea trout. (c.s.) (See *Plymouth*.)
- Saltford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon and Boyd. (c.s.)
- Salton** (Yorks).—6 m. from Pickering, and 4 m. from the **Barton-le-Street** station (T. & M.R.). Plenty of excellent fishing can be had both in a stream that runs through the town and in the river Rye, 1 m. distant. Permission to fish is easily obtainable. *Inn*: the Angler's Arms.
- Sampford Courtney** (Devon).—N.D.R. Exbourne water. (See *Bideford*.)
- Sandford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Congresbury*.)
- Sandhurst** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Blackwater. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Sandwich** (Kent).—M. & D.R. On Stour. The Stour rises 15 m. north-west of **Ashford** (S.E.K.). Here a stream 10m. long joins on the right bank, which rises near **Westonhanger** station (S.E.R.), passing the villages of Seilling, Smeeth, and Sevington. At Smeeth are roach, few trout, and pike. Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen owns the water. From Ashford the Stour flows to **Wye**, 6 m. (A. & R.R.), thence to **Chilham**, 6 m. (A. & R.R.), passing Godmersham Park, Lord St. Vincent, who, with Mr. Hannham, claims 5 m. of fishery. 4 m. on **Chartham** (A. & R.R.) is reached; hence to **Canterbury** (L.C. & D.R. and A. & R.R.) is some 3 m. The Stour next runs to **Sturry** (A. & R.R.), and Fordwich is 3 m.; thence to **Grove Ferry** (A. & R.R.), 6 m. 3 m. below **Grove Ferry** is Sarre, where are two good inns. ½ m. below, Little Stour joins the Stour. This stream rises 7 m. south of **Beaksbourne** (L.C. & D.R.). 4 m. below, a small stream joins on the right bank. From this point to the junction with the Stour is 6 m. The Stour next runs in 3 m. to **Minster** (A. & R.R.); thence to **Sandwich** (M. & D.R.), 6 m.; and finally to the sea, 7 m. Day tickets for killing coarse fish—from here to Coal Harbour, 1 m. above **Grove Ferry**—are 1s. each. (c.s.) Bass at the mouth of the haven; flounders, grey mullet, plaice, dabs, codlings, and pout more seaward.
- Sawbridgworth** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort and Pincey brook. Leave may often be obtained by applying at Sawbridgworth Mill, Mr. E. B. Barnard. *Inns*: Beil and Feather.
- Sawley** (Yorks).—On Ribble. Salmon, trout, mort, sprod, dace, carp, grayling. 3 m. from **Chatburn** station on L. & Y.R. Trout and mort fishing excellent. Leave may sometimes be obtained for a day on application to Hon. H. F. Cowper's agent.
- Sawley** (Derbyshire).—On Trent. 8 m. from Nottingham. Roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, bream, barbel, &c. Season ticket 10s., at White Lion, Sawley, for fishing above the weir; season ticket 21s., or 2s. 6d. per day, below the weir on the Lockington side.
- Scalby** (Yorks).—A village 3 m. from **Scarborough**. In Scalby Beck a few trout may be found between the village and the sea. A portion of this stream is now preserved.
- Scale Hill**.—Near Crummock Water and river Cocker. Accommodation fair. There are trout in the lake averaging two to the pound; boat and boatman at the 'Scale Hotel. Sober-coloured flies are best. May is the best month. Fish in deep water. Buttermere lies near. Lowes Water, 1½ m. off, contains good trout. Leave may sometimes be had.
- Scarborough** (Yorks).—G.N.R. The Derwent runs within 5 m.; it rises in the moors several miles N.W. of **Hackness**, is joined near **Harwood Dale** by the Jagger Howe Beck, and lower down by Black Beck and others, all containing numerous trout and grayling. Fishing free down to Hilla Green Bridge (1 m. above **Hackness**). Thence, past **Hackness**, **Ayton**, and **Seamer** to Hertford Dale Bridge, the river is preserved. Good trout and grayling; entrance, 3s. 3s.; s.t., 4l. 4s.; d.t., 5s. each (except in May and June, when they are not issued), obtainable at Mr. Patrick's, gunmaker, Scarborough. Lower down, at **Yedingham Bridge**, good pike, chub, roach, and grayling; free. **Scalby Beck**, 2½ m. from Scarborough, contains fair trout and grayling, and in autumn sea trout after a flood; free. **Burniston Beck**, 4 m. from Scarborough, good troutling; preserved by a club of limited numbers. The sea fishing is good from boat or pier in the autumn; for cod, billet, &c., use fresh mussel or salted herring milt. Along the rocky shore pollack may be taken whiffing with natural or artificial bait.

- Scorrier Gate** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Perran. (See Perran.) (c.s. Fowey.)
- Scrutton** (York).—On Swale. The owner of Scrutton Hall preserves some portion.
- Seamer** (York).—N.E.B. Seamer Drain. Chub, grayling, trout; free. Derwent runs near; preserved. (See Scarborough.)
- Sea Mills** (Gloucester).—G.W.B. On Trim. Trim rises 3 m. N.W. of **Filton** (G.W.B.), and is 5 m. long.
- Seaton** (Devon).—Axe. Trout, salmon. Axe rises above Picket Mill (n.s. **Misterton** and **Crewkerne**, S.W.R., 3½ m.), runs 4 m. to Clapton Bridge (n.s. **Crewkerne**, 3 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 2 m. up. Axe runs to Winsham 3 m., where a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down at Ford Abbey a stream joins on right bank, working a mill 2 m. up. (The fishing hereabouts is very good, but preserved by the owners of Ford Abbey.) 2 m. down Axe a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Chard** (S.W.R.), and is 3 m. long, working three mills. 2 m. down Axe, at **Chard Junction** (S.W.R.) a stream joins on left bank 3 m. long, working a mill. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which rises at Warnbrook Mill (n.s. **Chard**, 2 m.), runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up; it then runs to Chardstock 1 m., and Axe 2 m. Axe runs in 3 m. to **Axminster** (S.W.R.), and 2 m. down is joined by the Yarty on right bank. Yarty rises above Keat's Mill (n.s. **Ilminster**, S.W.R., 6 m.), runs 2 m., and is joined by a stream on left bank 2 m. long. Yarty runs to Yarrowme (good accommodation) 2 m., where a small stream joins on left bank, then to Stockland 3 m. (fair accommodation), Kilmington 6 m. Here a stream joins Yarty on right bank, which rises 1 m. W. of Stockland, runs to Dalwood 3 m. and Yarty 3 m. Yarty joins Axe ½ m. down. Axe runs 3½ m. to **Colyton** (S.W.R.), and 2 m. to **Colyford** (S.W.R.). Here Coly joins Axe. Coly rises by Cotleigh (n.s. **Honiton**, 4 m.), runs 6 m. to **Seaton Junction** (S.W.R.), and 2 m. to **Colyton** (S.W.R.). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Offwell (n.s. **Honiton**, 3 m.). 2 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Northleigh, and is 3 m. long. 2 m. down, **Colyton** is reached. Axe is 2 m. on. 1 m. down is **Axmouth** and **Seaton**. The best flies for Axe and tributaries are blue dun, March brown, blue upright, and red palmer. From the east end of Seaton beach a ground line, baited with squid or cuttle bait, may be thrown out in rough weather. By crossing the ferry the pier at Axmouth may be reached, whence, with a heavy floated line, bass may be angled for with soft crab or squid bait, or a large and gaudy artificial fly. Squid to be procured from the mackerel seines, or trawl boats at Beer. Many pollack are at times caught off Beer Head. Pout may also be caught. (See Beer.) (c.s.),
- Seaton Junction** (Devon).—S.W.R. (See Seaton.) Coly. Trout.
- Seend** (Wilts).—B. & H.R. (See Bristol.)
- Sevenoaks** (Kent).—S.R. On Darent. Trout. Preserved by Lord Stanhope. (See Dartford.)
- Shaftesbury** (Dorset).—S. and Y.R. Lashmere Pond; Nadder; Fern Brook. (See Christchurch.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Shapwick** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue. (See High Bridge.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Sharnbrook** (Beds).—M.R. On Ouse.
- Shelford** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Wey and Sittingbourne. Trout. (See London, L.T.) Inns: Parrot and Victoria.
- Shepperton** (Middlex.).—S.W.R. Thames. (See London, L.T.) Hotel: Anchor. Fishermen: C. Broadhead, D. Hackett, W. Rogerson, G. F., and H. Perdue, W. House, and G. Rosewell.
- Shepton Mallet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney Brook. (See High Bridge.)
- Sherborne** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Yeo. (See Bridgwater.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Sherburn** (Yorks).—G.N.R. & M.R. Fine trout in the mill dam.
- Shiffhall** (Salop).—S. & B.R. Wort (2½ m. E.). Lakes: Cramp pools (2 m. N.E.), Long Castle lakes (2½ m. E.), Forge pool (3 m. N.E.), Marsh pool, Burlington pool, New pool, Cowley Wood pool, Weston Mill pool, Norton Meer (4 m. N.E.), White Sitch lake (6 m. N.E.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Shillingston** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Stour. (See Christchurch.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Shingle Street-on-Sea**.—Good sea fishing. Bass, whiting, &c.
- Shiplake** (Oxon).—H.R. Thames. (See London, M.T.) Fisherman: Compton.
- Shipston** (Worcester).—(n.s. **Campden**, 7 m.) Stour. Knee brook (2½ m. S.). Compton brook (3 m. S.). Lakes: Easington Park lake (5½ m. N.) (See Gloucester.)
- Shipton** (Oxon).—W & W.B. On Evenlode. (See London, U.T.)
- Shoreham** (Kent).—S.R. On Darent. (See Dartford.)
- Shrewsbury**.—G.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon, grayling. Fishing free. Some sport in early spring and in autumn. Raddle brook. Rea; trout, grayling. Meol brook (2 m. S.), Sundown brook (3 m. N.E.). Perry (7 m. N.W.) Lakes: Almond pool, Black pool, and Hencot pool (2½ m. N.), Sundora Castle lakes (3 m. N.E.), Onslow Hall lake (4 m. W.), Bomer pool (4 m. S.), Shrawardine Castle lake (8 m. N.W.) ((See Gloucester.) (c.s.))
- Shrivenham** (Berks).—G.W.R. On Byde Mill brook. There is a large lake at Warnford Place (See London, U.T.) and in Beckett Park.
- Sidmouth** (Devon).—S.W.R. Sid. Trout. Sid rises in two streams some 3 m. above Sidbury, and 1½ m. below it is joined on left bank by a short stream. **Sidmouth** is 2 m. down. The river is partly preserved. Mackerel, whiting, &c., are caught in the bay and offing. Pollack and pout on rocky ground towards Salterton. At Chat rock bass may sometimes be taken by throwing out a line with squid bait off the beach during a S.W. breeze.

- Silecroft.**—On W. & F.R. Whicham Beck runs near. After a course of 6 m. it runs into Haverigg Pool, which joins the Duddon estuary at Haverigg.
- Simmonds Gate** (Gloucester).—B. & M.R. Wye. Pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Skipton** (Yorks).—M.R. On Aire. Trout. The river rises in Malham Tarn, and is preserved by the owners down to Gargrave, 4 m. from Skipton, and from Gargrave to Eastburn brook by the Aire Fishing Club. Hon. sec., T. H. Dewhurst, Esq., Whin Field, Skipton. Entrance, 10l. 10s; s.t., 6l. 6s. Twenty members only. Malham Tarn, 7 m. from the Bell Busk railway station, contains large trout, and can only be fished by permission of the owner, W. Morrison, Esq. Fly only. (See *Bolton, Kilmsey, Gargrave*.) Fishing commences on March 1 and ends September 30. (c.s. York.)
- Slapton Ley** (Devon).—(N.s. Dartmouth 7 m.) Hotel: Royal Sands very comfortable, where fishing can be had. (See *Advertisement*.) First rate pike, perch, roach, rudd, eels, &c., fishing from April 1 to September 30. Slapton Ley is a large lake on the seashore, formed by Blackanton brook (trout) which rises above Blackanton, and is 6 m. long, running into the Ley at its N. end. 1 m. down the Ley a brook 4 m. long join on right bank. Sea fishing very good. (c.s. Dart.)
- Slinfold** (Sussex).—G. & H.R. On Arun. Good fishing. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Slough** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Stoke Park is a large lake. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Snodland** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Somerton** (Oxon).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (See *London, M.T.*);
- Southall** (Middlesex).—G.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Southam** (Warwick).—(n.s. *Harbury*, 3½ m.) Itchen. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Southampton** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen and Test. Itchen rises by Cheriton (belonging to Lord Ebury, trout), runs to Titchbourne 1½ m. **Alresford** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m. Here is Alresford Pond (Lady Rodney), and a tributary rising by Brown Candover mill pond, runs to Northington 1 m., Swaverton ½ m., where it waters the lake at the Grange (Lord Ashburton, fishing very good), and **Alresford** 3 m. Itchen runs to Avington 1 m. (good fishing, but preserved by Mr. Shelly, Mr. Wall, of Worthy Park, and Capt. Hewson); to **Itchen Abbas** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m., Easton, Abbots Worthy, and King's Worthy 1 m. (preserved by Capt. Fryer, of Worthy Kennels); and **Winchester** (S.W.R.) 2 m.; Shawford 4 m. (where is fishing in the barge river, but the public right is questionable); Otterbourne 4 m. (where is a small but clean inn; fishing strictly preserved by T. Chamberlayne, Esq. Cranbury Park; Magdalene College, Oxford; Sir T. Fairbairn, Bamberidge); 1½ m. below, the outfall of Fisher's Pond, Golding Common (good piking, belonging to P. Standish, Esq., Marwell Hall, Winchester), joins on left bank, and 1 m. on is **Bishopstoke** (S.W.R.); 4 m. on, at South Stoneham (salmon, preserved by Mrs. Hemmings, of Stoneham Park), a stream joins on right bank, holding a few pike and salmon, preserved by C. Standish, Esq., and rising in Marlbrook pond, 2 m. W. of **Bishopstoke**, and in 1½ m. receives the drainage of the ponds in Stoneham Park, 1 m. from the station. Hence to **Southampton** is 4 m. Here on the left bank is the drainage of Miller's Pond (good coarse fishing). Good coarse fishing can be had in Netley Abbey, Shirley, and Lazzborough Ponds. In Freemantle Pond and the private water in Bannister's Park there are a few tench, carp, perch. Pout, whiting, and eels in Southampton Water; and whiting, bass, grey mullet, and sand smelts from the piers and quays. The best flies for Itchen are black gnat, Wickham's fancy, Sharland's favourite, Hammond's favourite, red palmer, yellow dun, small midge, and quill gnats of various colours.
- TEST holds trout, grayling, salmon, pike, perch, roach, and rises in a pond in Ash Park, 2 m. above **Overton** (S.W.R.); runs to Laverstock 1 m.; Freefolk (trout) 1 m.; **Whitchurch** (S.W.R.) 1½ m.; Tufton 1 m. One m. below a branch joins on r. b. which rise by Hurstbourne Tarrant, runs 4 m. to St. Mary Bourne (trout), 3 m. to Hurstbourne Priors, and Test 1 m. The principal owners here are Lord Portsmouth (who sometimes gives leave on a proper introduction), the representatives of the late Col. Hawker, Mr. Coles, Mr. Bright, and Mr. Tremayne. The trouting is first-rate. Four m. down Test a fine trout stream joins on l. b., which rises by Mitcheldever (n.s. **Itchen Abbas** (S.W.R.), 6 m.), runs to Bullington 6 m., Barton Stacey 1 m., and Test 2 m. (the best of the fishing belongs to Mr. Henniker Wilson and Mr. Wickham.) Test runs to Chilbolton (where the freeholders have the fishery on one side from Ashbridge to Testcombe Bridge, fish run very large, water very much overgrown and fished, and banks boggy; trout and jack), Wherwell 2 m. (preserved by Mr. Ironmaster; first-rate trouting now let.) One m. down at **Fullerton Bridge** (S.W.R.) Anton joins Test on r. b.; Anton rises some 3 m. N. of **Andover** (S.W.R.), 1 m. below which, at Upper Clatford, Pillhill Brook joins on r. b. Pillhill rises at Ffield and Thruxton in Mollins' Pond, runs 2 m. to Monkston, Abbots Ann 2 m., and Anton 1½ m. Anton now runs 1½ m. to **Goodworth Clatford** (S.W.R.), and Test 3 m. Test runs to Leckford 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club), **Stockbridge** (S.W.R.) 3 m., Houghton Drayton 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club; trout and grayling), and **Kingbourne** (S.W.R.) 1 m. Here a stream joins on r. b., which rises by Wallop and its mill, runs 2½ m. to Broughton and mill, and joins Test 2 m. Test runs to **Mottisfont** (S.W.R.) 4 m., where a stream, 3 m. long, joins on r. b., which rises by Lockerley, feeding two mills. Test runs in 5 m. to **Bomsey** (S.W.R.), Nutshalling 4½ m. One m. on a stream joins on r. b., which rises in a mill pool at Landford, runs 4 m. on to Wallow Mill, and 3 m. down is joined on r. b. by a stream, 1½ m. long, which drains the lake in Faulton's park. Three m. down is Test. Test runs to **Redbridge** (S.W.R.) 2 m.



- Half a mile below a stream, 8 m. long, joins on r. b., which rises in a large mill pool  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. of **Lyndhurst** (S. & D.R.) Half a mile below, the outflow of Shirley pond, 1 m. up, joins Test on l. b. Southampton is 3 m. on. The flies for the Test are the same as for the Avon (see *Christchurch*), but dressed smaller; in addition, the alder, willow fly, yellow Sally, black gnat, grannum, and Mayfly.
- Southend** (Essex).—Sd.R. (See *Burnham*.) Large flounders can be taken from the pier.
- South Molton** (Devon).—D. & S.R. Mole. Flitton water. Yeo. Nadder water. Knowstone water, 3 m. (c.s. *Taw*). (See *Barnstaple*.)
- South Molton Road** (Devon). N.D.R. Taw, Yeo. (c.s.) (See *Barnstaple*.)
- Southwaite** (Cumberland).—On Petteril. Salmon and trout. (c.s. *Eden*.)
- Southwell** (Notts).—M.R. Greta. Trout. (c.s. *Lea*.)
- Southwold**.—On Blythe. Smelts can be taken some distance up the river. Near here is Easton Broad (Sir F. Gooch), pike, roach, perch, bream, eels. Near South Cove, on Sir F. Gooch's property, is Benacre Broad; pike, roach, tench, perch. The same fish can be taken in the stream feeding the lake by permission from the farmers.
- Sparkford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Camel Brook. Trout. (See *Bridgwater*.) Mostly preserved by the owner of Cadbury House.
- Speech House** (Gloucester).—Blackpool brook. (See *Aure*.)
- Spetchley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Stoulton brook (1 m. S.), Bow brook (2 m. E.). Lakes: Spetchley Park lake. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Spettisbury** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Stour and Tarrant. (See *Christchurch*.) Pike, perch, &c.; good fishing. (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Stafford**.—On Stow and Penk. A few trout, grayling, perch, pike, dace, roach, chub, &c. This river receives the Penk 1 m. below Stafford, and flows into Trent at Great Haywood. The landlord Clifford Arms, Great Haywood, has the privilege of fishing up the Trent. Below the junction the fishing is preserved. An association preserves the water at Stafford, also the Penk; s.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d.
- Staines** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames. Colne. Inns: Angel and Crown, Railway Hotel, Packhorse, Swan at Staines Bridge. *Fishermen*: E. and J. Keene, J. Keene, jun., T. Fletcher, and C. Hone. There is capital dace fishing in Colne on Staines Moor, free.
- St. Alban's** (Herts).—M.R. and G.N.R. Colne. Roach, dace, perch, pike, bream, trout. Inns: Peahen and George. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Stalbridge** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach. Lidden; trout. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Stamford** (Lincoln).—G.N.R., M.R., and L. & N.W.R. On Welland. Coarse fish. Preserved by Stamford Angling Club. *Hotel*: Stamford.
- Standon** (Herts).—B.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib. Trout. Above here the river is preserved by Col. Tower and Miss Mellish, of Hamel's Park. Below Standon trout are scarce; jack, perch, chub, dace, and roach plentiful. Leave may sometimes be obtained from the farmers.
- Stanford** (Northton).—B. & S.R. Avon. Chub, dace, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Stanner** (Hereford).—L. & K.R. Gilwern. (See *Chepstow*.)
- Stanstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort.
- Staplehurst** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Beult.
- Stapleton Road** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome. (See *Bristol*.)
- Starcross** (Devon).—G.W.R. Kenn. Trout. Mostly preserved by Lord Devon. Kenn rises by Dunchideok, runs 3 m. to Kenn (n.s. *Exminster*, G.W.R.,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m.), Kenton (n.s. *Starcross*, 1 m.), and the Exe estuary, 1 m. At Cockwood,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from *Starcross*, a small stream joins the Exe estuary, which runs down from Mamhead, and is 3 m. long, working a mill.
- St. Austell** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Austell river. This stream rises 2 m. N. of the town, and 2 m. below, it is joined on right bank by Clissy Brook, which rises by *Burngullow* (G.W.R.), and is 3 m. long. The sea is 3 m. below the junction.
- Staverton** (Devon).—S.D.R. (See *Dartmouth*.) On Dart. Salmon and trout. The river can be fished by payment of a small fee from here up to Ashburton and down to Totnes. (c.s.)
- St. Blazey** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. (See *Par*.) (c.s. *Powey*.)
- St. Columb** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Mawgan; trout, sea trout. Kestle. Mellincoese. Porthcothan, 5 m. Mawgan rises 3 m. N.E. from *St. Columb*, runs through the town, thence 4 m. to Mawgan (*Hotel*, Gilbert's, fishing free and good), hence to the sea 2 m. Above, preserved by E. Brydges Williams, Esq. By the sea Whitewater joins Mawgan, which rises  $1\frac{1}{2}$  m. N. of *St. Columb*, and is 6 m. long. (c.s. *Camel*.) 5 m. N. from *St. Columb*, at St. Ervan, runs Porthcothan brook, 5 m. long. (See *Padstow, New Quay, Grampound*.)
- St. Cyres** (Devon).—N.D.R. Creedy. Trout. Shobrook brook. (See *Exeter*.)
- Stevenage** (Herts).—G.W.R. (See *Stratford*; *Hertford*.) On Beame. Trout; preserved.
- Steventon** (Berks).—G.W.R. A small affluent of Thames runs here with some mills on it. (See *London, M.T.*)
- St. Barth** (Cornwall). G.W.R. Hayle. Trout. (See *Hayle*.) (c.s. *Camel*.)
- St. Ewe** (Cornwall) (n.s. *Burngullow*, G.W.R. 5 m.) On Ewe. Trout. Ewe rises 2 m. south of *Burngullow*, runs 4 m. to St. Ewe, and the sea 6 m. Fishing free.
- Steyning** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. Dace, &c. (See *New Shoreham*.)
- St. Germans** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river and Cad. Trout. St. Germans rises by St. Ive (n.s. *Liskeard*, G.W.R. 3 m.), runs 3 m. to Hepple Mill (n.s. *Menheniot*, G.W.R.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m.) and *St. Germans* 8 m. 1 m. below the town, Cad joins on left bank.

- Cad rises 1 m. south of Alternan (n.s. **Launceston**, G.W.R. 8 m.) 5 m. down Trewartha water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Cad runs to North Hill 1 m., Callington (1½ m. off river on left bank) 9 m., Pillaton 4 m., and **St. Germans** 6 m.
- St. Ives** (Cornwall).—Good sea fishing from pier and boats.
- St. Ives** (Hunts).—G.E.R. On Ouse. Pike, perch, roach, bream, &c. There is capital fishing between this place and Earith.
- St. James Deeping** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. On Welland. Good coarse fishing. *Inns*: The Ship. Very comfortable angling crib.
- St. Keverne** (Cornwall).—(N.s. **Falmouth**, 11 m.) Two brooks join the sea here—one 1½ m. N. at Mabul Mill, and the other running through the village and joining the sea 2 m. down. (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- St. Leonards** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. A small stream by St. Leonards station. This stream rises 1 m. N.W. of Catfield in three small ponds; 6 m. on a stream joins on the left bank, which rises in two large lakes in Battle Abbey, **Battle** (T.W. & H.R.). ½ m. down is the Peppering Powder Mill Head, where a streamlet joins on the left bank, running out of a small pond 1 m. off, close to the railway. 1½ m. down, at Crowhurst, a stream joins on the right bank, rising out of a pond ½ m. off. 2 m. down, the brook joins the main stream; 2 m. on St. Leonards is reached. *Hotel*: Alexandra.
- St. Margaret's** (Herts).—H. & W.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Lea and Stort. Here is the Amwell Magna fishery of fifteen members. Tickets, 7 guineas a year. Trout, jack, perch, chub, &c. Each member has six daily tickets for friends, and the privilege of introducing a companion. There are a good number of large trout.
- St. Mary's Cray** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. (*See Dartford*.) On Cray.
- St. Mawes** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Falmouth**, G.W.R.) Corymack water. This brook some 3 m. long, runs into the head of St. Mawes harbour.
- Stockbridge** (Hants).—S.W.R. The Test. Trout. Preserved by a club above the town; below most of the freeholders of Stockbridge have the right of fishing on one side of the river for ½ m.; leave from one of these. The principal proprietors below the free water are Mr. Edwards, Lady Barker Mill, Mr. Chamberlayne, Sir W. Heathcote, and Miss Sturgess Bourne. (*See Andover, Southampton*.)
- Stogumber** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Williton stream. Trout. (*See Williton*.)
- Stoke Edith** (Hereford). W. & H.B. Frome (1 m.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Stoke Fleming** (Devon).—(N.s. **Dartmouth**, 2 m.) Blackpool Water. This stream is some 4 m. long, and divides into two branches a mile above its mouth.
- Stonehouse** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Frome. Frome rises in Miserden Park (n.s. **Stroud**, G.W.B., 8 m.), runs to Sapperton 6 m., **Brimacombe** (G.W.B.) 4 m., and **Stroud** (G.W.B.) 3 m. Here Slean Brook, Painswick Brook, and Nailsworth Brook join Frome. Slean Brook is 3 m. long, and, working 7 mills, joins on right bank. Painswick Brook rises by Cranham (n.s. **Worton**, B. & B.R., 4 m.) in two branches, each working a mill, runs 1½ m., where a stream, 1 m. long, working a mill, joins on left bank. Painswick is 1 m. down, ½ m. below which a stream, 2 m. long and working 4 mills, joins on right bank. **Stroud** is 3 m. on. Nailsworth Brook joins Frome on left bank. This stream rises by Cherrington in a pond, and runs 4 m. to **Nailsworth** (B. & B.R.). 1 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, which rises in some large ponds 2 m. up. Nailsworth runs to **Woodchester** (B. & B.R.) 1 m., and Frome 2 m. Frome runs to **Stonehouse** 3 m., and 6 m. down joins the Severn estuary.
- Stonleigh** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Kenilworth**, 3 m.). Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Sow. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Stourbridge** (Stafford).—G.W.B. Stour. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Stourport** (Worcester).—S.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. Gladder brook. Stour. Dick brook (3 m. S.W.), Shrawley brook (7 m. S.W.). *Lakes*: Sharpley pool (4 m. S.), Frog pool (5 m. S.), Witley Court ponds (7 m. S.W.); pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave from Lord Dudley's steward sometimes. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s.*)
- Stow** (Gloucester).—B. on the W.R. 2 m. off is Donnington Mill Pool and Dickler River. (*See London, U.T.*) Trout.
- Stratford-on-Avon** (Warwick).—G.W.R. On Avon; pike, bream, roach, &c. Stour (1 m.), Dene (5 m. N.E.), Thelesford brook (7 m. N.E.). *Hotel*: Shakespeare. The Avon is preserved by the corporation; s.t. (including pike), 10s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t. 2s.; d.t. 1s.; excluding pike, s.t. 5s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t., 2s.; d.t. 6d. Tickets at the hotels. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Stratford** (Essex).—G.E.R. *Hotel*: White Hart. On Lea. The Lea rises 6 m. N.W. of **Luton** (M.R. & G.N.R.), 1½ m. below which town it flows through Luton Park (Mrs. Gerard Leigh), where it waters a large lake containing very large pike. Leave is sometimes given on proper application. ½ m. below the outfall **New Mill End Station** (M.R. & G.N.R.) is reached. The Lea runs next to **Harpenden** (M.R. & G.N.R.) 3 m.; to **Wheatthampstead** (G.N.R.) 2 m. 3 m. below, Lea runs through Brocket Hall, making a large lake. **Hatfield** (G.N.R.) is 2 m. on, thence to **Hertford** (G.N.R.) is 6 m. A little above Hertford the Mimram joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 5 m. N.W. of Codicote, passing in its way through a large lake in Kimpton Hoo Park, and then runs 3 m. to **Welwyn** (G.N.R.); from thence to its junction with Lea is 6 m. At **Hertford**, Beame river joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **Stevenage** (G.N.R.) 7 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, which has a course of 10 m., and flows by Walkern and Aston. 1 m. below the junction Watton is reached. Here the Beame runs through Woodhall Park,

- forming a large lake. From hence to Hertford is 5 m. Just below Hertford the Rib river joins Lea. This stream rises by Buckland, flows 4 m. to **Buntingford** (B.R.). In 2 m. the stream runs to **Westmill** (B.R.); 2½ m. down, at **Braughing** (B.R.), Quin river joins Rib on left bank. This stream has a course of 10 m., passing the villages of Great and Little Hormead about the centre of the river. 1½ m. down the united streams **How Street** station (B.R.) is reached. From hence to **Hertford** is 10 m. The Lea now flows in 2 m. to **Ware** (H. & W.R.); 1½ m. below Ash joins on the left bank. This brook rises by Furneaux Pelham, and, in a course of 10 m., flows to **Hadham Cross** (B.R.), thence in 1½ m. to **Widford** (B.R.), and then 3½ m. to the Lea. From this junction to **St. Margaret's** (H. & W.R.) is 1 m. 2 m. below Stort joins Lea on left bank. This stream rises by Meaden, and runs 12 m. to **Stansted** (G.E.R.) passing in its way Clavering, Bearden, and Manewden. From Stanstead to **Bishop Stortford** (G.E.R.) is 3 m.; thence to **Sawbridgeworth** (G.E.R.) is 5 m. 1½ m. below, Pincey Brook joins Stort on left bank. This stream is 11 m. long, rising by **Takeley** (G.E.R.). 1 m. down from the junction of Pincey with Stort **Harlow** (G.E.R.) is reached. 2½ m. down we reach **Burnt Mill** (G.E.R.). 1 m. above this place a stream joins on the right bank, which feeds a large lake in New Place. From Burnt Mill to **Boydton** (G.E.R.) is 3 m. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which runs out of a large lake at Hunsdon Grange and two other ponds on the right of the road. From **Boydton** to the junction of Stort and Lea at **Hoddesdon** (G.E.R.) is 2 m. (See *Rye House*.) From Hoddesdon to **Broxbourne** (G.E.R.) is 2½ m., **Cheshunt** (G.E.R.) 3½ m.; **Waltham** (G.E.R.) 1½ m.; ½ m. below, Cobbin's Brook, which rises near Epping, and has a course of 7 m., joins Lea on left bank. 4 m. on **Enfield** (G.E.R.) is reached; **Park Station** (G.E.R.), 3 m.; **Tottenham** (G.E.R.), 2 m.; **Lea Bridge**, 2½ m., and Stratford, 3 m. 4 m. down, Lea joins Thames. The fishing at Stratford is poor; a few brown and roach, barbel and flounders.
- Stroud** (Gloucester).—G.W.B. Frome, Sleam brook, Painswick brook, Nailsworth brook. (See *Stonehouse*.) A little troutling in Frome. Pike and coarse fishing in the canal.
- Studley** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Sturminster** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Divellish, Stour. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s.)
- Sturminster Newton** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Lidden. Trout. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Sturry** (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour. (See *Sandwich*.) 2 m. of the river belong to Mr. W. Cannon. (See *Canterbury*.) (c.s.)
- Sudbury** (Suffolk).—On Stour. Good fishing. Pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, and tench. The river is preserved by a society from Glemsford above the town, to Wiston Mill, below Wallingford.
- Sunbury** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames. (See *London, L.T.*) *Hotels*: Flower-pot, Magpie, and Weir. *Fishermen*: T., A., and J. Stroud, E. Clarke and Sons.
- Sutton Bingham** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (See *Bridgwater*.)
- Sutton-on-Trent**.—Capital pike, roach, dace, chub, &c., with an occasional grayling. (c.s.)
- Swanage**.—Round Peveril Ledge and Durlstone Head is good pollack fishing to St. Alban's Head; also bass. Eels for bait procurable in the brook.
- Swimbridge** (Devon).—D. & S.R. Swimbridge water. (See *Barnstaple*.)
- Swindon** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Ray and Cole. Coarse fish and a few trout. (See *London, U.T.*) In Cole Reservoir, the source of Cole, 2 m. off, good fishing from May 1 to Feb. 28. St., 2l. 2s.; d.t., 1s. 6d.
- Takeley** (Essex).—B. & D.R. (See *Barking and Stratford*.) On Roding and Pincey brook.
- Tamworth** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. On Tame. A few chub, dace, &c. The river is nearly destroyed by pollutions. The Bourne runs 3½ m. off. Trout, grayling, &c. Leave may sometimes be obtained from the landowners. The owner of Hints will give an occasional day, we understand. (c.s. *Trent*.)
- Tanfield** (Yorks).—On Yore. Very fair trout and grayling fishing, also pike, perch, &c. Leave to fish by staying at the Bruce Arms Inn; good accommodation. (See *Advertisement*.) (c.s. *York*.)
- Taplow** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames. (See *London, M.T., Maidenhead*.)
- Tarsett** (Northland).—On North Tyne. Trout. The river is, we believe, preserved by a society who will give leave. The fishing is first-rate. (c.s.)
- Taunton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone. Trout, dace, roach, perch, tench, and pike. Kingston Brook, trout. Black Brook, trout. (See *Bridgwater*.) Tone is preserved above the town by an association; troutling poor. The best is at Bradford, 4 m. up, where the association water ends. Below the town are many weirs where very large trout are constantly taken, also many coarse fish. The pike fishing is good below the town. Leave from the millers and the land owners. Small perch, roach, tench, and eels, in the Bridgwater canal. Otter rises 8 m. off. (See *Ottery St. Mary*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Tavistock** (Devon).—G.W.B. Tamer (3 m.); trout, sea trout. Tavy; trout, sea trout; preserved by Tamer and Plym Fishing Board, who issue tickets. Lamerton brook (2 m.); trout. Walcombe (4 m.); trout, sea trout. (c.s. *Tamer*.) (See *Plymouth*.)
- Tebay** (Westland).—L. & N.W.R. (See *Borrowbridge*.)
- Tedingham Bridge** (Yorks).—On Derwent. By rail to West Hesterton Station. Pike, roach, grayling, and chub. Free.
- Teddington** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames, and a branch of Colne. (See *London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Anglers, and Royal Oak. *Fishermen*: F. and A. Kemp, J. and C. Baldwin, J. and B. Stephens, E. Chippe. Above the lock is some good pike and perch fishing.

**Teigngrace** (Devon).—M. & N.R. On Teign. (See *Teignmouth*.)

**Teignmouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. Teign rises in the heart of Dartmoor. In 5 m. it is joined by a small stream, and 4 m. on is joined by the South Teign on the right bank, which has a course of 5 m. 1 m. down, a stream, 7 m. long, joins on the left hand. This stream rises in Raberow Pool, and passes the villages of Throwleigh and Gidleigh, the latter 1 m. from the junction with Teign. 1 m. on Chagford is reached. (*Hotels: Moor Park, Three Crowns, Globe, Monte Rosa Boarding House.*) Trout are plentiful from the source down. The Upper Teign Association preserves the water from the source to Steps Bridge, 12 m.; s.t. 21s.; m.t. 10s. 6d.; d.t. 1s., from C. G. Hayter Hames, Esq., Chagford.) The nearest railway is **Moreton Hampstead**, 5 m. off. 3 m. down, by the village of Drewsteignton, a stream, 4 m. long, joins on the left bank; 2 m. on Wood brook joins on the left bank.  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. down—at the village of Dunsford, 4 m. from Moreton—a brook, 4 m. long, joins on the right bank, and 1 m. on another 4 m. long. 2 m. on Cherry brook, 4 m. long, joins on the left, 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank. This stream rises 2 m. east of **Moreton**, and is 6 m. long. **Lustleigh** is  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. west of the middle part of this stream.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Teign a small stream runs close by the village of **Trusham**, 1 m. from the junction. 2 m. down a stream joins on the left bank, which passes by **Chudleigh** (*Hotel: Clifford Arms*), and joins Teign 1 m. from the town. All these streams contain more or less trout.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Teign, Bovey joins. This stream rises 5 m. west of **Moreton**, close to the Prince Town road, and 7 m. down is joined by Hele Brook on the right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Hamildown, and is 3 m. long. (The fishing, which is very good, is reserved by the farmers, but leave may often be obtained.) Bovey next flows past North Bovey (where lodgings can be had, and here is also a good boarding house close to the water; the fishing is preserved by Mr. Pollard, of the White Hart, **Moreton**, which lies some 2 m. off.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on, at Lustleigh Cleve, Mr. Pollard's rights cease; charge for angling, 1s. per day.)  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below, Beckey joins on the right bank. This stream, with a course of 4 m., rises 2 m. east of Widecombe on the moor.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Bovey, Wrey joins on the left bank, which rises near Moreton, runs 4 m. to **Lustleigh**, and joins Bovey 1 m. on. The river, now runs in 2 m. to **Bovey Tracey**, and 4 m. down it joins Teign. 1 m. down Teign, at **Teigngrace**, a stream 4 m. long joins on the right bank; and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. further on a stream, 3 m. long, joins on the left bank. 1 m. on is **Newton Abbot**; the tide flows to this point. The Lower Teign Fishing Association preserves the river from Stepsbridge to **Newton**. Trout, salmon. S.t. 10s. 6d., or 2s. 6d. to holders of salmon licences; m.t. 5s.; w.t. 2s. 6d.; d.t. 1s. No wading or spinning bait before June 1st, or after Oct. 20th; from Rev. T. Yarde, Chudleigh. At Newton, Loman, 8 m. long, joins on the right bank, which holds a few trout. At Teignmouth bass may be taken about the bar, at the harbour entrance. Dabs outside on sandy ground; also mackerel, pollack, and whiting, the latter in the autumn near the coast, but in early summer far in the offing. Yachts can be hired here. Bass fishing best at spring tides; Ferry Point is the best position. Sand-eel seines kept here.

**Temple Combe** (Somerset).—S.W.R. On Cale and Bow Brook (rudd and perch), where ponds have been made; leave from the owners. (See *Christchurch*.)

**Temple Sowerby**. On Eden. Salmon and trout. Preserved by an association. (See *Carlisle*.) (c.s.)

**Tenbury** (Worcester).—G.W.R. *Hotel: Swan*. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike, roach, dace; preserved by the Tenbury Angling Association from **Woofferton** above to **Newnham Bridge** below; tickets by month or week at the Swan; Sec., W. Norris. Below Newnham the river is strictly preserved. Ledwyck; trout, grayling. Kyre; trout. Cadmore brook (2 m. W.). Corn brook (2 m. E.). Rea ( $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. *Lakes: Kyre pool (4 m. S.E.), Wootton pool (5 m. N.).* (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Tetbury**.—On Avon. (See *Bristol*.) (c.s.)

**Tetbury Road** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Thames. Trout. Preserved. (See *London, U.T.*)

**Tewkesbury** (Gloucester).—M.R. Severn; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; preserved by a society; tickets at the Record Office. Ripple brook. Carant brook. Tirle brook. Swigare (1 m.). *Hotels: Swan, Bell, and Black Bear.* (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)

**Thame** (Oxon).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thame. (See *London, M.T.*)

**Thames Ditton** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (See *London, L.T.*) *Hotel: Swan. Fishermen: E. and A. Tagg, H. A. and C. Hammerton.*

**Thatcham** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett. Pike, perch, chub, dace, trout. Preserved by the Newbury Angling Society. (See *London, M.T.; Newbury*.)

**Theale** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett. See *London, M.T.*

**Thirsk** (York).—G.N.R., M.R. On Wiske and Cowsby Beck. Good trouting. Mr. Chisman, of Barrowby, and J. W. Lloyd, of Cowsby Hall, own most of the stream. Leave sometimes given. Grayling, dace, trout, chub, pike, &c. (c.s. *York*.)

**Thornbury** (Gloucester).—M.B. Bradley brook. 1 m. N. runs Moreton brook, 5 m. long. (See *Bristol*.)

**Thrapston**.—L. & N.W.R. The Nene runs past this place from Ringstead. There is good perch and pike water here. The river hence runs to Oundle. (See *Oundle*.)

**Three Bridges** (Sussex).—L. & B.R. Mole. (See *London, L.T.*)

**Thurtlebury** (Worcester).—G.W.B. Dovedale brook (2 m. E.). Severn (3 m. W.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout, salmon. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

- Ticehurst** (Sussex).—T. & H.R. (See *Rye*.) On Rother. (c.s.)
- Tiddington** (Oxon).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thame. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Tideswell** (Derby).—From here good fishing may be had in Miller's Dale, strictly preserved. Trout and grayling. The first week in April is the earliest time to go.
- Tintern** (Monmouth).—R. & M.B. Wye. Chub, dace, pike, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Tinton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter. Trout. (See *Ottery St. Mary*.)
- Tisbury** (Wilts).—S. & Y.R. Nadder (trout, roach, dace) and Chalk Stream. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Titley** (Hereford). L. & K.R. Arrow. Trout, grayling, dace. Preserved by a club of limited numbers above. (c.s. *Wye*.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Tiverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe, Loman, and Dart. Trout, salmon. Preserved from Bickleigh Bridge, 4 m. below Tiverton, to Exe Bridge by **Dulverton** station, by the Tiverton Angling Association. S.t. only, 2 guineas. Fishing very good. There are some 4 m. of free fishing in and close to the town, but it is not of much value. Wading is necessary. Exeter Inn, 5 m. up stream, where the Bampton road turns off, used to be a nice little angling crib. The Exe is a very early river. (See *Exeter*.)
- Tiverton Junction** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm, Ashford brook. Trout. Inn: Railway. Good fisherman's accommodation. (See *Exeter*.)
- Toller** (Dorset).—W.S. & W.R. On Frome. (See *Wareham and Bridport*.) (c.s.)
- Tonbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Medway. Roach, bream, chub, perch, pike, carp, tench, eels. *Hotels*: Bull, Angel, and Rose and Crown. A. and F. P. Society preserve the Medway and tributary streams from Ensfield Bridge, near Fenshurst, to East Loch, near East Peckham. Here the Maidstone Club water begins. Sport good. Hon. sec., Edwin Hollomby, Quarry Hill, Tonbridge. The club preserves also a lake of some six acres.
- Tongham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Topsham** (Devon).—E. & E.R. Clist, Greendale brook. Clist rises some 2 m. N. of Clist Hydon (n.s. *Kele*, G.W.W., 3 m.), runs to **Broad Clist** (S.W.R.). 6 m. 2 m. down, close to the **Broad Clist** Station, South brook joins on left bank. South brook rises by **Whimble** (S.W.R.), and 1½ m. down is joined by a small stream on left bank. 1½ m. down, a stream running by Rockbere joins South brook on left bank. **Broad Clist** Station is 1½ m. on. 1 m. down Clist, at Honiton Clist, Halbrook Brook joins on left bank. Halbrook rises above Farington Mill, by Aylsbere, and is 3 m. long. Clist runs in 3 m. to St. Mary's Clist (plenty of dace below the mill and in its vicinity, very few trout so low down), where Greendale brook (4 m. long) joins on left bank. Clist now runs to **Topsham** (E. and E.R.), 2 m., and just beyond joins Exe Estuary. (See c.s. *Exe*.)
- Torcross** (Devon).—(n.s. *Dartmouth*.) *Hotel*: Torcross Hotel. Good fishing, pike, perch, rudd in a large lake belonging to the hotel; boats. The sea fishing is very good.
- Torquay**.—Angling from the pier for pollack, small mackerel, dabs, pout, sand smelts, and by throw-outlines for conger after sunset. The offing fishing for whiting has of late been poor until much after midsummer. Dabs and mackerel in the bay; the latter very uncertain. Pollack fishing by trailing or whipping; often good from Arboreck Rock, past Corban, and by Livermead Head; also at the back of Paignton old pier to middle of July; also from back of Torquay pier, past London Bridge Rock to Shag, Thatcher, Orestone, and Flat Rocks. In Thatcher Gut, good drift-line fishing for pollack, with some bass and large mackerel. Sand eels for bait often obtainable at Paignton, where seine nets are kept for their capture. Worms from the peat at Tor Abbey sands; pilchards and squid from seine-boats or Brixham. At Thatcher Gut, moor twenty yards inside the rock, at two hours flood of spring tide until one hour ebb; at neaps (not so good) from three hours flood to high water. *Fisherman*: Cumming. Yachts and boats, Brown Brothers. (See *Balcombe, Teignmouth, Paignton, Brixham, and Dartmouth*.) Indianrubber spinning baits useful.
- Torrington** (Devon).—N.D.R. On Torridge. Salmon, peel, trout, and dace. Langtree brook. *Hotels*: The Globe (see *Advertisement*) and Rolle Arms. Lodgings can be had. Apply, with stamped envelope, to J. D. Bastard, fishing-tackle maker (see *Advertisement*). The Taw is 8 m. distant. The time for salmon is either late or early. Plenty of peel after summer flood. Visitors to the Globe can fish in 8 m. of preserved water. There are 2 or 3 m. of free fishing. Mr. Bastard preserves 1 m. of fishing, let by d.t. (See c.s. *Taw*.) (See *Bideford*.)
- Torrington Park** (Herts).—G.N.R. New River. (See *London*.)
- Torver**. On F.R. (see *Coniston*) on Coniston lake and Torver Beck. This stream rises in Goat's Water, 4 m. in the hills, and after running 2½ m. is joined in the right bank by Ash Gill Beck, 1½ m. from Torver. From Torver to the beck's junction with Coniston at Oxen House is 2 m. The river Crake drains Coniston at High Nibthwaite. At Arkild Bridge, 1 m. down, a burn joins the Crake, one branch of which runs out of Beacon Tarn, 3 m. off, and the other branch out of a small tarn, about the same distance. From Arkild Bridge to Lowick Green, where the next burn enters on the right hand, is 3 m., passing on our way Birk Row Bridge, and Lowick Bridge. This burn rises in two hill lochs, some 2 m. off. 1 m. on from this burn Spark Bridge is reached. From thence to the junction of the Crake with the Duddon, at Greenould, is 3 m., passing Penny Bridge. (c.s. *Kent*.)
- Totnes** (Devon).—G.W.R. (See *Dartmouth*.) On Dart. Trout and salmon. *Hotel*: Seymour. Fishing can be had for a small fee from here up stream to **Ashburton**. Apply to landlord.
- Tottenham** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea. Dace, roach, chub, barbel jack, &c. Inn: Ferry Boat House. Tickets: Yearly, 21s., including trolling, or 10s. 6d. for bottom fishing only, or 1s. a day. At Edmonton (**Park** station, G.E.R.), is another, preserve with some good jacking; terms as above.

- Tram Inn** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. Worm brook (1 m.), Gage brook (3 m.) *Lakes*, Allenmore House ponds (1 m.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Tredegar** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey. Nant-y-llecha (2 m.). (*See Newport*.)
- Tredegar Junction** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey. (*See Newport*.)
- Trefil** (Monmouth).—M. S. & A.R. Sirhowey (3 m.). *Lakes*: Llyn-garn-fawr (3 m.). (*See Newport*.)
- Tregony** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Grampond Road**, 5 m.) On Fal. Trout. (*See Grampond*.) 2 m. off runs Polglaze brook, 4 m. long. Trout. (*See Powey*.)
- Trewbridge** (Wilts).—W. & S.R. (*See Bristol*.) On some brooks and Avon. Perch, trout, &c. Tickets may be obtained here at the railway station to fish some 3 m. of the Avon; s.t., 1*l.*; m.t., 2*s.* 6*d.*; w.t., 1*s.* 6*d.*; d.t., 6*d.* Preserved by the Bradford-on-Avon Angling Association. (*See*.)
- Truro** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Allen river, Tregarthen water. Trouting good. St. Allen rises by St. Allen, and 5 m. down is joined by Boswallock water, 3 m. long, on right bank. 2 m. down, St. Allen reaches **Truro**. Here Tregarthen water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (the brook holds good fish, but is much wooded.) 1 m. down St. Allen, Sevecock water joins on right bank. Sevecock rises 1 m. N. from **Chancewater Station** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to **Truro**, and 2 m. down joins St. Allen. 1 m. down, Tresillian water, holding trout and grilse, joins on left bank; fishing very good. Tresillian rises by St. Enoder (n.s. **Grampond Road**, 6 m.), and 5 m. down, at Ladock (n.s. **Grampond Road**, 1½ m.), is joined by Trelassick Brook, 3 m. long, on right bank. Tresillian runs 3 m. to Probus (n.s. **Grampond Road**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Kestle water, which rises 2 m. S. of St. Michael's (n.s. **Grampond Road**, 5 m.); in 3 m. passes 1 m. W. of Ladock, and 3 m. down joins Tresillian. 2 m. down Tresillian, Woodland Brook (plenty of small trout), which rises by St. Erme (n.s. **Truro**, 4 m.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Tresillian joins St. Allen and the estuary. The fishing in Tresillian is mostly free. In these brooks trout run 6 to the pound. The best flies—hare's ear, March brown, red palmer, black gnat, and coachman. The natural fernweb in May and June is most killing. The sea fishing is very good. (*See Perransabuloe*.)
- Tunbridge Wells** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Rochester*.) There is a mill-pond at Broomhill, 2 m. from here, where, by paying a shilling, angling may be had. There are some ponds at the High Rocks, where trout fishing can be had at the rate of 1*s.* per hour.
- Twickenham** (Middx.). S.W.R. Thames and Yedding Brook. (*See London, I.T.*) *Inns*: Queen's Head, Two Sawyers, Island, and White Swan. *Fishermen*: J. Coxon, G. James, S. Mealey, N. Finch, C. Miles, J. Spong, A. Fanning, J. Dunn, F. Hammerton, R. Moffat, S. Cole, H. and G. Chamberlain, and J. Dobbin.
- Triverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon. (*See*.)
- Twyford** (Berks).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Loddon.
- Tydee** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy. Trout, salmon. (*See Usk*) (*See Newport*.)
- Tytherington** (Gloucester).—M.R. Laden. (*See Bristol*.)
- Uckfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ouse. Trout. (*See Newhaven*.) (*See*.)
- Uffculme** (Devon).—C.V.R. Culm, Sheldon brook. Trout. There is a bit of open water here. The rest, up to **Culmstock**, and down to **Cullompton**, is private. (*See Exeter*.)
- Ullesthorpe** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.B. (*See Lutterworth, Gloucester*.)
- Umberleigh** (Devon).—N.D.B. Taw. (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Upleadon** (Gloucester).—(n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) Leaden. Clynnh brook. (*See Gloucester*.) (*See Severn*.)
- Upper Arley** (Stafford).—S.V.R. Severn. Salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c. Dowles brook (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*See Severn*.)
- Upton on Severn** (Worcester).—M.T. & A.B.R. Severn. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. (*See Gloucester*.) (*See*.)
- Usk** (Monmouth).—C.M. and P.B. Usk; salmon, trout. Olway; trout; preserved. (*See Newport*.) (*See*) *Hotel*: Three Salmons. The Association here preserves 12 m. Season tickets from the hon. sec., Col. Lyne, Bank Chambers, Newport, Monmouth; weekly and daily trout tickets at the Three Salmons' Hotel; and of Mr. Edwards, chemist, Usk; of Mr. Mullock, stationer, Newport; of Mr. Sergeant, stationer, Abergavenny; of Mrs. Jones, Newbridge; and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. For one trout rod 2*s.* 6*d.* per day, or 10*s.* per week; d.t. may also be obtained at the Chain Bridge. Trout s.t. 2*s.*; transferable, trout s.t. 4*s.* to persons residing in the district, to be used only by friends visiting at the house of the holder, such friends not being residents in the county. Twenty-one non-transferable season salmon tickets (Class B.) will be issued to members of the association at 15*s.* each. Three non-transferable salmon day tickets (Class C.) will be placed with Mr. Edwards, chemist, Usk. A book is to be kept on the counter open to the inspection of all comers, and any person may claim to have his name entered on such book as engaging one of such tickets for any day or days not already fully occupied, on payment of the price of the ticket. Provided that no person can engage tickets for more than three consecutive days before five o'clock in the evening of the last of such days; and no person can engage a ticket more than twenty-one days before the date for which it is required. The price of Class C. tickets will be 7*s.* 6*d.* each per day, except after August 31, when it will be 10*s.* Tickets (Class D.) may be granted to angle for salmon between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostreay and the County Bridge at Usk (the field belonging to Col. M'Donnell, and any private gardens excepted), at 20*s.* for the season; and for trout and other fish, not being salmon, between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostreay, and Pont Sampt (with the same

- exceptions) at 5s. for the season. Such tickets can be obtained of Mr. Edwards, chemist, Usk, and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. No fishing (except fair rod and line angling), no night lobworm fishing allowed, and no fishing for salmon except with artificial fly. No gaff before May 1. Troutling commences Feb. 14, and ends on Sept. 30. Salmon angling commences on April 2, and ends on Nov. 1. Sunday fishing is prohibited, and no dogs allowed.
- Uttoxeter.**—On the Blythe and Dove. Trout, grayling. Mrs. F. Taylor, of Doveridge Hall, preserves a very good reach of the Dove below this place. The grayling fishing is good. (*c.s. Trent.*)
- Uxbridge (Middx.).**—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Colne. Trout, pike, perch, roach. *Inns:* General Elliot. On Uxbridge Moor the fishing is free and fair, many trout being caught in the season. In the Grand Junction Canal are many coarse fish, especially tench.
- Venn Cross (Somerset).**—D. & S.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter.*)
- Verwood (Wilts.).**—S. & D.R. Allen and Moors. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Veryan (Cornwall).**—(N.s. Grampound Road, 9 m.) 1 m. W. runs Crugillaek water, 3 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Victoria (Cornwall).**—G.W.R. Withiel water. (*See Wade Bridge.*) (*c.s. Camel.*) Bream, (*See Par.*) (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Victoria (Monmouth).**—W.V.B. Ebwy. Trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Wade Bridge (Cornwall).** G.W.R. Camel. Trout, sea trout, salmon. Kestle water, Mancorve brook, Combe water. Camel rises 4 m. above Camelford (*Hotel, King's Arms*; fishing good; begins March 1; use small flies, and the fernweb in the beginning of June), and 3 m. below that town is joined on left bank by Gaspard brook. Gaspard rises in Gaspard Pool in Crowdy Marsh, 3 m. E. of Camelford, runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long; 2 m. down, Gaspard joins Camel. 6 m. down Camel De Lauk river joins on left bank. De Lauk rises 4 m. S.E. of Camelford, and is 10 m. long.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Camel, Bislend water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Camel runs in 6 m. to Bodmin, G.W.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. off the river. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Camel, Kirland water, 2 m. long, joins on left bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Camel, Lanivet water, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Withiel water joins, which rises by **Victoria** (G.W.R.), runs 3 m. to Withiel, and is joined on left bank by a small stream, 2 m. long, working a mill.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, Trenore water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Camel is 1 m. on. 3 m. down Camel, near **Wade Bridge**, Kestle water joins on right bank. Kestle rises by the famous Delabole Slate Quarries, 3 m. W. of Camelford, runs 3 m. to St. Teath, and Camel, and Egloshayley, 8 m.; Camel runs to **Wade Bridge** 1 m. Here Mancorve brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. The tide flows to **Wade Bridge**. Two miles down Camel, Combe water joins on right bank. Combe rises 3 m. above St. Kew, and is 8 m. long. (*c.s.*) (*See Padstow.*) Good bass and pollack fishing.
- Virginia Water (Berks.).**—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Wadhurst (Sussex).**—S.E.R. Trout.
- Walcott (Salop.).**—S. & B.R. Tern. Roden. Bell brook (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Wallingford (Berks.).**—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels:* the Lamb (*see Advertisement*), Town Arms, George, Feathers. *Fishermen:* J. Whiteman, W. Moody, F. Fleet, E. J. Gardner.
- Wallingford Road (Berks.).** G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Wallington (Surrey).**—L.B. & S.C.R. On Wandle. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Walsall (Stafford).**—L. & N.W.R. At Hatherton Lake there is good pike fishing.
- Waltham (Essex).**—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) On Lea, Cobbin's Brook, and New River. Roach, chub, perch, pike. *Inns:* King's Arms and Britannia. Mr. Clarke preserves the Abbey stream. Chub and roach. Tickets 21s. Jack fishing ends Feb. 28. Fishing is good, especially in the mill stream above the town and the back stream below it. In the barge cut is good tench fishing, free; also good fishing in the smaller Lea by the Britannia Hotel, free. Next comes Capt. Saunders's water; subs. 21. 2s.; very good fishing.
- Wandsworth (Surrey).**—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Thames and Wandle.
- Wansford.**—(*See Peterborough.*) (On L. & N.W.R.) The Nene passes here, running from Oundle. The fishing belongs to the Earl of Westmoreland and Mr. J. M. Vivian, who will give permission for one rod. The fishing is excellent. The Haycock Inn is good fisherman's quarters. Passing under the railway the fishing is very good. Next comes Water Newton, where is a famous breaming hole. The Marquis of Huntley is lord of the manor, and will, we understand, give leave. At Castor-cum-Milton the fishing belongs to Earl Fitzwilliam, and is very good. In Milton Park is a series of lakes, strictly preserved. There is a large piece of water in the open to the west of the park, called Old Field pond, and two or three ponds to the south, between the road and the river, holding tench. The Nene next runs by Overton. (*See Overton.*)
- Ware (Herts.).**—H. & W.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea. The Amwell Magna fishing begins here. (*See St. Margaret's.*) At the Red House, half way to Hertford, the proprietor of this fishery has thrown open a portion of the water above Ware to the public. The fishing is, however, very uncertain. A good spot for tench is the Old Basin Lock, near the gasworks. The New River rises near here. The pool at its source, and some portion of the stream belongs to the Amwell Magna Fishery. (*See London.*)
- Wareham (Dorset).**—D. & S.R. Frome and Piddle. Salmon, sea trout, trout. Frome rises in a pond on Rampisham Down, 4 m. N.W. from **Toller** (W.S. & W.R.), runs to **Toller**, thence in 2 m. to **Malden Newton** (W.S. & W.R.). Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Rampisham (n.s. **Evershot**, W.S. & W.R.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m.), runs to

- Wraxhall,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below which a short stream joins on left bank, draining a pond 1 m. up; hence to **Malden Newton** is 2 m. Frome runs in 4 m. to **Grimston** (W.S. & W.R.) and **Dorchester** (W.S. & W.R.) 5 m. Here Crane river (trout) joins on left bank. Crane rises by Minsterne Magna (n.s. **Evershot**, 5 m.), and 1 m. down receives the drainings of a pond on the left bank. 1 m. down, at Cerne Abbas, the outflow from a pond  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up joins on right bank. Godmanstone is 3 m. down, and **Dorchester** 4 m. Frome runs in various streams to **Moreton** (W.S. & W.R.) 7 m. 1 m. down, a stream 5 m. long, working three mills, joins on right bank. Frome runs to **Wool** (D. & S.R.) 3 m. 3 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains two ponds on Povington Heath 3 m. up, and 1 m. down Frome, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond on Grange Heath 2 m. up, and also works a mill. **Wareham** is 2 m. down Frome, and 2 m. down the river runs into Pool Harbour. (c.s.)
- PIDDLE** rises in a mill pond 1 m. N. of Piddletrenthide (n.s. **Grimston**, 7 m.), runs 6 m. to Piddletown (n.s. **Moreton**, 6 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank 6 m. long, working some mills. Piddle runs in 2 m. to Affiddle (n.s. **Moreton**, 4 m.). 4 m. down at Upper Hyde (n.s. **Wool**, 3 m.) a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lakes in Milton Abbey Park (n.s. **Blandford**, 7 m.), runs  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. to Milborne St. Andrews, Ben Regis (n.s. **Wareham**, 6 m.) 4 m., and Piddle 2 m. Piddle runs to **Wareham** 4 m. Here a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, which drains the decoy pond on Decoy Heath.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. on the estuary is reached. For leave to fish in the Frome and Piddle apply to the clerk to the conservators, Wareham. (See c.s. *Frome*.)
- Warwick**.—G.W.R. Avon. Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Fishing fair, but leave must be had. *Lakes*: Warwick Park lake (1 m. S.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Warkworth** (Northland).—N. & B.R. On Coquet. Trout. Accommodation good. Felton is another point to fish Coquet from. The accommodation is good. At Weldon Bridge is a comfortable inn and good fishing. The Brinkburn Priory water is preserved, but leave can be obtained. From here to Harbottle, 12 m., the fishing is free, and from Harbottle you can fish to Coquet Head. At Rothbury there are several inns; lodgings may be had in the village. At Thropton ( $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from Rothbury) Wigh joins Coquet. Wigh is preserved in parts. The quarters are bad. At Allerdene,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. from Thropton, lodgings can be had. At Holystone, 7 m. from Rothbury, there is an inn. At Harbottle, 9 m. from Rothbury, lodgings and furnished houses can be had. At Alwin ton, 2 m. from Harbottle, there is an inn, and beyond this nothing but sheep farmers. There are two or three nice burns here. Trout fishing begins on March 25th, and ends Oct. 1st. No fishing is allowed after the first hour after sunset, or before the first hour before sunrise. No fish may be taken less than 9 in. long. No gaffs are allowed. Only the artificial fly is allowed to be used, from the 1st of Sept., and no one may fish within 50 yards below any dam during the same period. (See *Wooler*.) (See c.s.)
- Warminster** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. On Willy. Trout. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Warmley** (Glouce).—B. & B.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Boyd, Siston Brook, and *Lakes*, Wick Court lake.
- Warrington**.—At Appleton there is a reservoir, now closed to the public.
- Washford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford. Trout. (See *Watchet*.)
- Wastwater**.—Trout, salmon, and char. Burnmore Tarn is not far off. Trout and pike. There are two inns, one 1 m. below the lake and one  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. above. Trout and char. The river, running out of the lake, contains salmon and sea trout in autumn. The inn nearest the river is at Sautonbridge. At Strands, 7 m. from **Drigg** railway station, some sport may be had. Sty Head, Sprinkling, and High and Low Tarns, are within easy reach. The trouting is good. (c.s. *Cumbland*.)
- Watchet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford stream. Trout. Preserved by a society. Season tickets only, from March 1 to Sept. 1. Washford rises by Luxborough, runs 5 m. to **Eoadwater** (G.W.R.), when a stream joins on the right bank, running down from **Combe Bow** (G.W.R.) 3 m. up. Washford runs to **Washford** (G.W.R.) 3 m., and **Watchet** 3 m.
- Wateringbury** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway. Good fishing. Pike, perch, chub, bream; preserved by the Maidstone Club; d., w., and m.t. *Inns*: King's Head and Kent Arms. There are some fine mill ponds here belonging to Mr. Fremlin, the miller, and some large lakes belonging to Lord Falmouth. Both give occasional leave. Good fishing.
- Watford** (Herts).—W. & R.R. Colne. (See *London, M.T.*) Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. *Hotels*: Essex Arms, Leather Sellers' Arms, Wheatsheaf, and Green Man. Colne is preserved above Watford, but open some way down below. A rod is sometimes to be let between this and St. Albans. Apply to Bowness or Farlow, Strand.
- Watford Junction** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Colne. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Woodon** (Northampton).—L. & N.W.R. There is little fishing in the immediate neighbourhood. There is a lake at Daventry, 5 m. off, which contains pike.
- Weldon Bridge** (Northland).—On Coquet. Trout. There is an inn here. (See *Warkworth*.) (c.s.)
- Welford** (Northon).—(n.s. **Kilworth**, 2 m.) Avon and large reservoir. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Wellingborough**.—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. On Nene. (See *Northampton*.) The river is preserved by the Higham Ferrers and Wellingborough Angling Association for 6 m. 1 m. of the river near the town is free. Pike, perch, bream, tench, chub, roach, dace. **Ditchford** station (L. & N.W.R.), is 2 m. from here and close to the water. 1 m. below Higham Ferrers this club water terminates. E. Brummitt, Esq., hon. sec.



**Wellington (Derby).**—On Trent. Some trouting can be had in the neighbourhood.

**Wellington (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Tone. Trout. (*See Bridgewater.*) Fishing good, and preserved to Bradford by Mr. Sandford, of Ninehead Court; above Mr. Sandford's water by the various landowners. (*c.s. Avon.*)

**Wellow (Somerset).**—B. & E.R. (*See Bristol.*)

**Wells (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Godney brook. (*See Highbridge and Axbridge.*)

**Welsh Harp (Middx.).**—M.R. Brent and Reservoir. (*See London, L.T.*) 5 m. from Marble Arch. *Hotel:* Warner's Welsh Harp. Boats, bait, &c. Pike, perch, roach, carp, tench. D.t., pike, 2s. 6d.; bottom fishing, 1s.; punts, 2s. 6d.; a.t., 1l. 1s.

**Welwyn (Herts.).**—G.N.R. (*See Stratford and Hertford.*) On Mimram. Trout, coarse fish; preserved.

**Wern (Salop).**—L. & N.W.B. Roden. Prees brook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes:* Hawkstone Park lake (5 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn*)

**Westbury (Salop).**—S. & W.B.R. Yockleton brook. (*See Gloucester.*)

**Westbury-on-Severn (Gloucester).**—(n.a. *Grange Court*, 1½ m.). Hope brook, which rises 2 m. above Longhope, runs thence 5 m. to Westbury and Severn Estuary 1 m.

**Westbury (Wilts.).**—W. & S.R. (*See Bristol.*)

**West Drayton (Middx.).**—G.W.R. Colne. Trout, pike, perch, bream, dace, roach, tench, chub. (*See London, M.T.*) *Inn:* Godfrey's. The landlord preserves 3 m. of the Colne. S.t., for two rods, 1l.; d.t., 2s.; or bottom fishing only, 1s. Subscriptions commence in March. Trouting begins April 1st, ends September 30. Pike fishing begins August 1st, ends March 10. Perch fishing begins May 1st, ends March 1st. No live baiting for pike from May 1st to August 1st. Boats at 2s. per day. The Ivor river is preserved by a club of limited members, who have stocked it with trout.

**West Hesterton (York).**—(*See Fylingham Bridge.*)

**Westmill (Herts.).**—B.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Rib. Trout. Preserved.

**Westenhanger (Kent).**—S.E.R. On Stour. (*See Sandwich.*) (*c.s.*)

**Weston (Somerset).**—M.R. (*See Bristol.*) Avon. (*c.s.*)

**Weston Junction (Somerset).**—G.W.R. (*See Axbridge.*)

**West Wycombe (Bucks.).**—W.A. & E.B.R. Wye. Trout. (*See London, M.T.*)

**Weybridge (Surrey).**—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Thames, Wey, and Bourne brook. Pike, trout, bream, perch, and barbel. *Inns:* Portmore Arms, Lincoln Arms, Ship, Old Crown, and King's Arms. *Fishermen:* H. Curr and T. Poulter. Wey contains pike, perch, carp, tench, bream. There is good fishing in the lake in Otlands Park. Carp, roach, bream. Private.

**Weymouth.**—There is good sea-fishing under the Breakwater at Portland for pollack, whiting, mackerel, and rockfish. The best time to fish is when the flood-tide is making. Bass may also be taken with a fly. Lulworth is also a good place. Pollack, bream, and mackerel may be angled for from the pier at the opening of the breakwater with ragworm or soft crab. Myriads of sand smelts are found here on the ebb tide; bait, half an inch of ragworm on No. 9 hooks. Bass are also met with at the Flete Bridge. Mackerel fishing best from a small yacht, several for hire. Ground fishing for pout or whiting from open boats. Pollock by trawling at the Mixon shoal by the beacon buoy, bass in harbour's mouth and back of Weymouth jetty. Pollack also on north shore. Sand eels sometimes procurable on the beach; ragworms from the backwater; mackerel under sail.

**Whatstandwell Bridge (Derby).**—M. & A.R. *Inn:* the Bull's Head, good. On Derwent. Grayling fishing fair; trout not numerous, but large, and a few pike, Tikcets at hotel. (*c.s. Trent.*)

**Wheathampstead (Herts.).**—G.N.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea.

**Whimble (Devon).**—S.W.B. South brook. (*See Topsham.*)

**Whitmore (Stafford).**—L. & N.W.R. Tern (2½ m. S.W.). *Lakes:* Maer Hall lake (2 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

**Whitby (York).**—On Esk. Salmon, sea trout, bull and brown trout. Good brook, and capital sea fishing. Trailing or whiffing for pollack through the Sledway and over the rough ground of Whitby Rock, on which is a beacon buoy; also at Uppang Rock, bearing N.W. ½ W., a mile distant, on which are only 4ft. or 5ft. water, this ledge stretching out from the shore. Whiting, cod, flat fish, in the bay and offing, and angling from the pier for small pollack (called leets), and for young coalfish, known as billet. A line of 15 fathoms without weight, the line itself a short one as used for whiting, with a tapering mond, and 3ft. or 4ft. of gut, artificial or natural bait, will be found killing. The Esk rises at "Esklets," on the Westerdale Moor. Baysdale Beck, which receives two smaller streams at Baysdale Abbey, joins the Esk a little above Dibble Bridge. Sledale Beck and Commandale Beck join a little above Castleton Bridge from the north. Danby Beck falls in from the south, about ½ m. lower down. Ewecress Beck comes in from the north, a little above Ainthorp Bridge. Clither Beck enters from the north, near Danby Lodge. Great Fryup Beck rises at Fryup Head, 5 m. south-west, and enters ½ m. east of Dick Bridge, near Houlkya. The Esk, after winding through Danby Lawn and Crunkley Gill, and the village of Lealholm to Rake Bridge, is joined by Stonegate Beck from the north. This stream receives the waters of Hardhill Beck and Tranmire Beck, at Beggar's Bridge. Grazedale Beck enters from the south. The Butter Beck enters from the south, a little above Egton Bridge. The Esk joins the Mirk Esk, which is formed by two streams uniting 2 m. southward, near the foot of the incline on the Whitby and Pickering branch of the North-

- Eastern Railway Company**, one named the Eller Beck, the other Wheeldale Beck; the former flowing from the south-east, the latter from the south-west. Lythe Beck enters the Mirk Esk on the east side at Sneath Holme Wood, a short distance above Grosmont. Little Beck enters from the south, a little below Sleight's Bridge. At Ruswarp there is a weir about 700ft. long, to which the tide flows; from this weir it is about 2 m. to the harbour at Whitby. There are very many smaller streams running into the Esk and its tributaries. St., 20s.; d.t., 2s. 6d.; m.t., 15s.; and w.t., 10s. If a yearly salmon licence be taken the yearly subscription will be 17s. 6d. Comfortable quarters at Mrs. Underwood's, the Horse Shoe Inn, Egton Bridge. For tickets, apply to Mr. S. Wilkinson, hon. sec., Esk Association. (*See Scarborough; Leatholme Bridge.*) (c.s.)
- Whitchurch** (Hants).—S.W.R. The Test. Trout. Strictly preserved. (*See Stockbridge.*) The principal proprietors of the fishing are, Mr. Melville Portal, Lord Portsmouth, and P. Hawker. Above the town a club of limited non-resident members (sec., Mr. O. L. Shirreff, Heathfield Lodge, Grove-road, Surbiton) preserves the river between Laverstock and Hurstbourne, 3 m.; no tickets are granted. The fish are here very numerous, but not so large as farther down. There is a nice hotel, the White Hart, here, where every information may be obtained.
- Whitehaven** (Cumberland).—Ennerdale Lake is 7 m. off. Trout. There is an inn on its banks.
- Whitney** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Wye; pike, perch, dace, chub, salmon. Arrow (4 m.); trout, grayling, dace. Cwm Illa brook (4 m.) (c.s.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Whitstable** (Kent).—S.C.R. Fine rudd can be caught in the dykes here.
- Whittington** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Perry. Lakes: Halston Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Wickham** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Blackwater. (*See Maldon.*)
- Wickwar** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Little Avon (trout and coarse fish), Laden, and Tortworth brook. (*See Berkeley and Bristol.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Widford** (Herts.).—B.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Ash.
- Willisden Junction** (Middx.).—H.J.R. Brent. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Willton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. A stream joins the sea 2 m. below here, which rises 2 or 3 m. S. of **Stogumber** (G.W.R.), runs 4 m. to Willton. It holds trout. Leave from the landowners.
- Wilton** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. Willy; trout. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Wily** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. Willy. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Wimborne** (Dorset).—S. & D.R. Stour (pike, perch, trout), Allen (trout), and Blackwater (trout). (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Wincanton** (Somerset).—S. & D.R. On Cale. (*See Christchurch.*)
- Winchelsea** (Sussex).—R. & H.R. On Brede. (*See Rye.*) At Pickham Mill, near Guesling, 4 m. off, is a large waterhead.
- Winchester** (Hants.).—S. & L.R. Itchen. Trout above the town, and below, trout, grayling, dace, roach, pike. (*See Southampton.*) The fishing belongs to W. B. Symonds, Esq.; the Dean and Chapter of Winchester; W. Newton, Esq., Twyford; Mrs. Fredericks, Shawford House; C. Shipley, Esq., The Moors, Twyford. Mr. Hammond, fishing tackle maker; Mr. Cox, fishing tackle maker, and others, preserves the river hence to a little above Bishopstoke, and one side above for some 1½ m. Day or weekly tickets. Fishing good. Hotel: Royal.
- Winchfield** (Hants.).—L. & S.R. On Whitewater. Trout. (*See London, M.T.*) The Fleet pond is near, but are reserved for the use of the men quartered at Aldershot.
- Winchmore Hill** (Middx.).—G.N.R. On New River. (*See London.*)
- Windsor** (Berks).—G.W.R. and S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) Chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel. Hotels: Castle, White Hart, Crown and Cushion, Three Tuns, Swan, Bridge House Hotel. Fishermen: G. Holland, Lumsden, Pacey, J. Bunoe, J. Plumridge, R. and J. Grey, T. Maisey, C. Kempster, G. C. Smith. In the Virginia Water, Windsor Park, fishing is good. Leave difficult to obtain. Apply to the Deputy Ranger.
- Winscombe** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Loxton Brook. (*See Axbridge.*)
- Wishford** (Wilts).—W.S. & W.R. Willy. Trout, coarse fish. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Witham** (Somerset).—W.S. & W.R. On Stour, Frome, and lakes in New Hitchlings and Witham Park. (*See Christchurch and Bristol.*) (c.s. Avon.)
- Witham** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Blackwater and Pods brook. (*See Malden.*) Pike (good), perch, roach, dace, eels, carp, tench, and a few trout. Almost the whole of the fishing is preserved. Inns: White Hart, Spread Eagle, Albert, and Railway Tavern. 3 m. from the station is Rivenhall Place Pond, belonging to Sir C. C. Weston, of Felix Hall, Kelvedon, from whom leave must be obtained. Pike, perch, roach, dace. 4 m. off is Terling River, belonging to Lord Rayleigh; pike and dace. 3½ m. from the station is Braxted Park lake, Sir C. Du Cane. Pike, perch, carp, dace, roach.
- Withyham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (*See Rochester.*)
- Witley** (Surrey).—F.D.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Witney** (Oxon).—W. & E.G.R. On Windrush. Trout, large. Leave must be obtained from the proprietors. The fish only take fly in the May-fly season (*see London, U.T.*) except in the upper waters.
- Wiveliscombe** (Somerset).—D. & S.R. Tone, Milverton Brook, Norton Brook, Trout. (*See Bridgwater.*) (c.s. Avon.)

- Wixford** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Arrow. *Lakes*: Bagley Park lake (1 m. (N.E.)) (See Gloucester.)
- Woburn** (Beds).—W.A. & T.B.R. Wye. (See London, M.T.) Polluted.
- Woking** (Surrey).—L. & S.W. (See London, L.T.) Good tench fishing near.
- Wollaton**.—On Nottingham and Grantham Canal. Fishing good. Pike, perch, roach, bream, and tench.
- Wolverhampton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Smestow (2 m. W.). (See Gloucester.)
- Woodborough** (Wilts).—B. & H.R. Avon. (See Christchurch.) (c.s.)
- Woodbury Road** (Devon).—E. & E.R. Woodbury brook. This brook rises E. of Woodbury, and runs 3 m. to the Exe Estuary, close to the station.
- Woodchester** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. Nailsworth brook. Frome 2 m.
- Woodford** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. (See Barking.) On Roding. A few dace and perch.
- Wood Green** (Middx.).—G.N.R. On New River. (See London.)
- Woodland**.—F.R. Steerspool rises on Broughton Moor, and runs by the railway for 4 m., passing Woodland station. The stream runs some 6 m. to Kirkby, where it joins the Duddon estuary. The Sickle can be fished from here. (See Broughton.)
- Woodstock Road** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (See London, M.T.)
- Woofterton** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Teme. Trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; strictly preserved above, but open below to the members of The Tenbury Angling Club. (See Tenbury.) Brimfield brook. Inn: Solway Arms. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Wookey** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. (See Axbridge.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Wool** (Dorset).—D. & S.R. Frome. Piddle. Trout, salmon. (See Wareham.)
- Woolaston** (Gloucester).—S.W.R. Cone brook. Cone rises by Hewelsfield, and is 5 m. long.
- Woolavington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue. (See Highbridge.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Wooler** (Northland.).—The fishing is good. Till and Glen join below Wooler, running through Millfield Plain into Tweed, and is under the Scotch or Tweed Act, and is open for sea trout angling from February to December. If there is a flood to bring the fish over the cauls and dams, whittling, &c., will be met with early in the summer; in the latter end of the season large fish are numerous. There are plenty of good pike in the deep waters, and some few perch about Etal. There are plenty of trout in the Wooler, Beaumont, and Beamish, streams in the neighbourhood. The Till is free in all but a few places. At the mouth of Till and about Etal the fishing is good, but leave must be obtained from the landed proprietors. Bowmont water, above its junction with Glen, is free, and some good trout fishing about Canna Mill, and up to Yetholm. No pike or perch in it. College is now preserved, except on the Heathpool ground. Wooler waters may be fished up to Langlee Ford. A small portion is preserved, but leave may be obtained. In summer the water is very low, and there are few pools. From its junction with the Till, upwards of 1½ m., the lower part of the Glen is preserved by Sir H. St. Paul, who kindly grants leave. Mr. Culley preserves the Coupland Castle water, the best part of the Glen, for about 2½ m., and Lord Durham rents the Lanton water, and gives leave for a day or two. Above and up to Langlee Ford, and foot of Cheviots, it is better fishing. At Chaston there is some good open water on the Duke of Northumberland's ground. Wooler is 13 m. from Cornhill station (B. & K.R.). 10 m. from Belford, and 18 m. from Alnwick. Omnibus from Alnwick at eight in the morning, returning in the evening for south mail train. Nearest part of Coquet is at Weldon Bridge. By driving to Powburn (or, better, Branton), some part of the Beamish can be fished. Begin at Ingram, and fish up. Some miles below, Beamish becomes Till. The wading in Till is dangerous. The Bowmont and College may also be fished from Wooler. Red Lion Hotel and Tankerville Arms are very good inns. For fishing the lower part of Till accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham. The water is very heavy, except a few short streams about Ford Islands belonging to the Dowager Marchioness of Waterford, who kindly grants leave to any gentleman leaving his card. Below Mirfield (belonging to A. Grey, Esq., who gives leave also) there are some nice streams. Sir H. St. Paul is the owner on one side, and sometimes gives leave, and the Earl of Durham the owner of the other. Here Lord Tankerville's water commences, and he has kindly opened it for the benefit of the inhabitants of Wooler from March 1 to September 30.
- Wooton** (Gloucester).—B. & B.R. (See Stonehouse.)
- Wootton Bassett** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See Bristol.) On Thunder Brook.
- Worcester**.—G.W.R. Severn; pike, twaite, salmon, trout, chub, dace, roach, &c. Laughern brook. Teme (2 m. S.); chub, dace, roach, pike, grayling, trout, salmon; preserved from Powick Old Bridge to Severn by Mr. Willis Bund; d.t. 1s., of the water-bailiff Huxley, at Powick Mills, or at the Worcester tackle shops. Above the bridge Mr Bund preserves privately, but is very courteous to strangers. Salwarp (4 m. N.). (See Gloucester.) (c.s.) There is fair fishing in Leigh brook, which can be reached from the n.s. Bramford-road Station. The brook is private, but the farmers will generally give leave.
- Wraysbury** (Bucks).—S.W.R. Thames, Colne, and Fleet. (See London, M.T. and L.T.) Few trout, jack, barbel, chub, roach, and perch. Inn: George. Fishermen: W. and H. Haines. The Colne is preserved by Mr. Ferries. Fisherman: C. Collins. Subscriptions limited. No day fishing. Fishing good. Chub, dace, roach, pike. The Fleet is full of roach, dace, chub, and barbel; fishing free.
- Wrenbury** (Cheshire).—C. & S.R. Some trouting can be had here. Pike, &c., fishing in the lake at Combermere Park, leave for which must be obtained.

- Wye (Kent).**—A. & R.R. On Stour. (*See Sandwich*) *Inns*: Victoria, King's Head. Jack, roach, &c. The fishing free, but, owing to the weeds, not good until late in the season. 3 m. below Wye the river belongs to J. S. W. Erie Drax, Esq., of Olantigh Towers, Wye. The water—belonging to Lord Winchilsea, of Eastwell, now let to the Duke of Edinburgh—holds good pike. (*c.s.*)
- Wyre (Worcester).**—T. & B.R. Dowles brook. Severn (3 m. E.); salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Yalding (Kent).**—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway; pike, perch, roach, bream, &c.; preserved by the Maldstone Club; d., w., and m.t. Teise; coarse fish. Beult.
- Yarmouth (Norfolk).**—6 m. S.E. of Yarmouth is Fritton Broad. Boats can be obtained at Fritton Hall. Permission to fish is necessary. 7 m. north of Yarmouth is Ormesby Broad. *Inns*: the Eel's Foot and Sportsman. Permission is required. 7 m. up the river, at a mill, first-rate bream-fishing can be had. The rivers Yare, Bure, Ant, Thurne, and Waveney, run near Yarmouth, containing almost every fish that swims. The sea-fishing for whiting is also very good from Sept. to Nov. The Bure contains great quantities of roach, perch, and bream; it is easily fished from the bank. Heigham Sounds, Martham Broad, Horsey Mere, and Hickling Broad contain about 1200 acres of water, and abound with fish, especially Horsey Mere. The Rollesby, Ormesby, and Filby Broad are nearly 4 m. long, and about 700 acres. Large pike and perch are frequently taken here. Groom's Broad is good for perch. A cabin boat may be hired for a cruise on the broads and rivers. On the Bure you may go as high as Aylsbourn. The fishing on the river is free, as also on most of the broads. There is good sea-fishing from the pier, and variety in the roads and offing; and also from the beach with throw-out lines. *Hotels*: Angel, Bath House, Bridge, Crown and Anchor, Norfolk, Royal, Queen's, Victoria. (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Yarnton (Oxford).**—W. & E.G.R. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Yarton (Salop).**—L. & N.W.R. Sundown brook. *Lakes*: Yarton Pool. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Yate (Gloucester).**—B. & B.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Boyd.
- Yedingham Bridge (York).**—On Derwent, near West Evesterton station. Grayling, chub, and pike. Free.
- Yeovil (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Yeol. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Yeovil Junction (Somerset).**—S.W.R. Yeol. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Yetminster (Somerset).**—S. and W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Ynsyddu (Monmouth).**—S.E. Sirhowey. (*See Newport.*)
- Yockleton (Salop).**—S. & W.B.R. Yockleton brook. Rea (2½ m. S.). Trout, grayling. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- York.**—Good general fishing in Ouse. Roach, perch, chub, and dace. Naburn lock is the best place; also Castle Mills Bridge, close to York Castle. (*c.s. York.*)

## IRELAND.

**General Information.**—There is a heavy penalty for fishing with rod for salmon without a licence, and a licence can be obtained in the towns of any fishing tackle maker, and in remote parts the postmaster, or some other person, is appointed to sell licences, which are now available for the whole island. Sea fishing generally good; many places most excellent.

**Abbey Feale.**—W. & L.R. On Feale. Salmon, sea trout, and trout. Good accommodation at Mr. Leahy's and Mr. Elligott's, **Lisdowney**.

**Achill, Island of.**—There is fishing for small trout in the lakes; the sea fishing is not bad. The lakes are 1 m. from the hotel.

**Annstown (near Waterford).**—Good pike fishing. Leave may be obtained from Mr. Power, of Tramore.

**Antrim.**—G.N.R. On Lough Neagh. Trout. Boat and man, 5s. per diem. Toom Bridge, at the west end of the lake, is the favourite angling station. *Inn*: the O'Neill Arms. With regard to the feeders of the lake, the Blackwater and Ballinderry are now nearly ruined by flax water. Mainwater is a good stream. This river runs through **Bandalstown (C.R.)**

**Ardara (Donegal).**—A village on the Owenae and Owendekar. The Owendekar belongs to Mr. Ames Evans, Ardara, from whom permission may often be obtained. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout are plentiful. The flies are—an orange tip, mallard tail, fiery brown merging into light green body, red and black hackle, mallard wing, and macaw feelers; also small fiery brown bodies, with a sprig of mallard for tail with a turn of tinsel, wing mallard, with dark red, black, or coch-y-bondhu hackle; a black fly with orange silk tip, a turn or two of silver twist, no tail, black hackle, and mallard wing, twist or, not, a little fiery brown at the shoulder may be added; another, a hare's ear and fiery brown mixed body, gold tinsel at tail, dark hackle (black or brown), a mallard's wing. When the river is in spate the flies may be dressed on No. 8 hook; when the river is low, on No. 9. In low water little can be done. 2 m. off there are several small lochs full of large brown trout. The fishing is open. The "Midge" loch contains some very large trout, which may be taken trolling, but not with a fly. The nearest loch is Loch Arr-y-Neil, which is full of nice trout. The flies for these lochs are the same as for the river, only smaller. Hare's ear and fiery brown with red hackle and mallard or any dark

feather for wing is a good fly. Accommodation may be obtained at the Nesbit Arms, with leave to fish in Owendeark. (See *Genties*.) The Owenes flows 2 m. off. The town of Donegal is 14 m. distant, and Genties 5 m.

**Athboy** (Meath).—M.G.W.R. Good fishing here.

**Athlone** (Shannon).—M.G.W.R. Good trout and salmon fishing in Loch Rea just above the town. (See *Carriack*.)

**Ballina** (Mayo).—G.W.R. The salmon fishing on the Moy opens on February 1. *Hotels*: Imperial, Royal, and Moy (see *Advertisement*). There are two large lakes, Loughs Conn and Cullen, containing salmon, sea trout, and brown trout, pike, and perch, 4 m. off. The fishing is free. Boat and man about 7s. 6d. per day, lunch and whisky extra. Thomas Clark and sons are good fishermen, and have good boats. The end of June and July is the best time; April and May are also good. The river is wide and sluggish and requires much rain to raise it, but rain is not absolutely necessary. Fishing free; all fish on Moy must be given up, or paid for at market price. Fishermen, Mick and Jem Hearn (see *Advertisement*). (See *Ballycastle* and *Corick Bridge*.) The pike fishing is good at Pontoon. There are upwards of 20 m. of angling water, besides several lakes. Ballina is a centre from which many *radis* run; for example, we have Lough Talt, Lough Easky, Higgin's Lake, Lough Oh, Carrakeribly Lake, Carra Lake, and two or three others, all open.

**Ballinahinch** (Galway).—The lochs and rivers of Inagh, Derryclare, Ballinahinch, and Glendalough, may be fished at the following charges:—8s. per month, 2l. 10s. per week, or 10s. per day. The lake fishery extends a distance of 16 m. The Ballinahinch River is 4 m. long, and there are several stands. The spring salmon fishing is excellent, and fish run very early. The season opens the 1st of February, ends 31st October. The sea trout fishing on the lochs is also very good, chiefly late in the season. Boatmen's wages, with use of boat, 2s. per day for each man. The stands will be allotted over night at the Royal Hotel, Reccs, and no angler will be permitted to fish on a stand or use a boat that has not been so allotted. Superior accommodation can be had at the Royal Hotel, Reccs, Galway. Several lakes and rivers free of charge.

**Ballinahinch**.—B. & C.D.R. There is a small trout stream here.

**Ballinoolig** (Cork).—M.R. On South Bride. Trout. Free. (See *Cork*.)

**Ballineen** (Cork).—C. & B.R. On Bandon. Salmon and trout, the latter free.

**Ballisadare**.—M.G.W.R. Mr. Cooper gives leave to fish Lough Arrow. Salmon, sea-trout, and brown trout. The Ballisadare salmon fishing is very good, but generally let.

**Ballycastle** (Antrim).—B.R. Tolerable lodgings may be had here. Trout and salmon. Cots and boatmen can be had. Cars, if ordered, will meet the Belfast trains at Ballymony, 15 m. off. (See *Belderg*.)

**Ballymony**.—B. & N.E.R. (See *Ballycastle*.)

**Ballyshannon**.—G.N.R. On Erne. Salmon and trout. Salmon rods 4l. 4s. per week, anglers permitted to keep two fish; trout fishing free. Apply to the fishery office, Ballyshannon. The parson is a good Erne fly. F. Francis recommends the following: Hook No. 7; take two twists gold, small topping and two or three sprigs gold pheasant tippet, black harl, three twists; body, golden olive silk, changing into pig's down of the same shade, then into orange and fiery brown towards the shoulder; golden olive hackle three parts down the body, with full claret hackle over; wing, two golden pheasant saddle feathers, over this three or four toppings with sprigs of green parrot, gold pheasant tippet, pintail, turkey, and wood duck, with a kingfisher's or blue chatterer's feather at each jowl, and blue macaw's feeler head, black harl, gold tinsel according. Other parsons are dressed larger, with six, seven, or eight toppings in the wing, with cock of the rock *ad lib.*, and with jay's hackle and purple cock instead of pintail, and even small toppings on the breast. This last one is good in heavy water. Another fly: Hook No. 5; silver twist and puce silk tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; ostrich harl over; apple-green silk body tipped with black twist and silver greenish yellow hackle all the way down; gold pheasant tippet feather, tied hackle fashion, and jay's hackle over; black harl head, and mixed wing of gold pheasant saddle feather, ditto tail and tippet, gallina and bustard and red and blue macaw, two or three sprigs of each. Another: Hook No. 6; blue silk and silver tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; black harl over; body about a third of an inch of velvet silk, the rest orange; golden olive hackle all the way down; jay's hackle over silver tinsel; wing mixed of gold pheasant tail and tippet, gallina, and one topping and red macaw feeler, black harl head. Another of a smaller size: silver and puce silk tag, topping and tippet tail; black head; orange silk body, with claret hackle all down, silver tinsel wing as before with blue feelers. A yellow body and hackle may also be fitted to the same fly. Add to these for bright weather and low water later in the season a fly with dark orange body (spare), fine silver; a cock of the rock feather for tail; two cock of the rock for inner wing; gold pheasant tail and dark Argus over that; dark mallard over all, and blue chatterer on each side of the cheek; golden olive hackle with claret hackle at shoulder; and blue macaw feeler. Also three, bodies of dark blue, and a red tail joint; yellow and claret joint, or claret and yellow joint respectively; silver tinsel tips; ostrich head; blue, claret, and golden olive hackles respectively; jay at shoulder of each, fineish silver twist; wing same for each, two toppings, pintail, green parrot, and gold pheasant tail; blue macaw's feelers. The brown trout fishing is good; the white trout are not plentiful, but the grisee fishing is fair. The fish commence running up in May. The trout fishing in Lough Erne is first-rate. There are very large pike in it, and salmon, besides perch and bream. (See *Ardara* and *Bundoran*.) (See *c.s.*)

**Baltimore.**—On the Ilan. Salmon, sea trout, &c. The river runs into the sea here. The sea fishing is good; pollack abundant. The river fishing is better at Skibbereen.

**Bandon.**—C. & B.R. On Bandon. The preservation is not strict. Salmon, brown and white trout. Comfortable quarters can be had either here or at Ballyneen or Danmanway.

**Bangor (Down).**—On the Owenmore, which is much fished. Good rough lodging can be obtained at the inn. Post each way daily. Bangor is 6 m. from Corick Bridge. (*See Corick Bridge*.) The Owenmore is, we believe, let in its upper portion. The generous proprietor reserves a small tract of the lower water for himself. A day, however, may sometimes be obtained. The Owenduff is about 6 m. off. We believe the upper portion may be fished by taking a monthly ticket at about 25s. The fishing is very good.

**Bannagher.**—Salmon fishing is good between here and the Victoria lock. (*See Meelick*.)

**Bantry.**—C. & B.R. Salmon, white and brown trout, and sea fishing. Vickery's hotel comfortable. The sea fishing for bass, hake, bream, mullet, pollack, conger, and mackerel is excellent. There is fair salmon and white trout fishing to be had in the rivers that fall into the sea between this and Glengariffe; but care should be taken to ask permission personally, when it would generally be granted. There are a number of brown trout lakes within driving distance, in some of which the fishing is very good, but the fish do not run large.

**Belderg.**—On the coast. The mountain streams are full of small trout, and the sea fishing is excellent. There is a fair inn here, with a post-car attached. (*See Glenamoy*.)

**Belleek (Fermanagh).**—G.N.R. On Erne. Salmon and trout. Fishing to be had by ticket. There is capital pike fishing in Lough Erne and river. Johnstone's Hotel, Belleek, is good, and preserved trout and pike fishing can be had free by those staying in the house. The May fly season is a grand time.

**Blackwater Bridge.**—(*See Waterville*.)

**Blarney (Cork).**—G.S. & W.R. On Blarney. Fair brown trout fishing free.

**Boyle.**—M.G.W.R. There is capital trout fishing to be had in Lough Arrow and the Sligo lakes. There are many other good lakes in the neighbourhood—all free.

**Bundoran (Donegal).**—G.N.R. The river Bundrowes runs close by here (salmon and trout), rising in Lake Melvin,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. off, celebrated for its salmon, large lake trout, gillaroo, and brown trout. Angling on lake and river opens Jan. 1; closes—river, Sept. 18; lake, Oct. 3. The proprietor of the Marine Family Hotel, Bundoran, keeps boats on the lake in connection with the hotel, also post-cars, and will give any further information. Accommodation for fishing the lake can be had either at Scott's (Garrison), Murphy's (Rossinver), Keon's (Loughade, a few miles west of Ballyshannon), or Moor's, near Kinelough. Lord Ely charges 5s. per day for fishing his side of Lough Melvin, and 15s. a day for Lough Na-Vagh. Bunduff river, distant from Bundoran, on the Sligo mail road, about  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m. Angling for salmon can be had from May until September. (*c.s. Ballyshannon*.)

**Bunmahon.**—8 m. from Waterford. Trout and pike. Permission required.

**Bushmills (Antrim).**—On Bush. Salmon and trout. The fishing is first-rate. From here to the sea, 2 m., the fishing is let to two rods, which are sometimes to be let; apply to — Douglas, Esq., Bushmills. A rod is sometimes to be let above the falls; apply to R. W. Garner, Esq., Dervock. Above this the river is in private hands.

**Buttevant.**—G.S. & W.R. There is a capital inn here. Good pike fishing near.

**Cahir (Tipperary).**—W. & L.R. The Glengall Arms is comfortable. Salmon and trout on the Suir; strictly preserved by the proprietors.

**Cahiriveen (co. Kerry).**—(*See Waterville*.) The lakes and rivers of Cara to the east of the village are good after a fresh. (*See Valencia*.) The Feartagh, Kearan, and Einegh run near. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout. These are late rivers, and useless before July. August is the best month. The Royal Mail Hotel is fair. The fishery is free. The following are good flies:—No. 1. Tip, fine gold tinsel. Tail, mallard and ruff. Tag, golden yellow pig's wool. Body, fiery brown mohair ribbed with silver. Legs, blue and scarlet hackle rolled up together. Shoulder, golden yellow pig's wool. Wing, rich mixed, with crimson horns. No. 2. Tip and tag as above. Tail topping and kingfisher. Body, purple silk, ribbed with silver. Hackle, black. Shoulder, claret hackle. Wing, mallard. Horns, blue macaw, long. Either of these, if tied on a small grilse hook, will rarely be found to fail. There are two small lakes, one at Raheal, and the other at Kella, both full of brown trout. A boat is absolutely necessary. Lough Curraine lies near. Salmon are early with troll, and rise freely in May.

**Cara Lake (Killarney).**—(*See Glencar and Rossbeigh*.) There is good salmon and white and brown trout fishing in the River Laune and Cara Lake. There are several brown trout lakes in the hills. There are two hotels on this river, the Glen-Car Hotel at the head of the upper lake, and the Glenbay Hotel at Rossbeigh.

**Carrick.**—W. & L.R. 12 m. above Waterford. On Suir. Fish above the town. The fishing on Suir is free on the north bank for 12 m. and on the south bank for 7 m. Within a short drive are several loughs, and the trout streams, Cloda, Glen, and Coolnamuck, all free.

**Carrick.**—M.G.W.R. On Shannon. Salmon, trout, and pike. The Shannon rises on the slope of Kulkagh Mountain, and the stream then flows into Lough Allen, a basin 8 m. long by 3 m. broad. Several small streams join the lake. At Battle Bridge streams from two loughs (Lough Key and another) join the main river. 2 m. from here is the town of Carrick. Fishing of all kinds may be had here. 2 m. below Carrick the river widens out into Corry Lough, and a short distance below lies Jamestown. Fishing, free. Below Jamestown the river widens out into Loughs Tap, Boedarrig, Boefin, and Sconnell. In these loughs the trout run from 1lb. to 7lb. Boedarrig is the best. Below the town of Ruckey

**2½ m.**, the river enters Lough Forbes. Below this Richmond is reached, and **7 m.** on Lanesborough below which is Lough Rea. The trouting in the May-fly season here is first-rate. The town of Athlone lies **2 m.** from its southern point. At Shannon Bridge, **12 m.** below Athlone, the Suck joins Shannon. The fishing is good. This river runs down from beyond Ballinasloe. At Shannon Harbour the Brusna joins Shannon, and then Lough Derg is reached. The fishing in the May-fly season is here first rate. Killaloe is the best station for this lake. Castle Connell is the next station on the Shannon, and the fishing is here preserved. Limerick is the next station, and is distant **12 m.** from Lough Derg.

**Castlebar.**—M.G.W.R. (See *Ballina*.)

**Castle Bellingham** (Louth).—G.N.R. On Glyde. Salmon and trout.

**Castle Blaney.**—G.N.R. On Castle Blaney Lake. Pike, perch, &c. Strictly preserved.

**Castle Cauldwell** (Fermanagh).—G.N.R. On Erne. Salmon and trout.

**Castle Connell** (Limerick).—W. & L.R. On Shannon. Salmon, trout, pike, perch, &c. *Hotel*: Shannon; good. Preserved rods are sometimes to be let for a £me. Apply to J. Enright, fishing-tackle maker, Castle Connell. (See *Carrick* and *Limerick*.)

**Castle Island.**—G.S. & W.R. On the Maine, Feale, and Smerleagh. First-rate trouting, salmon, and sea trout.

**Castle Martyr** (Cork).—Y.R. On Dour. Trout.

**Castle Pollard.**—M.G.W.R. **2 m.** off is Lough Deryveragh. Large brown trout. The drake season is the best time. The Imry is a good stream. The hotel here is comfortable. (See *Mullingar*.)

**Castle Townsend.**—(See *Skibbereen*.)

**Clifden** (Galway).—There is a nice little river here, but the salmon can get no higher than the falls close by the town. About **2 m.** from Clifden is Lake Ballinaboy. Salmon and sea trout, but they rise very badly. A good fly for brown trout is hare's ear and yellow or fiery brown, with red or black hackle, and starling's wing. For white trout, orange tip, black and blue mohair mixed, black hackle, fine silver twist, and mixed wing of gold pheasant breast, plover, green parrot, mallard, gallina, and pintail, with a sprig or two of gold pheasant tippet, and blue macaw feelers. Another: Body, blue mohair, orange tip, red hackle, tails, wings, &c., as above. Another: Body, black and red, or orange tip, tails, wings, &c., as above. (See *Roundstone*.) The Doochulla white trout fishery is near here. For terms, &c., apply to Mr. Smith, Doochulla Lodge, Clifden, Galway. The Doochulla fishery is **7 m.** from Clifden and **5 m.** from Roundstone. The fishery comprises many lakes well stocked with white and brown trout.

**Clonmel** ( ).—C. & T.R. Capital piking can be had on Anner.

**Coleraine** (Antrim).—G.N.R. On Bann. Salmon and trout. *Hotels*: Clothworkers' Arms and Corporation Arms. The fishing up to the salmon leap is free. Above it is preserved. Tickets may be had at a moderate cost. The Bann below the salmon leap is very broad, and can only be fished from a boat. The Bann is a late river, little can be done before July; August is better; and September best.

**Cong** (Galway).—On Lough Corrib. A very good station. Salmon and trout. Trolling with natural bait is best.

**Connemara.**—The Gowla fishery is preserved. Apply to G. Robinson, Esq., Roundstone, *via* Galway.

**Coomolougherane Lake** (co. Kerry).—About **2 m.** north of Keenkeen Lake, and about **1½ m.** from the road. The ground round it is very boggy, and the trout very plentiful.

**Corick-Bridge.**—There is a tolerable inn here. The white trout fishing in August and September is first-rate. You must depend on Ballina for your supplies; distant **12 m.**

**Cork.**—On Lee. (See *Macroon*.) The Lee, from Gougane Barra Lake (its source, where there is excellent trout fishing), flows through Inchageelah Lakes. Capital accommodation at Brophy's Hotel, Inchageelah; also at M'Sweeney's, Railway Hotel, *Macroon*, where the Laney, Footherish, and Sullane, &c., join the Lee. Railway to *Macroon*, where cars can be had to any district. The Lee is considered the earliest salmon river in Ireland. The following are some of the tributaries: South Bride (the *Macroon* rail runs nearly parallel with it), the Blarney, Shournach, Glasgarruv, Dripsy, Glanmire, Carrigaline, or Yellow River, Midleton, &c., &c. Those flowing into the tidal waters hold white or sea trout, and in the fresh water portions brown trout. Trout fishing is entirely free. The Lough of Cork contains millions of roach, perch, and tench. Within easy reach of Cork, *via* rail **17 m.**, is the Bandon River, which flows into Kinsale harbour, many portions of which are free. Salmon, white and brown trout. Also further west, the Arrigadean, which flows into Courtmasherry Bay. The North Bride, a tributary of the Blackwater, is about **9 m.** from Cork, and is a fine brown trout river; so is the Clyda. Stations, Glenville and Rathcormac, with an excellent inn at Rathcormac and Conna. There is good trouting in the Fenisk, which joins Blackwater above Villiers Town. March, April, and May are the best months for salmon. The fishing is now in the hands of the landowners. Full particulars may be obtained from Mr. Haynes, 63, Patrick-street. Most of the fishing is within easy distance of Cork, either by rail or car. Sea-fishing very good. (See *c.s. Cork*.)

**Crookstown** (Cork). On South Bride. Free trouting.

**Crookstown Road** (Cork). C. & M.R. On South Bride. Trout. Free. (See *Cork*.)

**Crosshaven** (Cork). There are two good hotels here. The Minane at Ringabella and the Carrigaline can be reached from here. Good sea fishing close at hand, especially pollack.

**Curragh, The**—In the canal there is fair perch and pike fishing.

**Dingle.**—The Connor Hill lakes lie near here. Lough-a-doon, the Pedlar's Lake, the White.

- Lake, Mount Eagle Lake, &c., and several trout streams. *Hotel*: Pietre's. Accommodation good.
- Donass.**—On Shannon. Salmon and trout. Leave to fish here is difficult to obtain. The stands are always let at a high figure.
- Donegal.**—Lough Eske is 3 m. off. In August char may be caught. The trout run from 4lb. to 8lb. The fishing of the river belongs to the proprietor, but leave for the lake must be obtained from the resident gentry, of whom Mr. Brooks is the principal. The flies are small fiery browns and blacks, ribbed with silver and hare's ear, &c., with mallard or teal wing. We believe a boat may be had on the loch. A few salmon, and plenty of white trout may be taken about July. The river is small and shallow, and holds a few salmon and white trout. The hotel is comfortable.
- Doonisky** (Cork).—C. & M.R. On Lee. Salmon and trout. (*See Cork*.)
- Dromore.**—G.N.R. (*See Kenmare*.) On the Blackwater. The best flies are fiery browns, orange silk, and black hackles, and a crimson silk body, with a blue and fiery brown hackle brought up to shoulder with jay at throat, mixed wings. The river is let to a club.
- Dublin.**—There is good trouting in Tolka, mostly free, or by leave from the landowners, which is very freely given.
- Dungloe** (Donegal).—*Hotel*: Sweeney's. Plenty of trout. Lochs free. One in particular, half-way between Dungloe and Anaghry Loch, contains some large trout, which rise freely. The Meenmore and the Anaghry Lochs, close to the sea, are good. The latter holds fine white trout. In all these lochs olive duns, hare's ears mixed with claret or fiery brown, with small red and black hackles, starling or mallard wings, will kill. They say that the river here is connected with a hundred lochs. Gienties is 10 m. off. (*See Gweedore*.)
- Dunkettle** (Cork).—G.S. & W.R. 3 m. from **Cork**. (*See Cork*.) On Glanmire. Trout.
- Dunmanway.**—C. & B.R. (*See Bandon*.)
- Dunmore.**—Near **Waterford**. Excellent sea fishing. Car from Waterford. Boats and lines at Dunmore. All information to be obtained from E. Wardell, Fishing Tackle Maker, Exchange-street, Waterford.
- Farranfore.**—G.S. & W.R. About 8 m. from Killarney. First-rate trout fishing.
- Fermoy.**—G.S. & W.R. On Blackwater. Leave may possibly be obtained on application to the proprietors. The water between Lismore, Fermoy, and Killavullin affords probably the best spring salmon angling in the kingdom. William Sheriffs, proprietor of the Royal Hotel, Fermoy, rents some good salmon fishing within a few miles of the town in connection with the hotel. There is good free trout fishing on the Funcheon, North Bride, and Araglin, which flow into the Blackwater.
- Foxford** (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. On Moy. Salmon and trout. *Hotel*: Foxford Hotel. Loughs Conn and Callow lie near. The landlord of the hotel has a considerable fishery.
- Galway.**—M.G.W.R. *Hotel*: Mack's Royal Hotel (*see Advertisement*). The river is full of salmon and sea-trout, but it is very short. The fishing is almost in the town. March, April, May, and June are the best months. The pike and trout fishing in Lough Corrib, which lies near, is sometimes very good. August is the best month to fish it. The flies for the Galway river are: Two laps of gold tinsel and ruby-red silk tip; tall, green parrot, gold pheasant tippet, and fibres of jay hackle; orange silk body, dark olive hackle wound all the way up, trimmed towards the tail, and silver twist; wing, mixed mallard, gallina, pale green parrot, gold pheasant, and blue macaw feelers; jay hackle over all; black head. Tip, orange silk and gold tinsel; body, ruby silk; the rest of the fly as before. A third fly has the body two-thirds orange and one-third red, with the remainder of the fly similar to the other two. The hackles may be varied with black or red. The size is about two sizes larger than sea-trout flies. The sea-trout flies are the same as at Ballinahinch. The best quarters for fishing the lakes from is Oughterard. Some rods are constantly to be let on the Galway river. Apply to E. Townsend, Esq., hon. sec. Galway Angling Club. The Screebe House fishery now belongs to T. Broadwood, Esq. The pollack fishing is excellent. Take plenty of indiarubber baits, white flies, double and treble gut collars. On shallow ground use 15-fathom lines without lead.
- Garrison** (n.s. Belleek).—On Lough Melvin. The best time to fish the lake for gillaroo with artificial fly is February, March, and early April. In the Bundrowes good sport can be had with natural fly during May and June, using cowdung or cricket on the finest tackle. They also then take boiled shrimp well. In August use the natural daddy long-legs in the lake. In September there are great numbers in the Drowes, belonging to Lord Massey, between the lake and Mullinabeck. (*See Bundoran*.) 10 m. south is Lough Glencar. Good salmon, white and brown trout, pike; closely preserved. Melvin is free, except in a few salmon casts. Apply to Mr. Maude, Mr. Johnson (who will give leave for three days a week), and Mrs. Stubbs. A good trout fly for the lough is hen pheasant wing, light red; ginger hackle, with a pale yellow silk body and silver twist. The best part of the loch is where the two rivers run into it. Leave required. The following are good salmon flies: One lap of gold at tail, tag of orange silk; tail, small topping, two turns of ostrich hair, about a third of an inch of greenish-yellow pig's wool merging into dark fiery brown, then into black and fiery brown at the shoulder; claret hackle running two-thirds down the body with jay over it, gold twist; wing, golden pheasant tippet, covered by mallard, feelers, blue macaw, and a black ostrich head. Another is, one lap of silver twist, orange silk tag, small topping for tail; mulberry pig's wool body, dressed medium; mulberry claret, jay over all; same wing and head as the first fly. Again: Two laps of silver twist, dark orange tag, tail of mallard, and three or four fibres of gold pheasant tippet; body,



black pig's wool, rather spare, with a dark fiery brown ring half-way up it, and then black again, a small bit of fiery brown at shoulder to stick out for legs; Jay's hackle, gold-pheasant tippet, and mallard's wing; black head. Lough Melvin is good in spring. The Garrison Hotel (Mr. A. Scott) is comfortable (*see Advertisement*). 5 m. from here is Lough-na-Vagh. The trout average 2½ lb. Leave from Mr. Maude, who sometimes grants a day. Next come Loughs Dernaorbut and MacNean. The trout are herring size, but very numerous. Loughs Meeny-mean and Glen Cawan are full of fish averaging ½ lb. Lough Anany contains very large perch and small trout.

**Glandore.**—(*See Skibbereen*.) There are in the immediate neighbourhood fourteen trout lakes, two pike lakes, and three salmon and white trout rivers. First-rate sea fishing. The accommodation is limited, but at the inn the quarters are cheap and comfortable; there is also a boarding house. There is good trout fishing in the Shepperton lakes, half way to Skibbereen. White trout may be caught in streams near, after a flood.

**Glenamoy.**—7 m. from Belderg. A bed or two may be had here. This is one of the best white-trout fishings in Ireland. Accommodation very bad. (*See Belderg*.)

**Glenbeg.**—(*See Killorglin*.)

**Glencar.**—*Hotel*: Glencar. 5 m. free of the hotel. There is good spring salmon fishing in the beginning of the year on the upper Cara river. The river flows into Cara Lake, on which there is also very fair salmon fishing early and late in the year, free. Trout are numerous, but very small as a rule. There are several brown trout lakes in the mountains accessible from the hotel. Coose and Cluin lakes are close to the hotel; good trouting.

**Glencolumbkille Hotel** (Donegal).—On Teelin. Salmon, sea trout, trout. Tickets free at the hotel for a limited number of salmon rods. Good trout fishing free in river and lakes.

**Glendalough** (Connemara).—*Hotel*: The Fishery Hotel, very good; it is close to the famous Ballinahinch fishery. (*See Clifden*.)

**Glengariffe.**—C. & B.R. On Glengariffe. Salmon. Visitors at Roche's Hotel can fish here. (*See Cork*.) Near here are Loughs Bue and Bordin. Bue is on the top of "Priestaleap Mountain." It is easy of access from the hotel. Brown trout running herring size. The river that runs out of it is also good. Bordin Lake, on the top of Bordin Mountain, is within two or three hundred yards of the road leading from Bantry to Killgarrahan. There are plenty of trout. Several trout streams and an immense number of mountain lakes in the vicinity. Brown trout very plentiful. Combola river 3 m. (one of the best late salmon and white trout rivers in the South. Mr. Roche preserves 3 m. for his visitors), Ballylicky 6 m. (salmon and white trout; leave freely given); both by good carriage road. Salmon, white trout, and brown trout. Sea-fishing is very good, especially in September.

**Genties.**—On the Owenea. (*See Adara*.) The accommodation here is better than at Adara. (*See Dungloe*.)

**Goresbridge** (Carlow).—G.S. & W.R. On Barrow. Salmon, trout, and coarse fish.

**Gweedore** (Donegal).—There is a capital hotel here, and the fishing excellent both for salmon, sea and brown trout. Gentlemen staying at the Gweedore Hotel may fish in the rivers and lakes belonging to Lord George Hill, as follows: The lakes, and that part of Glady river which belongs to his lordship, may be fished without any charge by gentlemen staying at the hotel, provided they take out their salmon licence from Mr. Cunningham, manager, or pay 1*l.* towards the preservation of the waters. Boats are kept. Gentlemen fishing the river Glady between the hotel and Bunbeg must attend to the rules. There are numerous good lakes full of trout open to the public in the Rosses district, which can be fished with ease either from the Gweedore Hotel or Mr. Sweeney's hotel at Dungloe. The Gweedore river, better known by the gillies as Crolly river, is about 1½ m. from Gweedore hotel. Plenty of salmon and sea trout. Loughanure lake is strictly preserved. For the regulations for the fishery, see our advertising columns. (*See Dungloe*.)

**Headfort.**—G.S. & W.R. The Quagmire river runs under the line. Good for brown trout.

**Inchigeelah.**—There are some good lakes here, and a fair hotel. Boats can be had. (*See Macroom*.) By staying at Brophy's Hotel capital white trout fishing can be had in the Owvane. The Owvane rises on the Kerry side of Gougane Barra, and flows into Bally Licky Bay, Bantry. Shehy Lake and Cool Mountain River may also be fished from here.

**Inchilea.**—Gougane and Inchigeela lakes, &c., also the rivers, the Foarish, the Glasha Gorrav, the Toon, the Laney, the Lullane, the Douglas, the Bride, the Bunyea, may be fished from here.

**Jamestown.**—On Shannon. (*See Carrick*.)

**Keenkeen Lake** (co. Kerry).—The trout are a good size and plentiful. The river that runs from it into the Slahenny is full of trout. The lake is 1½ m. from the main road.

**Kenmare.**—The lesser Blackwater runs 5 m. from here, also Sheen. Salmon and trout. Preserved by private persons. Good accommodation at the Lansdowne Arms or at Blackwater Bridge. The river rises in Loch Brian (full of trout), owned by Mr. Mahoney, of Dromore Castle. About 2 m. off runs the Roughy, rising in Glen Fleak. The salmon and trout fishing in it is not equal to the Blackwater. The fishing is, we understand, free. All the pools and streams can be fished from the bank. Good free trouting in the Clonee Lakes, Glenmore, and Glenluichquin. On the top of Little Mangerton mountain is Red Trout Lake containing fine fish. Good in May. Sea-fishing good, especially pollack. Also Humphrey's Lake and Coolnood Lake. A mile from Roughy Bridge is the Lansdowne Arms Hotel, comfortable. The owner of the Falls preserves 7 m. of the Sheen. Cameenbrick and Dromorthy Lakes are good in July and August. Salmon, salmon trout, trout.

**Kilgarvan.**—(See *Kenmare*.)

**Killaloe** (Clare).—W. & L.R. On the Shannon. Salmon and trout. Loch Derg lies above the town; fishing very good. The best trout flies are an orange body, a little tinsel, a rail's wing, partridge hackle. A green body, red hackle, and starling's wing. A grouse hackle, with orange body. A yellow body, ribbed with gold, and rail's wing. **Limerick** is distant 12 m. The Gillaro trout is found in Derg. There are plenty of pike and perch. By staying at the Royal Inn good fishing may be had. (See *Carrick*.) Peal fishing in the river is very good about June. Leave difficult to get. The trouting very good. The following is recommended as a good fly in hot weather:—Tail dressed small, a golden pheasant topknot; body, green peacock herl ribbed with gold; legs jays, blue speckled feather; wings, half-a-dozen small golden pheasants' topknot. This fly may be varied with an apple-green floss silk body.

**Killarney.**—G.S. & W.R. Salmon and trout. The salmon fishing is very indifferent on the open water. The trout run small. The usual charge for a two-oared boat is 7s. 6d. per day. The river Fleak runs near; the fishing is occasionally very good, and open. There is very good brown trout fishing in Loch Guttane, 5 m. off, preserved by Lord Castleross and Mr. Herbert. The Laune joins the lakes with the sea. The fishing commences on January 1, and ends August 31. During the first three months the lakes are well worked with nets and cross lines. About March, the fishing improves, and by the end of May netting ceases. The best part for salmon is on the shore beyond Ross Castle, close to a shingly beach, with some ugly stumps or piles reaching some way out. The fishing must be from a boat. There is another good spot near Bircheen Bridge, and another near "Prince of Wales's Island;" but the first-named is the best ground. The trout fishing on the lower, upper, and middle lakes is worthless; but on the Long Reach and thereabouts, and at the meeting of the waters at the back of Dinis Island, you may get a tolerable number of small ones. There are eels, perch, and flounders in the lake. (See *Cahiriveen*; *Farranfore*; *Killorglin*.) The Laune is now let to Mr. White Popham. Midway between this and Kenmare is Lough Loosacannagh, holding great numbers of trout. There are some trout in Lacka Lake 4 m. N.E. of Killarney.

**Killeagh** (Cork).—G.S. & W.R. 18 m. from Cork. On Killeagh. Trout.

**Killbegs.**—There is good boat fishing in the harbour, and one or two nice little trout streams near, on which leave may be obtained. The hotel is good.

**Killorglin.**—1 m. off is the Cara river and lake. The fishing is very good. 1 m. from the river is a nice little inn (Wales Inn) at Glenbeg. Leave can be obtained. There are two capital burns near the house, one famous for its white trout, and the other for its brown trout. (See *Killarney*.) By staying at the Ventry Arms, or Laune Hotel, fishing can be had in the Laune; also boats, gratis, on the Upper and Lower Lakes of Cara, Lough Yanavan, and Lough Coosa. Cars run every other day from Killarney. In the Laune salmon fishing is very good in August and September after netting has ceased. Trout fishing is good from April to end of season; the white trout commence running about end of May. The river Maine, on which there is very fair autumn salmon fishing, and good trout fishing earlier in the year, is within an hour-and-a-half drive.

**Killumney** (Cork).—M.R. On South Bride. Trout. Free. (See *Cork*.)

**Killurin.**—G.S. & W.R. On Slaney.

**Kilmurphy** (Mayo). On Owenmore and Mannion. Salmon and trout.

**Kilrea** (Derry).—B. & N.C.R. On Bann. Salmon, trout. Preserved by a club.

**Kilshelan.**—W. & L.R. Suir. Salmon and trout. Count de la Poer grants leave for the asking. Fishing very good.

**Kinsale.**—C. & B.R. Sea-fishing very good. Mackerel can be taken with hook and line in great numbers in summer, and all this coast abounds in pollack.

**Lanesborough.**—On Shannon. (See *Carrick*.)

**Laytown.**—G. N. of I. Ry. 27 m. from Dublin. Nanny. Sea trout, pike, B. trout. Nanny rises by Navan. The sea trout fishing is very good. Between the railway bridge and the sea are three or four pools full of fish on the ebb tide. They will only take worm or imitation and eel. From Julianstown to Duleek are plenty of pike.

**Leenane** (Galway).—On Leanan and Mounterone. Salmon, trout. Erriff river and lake, salmon and trout, 2 m. and 5 m.; Loughs Fee and Muck, 4 m.; Delphi river and lake, 3 m.; Lough Nafaoey, 6 m.; Kylemore lakes, 4 m. and 5 m. Fishing good. Preserved by Mr. M. Henry. Fishing on Erriff may be had at Aasleagh Hotel; m.t. 8l., d.t. 10s. Trout tickets half price.

**Limerick.**—(See *Killaloe*.) On Shannon. Good salmon and trout fishing. At Castle Connell there is splendid salmon fishing, though all let on lease. Cruise's Hotel, in Limerick, is one of the best, and preserves a portion of the river, tickets 5s. (See *Carrick*.) From the Lax Weir upward some 5 m. or 6 m. is free. There is good salmon fishing in the Maigne 4 m. off. Good fishing can also be had at Castle Connell by month or season. Apply to landlord.

**Lismore.**—G.S. & W.R. On the Blackwater. Leave from the lessees, but all fish must be given up. March and April, and again in June and July, are the best months.

**Listowel.**—W. & L.R. (See *Abbeyfeale*.)

**Longford.**—M.G. W.R. Strokestown can be reached from here; Kilglass lakes can be fished. Pike, perch, and trout. Midway between here and Stokestown is a weir on the Shannon, at Tormandary. Capital trouting, rough accommodation in the village.

**Macroom** (Cork).—C. & M.R. 2 m. off is the Lee. Salmon, trout, &c. (See *Cork*.) The Moun-

- tain View Railway Hotel, Macroom, is close to the fishery. Within  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. of the hotel are three tributaries of the Lee, the Salane (good salmon and trout), the Foirish, and Laney (trout). The Toon, the Glashagorry, and lakes Inchaleagh 8 m. off, Gougane Barra, the source of Lee, 14 m. off, well stocked with trout. The upper waters near Inchigeela are well stocked. The Macroom Railway runs parallel with the river Bride, a large trout stream tributary to the Lee, and holding the very finest brown trout in county Cork. Macroom is  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. from Cork. Cars may be had at the Hotel.
- Mallow.**—On Blackwater. Salmon and trout. Leave may sometimes be obtained on application to the proprietors. In some of the streams of the Upper Blackwater, from Banteer, beyond Mill-street, fishing is free. The perch run very large.
- Meelick.**—A few miles above Bannagher. There is fair sport about June with the peel. Above Meelick is Shannon Bridge, but there is no trout fishing, and very little salmon fishing. There is a clean little inn here. (*See Carrick.*)
- Milford.**—Near Derry. Close by is Lough Fern and Kindrum Lake. The fishing in Fern is very good both for salmon and trout. The best season from March 20 to end of May. Leave must be obtained from Sir James Stewart. The process is to write to Mr. M. Baxter, the landlord of the inn at Milford, to obtain leave. The best flies for Lough Fern are fiery browns, clarets, and olives, and the following; tip, silver tinsel; tag, golden yellow pigs' wool, ribbed with silver; red hackle, jay at the shoulder; wing, jungle cock, two topplings, and fibres of bustard; long crimson horns; head, yellow pigs' wool. (*See Rathmelton.*)
- Mullinavat.**—W.C. & K.Y.R. 5 m. from Waterford. A good trout stream runs from here to Kilmacow, the fishing of which is free. Trout small, but tolerably plentiful.
- Mullingar.**—M.G.W.R. The station for Belvidere and Lough Ouel, the famous Westmeath lakes. Lake Deravaragh lies near. The trout run large, and during the May-fly season great numbers may be caught with the natural fly. Good sport can be had in Belvidere Lake,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m. on the Castletown-station road. There is a small inn on the lake side, where fair accommodation and boats can be had. The river Imry is a good stream.
- Naas (Kildare).**—G.S. & W.R. On Liffey. Trout.
- Newport (Mayo).**—On Newport, Burriahole, and Owengrave. Salmon and sea trout; salmon fishing worthless; white trout fishing very fair. There are two or three lakes near, where the trout fishing is fair. At the head of the river is Lough Beltra. The landlady at the inn has leave for one rod. If more is required application must be made to the agent of Mr. Sidney Herbert. For this gentleman's address apply to the landlady. There are two pools by the town. Small black or dark blue silk bodies, with red or orange tips, silver twist, black hackles, and starling wing, are good for white trout; lemon and hare's ear, silver twist, red hackle, and mallard wing for salmon. There are salmon and sea trout on the lake, but only one boat, belonging to a private person. The fishing on Farnaunces Lake, about 2 m. from Newport, is good; the landlady can give permission. Lough Fyough is above Lough Farnaunce, but is, we believe, private property. Railway at Westport 8 m.
- Oughterard.**—(*See Galway.*)
- Portumna (Galway).**—P. & P.R. On Shannon and Lough Derg. Salmon, trout, pike.
- Queenstown (Cork).**—At Rostellan Castle, Ringabella, there is a good trout lake, and also ponds and streams at Inch, near Aghada. Excellent sea fishing both inside and outside this harbour. Pollack at the Harbour Rock, and Turbis Bsnk, and along the line of the rocky cliffs of both sides of the entrance, and at the Cow, Calf, or Stag Rocks, a little without the point on the east side. Round and at the points of Hanfowline and Spike Island bass and pollack are met with; and in the offing plenty of hake, whiting, and ground fish. (*See Cork and Crosshaven.*)
- Ramelton (Donegal).**—Hotel: Stewart Arms. Good trouting, free to visitors.
- Randalstown (Antrim).**—B. & N.C.R. On Maine. Salmon and trout. Hotel: O'Neill Arms. Visitors to the hotel can fish in Shane's Castle Park. Lough Neagh is 2 m. off. September and October are best for salmon in Maine. (*See Antrim.*)
- Rathmelton (Donegal).**—On the Leman. The sport is capital. Good accommodation at Stewart's Arms Hotel. Leave to fish from Sir A. Stewart. There are many open lakes near. The two best are Loughs Fern and Garten. (*See Milford.*) Garten Lough is 9 m. distant, and holds trout. The old boatman on Loch Fern says the best spring fly for salmon is the ordinary grey bodied fly, made of donkey's hair. A good summer fly for the Leman and Lough Fern is a small-sized fly, with a rough fluffy body of dirty yellow and a brown wing. The Leman is a narrow, sluggish river.
- Recess.**—Near Roundstone. Rods may be hired in the Gowlia Fishery. For terms apply to Mr. Macredy, Lisoughter Lodge, Recess, by Galway. (*See Roundstone.*)
- Rosnakill (Donegal).**—On Mulroy Bay. Sea-trout may be caught here in the bay, Rowcross Ferry, near the village of Carrigart, and Morris Ferry, near Rosnakill, are the best spots. The following are good flies: Hook, No. 4 or 5; green peacock tag; tail, 3 fibres guinea-fowl; body, pale silk ribbed with fine silver; hackle, claret; wing, landrail. Hook, No. 4 or 5; body, dark silk blue ribbed with gold; tail, 3 fibres mallard; hackle, claret; wing, duck underwing and brown turkey mixed. Hook No. 4; body, half black wool and half green peacock ribbed with gold; hackle, black; wing, starling or jay. Lake Kindrum (trout) lies near here. Tawney is the nearest post-town. There is a nice inn on the lake, but it is as well to bring provisions. The fishing is very good. Good flies are grouse hackles over orange silk; golden olive mohair bodies, and dark olive, with the hackle lapped half way up the body. The cowdung, hare's ear, and red hackle and black hackle over claret. Lord Leitrim preserves one side of the lake, but the other is open.

**Bossbeigh (Kerry).**—*Hotel:* Headley Arms, very comfortable. On Cara and Cara Lake. Salmon, white and brown trout. The landlady rents the lower part of Cara for her guests. The best places for white trout are below, and on two hundred yards above the bridge. The salmon flies are all small. Blue, orange, and grey are the usual bodies, a bunch of mallard and a pair of blue macaw horns for wings, blue, orange, and fiery brown hackles, bodies very spare and hackles short. The "Claverhouse" is a good fly. *Tag*, silver tinsel; *tail*, one topping; *body*, lower half golden olive silk, upper bright blue with silver twist; *hackle* blue on body, being brown at shoulder; *wing*, bunch of mallard with one topping; *head*, peacock's herl; *hook*, No. 11. Sea-trout fly, "Quin's Fancy." *Tail*, two fibres mallard; *butt*, bright green peacock; *body*, orange silk with fine silver twist; *hackle*, bright brown on body, darker at shoulder; *wing*, mallard; *head*, green peacock; *dressed* very small. This is a good fly all over the South of Ireland. In lake Coomasaharn, out of which runs the river Beigh, are small brown trout, white trout and salmon, and char. The best side of the lake is the west. There is no boat. In Lough Coomeeneragh or "Eragh," the brown trout run large, but are bad risers. There are several other good lakes near. The salmon fishing in Lough Cara is poor, but the trouting, five or six to the pound, is good. All these waters are free except the Beigh, which is let. The proprietor of the hotel rents a portion of the Lanne, on which there is good salmon fishing in August and September. (See *Killorglin*). There are two free boats belonging to the hotel on Cara Lake. Boatman 2s. 6d. a day, and whiskey and bread 1s. a head. The hotel is  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. from the sea; good fishing.

**Roundstone.**—On the Ballinahinch River. Salmon fishing poor, but plenty of sea-trout. The principal lakes are Loch Inagh, where there are some good salmon casts—Derryclare and Ballinahinch; also some smaller lakes. The sea-trout fishing on Inagh and Derryclare is sometimes very good. There is a hotel close to the lakes at Reccas; m.t. 8l., w.t. 2l. 10s., d.t. 10s., if you select them. The flies at Ballinahinch are: For salmon, gold tinsel and orange tip; mallard and gold-pheasant tippet tail; dark brown (copper) silk body, silver twist, brown hackle all up, with jay over; mixed wing of gold-pheasant tippet and tail, gallina and mallard. This fly kills from July to the end of the season. Gold tinsel, blue silk tip; gold-pheasant tippet tail; orange silk body, gold twist, red hackle all up, jay over it; wing as before. This fly kills from May to July. For sea-trout, gold twist and orange tip; green parrot, gold-pheasant tippet, and fibres of jay hackle for tail; rough black body, with fine silver twist, black hackle, jay over; mixed wing of green parrot, mallard stained green, pintail, stained yellow, red, orange, and blue fibres; with blue macaw feelers (of course there are but a few fibres of each feather). Gold tinsel and orange tip; gold-pheasant tippet and jay fibres for tail; pale green body, silver tinsel, red hackle, and star's wing. Silver tinsel and orange tip; yellow fibres, jay ditto, and gold-pheasant tippet tail; light blue mohair body, fine silver tinsel, light blue hackle, and star's wing. Tip and tail as before; claret and fiery brown mohair mixed for body, fine gold twist, black hackle at shoulder only, star's wing. Gold tinsel, three fibres of gold-pheasant tippet tail; orange silk body, grouse hackle, clipped on the under side, and grouse fibres for wing. Mr. Young holds the Dooihalla lakes, and charges 5s. a day for the fishing, and 1s. 6d. to the boatman. The fishing is very good. August and September are the best months. These lakes are 5 m. from Roundstone, and 5 m. from Clifden. Apply to Mr. R. Macredy, Royal Recess Hotel, Ballinahinch Fishery, Galway.

**Buskey.**—On Shannon. (See *Carrick*.)

**Shannon Bridge.**—(See *Meelick*.) At the fords above Derryholmes there are a few good trout. There is fair salmon fishing. Up Shannon, towards the Seven Churches, good pike and perch fishing can be had. (See *Carrick*.)

**Skibbereen (Cork).**—C. & B.R. Salmon, sea-trout, and trout. On Ilan. Free from the weir (1 m. north of Skibbereen) to a mile below the town, the tide flowing as far as the weir. There are several respectable hotels, and private lodgings can also be obtained. The river near the town affords the best sport. A peculiar fish called Coolahan abounds in the tideway. Purples, fiery browns with gold; in spring, olive, and gold, are the best flies, tied on Parkin's-five, six, and seven round bend. The numerous lakes round Skibbereen—viz., Ballyaly, 4 m., Loughine, Drimminidhy, 10 m., Shepperton, 4 m., and Lissard (all free)—afford good trout fishing in April and May. After dark in June, July, and August, the lakes afford rare sport; and also in the river after dark to midnight at Poulrabab, the Swimming Hole, Soldier's Hole, Downing's Reach, Burnt Mill, &c., fair white trout fishing prevails. The best salmon months are July, August, September, and October, when the fishing closes. Sea-fishing can be had at Glandore and Castle Townsend. A boat, with four men, is about 6s. per day, and there are plenty of public cars to be had at reasonable cost. (See *Baltimore*.) The landlady of the Beecher Arms (Mrs Hickey), which is comfortable and moderate, grants leave to fish in the Ilan above the weir. Sea-fishing can be had at Glandore, 8 m. off, and at Castle Townsend. Half-way to Glandore are the Shepperton lakes (brown trout, running herring size). Lough Bally Ally, 4 m., contains large fish. Just beyond this lake is Toe Bay, where sea-fishing can be had from the rocks or boat. There are two streams to the west which after a flood hold salmon and white trout, and for which leave might be obtained.

**Sligo.**—M.G.W.R. The fishing in the lake is very good. Permission, we believe, can be obtained.

**Tawney.**—(See *Rosnakill*.)

**Toome Bridge.**—Lough Neagh. Trouting good; also small pike. *Hotel:* O'Neill Arms,

comfortable (*see Advertisement*). Boat and boatmen 5s. or 6s. a day and lunch. The best flies are red ant, sky blue, curly tail, dotterel, orange dun, and partridge hackle. Largest fish below the falls.

**Tramore.**—There is a capital lake here for large trout, Ballyscanlon belonging to Mr. Power, who freely gives leave. Sea fishing in the bay. Bass at the mouth of Binsack harbour.

**Valencia, Island of.**—About 2½ m. from Cahirciveen. There is capital sea-fishing here, and fresh-water fishing in the autumn in the Inny, after a fresh. There is a nice little hotel, and lodgings are to be had on moderate terms. Pollack and gurnet are numerous; near the Skelligs Rocks the largest fish lie. Boats can be hired.

**Waterford.**—(*See Carrick.*)

**Waterville (Kerry).**—Salmon fishing commences on the 1st of February, and for white trout from the middle of June. The Cumberagh River, connecting Lough Currane with the upper lakes is good in a flood, but preserved. Brown trout do not rise freely in Waterville Lake. Waterville is 12 m. from Cahirciveen (co. Kerry). The accommodation at the Hartopp Arms is good, and is close to the lake (*see Advertisement*). The Butler's Arms Hotel is also very comfortable (*see Advertisement*). White trout are numerous at Waterville. The best flies are dark clarlet or brown red mohair, dark red hackle; wings, dark woodcock or mallard, also a turn of gold twist. Boat hire, 2s. 6d.; fisherman, 2s. 6d. Dinner and whisky, 3s. 4d. The river Tring enters at the head of the bay, which is called Balingkelliga. There are two lakes, the head waters of Loch Currane, containing good trout, called Derriana and Ellaineane. The latter preserved by Sir Maurice O'Connell. The rod fishing in Lough Currane commences on Feb. 1. The Sneem river is good for white trout. 2 m. east of Waterville, on the road to Cahir, the Inny crosses the road, and in autumn holds salmon and white trout. Permission must be obtained from the proprietor.

**Westport (Mayo).**—M.G.W.B. (*See Newport.*)

**Wexford.**—G.S. & W.R. On the Slaney. Salmon and sea-trout.

## SCOTLAND.

**Aberdeen.**—(*See Alford Bridge, Newburgh, and Aboyne.*) 12. 10s. per rod is charged for liberty to fish in the tidal waters. At Heathcot some free salmon and trout can be had in Des by staying at the Deeside Hydropathic Establishment (*see Advertisement*).

**Aberfeldy.**—Loch Kennard lies near, full of small trout. The loch is let with the shooting. (*See Weem.*) By staying at the Breadalbane Arms, 3 m. of the Tay can be fished, and Loch-na-Craig, where trout are very good. (*See Advertisement.*) The accommodation is good. (*See Kinloch Rannoch.*)

**Aberfoyle.**—Lochs Ard and Chon. Trout and pike. Boat and man, 7s. per diem. Inn: the Baillie Nicol Jarvie.

**Aboyne.**—On Dee. Rods are occasionally to be let on this stream.

**Alford Bridge.**—On Don. 30 m. from Aberdeen. Salmon and trout. Hotel: Forbes Arms and Haughton Arms. Permission at the hotels. Fishing begins on April 1st. 2 m. north, in the parish of Tullynessie, are some good trouting burns, one especially, which divides the lands of Knockespoth from those of Lord Forbes.

**Amulree.**—Loch Freuchie lies near. There is a good inn here. (*See Dunkeld; Corrie-muchloch.*)

**Ardenintny.**—On Loch Long. The Finnart runs into Loch Long here. Sea trout, trout. The fishings preserved by Mr. T. Douglas.

**Ardeonaig.**—On Loch Tay. (*See Kenmore.*)

**Ardgay (Ross).**—By staying at the Balnagown Arms some salmon fishing can be had in the Carron at 5s. per day, and you are allowed to retain the fish. The fishing is good when there is plenty of water, and the quarters are very comfortable.

**Ardrossan.**—(*See Brodick, Corrie, and Lamish.*)

**Aultnaceulgach Inn (Sutherland).**—20 m. from Lairg. This inn makes up five beds. There is capital trouting all round. Lochs Craggie, Borolan, Urtail, Cuma, Veattie, Teun, and Awe can be fished from here.

**Aultnahara Inn (Sutherland).**—Loch Naver. Tolerably good trout, three to the pound (fly); salmon and grise occasionally. Boat belongs to the inn. The salmon fishing is let to 3 rods only. Apply to Mr. J. Crawford, factor, House of Tongue, Lairg, N.B. Mudale Water runs into the head of Loch Naver. Trout plenty, and fine. Loch Meadie (boats) is the source of Mudale Water, 6 m. from Aultnahara. Lots of free rising trout of four to the pound; larger ones by trolling. A small loch, lying to the east of the road, through Strath Bugastie, about 4 m. from the inn, gives very good fishing on a rough day. Loch Coulside (boats), 5 m. from Aultnahara, on the road to Tongue is very good, fish average two and a half to the pound. Wading is bad. A nameless loch, 2 m. or 3 m. N.E. of the southern end of Loch Coulside, is swarming with trout of about three to the pound. There are plenty of fish nearly a pound weight. Loch Brach Buie, a very small loch, with a tiny island in it, about 2 m. E. by S. of shepherd's house, at the north end of Loch Coulside. Trout average nearly a pound. Very large ferret can be caught in Loch Loyal (boats), 6 m. off.

**Aylort Inn.**—On Loch Eilt and river Aylort. Salmon and trout. The inn is 27½ m. from Fort William. The fishing is now in the hands of the proprietor, Miss Astley, of Arisaig.

**Ayr.**—(*See Loch Doon.*)

**Ballater.**—On Dee. Salmon and trout. The innkeeper of the Invercauld Arms lets the fishing. The renters of one year have the refusal for the next. The water is either let by the rod, or the whole water to a party without limitation of rods. The landlord of the Fannanich Wells Hotel preserves 3 m.; tickets by the month or season.

**Balmacarra.**—Some sea fishing may be got here. There is trouting in two lochs near the inn, which is a very comfortable one.

**Banavie.**—On Caledonian Canal and river Lochy. *Inn:* Lochiel Arms. July is the best month. This river is, we believe, taken up. The Spean runs 5 m. off. Spean rises in two lochs, full of trout, and, after a course of 8 m., falls into Loch Laggan. (*See Loch Laggan*). At Roy Bridge river Roy joins Spean. Salmon and trout. Roy rises in a good loch 12 m. off. There are no feeders of any consequence. The fishing is now taken up. At Spean Bridge, 3 m. from Roy Bridge (quarters: Spean Bridge Inn), there is a good burn, holding occasionally salmon and sea trout. The Spean is all taken up from the falls 2 m. above Roy Bridge) to the Lochy, which it joins some 4 m. on.

**Banff.**—Capital pollack fishing just outside the harbour with indiarubber bait whiffing.

**Beattock Station.**—2 m. off is the village of Moffat. (*See Moffat*.) *Hotel:* Beattock Station.

**Beaully.**—On Beaully. Salmon, trout. By staying at the Lovat Arms fishing can be had at 10s. 6d. a day.

**Birnam.**—By staying at the Birnam Hotel some salmon fishing can be had in Tay and trout fishing in Braan.

**Blairgowrie.**—On Ericht. There are several lochs near. The Ericht, Ardie, Shee, and Blackwater are all accessible from here, and afford good trouting. There are some good pike in Marlu Loch.

**Bowland Bridge.**—N.B.R. On Gala and Caddow. Trout.

**Braemar.**—On Dee. Trout and Salmon. By staying at the Fife Arms free fishing can be had in several miles of water. The Invercauld Arms Hotel has some free fishing. Number of rods limited.

**Brawl Castle.**—On Thurso. Rods from 15l. to 60l. per month. Apply to Mrs. Janet, Dunbar, Brawl Castle. Salmon, sea trout, brown trout. Fishing very good. (*c.s.*)

**Bridge of Turk.**—Lochs Ard, Chon, and Dronkie lie near. Dronkie is full of trout, and can be fished easily from the side.

**Brodrick** (Isle of Arran).—There is a very fine hotel where the steamer touches. The river fishing is worthless. (*See Lamlaish*.)

**Bute, Island of.**—About 2 m. from Rothsay is Loch Greenan, containing large trout and braise. Opposite Rothsay on the mainland is the Ardine—sea trout and brown trout; and the Ruel, further on towards the Kyles of Bute, contains the same fish. We believe the fishing is free. Pollack, lythe, cod, and other sea fish.

**Cairndow.**—8 m. from Inverary, near the head of Loch Fyne. There is a nice clean inn here. Close at hand a little trout stream runs into the loch. In June sea-trout enter this stream. There is capital herring, mackerel, lythe, and cod fishing in the loch. The fishing is free.

**Callander.**—*Hotel:* Dreadnought. In Loch Achray the trout run large, but are very shy. Trolling is best. Pike are to be had, often of large size. In Loch Vennachar the trout fishing is very good; from 1lb. to 3lb. It can be fished from the bank. The best sport is, however, from the boat: the south side especially. The best fly to use is—wings, grouse feather; body, ginger hackle over dubbing of hare's leg; yellow tip, touched off with a single turn of gold tinsel. Another taking fly is green (drake) wings, and reddish-brown dubbing for body. Leave for the lochs can be obtained. The stream, where it flows from Achray into Loch Vennachar, affords good sport. The Teith, from Loch Vennachar down to Doon Bridge, is, we think, preserved, but leave can be had. Information at Callander, where fishing in 4 m. of the Teith can be had at per day, by staying at the Hydropathic Establishment; also in Loch Vennachar, where are boats. There is also very good trout in the burn which dashes down Glenfinglas. Loch Lubnaig also fishes well. This loch and Loch Vennachar give good salmon fishing in spring. (*See Trossachs Hotel*.)

**Canonby** (Dumfries).—Visitors at the Cross Keys Inn can have salmon, sea and brown trout fishing on the Esk and its tributaries by paying 5s. per diem for salmon and 2s. 6d. for trout. The salmon fishing is not good till October.

**Castle Douglas** (Kirkcudbright).—On Dee. Salmon and trout.

**Glouvenford.**—On Tweed, below Peebles. Salmon and trout. The fishing is good.

**Corrie** (Isle of Arran).—(*See Lamlaish*.)

**Corriemuckloch.**—Loch Freuchie lies near. (*See Dunkeld*.) There is a nice inn at Amulree, 2 m. off. Close to the old inn of Corriemuckloch is a small loch holding large trout. They will not rise except in early morning and late evening.

**Craigellachie.**—By staying at the Aberlour Hotel, 3 m. from here, fishing can be had in Spey by the week. The number of rods is limited.

**Crianlarich.**—On Loch Dochart. Trout, perch, and sometimes salmon. Coaches pass daily during the season, going to all parts of the country. The fishing in Loch Dochart is not very good, but sometimes very heavy baskets are made during the floods. Late in the season salmon find their way into the lake and up the river running into it. The fishing in the river Dochart is sometimes good. (*See Luth*.) There are two good burns joining Loch Dochart, both full of fish; the angler cannot mistake them by walking down the road. There are two lochs, Marrigan and Essent, belonging to — Place, Esq., some 3 m. over the hills on the other side of the river, both very

- full of fish. A day may sometimes be obtained. About 6 m. behind the village, to the south-west, is a mountain tarn, holding some large fish, and another on a mountain range close to the village, to the westward. The one on the west of the village is a little pool containing some splendid trout. By taking the road to Inverarnan, at the head of Loch Lomond, the river Falloch is soon reached, where fair fishing can be enjoyed. (See *Inverarnan*.) The Dochart is really the head waters of the Tay.
- Crief** (Perth).—On Earn, and Loch Earn. Salmon and trout. The lake free. At St. Fillans, 12 m. off, fair trouting can be had. *See*: Drummond Arms. Good trouting in Allmonnd, 6 m. off.
- Dalguise**.—On Tay. Salmon and trout. All strictly preserved.
- Dalmally**.—On Loch Awe. Salmon, trout, ferox, pike, perch. *Hotels*: Dalmally and Loch Awe Hotels, very good (see *Advertisements*). Boats can be had. In the bay, on the south side of Kilchurn Castle, there is good pike fishing. Orchy joins Awe 2 m. from the hotel; good salmon fishing preserved by the hotel. The fishing is very fair early in the season. There are several small rivers and burns near, all full of trout, though small. There are two or three lakes some short distance in the hills full of trout. About two hours and a half walk from the inn are two lochs, the largest of which (Loch Anerulch) contains large trout. (See *Inverarnan*; *Loch Awe*.)
- Dalmellington**.—Loch Doon lies near. Plenty of small brown trout. The Cross Keys Inn is good, and the proprietor has boats on the loch, which is 4 m. off. Fishing free.
- Dalwhinnie** (Perth).—On Loch Errochd. *Hotel*: Dalwhinnie; good. Fair trouting. June, July, or August are the best months. Large ferox are constantly taken. The best part of the loch for trolling is from the Forester's Lodge, near the middle of the loch, to the west end, and as near the shore as can be done with safety to the tackle. The best flies are red, yellow or orange, green and black bodies. The red, yellow, and orange should have a red hackle and the green a black; the red is the best. The wings are woodcock, jay, or teal; the body should be ribbed with gold. Boats at the hotel free of charge. About 6 m. down the loch on the north side is the shooting lodge, and 9 m. further down on the same side is a keeper's house, where a bed may be got; the house is called Benalder. Remember to take your provisions with you. Good sport can be had in the river Erich, which runs out of the loch into Loch Rannoch. It is about 8 m. long; the fish are neither so large nor so good as in the loch. (See *Tigh-na-Man*.)
- Dromore** (Wigtown).—Cal. R. Fleet. Salmon and trout. The owner of Ruako owns a portion of the water.
- Drumbeg Inn** (Sutherland).—About 15 m. from Loch Inver, or it can be reached from Scourie by taking a boat (fare 10s.) from Budcall Bay. Loch Drumbeg, in front of house, is very good; fish average over half-a-pound. Most other lochs near (there are hundreds) hold small fish. A stream which runs through Glen Leraig, out of Loch Leod into Nedd Bay, gives sea trout and grills after rain. Another burn, running out of Loch Poule, about 3 m. west of the inn, also gives sea trout when there is water enough. Fishing free. Large dark flies best. Good sea-fishing. Boats.
- Dumfries**.—(See *Lochnaben*.)
- Dunkeld**.—On Tay. By staying at the Birnam Hotel the angler can fish for salmon in a small portion of the river; all the rest is strictly preserved. The river Bran joins Tay at this place. It runs out of Loch Freuchie nearly 12 m. south-west of Dunkeld. There are plenty of fish. Leave can be obtained from the landlord. May and June are the best months for this loch. (See *Amulree and Corriemuckloch*.)
- Dunoon** (Argyll).—Fair fishing in Melkic and Little Echaig, and in Loch Loakin.
- Dunrossness** (Shetland).—(See *Lerwick*.)
- Durine Inn, Durness** (Sutherland).—The river Dionard or Grudie is in the hands of the landlord of the inn, who lets it by the month or season by arrangement; the salmon and sea-trout fishing on it is good with plenty of water. There is not much trout fishing to be had near. (See *Rhiconich Inn*.) The Kyle of Durness, also in the landlord's hands, during the greatest drought, affords excellent sea-trout fishing. The deep-sea fishing towards Cape Wrath is particularly good; very large lythe.
- Durness** (Sutherland).—(See *Rhiconich Inn*; *Durine Inn*.) *Hotel*: Durness Hotel. On Grudie. Salmon, sea trout, trout. By staying at the hotel fishing can be had. There are two lochs having boats, and the Kyle of Durness always affords sea-trout fishing.
- Dunphail** (Moray).—H.R. On Findhorn and Divie. Salmon, trout.
- Earlstone** (Roxburgh).—B.R. On Leader. Trout.
- Ecclifechan** (Dumfries).—C.R. On the Annan. Salmon and trout. The river is closely preserved from here to the sea, and it is not easy to obtain permission. At a short distance is the Kirtle water. Trout.
- Edinburgh**.—In the immediate neighbourhood there are many natural ponds, almost all of which contain trout; but some are preserved. 8 m. off is Compensation Pond, in the Pentland Hills. The fishing is poor, but the trout run large. Very small flies should be used. The top of the pond is best. (See *Kinross*.)
- Ellon** (Aberdeen).—G.N.S.R. On Ythan. Salmon and trout. 4 m. are here preserved by the owner of Ellon Castle.
- Etal**.—On Till. Salmon, trout, and pike. The mill-pool is a good spot. The same flies as for Tweed kill in Till, only dressed smaller. In the lower 6 m. of Till in early spring and autumn use two full-sized trout flies as droppers and a tail fly: wing, grey drake; tail, American wood duck, brown mallard, or silver pheasant; body, black or blue mohair,

amber or golden-coloured mohair below; tipping for tail, legs either blue jay wing or black or red hackles. The local flies are Tweed white tip, bee, doctor, virgin, duchess, &c. About Etal is deep water, good for pike. Accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham, or at Black Bull, Etal. Sir H. St. Paul Ewart gives liberty to anyone by card; Mr. G. Grey, Millfield, fishing free; Marchioness of Waterford, a limited number of days per week; Capt. W. Heatherslaw, a limited number of days per month.

**Petlar Island** (Shetland).—(See *Lerwick*.)

**Pochabers**.—On the Spey. The Gordon Arms is very comfortable, and near the river. The Duke of Richmond reserves the right of salmon fishing; permission for a few days may, however sometimes be obtained by application to his grace or his commissioner. The best pools are close to the mouth of the river. There are also some good casts above the bridge.

**Forfar** (Forfar).—3 m. off is Rescobie. Pike and perch.

**Forgandenny** (Perth).—Cal. R. May and Earn. Salmon, trout.

**Forinard** (Sutherland).—H.R. A good many lochs, abounding in trout, are within a radius of 6 m., all free. There is an inn here.

**Porteviot** (Perth).—Cal. R. May and Earn. Salmon and trout.

**Portingall**.—On the Lyon. (See *Kenmore*.)

**Fort William**.—There is fair trouting in the Nevis, with an occasional sea-trout. The river is free. Loch Oudavra, 6 m. in the hills south west of the town, contains lots of trout, five to the pound. Fishing free. (See *Loch Laggan*; *Aylort Inn*.)

**Foyers Hotel** (Inverness).—On Foyers. Salmon and trout. Anglers staying at the hotel can obtain salmon and trout fishing in the river and in Loch Ness, and in several other lakes. Address Foyer's Hotel, Loch Ness, by Inverness.

**Gair Loch** (Ross).—*Inn*: Shieldag Inn. There are two streams in the immediate neighbourhood: the one close by the inn runs through three lochs; the one down the road on the left-hand side runs through six lochs, being joined by two streams on the right, both running out of lochs. The Ewe river runs some 4 m. off. This stream rises on Ben Lair in a chain of five lochs, all close to the road, of which Loch Clair is the largest. At the further end of the loch a stream joins Clair, running out of a hill loch. Nearest station, **Kinlochewe Inn**. Close to the inn a considerable burn joins Ewe, which runs into and forms Loch Muree 1 m. below the inn. This loch runs within 4 m. of Shieldag Inn, and most of the large burns joining the loch run out of hill lochs. The course of the river from Loch Muree to the sea is about 6 m., and Poolewe river and Poolewe Hotel is close to its mouth. There is one burn joining Ewe in this part of its course on the left hand, running out of a hill loch. Steamers from Glasgow stop at stated intervals.

**Glasgow**.—(See *Brodick*, *Corrie*, and *Lamlash*.)

**Glenelg**.—By staying at the Glenelg Hotel, trout and salmon fishing can be obtained in the neighbourhood free.

**Grantully** (Perth).—On Tay. Salmon (preserved) and trout. Loch Dercullich has good trouting, leave from Dercullich House.

**Guardbridge** (Fife).—St. A.R. On Eden and Moultrie. Sea trout and trout.

**Hebrides**.—Sea fishing generally good all round these islands.

**HARRIS**.—At Tarbert there is a good hotel. Capital sea fishing for lythe and saythe. The Lochs Larkistie, near the village, hold salmon, sea and brown trout; fishing free of the hotel. There are trout in two of the lochs. 10 m. off is Loch Scourst; leave must be obtained. July is best for sea trout, and September for salmon. All plain, large loch flies kill. On Scourst a good fly is: *wing*, brown mallard; *body*, dark red; *hackle*, black; *tail*, golden pheasant's crest. The same fly may be varied with a green body and silver tinsel, or dark mottled turkey hen or grouse wing with the same bodies. *Hook*, small grilse size, if there is wind. There is capital sea and brown trout fishing in other lochs, but they are mostly let with the shooting.

**LEWIS**.—At Loch Tarbert, in the S., there is good fishing attached to the hotel, which is good. Leave may sometimes be obtained from Lady Matheson's factor for the preserved water. Good salmon, white and brown trout fishing in River and Loch Creed. Fishing in Creed and Blackwater is preserved; d.t. 20s. if fish are caught, 10s. 6d. if a blank. Apply to landlord, Prince Arthur Hotel, Garynahine, Stornoway. There are numberless lochs holding brown trout.

**NORTH UIST**.—Good free brown trouting.

**SOUTH UIST**.—To the S. of the island is Loch Boisdale. Salmon, sea and brown trout.

There is a fair hotel, and the fishing in several lochs is attached. There is little sea-fishing. The Homoar river, famous for white trout, is preserved.

**Helmsdale** (Sutherland).—On Helmsdale. Salmon and trout. A limited number of rods are let by the month. Trouting very poor.

**Huntley**.—On Deveron and Bogle. Salmon and trout. A great part of the fishing here is open. *Hotel*: the Gordon Arms. The fishing is fair. In the Kirkney, 4 m. from Huntley, and an affluent of the Bogle, there is good fishing, but the trout run small.

**Inch-na-Damiff** (Sutherland).—Salmon fishing (fair) in autumn on the upper end of Loch Assynt and in the Loannan water, which runs into it out of Loch Awe. Very good trouting sometimes in the Loannan and the Tralligill. Loch Awe gives capital trouting. Loch Assynt holds numbers of small trout and a fair stock of *Salmo ferax*. Near here is the celebrated Gillaroo loch and others. The inn is first-rate. Fishing free.

**Inverarnan**.—At the head of Loch Lomond. There is a capital inn here, and a little burn, rising out of a lake 6 m. in the hills, runs close by the house. Both in the stream



and lake fair sport can be had, though the trout run small. There is fishing for salmon, pike, perch, sea and brown trout, &c., in Loch Lomond, fishing fair. The river Falloch runs close by the inn coming from Crianlarich; the fishing is open, but the fish are small. (See Crianlarich.)

**Inverary.**—(See Cairndow.)

**Invergarry** (Inverness).—On Caledonian Canal and Loch Oich and River Garry. *Inn:* Invergarry Inn. The Garry rises in a loch S.W. of Loch Quoich, and runs into that loch at its west end. Capital trouting. The river leaves Loch Quoich at its east end, and in 2 m. is joined by a considerable burn on its right bank: 1 m. on, the river expands into a loch, and in 2½ m. from this loch it passes **Forndown Inn**. The Garry next joins Loch Garry. 2 m. on. 3 m. from Loch Garry a burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch 5 m. in the hills, and 1½ m. on is another, running out of a loch on the left-hand side 3 m. off. 2 m. on, Garry falls into Oich. A road runs on the left bank of Garry as far as Loch Quoich.

**Inverleithen** (Peebles).—The fishing is free in the Tweed and its tributaries, except in Gala Water, which is preserved by a club. Yarrow and tributaries yield the best trout.

**Inverness.**—On the Ness. The upper portion is private, and the lower preserved by a society at Inverness; s.t. 2l. 2s. Some portion of the fishing here is free, we believe, to anglers three days a week. *Hotels:* Union and Caledonian. From July to the end of the season is the best time. Trout fishing in Loch Ness is also good.

**Inveroran.**—On Loch Tullich, and 2 m. from the river Orchy. Salmon, trout, perch, and pike. The salmon fishing in the Orchy is good in the autumn. There are few trout in the river, and those large. The fishing extends to the lower fall, below which the Dalmally fishing begins. (See Dalmally.) There are plenty of pike and perch in Loch Tullich; a boat can be had. A fair stream runs into Tullich by the keeper's house, running out of Loch Dochart, full of trout. Another stream falls into Loch Tullich at the opposite end. Both this stream and the loch out of which it runs contain great quantities of small trout. Close by the inn is a good burn, running out of a small pond containing some large trout. A little way below Orchy Bridge the Ark Burn, full of fish, joins Orchy. Loch na Baw, 6 m. from Inveroran, on the Moor of Rannoch, contains any quantity of trout five to the pound. There are numberless other lochs and streams about. The Inn at Inveroran is very good, and the fishing free to any visitor from May 1st to Oct. 31st.

**Inverurie.**—On Don and Ury. Salmon and trout. By staying at the Kintore Arms Hotel the visitor can fish in these two rivers.

**Isle, Island of.**—Loch Guram, 9 m. from Bridgeend, the principal town, is famous for its trouting.

**Kelso.**—On Tweed. Salmon and trout. The river is all taken, but the fishermen hire a boat for you and assist you with rod, line, &c. The charge is moderate. The salmon or sea trout you take you can purchase at the market price. Sprouston Dub is 2 m. below here. It is one of the best salmon reaches in the Tweed. You must fish from a boat; cost, 10s. per day. There are long stretches of both Tweed and Teviot free for trouting. A good spot in Teviot is from Sunlaw's Mill to its junction with Tweed. All free.

**Kenmore.**—On Loch Tay. Salmon and trout. The river Lyon and Loch Lyon are within reach by taking a conveyance. The loch is preserved, and the salmon fishing on the river. The fishing is excellent. The best flies are woodcock or jay's wing, with orange, bright red, and green bodies; hackle, red for orange and red bodies, and black for green; the hook dubbed with a little gold tinsel. Large trout may be caught trolling. Another good fly is black body and hackle, with light jay or teal drake wing. There are no inns nearer than Kenmore, or Fortingall. The river Tay flows out of Loch Tay here. Trout, salmon, and perch. The first 3 m. of the loch next Kenmore are strictly preserved by Lord Breadalbane. Fishing may be obtained on Loch Tay by staying at the Kenmore and Killin Hotels, and the Bridge of Lochay Inn, Lawers Inn, and Ardeonaig Inn. The number of boats is limited, as follows: Killin Hotel, 6 boats; Kenmore Hotel, 6 boats; and the inns of Ardeonaig, 2; and Bridge of Lochay, 3. Anglers residing in the hotels pay 5l. per week, 1l. 5s. per day. Resident in the country, 1l. 10s. per day. When the applications for boats exceed the number available, two anglers may occupy the same boat, using one rod each, at 15s. each. Anglers retain all fish. Boatmen 3s. 8d. per day each, lunch being optional. Anglers will be entitled to the boats according to priority of application for them; but no angler can retain a boat for more than one week or six fishing days at a time, if there are other applicants. If a boat is disengaged, it may be again secured for another week. No more than two rods are allowed in each boat. Gentlemen visitors only are allowed to fish. Visitors are only entitled to use the boat or boats attached to the inn or hotel where they are residing. The best flies for trout fishing on Loch Tay are, corncrake wing, orange body, and gold tinsel; grey wing, with red or orange bodies; a black fly, commonly called the Zulu, with red tip on the hook; also red hackle, with silver tinsel. Trout fishing free of charge, boatman's wages excepted. Trolling allowed for trout.

**Killin.**—Head of Loch Tay, and river Dochart. There is a capital loch here and a smaller hostelry. (See Kenmore; Luth.)

**Kilmelford** (Argyll).—N.s. **Oban.** *Hotel:* Cullfail. Capital trouting free of the hotel from April 1st to Sept. 30th. Boats on the lochs.

**Kilmun.**—On Holy Loch in Frith of Clyde. The Echaig, running out of Loch Eck, falls into the sea here. Salmon, sea trout, and, in the loch, lake trout, powan, and goldie.

**Kingussie** (Inverness).—There is very poor trout fishing in the district, and but little

salmon fishing. 4 m. off is Spey, which can be fished by persons staying in the hotel. Fishing poor. (See *Loch Laggan*.)

**Kilnoch Rannoch** (Perth).—(n.s. *Struan*, H.R., 12 m.) *Hotel*: Macdonald Arms, and Bun Rannoch, where good trout fishing can be had in Tummel and Loch Rannoch free. During June and July trout rise freely to the same flies as in Loch Erich. (See *Dalchianie*.) Visitors at the hotel at Kilnoch Rannoch can have boats, and fish the whole loch, but anglers are not allowed to land on the Menzies and Robertson's estates. There are dozens of lochs in the neighbourhood. Of these, Loch Lydoch is the best. The river Gaur runs out of this loch, and joins Rannoch after a course of 8 m. It is a good fishing stream. Midway between Lydoch and Rannoch the river expands into a loch, called Aiech, full of fish. A boat is necessary on account of the weeds. In spring and autumn heavy fish lie in the river. Loch Lydoch is full of fish. There is no road whatever over the Moor of Rannoch, where these small lochs are. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the left bank of the Garry by permission of Lady Macdonald. It is well to take a guide on the moor. Certain lochs and streams can only be fished by permission from Sir R. Menzies. There are ferries in the south end of Rannoch, but the north end is best for trout; between the old tower and Sir R. Menzies', 9 m. from the inn, is the best end. Boatman 4s. per diem. Lunch, &c., 1s. 6d. to 2s. Colonel Macdonald, the owner of the loch, charges 3s. a day for leave to fish. The best flies are mallard wings, red, green, and yellow bodies. The red and yellow should have a red hackle, and the green a black. The cocha-a-bonddhu is also a good fly. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the Tummel. Half-way between Rannoch and Pitlochry is Loch Tummel. Large trout and pike.

**Kinross**.—Loch Leven is 17 m. from Perth, preserved by a company. *Hotel*: Harris's. Trout, pike, perch. There are also two small streams, the North and South Quioch. Charge for a boat, 2s. 6d. per hour. The best months for fishing are May, June, and August. *Manager*, Mr. G. W. Hall.

**Kirkcudbright**.—At Gatehouse, 8 m. distant, trout fishing can be had by permission in Lochs Whinyon, Grannoch, and Skerrow; salmon. Grilse and sea trout in the river Fleet; s.t., 2l. 2s.; two days a week, 1l. 1s.; and 5s. per diem. To be obtained at the Cally Estate Office, Gatehouse.

**Kirkwall** (Orkney).—Loch Ham lies 2 m. west from here. The fish are small, but plentiful. At the Stroma burn, 2½ m. from Kirkwall, there is excellent free brown trout fishing. There are also the Lake of St. Mary's Holm and Grammeshall, Lake Holm, both 6 m. south-east from here; Inganeas Bay, and Whiteford, Scapa Bay and Burn, 2 m.; Lakes of Wasdale, Stennis, and Harray, 6 m. to 8 m. west, and about 3 m. from Stromness. All free. Yellow, sea, and brown trout; occasionally salmon. In Harray and Roway there is very good sea-trout and lake fishing, but preserved. In Birsay parish are Lakes Boardhouse, Gruny, Swonay, and Norton, all containing good trout. The hotels are comfortable, and lodgings can be obtained. Lythe and saithe plentiful.

**Kylesku Ferry Inn**.—Very small clean house 12 m. from Scourie, on the road to Loch Inver. Can be reached either from Scourie or Inch-na-Damff. From here can be fished the Duartmore river (fairly good for salmon, grilse, and sea trout), the Maltie burn and two burns running into Glens Dhu and Coul respectively. These last all give grilse and sea-trout after rain. Very good trout fishing can be had on Loch Brach More, at the head of Stack Corrie. The sea fishing in the Kyle itself is first-rate for lithe, saithe, mackerel, &c. The landlord will provide a boat. Fishing free.

**Lairg** (Sutherland).—*Hotel*: the Royal, comfortable and moderate. On Loch Shin. Good trouting, three to the pound at the Lairg end of the lake, and two to the pound by Overskeck. (See *Overskeck*.) *Salmo ferax* abound. Boat and man, 5s. 6d. per day. In Loch Beannoch, 4 m. from Lairg, the trout average from 1lb. to 1½lb. Lochs Craggie and Doohulla are preserved by Col. Matneson, who does not often give permission. The upper part to the river Shin is let with the shooting, but on payment of 10s. per day, leave may be obtained, during July, from the landlord of the hotel. (See *Rhiconich Inn*.) There is very good ferocious fishing in Loch Greamb, at the head of Loch Shin, 3 m. from Overskeck. We believe a boat must be taken from Lairg.

**Lamlash** (Isle of Arran).—Steamboats start from Glasgow three times a day, and once a day from Ardrossan. There are several small hotels here. There is scarcely any river fishing, but very fair sea fishing. Large lythe are frequently taken at the back of the island. From nine to ten in the evening sport can be had with the coal-fish, angling with a white moth. Indiarubber red and grey spinning eels recommended. The burns contain a few small trout. The Duke of Hamilton preserves the best streams. (See *Brodict and Corrie*.)

**Leader**.—On Leader. Trout. There is a comfortable inn here, and fishing free.

**Langholm** (Dumfries).—N.B.R. The Esk, Liddle, and their tributaries are preserved by the Esk and Liddle Fisheries Association, who issue various tickets for different parts of the rivers. Nos. 1 and 2 give fishing rights in parts of Esk, Liddle, and Hermitage, and all other of the Association waters; s.t. 3l. 3s., w.t. 15s., d.t. 5s. No. 3 takes the Esk lower waters; from Aug. 1, s.t. 1l. 10s. No. 4 takes Esk upper waters and portions of Liddle; s.t. 1l. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d. No. 5 is the Canobie ticket for portions of Esk and Liddle; s.t. 15s., d.t. 1s. No. 6, Langholm ticket, for parts of Esk, Ewes, Wauchope, and Tarras waters; s.t. 15s., d.t. 1s. No. 7, the Wester Kirk ticket, for parts of Esk, Meggat, Shielburn, and Stennish waters; s.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 1s. No. 8, Eskdalemuir ticket, Esk and Garwaid water; s.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 1s. No. 9, Newcastleton ticket, for parts of Liddle and Hermitage; s.t. 7s. 6d., d.t. 1s. Nos. 1 and 2 will be granted on and after Feb. 15, but available only below Scotch Dyke until

March 15. The remaining tickets (excepting No. 3) on and after March 15. No fishing allowed after 10 p.m., except in the months of June and July, when the hour is 11 p.m. until 5 a.m. No hook of the Stewart tackle, or any compound tackle of a size larger than No. 5 of Adlington and Hutchinson's make. No minnow tackle during the months of September and October. No gaff until after April 1; fly only after Oct. 1. The Association's waters—excepting the Esk and Liddle and the Hermitage below Gorrenburgh Burnfoot—shall be closed for rod fishing on Oct. 1. Any of the tickets may be had from the secretary, and Nos. 1, 2, and 3 from Messrs. Beatty, drapers, Longtown; and Mr. R. Routledge, 4, Ferguson-lane, Carlisle. Sea trout and brown trout are numerous. Apply to the sec., R. McGeorge, writer, Langholm. All the Upper Esk tributaries are well stocked with trout, viz., Garwald water, Moodlan, and the Rae burns.

**Lawes.**—On Loch Tay. (See *Kenmore*.)

**Lerwick** (Shetland).—*Hotels*: Queen's, Zetland, and Mrs. Crutwell's Temperance. Loch Tingwall is 6 m. from here, and two from Scalloway. The fish run large, but are not very plentiful. There is a farmhouse close by, where refreshments may be obtained on *polite* application. There is no boat. Any small red or blue fly is good. Adjoining this loch is Loch Asta; fish few and shy. Loch of Strom, or Loch Gott, is 7 m. from Lerwick, on the east coast. This is an excellent sea-trout loch. The land end of the loch is muddy and dangerous. There are plenty of brown trout in the burn running in at the head of the loch. Black Loch is 2 m. west from Lerwick, past the village of Sound; the fish are few and shy. Sandy Loch, near Black Loch, contains quantities of small trout. Every Tuesday a boat sails from Lerwick to Ollabury, on the east coast of the north mainland. There is excellent fishing in Ely Water, at North Mavine, near Ollabury, and in numerous other lochs in the neighbourhood. Lodgings can be had at Mr. Anderson's, at Ollabury. In Punawater, beyond Ely Water, the fish run larger. At Dale's Voe, 3 m. north of Lerwick, sea-trout and brown trout can be taken, and the latter in a stream running out of it westward. There are many other lochs in Shetland, where excellent fishing can be had, but accommodation is very limited. It is always necessary to carry plenty of provisions with you. The fishing in Loch Spigg, near Dunroessness, at the south part of the mainland, is good, the fish being both plentiful and large. There is likewise a loch in Fetlar Island, where the fishing is also very good. There is good sea-trout fishing in the sea. Plenty of lythe and saithe.

**Loch Awe.**—By Cladich is one of the best places. On the opposite bank lie Portsonachan and Benawe, also good. Trout, *Salmo ferox*, and pike are plentiful. The best place is not far from Caolchurn Castle for pike. The rivers Orchy and Awe afford good sport, but the salmon fishing in the latter is preserved and rented. The landlord of the Dalmally Hotel will give every information. (See *Dalmally*.) Boats are numerous. The best salmon flies are: 1, the black dragon—wings, feather from raven; body, black mohair, black hackle; tip, golden pheasant crest feather. 2, the black dog—wings, blue heron feather mixed with red turkey; body, lead-coloured mohair trimmed with gold twist, and large black hackle; shoulder, dark green mohair. It would be well to divide the wings with gold twist, and let it show about the head. The loch trout flies are as follows: 1, wings from pheasant's tail; body, ginger hackle over orange mohair; 2, the green drake fly. 3, wings, mottled feathers of bustard; body, upper part, blue dubbing, lower, orange ditto, a light brown hackle carried well down the bend of the hook; tinsel and a tail tuft should be used, the latter from tip of the golden pheasant. The salmon flies for the Awe are nearly all "wasp" bodies, with light or dark turkey wings, pale light blue rough bodies, with heron wings, or sometimes a smooth green body, with mallard wings. Light and dark March brown, alder fly, cowdung, dark spinner, Professor dark and light; and No. 1, speckled teal wing, light red spinner; No. 2, yellow silk body, red hackles run down the body, cock pheasant wing, and two fibres for tail from cock pheasant wing; No. 3, pale green silk body ribbed with gold, black hackle legs, wings dark mallard, peacock harl and red macaw, tall, strands black hackle; No. 4, dark blue silk body, black legs, sea swallow wing, tall two or three fibres dark mallard—known in Westmoreland as "Broughton's point." Trout flies: 1, Yellow and woodcock—a large cowdung; 2, red and teal—Soldier palmer, with teal wings; 3, green and teal—green crewel body, silver thread, black hackle, and teal wings. The best bait for pike fishing in Loch Awe is the copper spoon bait, or a glass artificial minnow of medium or large size. It is not always easy to obtain bait for spinning. There are plenty of eels round the castle to be caught by night lines, and on the other side of the castle, at the mouth of the river, there are good large perch in the sandy bays. Keeping along the southern shore after leaving Kilchurn, there is no good fishing ground for some distance, until you come to Fruellan or Innisfruch. Round this island and its neighbourhood, fine trout are to be caught sometimes while trolling with the glass minnow, or with a fly. The next place is at the mouth of Cladich Burn, where there are fine trout, and perch on the sandy spit. From here, close in shore—and the closer the better, if there be any wind—try the fly along past Ardvrecknish or Rockhill, and Lower Sonachan, taking a turn out to the islands in the middle of the lake until you come to the ferry house at Port Sonachan. Here there is a new hotel recently built, and an inn on the opposite side of the ferry at Tayhreggan. Rowing along the southern shore from Port Sonachan, there is some good ground for fly or minnow along the shore of Upper Sonachan, until you come to Ballymena Point, which used to be safe for a good one; and from here to Portinnisheraich is almost free from pike, and some of the best trout ground in the whole lake. At Portinnisheraich there is a capital inn. Leaving Portin-

nisheraich, go at once to Ford, at the head of the lake, as there is little trout fishing after leaving Ardhonnell. Leaving Ford on your return voyage, keep along the north shore, fishing close in shore; and make the best of your way towards the Inveresean shootings, where you may nearly always have a good chance of sport. All among the shallow sandy bays on this side there are plenty of trout, and a little way on there is a water mill. Round about here is good ground for trout, until you get to Tyehrygan. From here there is no good trout fishing for some distance past Carron Lodge, until you reach Larich Vaun Point, where there used to be good trout, but also a rather dangerous sunken rock or two, of which the fisherman must take care. Inside Lavich Vaun Bay there are swarms of large perch up to 1lb. and 1½lb., to be caught with a worm by the dozen; and in fact the perch swarm all along here until you get past New Inverawe, at the mouth of the river Awe.

**Loch Doon** (Ayr).—Capital sport. The loch can be reached from Ayr.

**Loch Dow** (Inverness).—A peculiar deformed trout is sometimes caught in this lake.

**Lochgillhead**.—There is some good trouting in the Restel Loch and Loch Awe.

**Loch Inver** (Sutherland).—*Hotels*: Loch Inver and Culag. On Inver and Kierkaig. Salmon and trout. There are over 40 lochs within 6 m. full of trout, and some with salmon, all free. The sea fishing is good. The innkeeper grants permission to fish for salmon in the Kierkaig at 12s. 6d. per day, limited to two rods per day. In some of the lakes there are ferrox, especially in Loch Sheanaskaig, Assynt, and Fewn. Boats can be obtained. The mail car runs three times a week between this and Lairg. The Kierkaig river runs 3 m. off. This stream flows through lochs Boarian, Urigill, Cama, Veyattie, and Fewin. They all contain trout, some large. Loch Beannoch 4 m., is also a free rising loch, having a boat. Sutherland files should be full-bodied worsted or pig's wool. Red, blue, purple, green, or black, with plenty of gold and silver tinsel with or without red tag. Loch Culog and Culog river holds salmon and grise. There is a boat; fishing free. Inver runs out of Loch Assynt 7 m. off. The entire Kierkaig goes with the hotels.

**Loch Laggan**.—Trout and ferrox. Free. There is a nice little inn here, distant from Fort William, to which there is a daily coach in summer, 30 m., and from the station at Kingussie, 18 m. The fishing is excellent, averaging three to the pound. Plenty of ferrox. Boats at the inn. Good trouting in the river Pattach, which joins the loch close by the inn. This river runs out of two hill lochs, full of fish. Off the islands large fish can be taken, also in the bays on the north side, especially in a large bay about 4 m. down, where a large burn runs into the loch. Great numbers may be taken in the bay below the house belonging to Cluny Macpherson. The river Spean runs out of the loch: capital sport, though the fish run smaller than in the loch. There are salmon below the falls, which is 2 m. above Roy Bridge, 18 m. from Laggan, strictly preserved. Good sport in Loch Treag, not far off. We believe it is free. A good fly for the loch is a bright scarlet body with a teal wing. (*See Banavie*.)

**Loch Lomond**.—The streams running through the Luss property are preserved by the owners, who issue tickets at 2l. for the season. The Duke of Montrose gives free permission to fish the streams on his property, except the river Cudrick, where it runs through his park, where special permission is required.

**Lochmaben** (Dumfries).—8 m. east of Dumfries, and 4 m. west of Locherbie (Cal.R.). The coach from Locherbie to Dumfries passes through Lochmaben daily. There are nine lochs near. The Castle Loch is the largest, and one of a series of four, full of vendace, pike, perch, roach, bream, eels, and a few trout. The river fishings within easy walking distance are the Ae, Kinnel, Dryfe, and Annan. The first three are tributary to the last. The Annan contains salmon, sea-trout, hirling, grilse, and yellow trout. The fishing opens on March 10, and closes November 1. May, June, July, and August are the best months, and September and October for salmon. Leave to fish is sometimes given. There are three fair inns here, and plenty of lodgings. The Milk, Ae, and Dryfe are nearly all free.

**Locherbie** (Dumfries).—Cal. R. (*See Lochmaben and Langholm*.)

**Logierait**.—On Tay. Salmon and trout. Tummel here joins Tay. Fishing strictly preserved.

**Longformacus**.—Some 7 m. from Dunse. On Dye, Watch, and Blackmill Burn. Whitadder runs near. Trouting good.

**Luib**.—On the Dochart, 8 m. from Kilin. Coaches pass daily. There is an inn here. The salmon fishing is middling late on in the season. The trout fishing is uncertain, though the fish run a fair size. The water is very deep and sluggish below Luib, but above and as far as Loch Dochart there are some capital streams and pools. Rob Roy's burn joins the river 3 m. above Luib, and here capital sport can be had. Large perch may be caught below Luib. (*See Kitta*.) The fishing is free. (*See Creanlarich*.)

**Luss**.—N.B.R. Loch Lomond and Clyde. Salmon, sea and brown trout. Pike, perch. Fishing free. The brown trouting early in the season before the sea fish enter the loch is very good.

**Mainland Island** consists of Kirkwall and East Mainland, and Stromness and West Mainland. *Hotels*: Castle and Kirkwall, at Kirkwall. A few sea trout may be killed where the tide runs through Aer into the Peerie Sea, also in Scapa Bay. At Wideford, 3 m. from Kirkwall, is good for sea trout, also at Sabay, 6 m., and Tankerness Hall, 6 m. At Smiddybanks, in Durness, 10 m. from Kirkwall, is a very small but clean inn. Plenty of lythe and salthe.

**Medkloour**.—The Isla here joins Tay. Trout, salmon, pike, and perch, all preserved. The

Isia in its upper waters above Airlie Castle contains plenty of small trout: fishing free. May and June are the best months. A small red palmer, or reddish hackle with a teal drake wing, is a good fly. The fishing in the Melgum is very good. The Isia from its junction with the water of Dean, a few miles below Airlie Castle is very sluggish, and is full of pike, large trout, and perch. The water of Dean rises in the loch of Forfar, and contains capital trout. The fishing on the Tay is strictly preserved.

**Melrose** (Roxburgh).—On Tweed. Salmon trout.

**Moffat**.—The Moffat, Ewan, and Annan, run near. The Well Burn, Granton Burn, Hart-fell Burn, Lochan Burn, Gargel Burn, Cloffin Burn, Cornal Burn, Blackshope Burn, Selcouth Burn, Corriebron Burn, the Tail Burn. Also, at medium distances, the Daur, the Dryfe (8 m.), the Clyde, the Ettrick (8 m.), the Fruid (8 m.), the Kinmel (4 m.), Wamphray Water. Also, Loch Skene (11½ m.), the Loch of the Lowes (14 m.), St. Mary's Loch, the Megget, and the Yarrow; they are unpreserved. (See *Beacock Station and St. Mary's Loch*.)

**Hotel**: Annandale Arms. The Darr and Head of Clyde are easy of access.

**Mound** (Sutherland). On Fleet. Trout and salmon, and good sea fishing.

**Newburgh**.—12 m. from Aberdeen. On the Ythan. The fishing is free. Sea and brown trout.

**New Galloway** (Galloway).—*Inns*: Kenmure Arms and Spalding Arms, Ken Bridge. On Dee and Lochenva; salmon and trout, and Ken and Loch Ken, salmon, trout, pike, and perch. There is a long stretch of fishing attached to the Spalding Arms.

**Newtonmore** (Inverness).—H.R. On Spey and Calder. Salmon and trout.

**Oban** (Argyll).—C. & O.R. There is some trouting in Lussagan Burn and in Loch Pennyfair.

*Hotel*: Grand.

**Ollabury**.—In North Mavine. (See *Lerwick*.)

**Orkney** (Islands).—There are 28 inhabited islands. Sea trout are to be found wherever a drop of fresh water runs into the sea. The fishing is poor now, though it is about to be preserved by fishery districts. Worm is the best bait, used by sinking and drawing. Wading trousers are desirable. The sea-trout fishing in the sea belongs to the landowners whose land adjoins the shore. Trout fishing is best in September and October. By fishing with a worm, however, from the rocks which about on the tidal flows, or by wading into bays, such as Scapa and others, and throwing well out, you may occasionally take a happening fish. Lythe and sailthe abound. (See *Kirkwall; Stromness; Mainland Island*.)

**Overakeck Inn** (Sutherland).—About 16 m. from Lairg, on the side of Loch Shin. Seven boats are kept on Shin, two on Loch Merkland, one on Merkland river, and one on Loch Grian. It is the best station on the loch both for fly and troll. Loch flies for Sutherlandshire are large as a rule (No. 6 hooks), and are best when tied very bright, scarlet being the favourite colour. Lochs Grian, Merkland, and Flag can also be fished from here; they are very good. Loch Grian is reported to be one of the best lochs in Scotland for feroc. The large burn which runs out of Loch Flag gives pretty good fishing in its upper portions. Fishing free.

**Oykel Bridge Inn** (Ross).—On rivers Oykel and Ainalg. The Oykel is usually let by the month. For particulars, apply to J. Forsyth, Esq., Balmagown Estate Office, Parkhill, N.B. Day tickets for Carron.

**Parton** (Kirkcudbright).—At and around New Galloway some good fishing can be had. Salmon, trout, sea trout, pike, perch, &c. An omnibus from the Spalding Arms meets the trains. The proprietors are exceedingly liberal in granting leave.

**Peebles**.—On Tweed. Salmon and trout. The fishing is good. The trouting free. This is a good head-quarters, as there is a railway both up and down the river. (See *Clovenford*.)

**Perth**.—Salmon are plentiful in Tay. Late in the season, when the nets are off, salmon can be taken in the tideway. Whiting are numerous between Thistle Bridge and for some distance below Perth, and will take a fly freely. (See *Stanley*.) From Almond Mouth, some 2 m. above the town to Aberfeldy, the fishing is strictly preserved. By staying at the Cargill Inn, Cargill-by-Perth, fishing in 2 m. of the Tay can be had by day or week.

**Phinstown** (Orkney).—(See *Stromness*.)

**Pitlochrie** (Perth).—H. R. On Tummel. Salmon and trout. By staying at the hotel at Pitlochrie the angler can fish in more than 1 m. of the water. The end of May is the best time. Loch Broom lies 6 m. off. The fishing is first-rate. Leave to fish is not easily obtained. (See *Kinloch Rannoch*.)

**Pointstown** (Orkney).—(See *Stromness*.)

**Portree** (Skye).—Good trouting in Loch Fada; two hours walk towards Storr Rocks. Wading necessary. Lythe fishing in the harbour. Charge for boat and two men, 2s. an hour. Flies to be had at Alexander Mitchell's.

**Rhiconich Inn** (Sutherland).—7 m. from Durness. Very comfortable anglers' quarters. Mr. McIvor, of Scourie, gives permission to fish salmon for a few days in Loch Garbet-beg. With a north-west or a south-east wind, sport is almost certain. Sea trout are sometimes plentiful. Numberless unnamed lochs all round will give any amount of trout fishing. This place can be reached by mail car from Lairg.

**Riocarton Station**.—N.B.R. On Tyne. The Tyne consists of two rivers, the North and the South, which meet in a good salmon stream at Howford, about nine miles above Hexburn. The North Tyne and the Liddel rise within a few hundred yards of each other, near Thurlowshope, not far from **Riocarton Station**, and flow down opposite sides of the watershed. A few miles below its source the North Tyne joins a mountain burn, the Keldier, Keldier Castle, and receives a considerable tributary, the river Reed, at Reeds-

mouth, below Bellingham. Just below Reedsmouth is the Hargrove stream, the best salmon stream in Northumberland, belonging to the Duke of that ilk. Except near Kellder and in some of the mountain burns flowing into the Tyne, where the trout are preserved, there is now no trout fishing in the Tyne worth following.

**Sealloway** (Shetland).—(See *Lerwick*). Lythe and saithe fishing, good.

**Secourie** (Sutherland).—Reached from Lairg by mail car. Sea fishing very good. Trout fishing in Gorom Loch and Trout Loch (fair). Sea trout fishing in Baddinamout Loch after rain. Salmon sometimes caught by fly and troll in the salt water off the mouth of the Laxford. Free.

**Shetland**.—The sea trout fishing is now very poor, owing to the constant destruction of the fish. The Strand lake holds some fish, and is preserved. The brown trout in the lake are few and small. Mr. Robertson, foreman to Mr. Anderson at Hillswick, has furnished a sitting room and two bed rooms, about which, however, it would be well to write beforehand. Accommodation can also be obtained at Mrs. Henderson's, of Bardister, near Ollaberry, and also at the manse of the Rev. James Fraser, at Sullam. To explore the northern section of North Mavern and the numerous lochs at the back of Roeness Hill visitors will find very good accommodation at Mr. Gifford Thompson's, Lochend. All the loch fishings in North Mavern are free; brown trout plentiful, especially in Punda water. Eala water,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. from Bardister and Ollaberry, affords good sport, and sea trout are found abundantly close to Bardister at Uraferth, near Hillswick, at Lochend, and near Sullam. Mrs. Henderson, Bardister, will be happy to receive two boarders. Lythe and saithe along shore, ling and cod in the offing.

**Shiel Bridge Inn**.—On Loch and River Shiel. Salmon, grilse and sea trout. There is good accommodation at the inn, where fishing can be obtained. Apply to Landlord, Shiel House Inn, Glenshiel, by Loch Alsh, N.B.

**Skye, Island of**.—There is good trout and salmon fishing. The salmon are preserved, though doubtless a day or two may be obtained. The Cameasunary lochs, near Broadford, give average fishing, and are free; and the small streams running out of Cornick into the sea contain sea trout. In Lough Correskin there is good salmon and sea trout fishing. Almost all the best trouting is preserved. There is a good inn at Kyle Akin, and another at Bradford. At Portree there is fair accommodation. At Sligachan it is moderate, with preserved waters in the neighbourhood, a small portion of which belongs to the inn. There is good sea fishing all round Skye, particularly lythe and saithe.

**Sprounston**.—On Tweed. The Earl of Home preserves the greater part of the Carham Water above this place.

**Stanley**.—On Tay. Some of the best salmon pools are near here, such as Cat's Hole and Hell's Hole, but all strictly preserved. A good fly is the following: Body, from the head to a third up the hook, black or dark blue—above that to the finish, yellow; a heron's hackle dyed bright blue tied about half-way up, and another red or yellow, tied and wound round the head with silver tinsel about the body; wings, peacock's tail feathers put on full and rather straggling. Also the black dog: Body, black, with blue at the head and red at the tail, tinsel, gold, or silver; wing, mottled grey turkey; hackle, black. The size of the hook is very large, but diminishes as you advance up stream. For grilse the best fly is the wasp, and next—body, black and red, yellow near the tail, and ribbed with red gold tinsel; wing, brown or dark grey turkey wing with small mottled spots. All fishing on the Tay is done by "harling" from boats. A fish now and then may be taken from the bank, but not often.

**St. Filans** (Loch Earn).—Visitors staying at the Drummond Arms Hotel can have fair trout fishing free in the loch and river; there are plenty of boats, and the hotel comfortable. Loch Boltachair holds many small trout.

**St. Mary's Loch** (Selkirk).—Good quarters. The nearest station is Moffatt. Fair trout and pike fishing in the loch, Nuggit Waters, and the river Yarrow. The loch belongs to Lord Napier, who permits visitors to fish from the shore. The Loch of Lowes is connected with St. Mary's Loch by a short stream; this is the better loch for pike and perch. The house is not licensed, so visitors must take their own liquors. Cranulit Burn is good, so is Chapelhope Burn. There are several other burns abounding in trout, running into St. Mary's Loch and Loch of Lowes. The best time is the end of April. The address of the inn is Mrs. Richardson, St. Mary's, Yarrow, Selkirk.

**Stow** (Berwick).—**Edinburgh** is 26 m. distant by rail. There is a good inn standing on the banks of the Gala. The fishing is free for 5 m. below Stow, and 4 m. above. The railway runs along the banks of the river. The trout below Stow average three to the pound, above, four or five to the pound. 6 m. off is the Leader. (See *Lauder*).

**Strathcarron** (Ross).—S.R. On Carron. Salmon. Some 2½ m. are preserved by the lessees of New Keiso Lodge.

**Stromness** (Orkney).—Good brown trout fishing in Loch Stennis, and sea-trout at the Bridge of Waith, and below it to the sea. Boats can be had at the inn at the bridge. Loch Harray lies beyond Loch Stennis: it is 6 m. from Stromness and 3 m. from Phins-town, where there is a little inn. Excellent brown trout fishing and a few sea trout. A boat for this loch can be had from Mr. Flett, a farmer on the bank. Any green fly is good, also the Francis. Fish average three to the pound, and are very plentiful. Loch Shin lies beyond Loch Harray. The fishing is good, but no accommodation. Loch Birsá is 10 m. from Stromness. The fish run large, but there is no accommodation. The fishing is all free. The sea fishing for lythe and saithe very good.

**Tarbet.**—On Loch Lomond. The fishing in the loch is free. Salmon, sea and brown trout, perch, pike. By staying at the hotel, Loch Con, also a part of the Forth, can be fished; there is good trout fishing.

**Tarf** (Kirkcudbright).—G. & S.W.R. On Tarf.

**Taynuilt** (Argyllshire).—C. & O.R. On Awa. Salmon and trout. By staying at the Taynuilt Hotel fishing can be had at per week or month. The fishing is very good from the middle of June. Loch Etive is close by.

**Thornhill** (Dumfries).—Nith. Preserved by the Mid-Nithsdale Angling Association over the lands of the Duke of Buccleuch; m.t., 1s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. *Hotels:* Buccleuch and George.

**Thurso** (Caithness).—(See *Brawl Castle*.) On Thurso. Salmon, sea trout, &c. The river rises in three small lochs in the hills, and, after a short course, runs through Loch More. These lochs are very much out of the way. Below Loch More another stream joins Thurso, which takes its rise in three lochs (Loch Stemster, Loch Rangay, and Loch Ruard) not very far apart. At Brawl Castle a stream joins on the left which rises in Loch Calder.

**Tongue Hotel** (Sutherland).—*Lochs:* Coulside, Brach Buie, Hallow, Siam, Na Hakel, Craggie, and Loyal; trouting fair, fish about three to the pound; many large lake trout; boat belongs to inn. Leave must be obtained from the Duke's factor, Mr. Crawford. Many other small lochs with burns. The salmon fishing in the Borgie is taken up. Good salmon and sea trout fishing on Kyle of Tongue. (See *Aultnahara*.)

**Trossachs Hotel.**—Lochs Vennachar, Achray, and Katrine can be fished from here. In Katrine there are trout. Boats may be had at the hotel. 2 m. south of Achray is a small loch containing good trout. (See *Callendar*.)

**Tummel Bridge.**—On the Tummel. Salmon and trout. *Hotel:* Tummel Bridge. The fishing is not good, especially for trout, which run very small. The trouting is better some 10 m. up where the moor of Rannoch begins. Loch Tummel lies 2 m. down stream, and contains some goodly pike and trout. By fishing very late in the evening some good trout may be taken. The best flies are the coachman and a fly with a teal drake's wing, black hackle and red wool body.

**Ullapool** (Cromarty).—On Loch Broom, salmon. Some little fishing can be had here, we believe. There is a small stream running by the place. Steamers from Glasgow.

**Weem** (Perth).—On Tay. Pretty good fishing in the neighbourhood.

## WALES.

**Aber.**—*Hotel:* the Bulkeley Arms. (See *Bangor*.)

**Aberafon** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Afon rises by Blaen Afon, and 4 m. down, where the road from **Cymmer** (2½ m. off on left bank) crosses it, Cerwg, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Afon (n.s. **Aberafon**, 4 m.) a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank. Afon runs 5 m. to **Aberafon**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Gwinan, 5 m. long.

**Aberaman** (Glamorgan).—A.B.R. Cynon. Aman. (See *Cardiff*.)

**Aberbran** (Brecon).—(Brecon.) N. & B.R. Usk; preserved by a society; trout, salmon. Bran; trout. Ysfr; trout. (See *Brecon and Newport*.) (c.s.)

**Aberdare** (Glamorgan).—A.B.R. Cynon. Rhondda Fychan (4 m.). (See *Cardiff*.)

**Aberdare Junction** (Glamorgan). A.J.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) Cynon. Gelli (2 m.). (See *Cardiff*.)

**Aberdovey.**—On the Dovey and the Dysynni. The latter is unpreserved, and has a fair amount of trout and sewin. The sea fishing is good for bass. They take a large fly of mixed crimson and white feathers. (See *Towyn*.) (c.s.)

**Aberdylas** (Glamorgan).—V.N.R. Neath. Dylas. (See *Neath*.)

**Aberedw** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Edw; good trouting; permission freely given. Bach-howy brook (1 m.). *Lakes:* Cawr (3 m.), Llanbychllyn and two other lakes (3 m.), Llyn pools (5 m.), Mann pools (½ m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)

**Aberffraw** (Anglesey).—Sea fishing very good, particularly for pollack, near "Cârreg drai" (stone of the ebb). Fish between 5lb. and 10lb. often taken. Variety of other fish. Use a light line, i.e., with no sinker, 4 fathoms gimp or fine copper wire, and red or grey spinning eel. The landlord of the Prince Llewellyn keeps a boat for visitors at the hotel. N.B.—The grey eel preferable at dusk or by moonlight.

**Abergwili** (Caermarthen).—C.B.R. Towy; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. Gwili; trout, sewin, salmon; fishing free. (c.s.) (See *Caermarthen*.)

**Abermule** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Mule. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)

**Aberystwith.**—On the Rhedol and Ystwith. *Hotel:* Queen's. Ystwith is polluted by lead mines, Rhedol comparatively free. Salmon, trout. A few bass are sometimes taken with a fly between this and Borth, also mackerel and gurnet. 14 m. off is the Devil's Bridge. A coach leaves Aberystwith every morning at 7.30, returning at three o'clock. There is an hotel there—the Hafod Arms. Trout in the river. There are some small lakes up in the mountains, 2 m. from the Dyffryn Castle Hotel, which lies 14 m. from Aberystwith. These lakes belong to J. Bonsall, Esq., of Dolé, who often gives permission. The fish run very large. Also the lakes which supply Aberystwith with water; fishing free. (See *Pen-y-Bont*.)

**Arleen** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Maerdy brook. Bete brook (1 m. S.). Severn (2 m. E.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Arthog** (near Dolgelly, Merioneth).—C. & G.W.R. Trout, salmon. By staying at the Arthog Hall Hotel good lake, sea, and stream fishing, with use of boats, can be had. The landlord also has the sole right of fishing in the Crogenan lakes; three boats free to visitors.

**Bala** (Merioneth).—R.R. On Bala Lake. Trout, pike, perch. The Dee runs near; also Trewern, a fair trout stream; d.t. 1s. There are two or three other streams that join near the head of the lake, but preserved by Sir W. Wynne; and some small tarns in the hills. Spring is the best time, and in September. Fishing on Dee—s.t., 2f. 2s.; w.t., 5s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. Apply at White Lion Royal Hotel, or Bull. Bala Lake is open; the fishing is good. August is the best month for roach and perch, which run large in parts, especially above the Rhiwlas boathouse. The best bait for pike here is a gold fish or bright spoon, with which spin round the Llanyell Point. Boats can be had the White Lion Royal Hotel, Bull's Head, or Plas Coch, for fishing in the lake. The best time for trouting is from February to June. Detached portions of the south side of the Trewern, best fished in March and April, can be fished free.

**Bangor**.—On Ogwen. Salmon, sea trout, and trout. Lord Penrhyn preserves the water from the sea for 2 m., but above that the river is open. (*See Bethesda.*) At **Aber** (C. & H.R.), 4 m. from Bangor, there is a mountain stream full of trout which runs out of Llyn Anawon, full of good fish. The best fishing in the neighbourhood is in the Lakes Ogwen, Idwal, and Bochlwyd, 9 m. from Bangor, on the Shrewsbury and Holyhead road, and within 1 m. of each other. May is the best month. (*See Capel Curig.*)

**Bargoed** (Glamorgan).—R. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon. Crinlach. (*See Cardiff.*) (c.s.)

**Barmouth-at-Sea**.—Good sea fishing. Skate, haddock, whiting, whiting pout, and a few bass and dog-fish. In the Ysgethin, 4 m. off, are small brown trout. The stream runs close to the Dyffryn Railway Station. The best fishing is from the bridge, about 4 m. up, and thence to Llyn Bodlyn. Fishing free. Similar free fishing can be had at Llywngwrl, 7 m. by rail. (*See Ponsarn.*) There are also some smaller streams where sport can be had with the worm after a flood. About 7 m. by rail is the Cwm Nantcol, day tickets 1s.; good sewin fishing after a flood. **Dolgelly** is within easy distance by rail, and the Mawddach can be fished; day tickets 2s. 6d., and monthly 10s. 6d.; very good sewin, with an occasional salmon. The Camlan and the Cwm Nantcol very good for trout, which run large for Wales (nearest station **Ponsarn**.)

**Beaumaris**.—Opposite the town and all along the Straits you may get plenty of small codlings, flatfish, &c. The best baits are mussels, black bait, and soft crabs. There is fair bass fishing between the Menai and Tubular Bridges, also at Puffin Island for pollack; sand-eels at the Dutchman Sands. There is good rod-fishing off shore along the north and west coast of Anglesea, especially at the Skerries, where, with a white fly, the black and white pollack may be taken. August and September are the best months for bass fishing here.

**Beddgelert**.—On Glasslyn. Salmon, sea trout, trout. Glasslyn runs out of Llynan Gwynant and Dinas (trout and salmon). Gwynant is best for trout. *Hotels*: Royal, Goat, Saracen's Head, Prince Llewelyn. Tickets and boats at the hotels. The best lakes in Carnarvon district are Qwellyn, Dinas, Gwynant, Idwell, Ogwen, Bochlwyd, Cramant, Cwmwythwch, Llanberris, and Nantlle. The two last are almost worthless. The best flies are the peashen, coch-y-bonddhu, cowdung, hawthorn, black gnat, woodcock, cinnamon, coachman, red spinner, sandfly, and blue dun. Also, body, orange mohair; legs, yellow hackle; wings, red feather from a pheasant's tail, dressed smallish. Body, peacock's tail; legs, black; wings, moorhen, dressed large. Body, claret; legs, black; wings, mallard. Body, orange; legs, partridge hackle. Body, yellow, with gold tip; legs, yellow; wings, mallard. (*See Bethesda and Capel Curig.*) (c.s. *Dovey*.)

**Begelly** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Kilrelgy brook, 5 m. long, runs 1 m. E. Carn (3 m.). Langdon brook (3 m.).

**Bethesda**.—6 m. from Bangor. On Ogwen. *Hotel*: Douglas Arms. Salmon and sea trout are occasionally caught, especially below the village. The trout fishing is, however, very indifferent down stream. As you go up it improves; and some 3 m. above Bethesda as far as Llyn Ogwen the fishing is good. Llyn Ogwen is one of the best lakes in Wales. (*See Beddgelert.*) The landlord has boats on Llyn Ogwen. (*See Bangor and Capel-Curig.*)

**Bettws-y-Coed** (Carnarvon).—Conway. Salmon and trout. *Hotels*: Royal Oak, Waterloo, Gwydyr, and Glenaber. Tickets at the above hotels as under for salmon fishing on the Gwydyr Reach of Conway: From May 1 to Aug. 31, 4f. From May 1 to June 30, m.t., 20s.; w.t., 10s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. From July 1 to Aug. 31, m.t., 50s.; w.t., 20s.; d.t., 4s. From Sept. 1 to 30, 4f.; fortnight, 50s.; w.t., 30s. From Oct. 1 to Nov. 15, 8f.; fortnight, 70s.; w.t., 40s. Tickets can also be had at the Eagle Hotel, Llanwrst, and Penio's 'Pentre', Trefriw. There is fair trouting also in Lledr and Llugwy, though the trout run small.

**Bishopston** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Mumbles Road**, 3 m.) Kittle brook, 5 m. long.

**Black Mill** (Glamorgan). O.V.R. On Ogmore. (*See Bridgend.*)

**Bodfari** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. On Clwyd. Salmon and trout.

**Bodorgan** (Anglesea).—Coran lake can be fished from here, and also Melog lake, together with the rivers. The Bodorgan Arms is a good house.

**Borth**.—There is no fishing to speak of. The small stream running near is poisoned with mine water. (*See Aberystwith.*)



- Boughrood** (Brecon).—M.W.R. Wye; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Cunrig (2 m.) (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Branwydd Arms** (Caermarthen).—C. & C.B. Gwill. Trout, sewin, salmon. Free fishing. (c.s. Towey.) (See *Caermarthen*.) Cynnen (2 m.) (See *Laugharne*.)
- Brawdy** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 10 m.) Brawdy brook, 7 m. long.
- Brecknock** (Brecon).—N. & R.B. Usk; trout, salmon. Honddu; trout. Tarett; trout. Cynrig (2 m.), Llyn-Cwm-Llwh (6 m.). (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) Usk is preserved by a society from **Difynock** to  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. below **Brecon**, except a portion belonging to Major Lloyd and the Rev. Garmous Williams, who strictly preserve. S.t., salmon and trout, 40s.; w.t., 29s.; d.t., 5s. Tickets also from Castle Hotel, Senny Bridge. Mrs. Hughes, stationer, Brecon, and the Castle Hotel Company will supply information. Salmon-rod licences from Mrs. Hughes. 5 m. from Brecon is Llangorse Pool, containing several kinds of fish, principally pike and perch. Boats can be hired, and the fishing is good. All bait must be taken to the lake. *Fisherman*: Pritchard. A large fly is good for big pike here. The innkeeper at the Castle can procure a day or two's salmon fishing on Wye.
- Bridgend** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Ogmore and Evenny. Ogmore rises by **Black Mill** station (O.V.R.), runs 9 m. to **Tondu** (L.V.R.), 1 m. below which, at St. Bride's, Llynvi joins on right bank. Llynvi rises by **Cimmer** (L.V.R.), runs 2 m. to **Maestog** (L.V.R.), 2 m. to **Llangonoyd** (L.V.R.), 4 m. to **Tondu**, and Ogmore 1 m. Ogmore runs 4 m. to **Bridgend**, and 3 m. below, at Ogmore Castle, is joined on left bank by Evenny river. Evenny rises above **Fencosed** (S.W.B.), runs 5 m. to **Bridgend** ( $\frac{1}{2}$  m. off), and 3 m. down joins Ogmore. The sea is reached in 2 m.
- Bryn-Amman** (Caermarthen).—S.V.B. Amman. (See *Lluchur*.) (c.s. Towey.)
- Builth** (Brecon).—M.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, roach, salmon, trout, grayling. Irfon; chub, dace, trout, grayling, salmon. Chwefru. Cneiddon (1 m.), Dihonw (2 m.), Balli brook ( $\frac{1}{2}$  m.), Camnant (4 m.). *Hotel*: Lion, where fishing can be had in Wye and Irfon. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Builth Road** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike. Dulas. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Buttington** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn. Trout, salmon, chub, dace. Trewern (1 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Cadoxton** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Cardiff**, 7 m.) S.W.B. The Cadoxton stream rises by Michaelston,  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. from **Cardiff**, runs 3 m. to Cadoxton, and joins the sea 4 m. below.
- Caerdwys** (Montgomery).—N. & M.B. Severn. Trout, salmon, chub, &c. Tarannon. Garno. Belof (2 m.), Taru (3 m.). (c.s. Severn.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Caerphilly** (Glamorgan).—R.B. Glydyr. Ceffyl. Rumney (1 m.). Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Caermarthen**.—O.B.R. *Hotel*: Boar's Head. Towey; salmon, sewin, pike, trout. Free fishing. Towey rises in Llyn Ddu (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 5 m. S.E.). 2 m. down a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Gorast 1 m. up (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 4 m.). Towey runs 10 m. and is joined on right bank by Camddwr, which rises 6 m. E. from **Tregaron**, reached by the road up Nant Berwyn, and is 9 m. long. Towey runs 4 m. and is joined on right bank by Doctham, which rises in Llyn Berwin 5 m. E. from **Tregaron** (reached by the road up Nant Berwyn), runs 4 m., when Doctham fath, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down, Pysgotwr joins on right bank. Pysgotwr rises 4 m. E. from Llanddewi Brefi (n.s. **Pont Ilanio**, 2 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Pysgotwr fath, 3 m. long. 2 m. down, Pysgotwr joins Doctham, which joins Towey 2 m. down. 2 m. down Towey (n.s. **Cynghordy**, 6 m.), Gwenniferd, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Towey, at Aber Rhaiadr (n.s. **Cynghordy**, 3 m.) (fishing free), Rhaiadr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at Abergwenlas (n.s. **Llandovery**, 4 m.), Gwenlas (fishing free), 5 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Cilwein 1 m. up from the junction.  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. down Towey, Dunant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to **Llandovery** 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Bran. Bran rises 4 m. above **Cynghordy**, and 3 m. below that station is joined on left bank by Crychan, 6 m. long. 4 m. down Bran, at **Llandovery**, Gwdderig, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. up Gwdderig from **Llandovery**, Gwenst, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Bran joins Towey 2 m. below. Towey runs 3 m. to **Llanwrda**, where Ynys (6 m. long) and Dulas (8 m.) join on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at **Llangadock**, Marles, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, and Sefin and Sawdde on left bank. Sefin rises 2 m. above Myddfal (n.s. **Llangadock**, 6 m.), and 2 m. below the village is joined on left bank by Llechdawdd, 4 m. long. 2 m. down Sefin, Sefin Isaf, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Sefin runs to Towey and **Llangadock** 3 m. Sawdde rises in Llyn-y-fan-fach (plenty of small trout), which lies 2 m. W. of Llyn-y-fan-fawr (n.s. **Fen-y-wyllt**, 7 m.). 3 m. down by Llanddansaïn, Buartharch, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Sawdde, Dyfnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Sawdde, Sawdde fechan joins on left bank. After running 4 m., this brook is joined by the Olydach, 5 m. long, on left bank, the united stream running 1 m. to Sawdde, which runs to Towey and **Llangadock** 5 m. Towey runs to **Glanrhyd** 2 m., and **Talley Road** 2 m. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Talley and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Taliaris, which rises in Llyn Taliaris  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. from **Talley Road**, and is 2 m. long. Dulas joins Towey 2 m. down. Towey runs 2 m. to **Llandilo** (fishing in Towey is free hence to its source, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor), where Cennen joins on left bank. Cennen rises 5 m. above **Derwydd Road**, and runs thence to

**Llandilo** in 4 m. 3 m. down Towey (n.s. **Golden Grove**, 1 m.), Cyfyng, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to **Golden Grove** 1 m. and **Llanarthney** 3 m. Fishing free below; preserved by Earl Cawdor above. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas 5 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Sannan, which rises 2 m. above Llanfynydd, and joins Dulas 4 m. down. Dulas runs to **Llanarthney** 3 m. Towey runs 3 m. to **Nantgaredig**, when Cothi joins on right bank. Cothi rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, and 9 m. down is joined on right bank by Mancoed, 3 m. long. 3 m. down Cothi, Twrch joins on right bank. Twrch rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, close to Cothi, runs to Llan-y-Crwyys 6 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Cwmpedol, 3 m. long, **Lampeter** being 5 m. off. 3 m. down, Twrch joins Cothi. 4 m. down Cothi, Rannell, 7 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.), and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down, Vellinddwr, which divides into two parts at Llansawyl,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. up from Cothi, each some 6 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.). 2 m. down Cothi,  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. from Llansawyl, the outflow of two lakes by Talley,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Talley Road**, 6 m.). Cothi flows to Abergorlech 4 m. (*Hotel*: The Cottage, n.s. **Talley Road**, 10 m.). Here Gorlech, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Cothi a stream joins on right bank, 6 m. long. 1 m. down Cothi, Marles joins on right bank; this stream divides into two parts, each 5 m. long, 1 m. up, at Brechfa (*Hotel*: Forest Arms, n.s. **Nantgaredig**, 8 m.). Cothi joins Towey, 8 m. down, at **Nantgaredig**. 5 m. down Towey, at **Abergwill**, Gwill joins Towey. Gwill rises 6 m. above **Llanpumpsaint**, where it is joined on right bank by a short stream, runs thence to **Cynwyl** 4 m., where Duad joins on right bank; this stream is 6 m. long, and 1 m. up from the junction, at Cynwyl Elfed, is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. Gwill runs to **Branwydd Arms** 3 m., and **Abergwill** 3 m. Towey runs to **Caermarthen** 2 m. 2 m. down, Pibwr, which rises  $\frac{1}{4}$  m. S. of **Nantgaredig** and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank. To 3 m. down Towey the tide flows. The best flies are blue uprights and yellow March brown. (*See Kiddeuly.*)

**Caernarvon**.—There is fair sea fishing here; good bass at times. A line of rails is laid to Lake Mantle, 10 m. off. Lakes Gwynant, Llanberis, and Llyn Cwellyn, of which the last is the best, are within a radius of 13 m. There is a capital hotel close by Cwellyn, the Snowdon Ranger; there are daily conveyances to and from all these places. The rivers Sciont, Glynphaw, and Llyfni run near, all free, except for salmon. (c.s.)

**Can-office** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Dinas Mowddwy**, 12 m.) Banw; trout, chub, salmon. Eira. Gwylfryn (1 m. N.E.). Nydwydd ( $\frac{1}{4}$  m. S.). Cledau (2 m. S.). Twrch (2 m. N.W.); good trout, preserved mostly by Sir W. W. Wynne and Mr. Price. Gringae (3 m. N.E.). Llynhir (3 m. S.E.). Vyrnwy (5 m. N.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. *Lakes*: Gwylfryn (2 m. N.E.). Granwyddan (4 m. S.); good trout, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Hir (5 m. S.); good trout, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Bugail (6 m. S.). Y-Bugail (6 m. N.W.); good trout; leave may be had sometimes. Coch-Nwydd (8 m. W.); good trout. By staying at the inn (very comfortable) 10 m. of fishing can be had, commencing March 15. (*See Gloucester; Welshpool.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)

**Capel-Curig** (Caernarvon).—*Hotel*: Capel-Curig. There are vast quantities of very small trout in the river Llugwy, which runs through the village. Close to the hotel are three lakes, containing a few large trout. Boats. Llyn Ogwen is 4 m. off. The hotel has three boats on it. The trout fishing here is very fine. A little way above Ogwen is Llyn Idwal (boat), containing trout, also Llyn Bocklwyd and Ffynon Lliver (large trout). Llyn Cwlyd is 3 m. over the hills. There are some large trout here, but, like all Welsh lakes, it requires a boat to fish it well. Llyn Crafnant,  $\frac{2}{3}$  m. from Capel-Curig, contains a few fair fish. There is a boat belonging to the farmhouse on the borders of the loch, which may be had. Ffynon Llugwy, 3 m., a very good lake; Llyn-y-Foel, Ffynon, Dewyrid, and several other lakes within a radius of 5 m., hold trout; also the rivers Gwryd and Ystynian. The following are good flies for these lakes: Body, orange mohair; legs, yellow; wings, red feather from pheasant's tail. Body, peacock's harl; legs, black; wings, moorhen. Body, peacock's harl; legs, black; wings, dark mallard. (*See Bethesda.*) The best time to fish the lakes is in May and June. Also the blue dun, March brown, Marlow buzz, black and red palmers, dark mallard, coch-y-bondhu, coachman, and alder fly.

**Cardiff** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Taff, Ely, and Rhymney. Ely rises 8 m. N. of **Llantrissant** (S.W.B.), and 5 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. Llantrissant town is 1 m. E. of the junction. 1 m. down Ely, Dowlas brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. down Ely is Llantrissant station, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. lower a brook 3 m. long joins on right bank. Ely runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which drains the lake in Hensol Park 1 m. up. 2 m. down Ely is **Peterston** (S.W.B.), and here a stream joins on right bank, which drains 4 lakes by Welch St. Donats 4 m. up. Ely runs 4 m. to **St. Fagans** (S.W.B.), **Ely Bridge** (S.W.B.), and **Llandaff** (1 m. away) 2 m., and joins the sea at Penarth 2 m. from Cardiff. (c.s.) The Reservoir, between the East and West Bute Docks, contains abundance of tolerably fine roach. The best point is at the entrance of the feeder, or opposite, below the upper reservoir, which contains a few fish. Plenty of caddis may be found in a small brook behind the new cemetery. On Penarth Moor, just to the left of the road to Penarth, is a large pond containing roach and large rudd. Leave must be obtained for this water from Mr. Corbett. Penarth Harbour, just opposite Cardiff, ten minutes by boat, contains abundance of fine mullet and small bass. Bait with ragworm (here called mudworm). (*See Cadoxton.*)

**TAFF**.—Trout, salmon, sewin. Taff rises 5 m. above **Dolygaer**, runs thence 2 m. to

**Pontestlocill, Pant 1 m., Cefn 3 m.** Here Taff fawr joins on right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Bryndn, and 5 m. down is joined at Pont-ar-daf on right bank by a stream 1 m. long which runs out of Llyn-y-Gader. Taff fawr runs to **Cefn 4 m.** Taff runs to **Merthyr 1 m., Traed-y-rhiw 2 m., Quakers' Yard 4 m.** Here Bargawd Taff, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Taff runs to **Aberdare Junction 1 m.** Here Cynon joins on right bank. Cynon rises 4 m. above **Hirwann**, runs thence to **Llyndeged 2 m., Aberdare 2½ m.** 2 m. down, at **Aberaman, Aman, 3 m. long**, joins on right bank. Cynon runs to **Mountain Ash 2 m.,** and **Aberdare Junction** and Taff 4 m. Taff runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by Gelli, 6 m. long. Taff runs to **Pont-y-Frydd 2 m.** Here Rhondda joins on right bank. Rhondda rises 2 m. above **Treherbert**, runs 4 m. thence to **Istrad-y-Podwo** and **Pont 5 m.** Here Rhondda Fychan joins on left bank. This stream, after running 3 m., passes 4 m. S.W. from **Aberdare**, runs to **Pont 6 m.** Rhondda runs to **Pont-y-prydd** and Taff 3 m. Taff runs to **Trefforest 1 m., Walnuttrees 5 m., Llandaf 4 m.,** and **Cardiff 3 m.**

**BUMNEY** (trout, salmon, sewin) rises 4 m. above **Rhymney**, runs thence to **Pontllytyn 2 m., Tyr Phil 3 m., Bargoed 3 m.** Here Crinlach, which rises by **Pfoe-rhiw**, runs 3 m. to **Darran**, and **Bumney, 3 m.,** joins on left bank. **Bumney** runs to **Pengarn 2 m., Hengoed 2 m., Bedwas 6 m.** Here Ceffyl, 6 m. long, and Glydyr, 4 m. long, join on right bank. **Caerphilly** is midway up on both these streams, and 1 m. from **Bumney**, which runs to **Church Road 4 m., Rhywderin (2 m. off) 4 m.,** and **Bumney (n.s. Cardiff, 2 m.) 6 m.** Here a brook joins on right bank 6 m. long. 1 m. down is **Usk Estuary. (c.s.)** **Bumney** and **Taff** are preserved for some distance above the town; leave is sometimes granted. Inquire at the local tackle shops.

**Cardigan (n.s. Crymmloch).** Teifi. Salmon, trout. Teifi rises in **Llyn Teifi 3 m.** from **Strata Florida**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by **Egnant**, which rises in **Llyn Ifer**, which lies ½ m. E. of **Llyn Teifi**, runs thence to **Llyn Egnant ¼ m.** Close to the lower end of the **Llyn** a stream joins on right bank, draining **Llyn Gron** a short way up. 1 m. down **Egnant** a stream joins on right bank, draining **Llyn-y-gorlan 1 m.** up. This **Llyn** lies W. of, but close to, **Llyn Gron.** All of them are within 4 m. of **Strata Florida** (trouting very good at times). 2 m. down **Egnant**, **Mwyro, 3 m. long**, joins on left bank. 2 m. from **Strata Florida**, and 1 m. down, **Egnant** joins **Teifi.** **Teifi** runs 1 m. to **Strata Florida**, and here **Glasfwrdd, 4 m. long**, joins on left bank, and **Rhuest, 3 m. long**, on right bank. **Teifi** runs 1 m. to the railway station, where **Marchnant** joins on right bank. **Marchnant 4 m.** from its source is joined on left bank by **Gwyddyl, 2 m. long.** 2 m. down, **Marchnant** joins **Teifi.** 3 m. down **Teifi, Tŷur**, which rises 2 m. S. from **Strata Florida**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Teifi** runs 3 m. when the outflow of **Maes Llyn, ½ m. up**, joins on left bank (n.s. **Tregaron, 2 m.**). ½ m. down **Teifi, Camddwr, 6 m. long**, joins on right bank. Close to the junction, **Fulbrook, 2 m. long**, joins on left bank. **Teifi** runs 2 m. to **Tregaron**, where **Nant-y-groes** joins on left bank. This stream rises in **Llyn Crugnant, 4 m. S.** from **Strata Florida.** 7 m. down, **Berwyn, 4 m. long**, joins on left bank. **Tregaron** and **Teifi** are 2 m. down. **Teifi** runs 2 m. to **Pont Llanio**, where **Carfan, 2 m. long**, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Teifi, Brenig**, which rises 5 m. above **Llanddewi Brefi (n.s. Pont Llanio, 2 m.)**, and runs thence to **Teifi 2 m.,** joins on left bank. **Teifi** runs to **Llanfair Clydogan (n.s. Derry Ormond, 2 m.).** **Clywedog, 5 m. long**, here joins on left bank. **Teifi** runs 2 m., when **Cynon, 3 m. long**, joins on left bank (n.s. **Lampeter, 2½ m.**). 1 m. down **Teifi, Goy, 2 m. long**, joins on left bank, and 2 m. down again is **Lampeter.** Here **Dulas**, which rises 4 m. above **Derry Ormond**, and joins **Teifi 4 m. down**, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teifi** a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 4 m. down **Teifi, Granell, 8 m. long**, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther, 3 m.**). **Teifi** runs 2 m. to **Pencarreg**, near which, close by the railway, is **Llyn Pencarreg (n.s. Llan-y-Byther, 2 m.)**, where a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. **Teifi** runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by **Ceillog, 3 m. long (n.s. Maes-y-Cruglan, 3 m.).** 1 m. down **Teifi, Cathal, 7 m. long**, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther, 2 m.**). **Teifi** runs 3 m. to **Maes-y-Cruglan**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Cletwr. 6 m.** from its source **Cletwr** is joined on left bank by **Cletwr fach, 4 m. long.** 2 m. down, **Geyron, 2 m. long**, joins on left bank; and 1 m. down **Cletwr, Cinen, 4 m. long**, joins on left bank. **Cletwr** runs to **Teifi 2 m.** 3 m. down **Teifi**, just above **Llandysill**, **Cerdin** joins on right bank. **Cerdin** rises by **Capel Cynon**, runs 7 m., when **Ythan, 4 m. long**, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Cerdin** is **Teifi** and **Llandysill.** Just below **Llandysill**, **Twelli** joins on left bank. **Twelli** rises 3 m. above **Pen Caber**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Gweddell, 4 m. long.** 1 m. down **Twelli** is **Teifi.** **Teifi** runs 3 m. to **Llangeller**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by **Bydrel, 6 m. long (n.s. Llandysill, 5 m.).** **Teifi** runs ½ m., when **Gernos, 5 m. long**, joins on right bank. **Teifi** runs 3 m. to **Newcastle Emlyn (n.s. Llandysill, 8 m.),** and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by **Ceri. 2 m.** from its source, **Bedw, 4 m. long**, joins **Ceri** on left bank. **Ceri** runs 4 m., when **Dulas** joins on right bank, 4 m. long. **Ceri** runs 5 m. to **Teifi. 4 m. down** **Teifi** a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 2 m. down **Teifi, Cych** joins. **Cych** rises some 6 m. S. of **Newcastle Emlyn**, and 8 m. down is joined on right bank by **Bowy, 2 m. long.** 1 m. down **Cych, Mamog, 3 m. long**, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Cych** a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Cych, Connud**, which rises by **Capel Coleman, 8 m. S.** of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Cych** joins **Teifi 3 m. down.** **Teifi** runs to **Manordivey, 4 m. S.E.** of **Cardigan**, where **Iefed, 2 m. long**, joins on right bank.

- Teifi runs 1 m. to Llechrhyd, 3 m. from **Cardigan**, where a stream, which rises by Tremain 5 m. N.E. of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and another, 3 m. long, on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m. to Cilgerran, 3 m. S.E. of **Cardigan**, where a brook 3 m. long joins on left bank. Teifi runs to **Cardigan** 3 m. Here Ffrwyd, which rises above Bridell, and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank; and Llwyn-Llwyd, 5 m. long, on right bank. 3 m. down, Teifi joins Cardigan Bay. (c.s.)
- Carew** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 4 m.) Carew brook, which rises by **Saunders-foot**, and is 4 m. long.
- Carno** (Montgomery).—N. & M.B. Garno or Llwyd. Pwll-llydau. Cledau. Cerniog (1 m.), Tarrannon (4 m.). *Lakes*: Gloyw (4 m.). Bugall (7 m. N.). Hir (9 m. N.E.); good trouting; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had. Grahwyddau (10 m.); good trouting; preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. (See Gloucester.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Castle Martin** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 5 m.) Castle Martin brook, which rises in the lakes at Orielton 3 m. from **Pembroke**, runs 3 m. to Castle Martin and the sea 3 m.
- Cefn** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.T.J.B. Taff; trout, salmon. Taff fawr; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Kenfig. *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Gader (5 m.) (See *Cardiff*, *Pyle*.)
- Cemmaes**.—On Dovey. A very good station. Trout small. Sewin in the autumn. (c.s.)
- Cerrig-y-Druidion**.—(See *Corwen*.)
- Cheriton** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Pen-clawd**, 7 m.) Bwry brook, 6 m. long.
- Cheriton** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. (n.s. **Pembroke**, 3 m.) Stackpole brook rises near here, and 1 m. down is joined by a stream, which runs down 3 m. from Merion Court. Below the junction, Stackpole waters the lakes in Stackpole Park, and joins the sea at Broad Haven 2 m. down.
- Cimmer** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. On Llynvi. (See *Bridgend*.) Afon (2½ m.). Cerwg (2½ m.) (See *Aberafon*.)
- Clarbeston** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Llyfynyf. Eastern Cleddau (3 m.) (c.s.) (See *Haverfordwest*.)
- Clogne** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Taf. Trout. (See *Laugharne*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Colbren** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Llech (1 m.), Tawe (2 m.) (See *Swansea*.)
- Conway**.—On Conway. Salmon and trout. The best part of the river is from about 1½ m. above the iron bridge at Bettws-y-Coed, down to Trefriw, a range of 8 m. The Rhod-y-Crenan fisheries are now reserved, but the Gwydyr fishery is open as follows: From May 1 to Aug. 31 inclusive, 4s.; from May 1 to June 30, inclusive—for one month, 1l.; for one week, 10s.; for one day, 2s. 6d. From July 1 to Aug. 31, inclusive—for one month, 2l. 10s.; for one week, 1l.; for one day, 4s. From Sept. 1 to 30, both inclusive—for the whole period, 4l.; for a fortnight, 2l. 10s.; for a week, 1l. 10s. From Oct. 1 to Nov. 15—for the whole period, 8l.; for a fortnight, 3l. 10s.; for a week, 2l. Tickets can be obtained at the Eagles Hotel, Llanrwst; the Royal Oak, Waterloo, Gwydyr, and Glanaber Hotels, Bettws-y-Coed; and Penisa'r Pentre, Trefriw. Running into the Conway on its left bank are several streams—Tal-y-Bont from Llyn-Dulyn, and Melynllyn, Port-Lwyd from Llyn Eigiau, Bafon-ddu from Llyn Clwyd, and the Trefriw stream from Llyn Crafnant, and Llyn Geirionydd. All these streams below Llanrwst are free water, and not much fished. The fish in the lakes run a decent size, but are very uncertain. The trout in the streams are very small. A good head-quarters to fish these streams is at the village of Roe-wen. There is a comfortable little public, the Blue Bell. For the streams, the coch-y-bondhu, stone, and partridge hackle are good flies dressed very small; and the lakes, the mallard and grouse dressed with a dark body on No. 6 or 7 hooks. The price of salmon fishing in the Conway, from Betts to below Llanrwst, is 7s. 6d. a day, or 1l. 10s. per week. No trout fishing allowed except to holders of salmon tickets. Conway lake has some of the best trout in Wales, but it is preserved. (See *Llandudno* and *Llanrwst*.) (c.s.)
- Corwen** (Merioneth).—On the Dee. Trout, salmon, grayling, pike. *Hotels*: Eagles, Owen Glendower. 1½ m. above this place the Alwen (strictly preserved) joins Dee. The trout fishing is fair. Cerrig-y-Druidion is 10 m. off, and here fishing is to be obtained in the Ceirw, which is full of trout. There are plenty of lodgings at Corwen and at various farms between it and Llansaintfraid. The Dee and part of Alwyn is preserved by the Corwen Fishing Association for 12 m.; open to all anglers for trout, grayling, &c., but not salmon; s.t., 21s.; m.t., 10s. 6d.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 1s. 6d. For anglers residing or staying within 4 m. of Corwen, for salmon, &c., s.t., 21s.; w.t., 7s. 6d. Special tickets for grayling and pike from Oct. 14 to Feb. 14, 5s. Only fly allowed for grayling. Season begins Feb. 15, ends Oct. 13. Apply for tickets to Mr. J. Hughes, Eagles Hotel. No minnow or worm fishing till April 1. No dogs. (c.s.)
- Cowbridge** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Cowbridge river. Cowbridge rises by Lansanor, 1½ m. W. of Ystrad (S.W.R.), runs 3 m. to **Cowbridge**, 4 m. to St. Mary Church on right bank, 5 m. to Bourton Bridge. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises some 7 m. above Penmark, where a short stream joins on the right bank, and joins Cowbridge 3 m. below. 2 m. down, Cowbridge joins the sea.
- Gray** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Gray. (See *Newport*.)
- Crigglion** (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.R. Severn (1 m.). Chub, dace, trout, salmon. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Crinant** (Glamorgan).—N. & B.R. Dylas. (See *Neath*.)
- Cronware** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Whitland**, S.W.R., 5 m.) Garnas brook rises 1 m. above here and joins the sea 3 m. down.

- Cross Inn** (Caermarthen).—G.B.R. Amman. Lluchwr (1 m.), Llan-dybie brook (1 m.), Lash (1 m.). (*See Lluchwr.*) (c.s. *Towey.*)
- Crymmych Arms** (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Taf. Trout. (*See Laugharne.*) (c.s. *Towey.*)
- Crynanloch** (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Eastern Cleddau (3 m.). (*See Haverfordwest.*) (c.s.)
- Cynghordy** (Caermarthen).—C.W.B. Bran. Towey (3 m.); trout (c.s.); fishing free. Rhaladr (3 m.), Crychan (3 m.), Gwenfwrdd (6 m.). (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Cynwyl** (Caermarthen).—C. & C.B. A good hotel. Gwili; trout, sewin, salmon; free fishing. (c.s. *Towey.*) Duad. Cywynn (7 m.). (*See Caermarthen, Laugharne.*)
- Darzan** (Glamorgan).—B.B.R. Crinlach. Rumney (3 m.); trout, salmon. (*See Cardiff.*) (c.s.)
- Derry Ormond** (Cardigan).—Dulas. Teifi (2 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s.) Clywedog (2 m.). (*See Cardigan.*)
- Derwydd Road** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llan-dybie brook. Cennen. (c.s. *Towey.*) (*See Lluchwr, Caermarthen.*)
- Devynock** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by a society. Senni and Trewaren; trout. Clydach and Clay 2 m. Cilieni, trout, 2 m. (*See Brecon and Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Dinas Mawddwy** (Merioneth).—D.M.R. On Dovey. Sewin and trout. *Hotels:* Buckley Arms (*see Advertisement*) and Red Lion. This place is 6 m. from the source of the river. The fishing is very good from about 4 m. above to 1 m. below. The Arris falls into Dovey about 100 yds. from the village. There are five trout streams within  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. The Dovey is a late river. There are some salmon in the late autumn. The fishing is preserved by Sir E. Buckley, but leave is given. (c.s.) Twrch (6 m. N.E.); good trouting, but preserved mostly by Sir W. W. Wynne and Mr. Price. Banw (8 m. E.); trout, chub, salmon. Cathan (9 m. E.). *Lakes:* Bugall (9 m. E.); good trouting; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had. (*See Can-Office, Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Doban** (Radnor).—C.W.B. Aran. Graig pool (3 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Doldowlod** (Radnor).—M.W.B. (c.s.) Wye; trout. Elan (2 m.); trout. Chwefru (4 m.), Clearwen (5 m.), Garw (7 m.), Arban (8 m.). *Lakes:* Gwyn (2 m.), Garw (9 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Dolgelly.**—On Mawddach and Wnlon. Trout, sewin, salmon. Autumn is the best time. Trouting in Wnlon good above Dolgelly. Information from Mr. Evan Lewis. The association is now dissolved, and the fishery in the hands of the landowners. Llyn Gwernan,  $\frac{1}{2}$  m. off, holds trout and perch; Llyn Gafur and Llyn Curry good trout; the Crogenan lakes are preserved by the landlord of the Arthog Hall Hotel. (*See Arthog.*) Llyn Bodlyn 10 m. off, holds good char; the lake can better be fished from **Barmouth** or **Llanbedr**. Llyn Cynwch 3 m. off, holds good perch. By staying at the Arthog Hall Hotel (*see Advertisement*) fair trout, sewin, and salmon fishing can be had. (c.s. *Dovey.*)
- Dolhieu** (Radnor).—L. & K.R. Gilwern. Oynon brook, Hales brook. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Dolwen** (Montgomery).—L. & N.B. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Ebyr. Berthyn (1 m.). *Lakes:* Ebyr (3 m.). (c.s. *Severn.*) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Dolygear** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.J.B. Taff. Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Cardiff.*)
- Ely Bridge** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Ely. Trout, sewin. (*See Cardiff.*) (c.s. *Taff.*) Fishing preserved below, but free above to **Peterston**. Trout small, but numerous.
- Erwood** (Radnor).—M.W.B. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, &c. Llogin. Bachhowey brook (1 m.), Cunrig (2 m.). *Lakes:* Llanbychllyn and 2 other lakes (3 m.), Llogin (6 m.). (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Ferry** (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.B. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Vyrnwy; trout, salmon, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Ferry Side** (Caermarthen).—Good trouting on Gwendraeth, Fawr and Fach 3 m. off. Cywyn from Blackbridge to Banc-y-felin village is a good stream, holding salmon and sewin, and there are numerous brooks in the neighbourhood holding plenty of trout. *Hotel:* White Lion. The landlord will give any information.
- Ffestiniog.**—Llyn-y-Morwynwn is  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. off. Llyn Ddubach lies some 400 yds. from the north corner of Morwynwn; the fish are large and very shy risers. There is very fair sport in the river at 2s. 6d. per diem, or 1l. per annum. Late in the season is best.
- Ffoe-rlhiw** (Glamorgan).—B.B.R. Crinlach. (*See Cardiff.*)
- Fishguard** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Rosebush**, 9 m.). Gwaen. Gwaen rises 2 m. from **Rosebush**, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-chillydog, 4 m. from **Rosebush**, where Walen, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and 5 m. to **Fishguard** and the sea. 1 m. W. from **Fishguard** runs a brook 3 m. long. Western Cleddau (2 m. S.). (c.s. *Cleddau.*)
- Forden** (Montgomery).—O. & N.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace, &c. Camlad; trout, grayling. Hailesford brook (4 m. E.). *Lakes:* Marton pool (5 m. N.E.). (c.s. *Severn.*) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Garnant** (Caermarthen).—G.B.R. Amman. Garnant. Pedol. (*See Lluchwr.*) (c.s. *Towey.*)
- Garth** (Brecon).—C.W.B. Irfon; chub, dace, trout, salmon; troutling poor, but fair salmon fishing after floods in autumn. Dulas; good trouting. Dihonw (3 m.), Gwenwest (4 m.). *Hotel:* Garth, where fishing can be had. (c.s. *Wye.*) (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Garth** (Glamorgan).—T. & C.W.B. 7 m. from Cardiff. *Hotel:* The Garth; good.
- Gilwern** (Brecon).—M.T. & A.E. Usk; trout, salmon. Grwyne; trout. Clydach. (*See Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Glaes** (Glamorgan).—S.V.B. Tawe, Clydach. (*See Swansea.*)

- Glanrhyd** (Caermarthen).—O.W.R. Towey. (c.s.) Salmon, trout; fishing free. (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Glasbury** (Radnor).—H.H. & B.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon; preserved by land-owners. Llyfni. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Glyn Neath** (Glamorgan).—V.N.B. Neath. Nedd (3 m.), Llia (8 m.) (See *Neath*.)
- Golden Grove** (Caermarthen).—O.W.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; preserved by Earl Cawdor; tickets at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s. (c.s.) Cyfyng (1 m.) (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Gors** (Glamorgan).—L.B. Lliw. (See *Lluchwr*.)
- Gwys** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Twrch. Gwyog. Tawe (3 m.) (See *Swansea*.)
- Haverfordwest** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Western Cleddau. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) This stream rises 2 m. S. of **Fishguard** (n.s. **Rose Bush**, 9 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau, Hoig joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. S.W. of Mathry, 6 m. from Fishguard, and is 6 m. long. 5 m. down, by Ford, Martel brook, which rises by **Rose Bush** station, runs 3 m. to Puncteston, Little Newcastle 3 m., and Cleddau 3 m., joins on left bank. Cleddau runs 3 m. to Trefgarth (n.s. **Haverfordwest**, 6 m.); and here Wallis brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 6 m. down Cleddau, Pelcombe brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Haverfordwest** is 1 m. down Cleddau. Here Caplett brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank, and Denant brook, 7 m. long, on right bank. 5 m. down Cleddau, Milling brook, which rises 3 m. E. of **Haverfordwest**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Eastern Cleddau joins on left bank. This stream rises 3 m. S.W. from **Crynauich**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Corwyn, 4 m. long (n.s. **Maeneloehog**, 4 m. S.W.) Cleddau runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Llandilo brook, which rises E. of **Maeneloehog**, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-Cefn, and Cleddau 1 m. Cleddau is joined 1 m. down, at Egremont, by Giffach brook, which rises 1 m. W. of **Maeneloehog**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau (n.s. **Clarbeston**, 5 m.) Syfynfy joins on right bank. Syfynfy rises near **Rose Bush** station, runs 3 m. to **Maeneloehog** (2 m. off), 4 m. to Llys-y-Fran, 3 m. to **Clarbeston**, and 3 m. to Cleddau. Cleddau runs to Roboston Wathen (n.s. **Harbeth**, 2 m.) 3 m. and 6 m. down the 2 Cleddaus join and debouch into the harbour. (See *Brawdy, St. David's, Solva*.)
- Hay** (Brecon).—H.H. & B.R. Wye; salmon, trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace. Dulas brook. Eseeley brook (5 m.), Dore (5 m.), Monnow (6 m.); trout, but rather closely preserved. Olchon brook (8 m.) *Hotel*: Rose and Crown, where fishing can be had in Wye. Below **Hay** the fishing in Wye is private. Llangorse lake can be fished from here by taking train to **Taly-llyn**. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Hirwann** (Glamorgan).—V.N.B. Cynon. Hepste (3 m.). (See *Cardiff, Neath*.)
- Holyhead**.—Good trouting can be had by staying at the Maelog Lake Hotel, Ty Croess, near Holyhead. Llynron Coron and Trogwyd are within easy reach; trouting good. Crygyl river holds sea trout in spring; good pollack fishing.
- Istrad-y-Fodwo** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Rhondda. Trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Johnston** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Rosemarket brook (1 m.), Rickeston brook (4 m.) (See *New Milford*.)
- Kerry** (Montgomery).—K.R. Mula. Caerbitra (4 m. E.)
- Kidwelly** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Gwendraeth fach. Trout, sewin. *Hotel*: Pelican. Gwendraeth fach rises by Llanddarog (n.s. **Wangaredig**, 4 m., or **Caermarthen**, 5½ m.), runs 5 m. to Llangyndryrn, 4 m. to Llandysaclog, and **Kidwelly** 4 m. The stream is free up to Gelli-deg; above, permission must be had; trouting fair. Gwendraeth fawr runs 2 m. E. from Kidwelly (trout, sewin). This stream rises in Llyn Llerh-wen (n.s. **Llan-dybie**, 5 m. E.), and is 12 m. long (c.s. *Towey*); trouting fair. Good general flies are blue upright and yellow March brown.
- Killay** (Glamorgan).—L.B. (See *Pennmaen*.) Pennmaen brook (3 m.).
- Knighton** (Radnor).—O.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub. Lug (5 m. S.); trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Knucklas** (Radnor).—O.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub. Lug (4 m. S.W.); trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Lampeter** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Dulas. Cynon (2½ m.), Goy (3 m.), Cwmpedol (5 m.) *Hotels*: Black Lion, Royal, where salmon and trout fishing can be had free. (See *Cardigan, Caermarthen, Llanarth, Llandissilio-Gogo*.)
- Lamphey** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Pennar. (See *Pembroke*.)
- Landore** (Glamorgan).—Tawe, Ffyndrod. (See *Swansea*.)
- Llanharne** (Caermarthen).—(n.s. **St. Clare**, 5 m.) Taf. Salmon, trout. Taf rises by **Crymmych Arms** (S.W.R.), runs 2 m. to **Glogne**, **Llanfyrnach** 2 m., **Ehdydwen** 3 m. Here Gravil, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to **Llanglydwen**, **Login** 8 m. 7 m. down Taf, Marlas joins on right bank. Marlas rises 1 m. N. of **Harberth**. 2 m. down, Gwaithnosk, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Marlas runs to Taf 5 m. ½ m. down Taf, Llease, which rises by Heulan Amgoed and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Taf runs 1 m. to **Whitland**, where Whitland joins on left bank. Whitland rises 4 m. above Llanboidy (n.s. **Login**, 4 m.), and joins Taf 6 m. down at **Whitland**. 3 m. down Taf, **Feni**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Taf, at Llanddowror (n.s. **St. Clare**, 3 m.), Coger, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to **St. Clare**. Here Gynlin joins on

left bank. Gynin rises on Llanwinio Common, 2½ m. S.E. from **Llanfyrnach**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Llechwedd, which rises 5 m. S.E. from **Llanfyrnach**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Asen, 3 m. long (n.s. **Llanfyrnach**, 4 m.). Llechwedd runs to Gynin 4 m. Gynin runs 6 m. to St. Clare, and here Dewi joins on right bank. Dewi rises 4 m. above Trelech-ar-bettws, runs 5 m. to Mydrim, and **St. Clare** and Gynin 4 m. The united streams join Taf just below. Taf runs to Llanfangel-Abercywyn, 3 m., and here Cywyn joins on right bank. Cywyn rises 7 m. N.W. from **Cynwill**, and 10 m. down is joined on left bank by Cynnen, which rises by Llannewydd (n.s. **Branydd Arms**, 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. Cywyn runs to Taf in 8 m. 2 m. down Taf is **Laugharne**. (c.s. *Towey*.)

**Llanarth** (Cardigan).—(n.s. **Lampeter**, 13 m.) Giffach, which rises 3 m. above Llanarth, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. Giffach runs to Llanina and sea 1 m.

**Llanarthney** (Caermarthen).—O.W.R. *Hotel*; Golden Grove Arms. Towey. Salmon, sewin, trout, pike. Preserved to Llandilo, by Earl Cawdor above, free below. (Tickets at hotel; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s.) (c.s.) Dulas. Sannan (3 m.). (See *Caermarthen*.)

**Llanbedr**.—On Arthro. ¼ m. below Arthro joins the tidal water. Arthro rises in Llyn Cwm Bychan (trout, sewin, salmon), and is 6 m. long. Good trouting, and some sewin and salmon from July to October. A good sewin fly is a moderate sized one with red body and pheasant wing, with gold tinsel. In the tidal water below Llanbedr good bass fishing. Arthro is preserved by a club giving daily and weekly tickets. 1 m. above Llanbedr, Nantool rises 5 m. long, joins Arthro, holding good trout, and free. 2 m. E. of Llyn Cwm Bychan is Llyn Pryved. Good trout. Llyn Glowlyn (good trouting) is 2 m. S. of Llyn Cwm Bychan. Alder and oak fly are killing here. Llyn Dir lies a short way from the S. end of Llyn Glowlyn; very small trout. There are many lakes which may be fished from Llanbedr; the Cors-y-Gedol lakes, Llyns Irdryn, Bodlyn, and Dulyn are very good. A good sewin fly is a moderate sized one with red body and pheasant wing, with gold tinsel, and the same with mallard wing. Trout flies: March brown, coch-y-bonddu, coachman, orange dun, alder and oak flies. (c.s. *Dovey*.)

**Llanbrynmair**.—O.R. On Twymyn. Trout, sewin, salmon. Fair trouting. Inn good and reasonable. Two streams join here from the N. and E., holding good trout. The N. stream is better. Llyn Coch Hwyad, 3 m. N. of Gwyddior, holds good trout. The rivers and lakes in this district are nearly all preserved by Sir W. Wynn; the great majority is open to visitors at the inn.

**Llanbrynmair** (Montgomery).—N. & M.R. Eira (3 m. N.), Cannon (4 m.). *Lakes*: Gwyddwr (4 m.). Perch, trout. (See *Gloucester*.)

**Llandaff** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Taff and Ely. Trout, sewin. (See *Cardiff*; *Ely Bridge*.) (c.s.)

**Llandilo** (Caermarthen).—O.W.R. *Hotel*; Cawdor Arms. Towey. Salmon, trout, sewin. Free above, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor. Tickets for this water at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s. (c.s.) Cennen. (See *Caermarthen*.)

**Llandinam** (Montgomery).—L. & N.R. Severn. Trout, salmon, chub, &c. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)

**Llandissilio-Gogo** (Cardigan).—(n.s. **Lampeter**, 20 m.). Dissilio, 6 m. long. 1 m. W. runs Tydi, 6 m. long.

**Llandoverly** (Caermarthen).—O.W.R. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Bran. Gwadderig. Dunant (3 m.). Pedwan (3 m.). Gwenlas (4 m.). (See *Caermarthen*, *Llandilo*.)

**Llandrindod** (Radnor).—C.W.R. Ithon. Hawddwy (2 m.) (c.s. *Wye*.) (See *Chepstow*, *England*.)

**Llandrinio** (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Maerdy brook (2 m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Llandudno**.—There is good fishing for codlings, congers, &c., under the Great Orme's Head. Boats can be obtained from the neighbouring town of Conway. The trout fishing is poor.

**Llan-dybie** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llan-dybie brook. Lluchwr (3 m.). (See *Lluchwr*, *Kidwelly*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)

**Llandysill** (Cardigan).—C. & C.R. Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Cerdin. Twelli; trout (good). Ythan (1 m.). Cletwr (2 m.); trout (good). Bydrel (5 m.). *Hotel*: Porth (see *Advertisement*). Fishing in Teifi attached to hotel; elsewhere permission from the owners. Trout run large. (See *Cardigan*.)

**Llanellay** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Lliheddi and Dann. Lliheddi is 7 m. long. Dann runs 1 m. E. from the town, and is 6 m. long.

**Llanfair** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Welshpool**, 8 m.). *Hotel*: Wynnstay Arms. Banw; trout. Rhiw (3 m. S.E.). *Lakes*: Maesmawr pond (5 m. N.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Llanfair Talhawan**.—On Elwy. Trout, salmon, and sewin. There is some fishing attached to the inn here; otherwise all preserved by the landowners. April the best month for trout; October for salmon.

**Llanfalteg** (Caermarthen).—W. & T.V.R. Taff and Cleddau. Salmon and trout.

**Llanfechan** (Montgomery).—L.B.R. Cain; trout, salmon. Brogan. Tanat (4 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub, pike. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

**Llanfyrnach** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gynin (2½ m.), Asen (4 m.), Llechwedd (5 m.) (See *Laugharne*.)

- Llanfyllin** (Montgomery).—L.B.B. Cain; salmon, trout. Llechwydd. Tanat (5 m. N.); trout, pike, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Llangynnog; Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant.*)
- Llangadock** (Caermarthen).—O.W.B. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Marles. Sefn. Sawdde (trout). Sefn Isaf (3 m.), Llechdawdd (4 m.), Sawdde fechan (5 m.), Dyfnant (6 m.), Clydach (6 m.), Buartharch (8 m.). (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Llangammarch** (Brecon).—O.W.B. Irfon. Dulas. Annell. Camddwr. Cammarch (1 m.), Einon (2 m.), Cledau (3 m.), Cnyfflad (3 m.). Fishing in Irfon from the Garth Hotel, Garth, or Dolcoed House Hotel, **Llanwrtyd**. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llangenych** (Caermarthen).—L.E. Llwhwr; Trasarch. (*See Llwhwr.*) (*c.s. Towey.*)
- Llanglydwen** (Caermarthen).—S.W.B. Taf. Trout, salmon. (*See Laugharne.*) (*c.s. Towey.*)
- Llangollen** (Denbigh).—Dee. Trout, salmon. Hotel: Hand. The river is preserved by the Glynwdr Society for about 8 m.; s.t. for trout, 2l. 2s.; s.t., trout and salmon, 4l. 4s.; m.t., trout, 1l. 1s.; m.t., trout and salmon, 2l. 2s.; w.t., trout, 10s.; d.t., trout, 2s. 6d.; d.t., salmon and trout, 5s. 6d. Tickets of Mr. E. Evans, chemist, Llangollen; Berwyn Arms, Glynwydrwy (below which salmon fishing is reserved); the Grouse Inn, Llan-saintffraid; and of the stationmaster at Berwyn, Glynwydrwy, and Carrog stations. Only licensed gillies may attend anglers. All persons, except season ticket holders, using a coracle must take a ticket at 2s. 6d. The wages of a coracle man are 5s. a day. No dogs allowed. No Sunday fishing. Season begins Feb. 15 and ends Oct. 13 for trout, and Nov. 1 for salmon. The river is here very wooded, so deep wading is necessary. The orange dun and March brown are good flies. There are several miles of fishing below the town, strictly preserved, and 2 m. of free fishing above. March and April, or late in the season, is the best time. (*See c.s.*)
- Llangonoyd** (Glamorgan).—L.V.B. On Llynvi. (*See Bridgend.*)
- Llangurig** (Montgomery).—M.W.B. Brochan (1 m.), Dulas (1½ m.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Llangynllo** (Radnor).—C.W.B. Lug. Bledia brook (2½ m.), Graig brook (3 m.), Aran (¾ m.), Cam-ddwr (5 m.). (*c.s. Wye.*) (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llangynnog** (Montgomery).—(n.s.) **Llanfyllin**, ¾ m. Hotel: New Inn. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, pike; a little free fishing above, but preserved below. Eiarth. Goch (2 m.), Hirnant (2½ m.). *Lakes*: Pennant (5 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Llanidloes** (Montgomery).—L. & N.B. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Brochan; trout. Clywedog; trout. Dulas (1 m.), Ceryst (2 m. N.), Biga (7 m.), Llwyd (8 m.). *Lakes*: Ebyr (¾ m. N.E.), Derw-llwydion (6 m.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Llanwchllyn** (Merioneth).—C.B.D.R. Vyrnwy (6 m. S.E.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Ennant (7 m. N.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Llanpumpsaint** (Caermarthen).—O. & C.B. Gwill (6 m.). Trout, sewin, salmon. Free below, preserved above. (*c.s. Towey.*) (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant** (Montgomery).—(n.s.) **Llanfyllin**, 7 m. Moch; trout, free. Tanat (1 m.); trout, grayling, chub, &c. Twrch (1 m.), Disgynfa (5 m. N.W.). *Lakes*: Moelin (5 m. N.E.), Llynecaws (6 m. N.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Llanwrst**.—River Conway. Salmon and trout. The Gwydyr Fishery in the Conway is preserved, but tickets can be had from the landlord of the Eagles Hotel at Llanwrst, and Belle Vue at Trefriw, on the following terms, viz.: From May 1 to Aug. 31, 4l. From May 1 to June 30, m.t., 1l.; w.t., 10s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. From July 1 to Aug. 31, m.t., 2l. 10s.; w.t., 1l.; d.t., 4s. From Sept. 1 to 30, for the whole period, 4l.; for a fortnight, 2l. 10s.; for a week, 1l. 10s. From Oct. 1 to Nov. 15, for the whole period, 3l.; for a fortnight, 3l. 10s.; for a week, 2l. Tickets for the River Lledo, which is a fair salmon and trout stream, can also be had from the landlord of the Eagles upon the following terms, viz.: From April 1 to May 1, for one day, 2s.; season ticket to Nov. 15, 3l. From May 1 to Nov. 1, for one month, 15s.; for one week, 5s.; for one day, 2s. From Nov. 1 to 15, for one week, 10s.; for one day, 3s. Season tickets for Crafnant and other lakes can be had for 3s. each. (*See Conway.*) (*c.s.*)
- Llansaintffraid** (Montgomery).—L.B.B. Vernwy; trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by landowners. Cain; trout, salmon. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, pike. *Lakes*: Du (6 m. S.E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Llantrissant** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Ely. Dowlas brook. Trout. (*c.s. Taf.*) (*See Cardiff.*)
- Llanvber** (near Harlech).—On Elwy. Salmon and trout. (*c.s. Clwyd.*)
- Llanwrda** (Caermarthen).—O.W.B. Towey; trout, salmon, sewin; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Ynys. Dulas. (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Llanwrtyd** (Brecon).—O.W.B. Irfon; trout, chub, dace, salmon. Cerdul (2 m.), Oledau (3 m.), Callant (4 m.), Gwessin (6 m.). Hotel: Dolcoed House, where fishing can be had in Irfon for some miles. The best fishing is above. (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llan-y-Ebyr** (Cardigan).—G.W.B. Teifi; salmon, trout. (*c.s.*) Granell (3 m.). *Lakes*: Pencarreg (2 m.). (*See Cardigan.*)
- Llanymynech** (Montgomery).—O.B. Vernwy and Cain. Salmon and trout. (*c.s. Severn.*) Leave often given by the landowners. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Llwhwr** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Llwhwr, Lliw. Llwhwr rises some 3 m. E. of **Llan-dybie**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Llan-dybie brook, which, after running 4 m., passes 1 m. W. of **Derwydd Road**, runs thence to **Llan-dybie** 2 m., and joins Llwhwr 2 m. down, 1 m. from **Cross Inn**. Here also Lash, 3 m. long, joins on right bank.



- Llŵchwr runs 2 m. to **Pant-y-fynon Junction**, where Amman joins on left bank, and Alwyd, 4 m. long, on right bank. Amman rises 3 m. above **Bryn-Amman**, runs thence to **Garnant** 2 m. Here Garnant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and Pedol, 3 m. long, on right bank. Amman runs to **Cross Inn**, 4 m., and **Pant-y-fynon** 1 m. Llŵchwr runs to **Pont-ar-du-lais** 8 m.; here Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Llŵchwr, Gwill joins on right bank. Gwill rises some 4 m. W. of **Pant-y-fynon**, and is 10 m. long. 1½ m. down Llŵchwr, at **Llangen-yoh**, Trasarch, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Llŵchwr runs 2 m. to **Llŵchwyr**. (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Llŵ W rises 8 m. above **Gors**, runs thence to **Llŵchwyr** 3 m., where it joins the estuary. At Llŵchwyr the lesser Llŵ, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Llyndeged** (Glamorgan).—V. of N.B. Cynon. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Logan** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Eglwys (4 m.). (See *Laugharne*.)
- Loveston** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Templeton**. P. & T.R. 3 m.) Carn. Carn rises 1½ m. W. from **Templeton** station, runs 3 m. to Loveston, and 1 m. down, 3 m. from **Begelly**, is joined on left bank by Langden brook, 3 m. long. Carn runs 2½ m. to Milford Haven.
- Machynlleth**.—(See *Tyn-y-Cornel*.) On Dovey. Salmon, sewin, and sea and brown trout. The landlord of the Wynnistay Arms has the right of fishing, which is indifferent. There are two or three good small trout lakes in the mountains near. There are several good salmon pools. S.t., 3l. 3s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. The Dulas rises in the hills above Corys, and is full of trout; it joins Dovey 1 m. from the town. Sewin and morm ascend it as far as the weir, some 2 m. up. Llyn Penrhialadr, 6 m. off, contains some good trout and perch, and is preserved by Sir Pryse Pryse, of Gogerddan, who sometimes will give a day. Llyn Bugellyn is also good. (See *Tal-y-Llyn*.) (See c.s.)
- Maenlochog** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Llandilo brook. Gllfach brook (1 m.), Syfynyf (2 m.), Corwyn (4 m.), Crynanich (4 m.). (See *Haverfordwest*.)
- Maentwrog**.—*Hotel*: Grapes. There is a capital river running within fifty yards of the house; it is small and preserved, but contains salmon, sea trout, and sewin. It rises and falls very quickly. (See *Towyn*.) The river Dwyryd below the bridge here is private, but free above. Lake Tecwyn (1 m. W.) and the two Gannedd lakes, a mile from **Tan-y-Bwlch** station, are now added to the fishery. Through the generosity of Mr. Oakley four lakes have been thrown open, the furthest within half-hour's walk of the Grapes; s.t., 20s.; m.t., 10s.; w.t., 2s. 6d.
- Maestog** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. On Llynvi. (See *Bridgend*.)
- Maes-y-Crugian** (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Telfi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Ceiliog (3 m.), Cathal (2 m.), Cletwr (2 m., trout, good), Cinen (4 m.). (See *Cardigan*.)
- Mallwyd** (Montgomery).—On Dovey. A very good station. The trout run small; sewin run up in the autumn. Leave to fish is granted to anyone, free of charge, on application to Mr. Rowlands, landlord of the Peniarth Arms. There is fair lake fishing within 5 m. (c.s.)
- Manorbeer** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Pennar. (See *Pembroke*.)
- Mawddwy** (Merioneth).—On Dovey and Cleivion. Salmon, sewin, trout.
- Merthyr** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Middletown** (Montgomery).—S. & W.R. Trewern. Severn (3 m. W.); trout, salmon chub, dace, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Milford** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Mullock brook (8½ m.). (See *St. Ishmael's*.) Milford Haven contains a great variety of sea fish, and the brooks trout. Thorn Island, Rat Island, and Sheep Island, and the Harbour rock, with many other places, are all good for pollack, and bass are also frequently met with. Sand-eels might be taken with a seine net at Angle Bay. A. the insulated rocks outside the haven, very large pollack in the tide-races towards the Smalls Light; a steam yacht desirable for this distant fishing. The strongest tackle requisite. Spinning indiarubber eels strongly recommended.
- Montgomery**.—O. & N.R. Severn (2 m.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Camlad (2 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub. Lacks brook (2 m. S.E.) Caebitra (4 m. S.E.), Rhico (4½ m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Morriston** (Glamorgan).—Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Mountain Ash** (Glamorgan).—A.B.R. Cynon. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Mumbles Road** (Glamorgan).—L.B. (See *Bishopston*.) Kittle brook (3 m.)
- Montgaredig** (Caermarthen).—C.B.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; fishing free. Cothl; salmon, trout, sewin. (c.s.) Pibw (1½ m.). (See *Caermarthen*; *Kidwelly*.)
- Warberth** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Marlas (1 m.), Gwaithnoak (2 m.), Eastern Cleddau (2 m.). Taf (5 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s. *Towey*.) (See *Laugharne*; *Haverfordwest*.)
- Neath** (Glamorgan).—V.N.E. Neath. Neath rises 4 m. above Ystrad felte (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 7 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Lila 3 m. long (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 8 m.). 1 m. down is Ystrad; and 3 m. below, Hepste joins on left bank. Hepste, after running 6 m., passes 1 m. N.W. of Penderyn (n.s. **Mirwann**, 2 m.), and 1 m. down joins Neath. 2 m. down Neath, Nedd, 8 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 3 m.). Neath runs 3 m. to **Glyn Neath**, 3 m. to **Besolven**, 4 m. to **Aberdylas**. Here Dylas, which rises by **Crinant**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath runs to **Neath** 2 m.; and 1 m. down, Clydach, which rises 2 m. E. of **Pont-ar-dawe** station, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath flows to the sea in 3 m.
- New Bridge** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, roach. Ithon; trout. Hernant (1 m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)

- Newcastle Emlyn** (Cardigan).—(n.s. *Llandysail*, 8 m.) Teifi; salmon, trout. Ceri (2 m.), Gernos (3 m.), Cych (6 m.). (c.s. *Teifi*.) (See *Cardigan*.)
- New Milford** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Rosemarket brook. This stream rises 1 m. W. of Johnston, runs to Rosemarket 3 m., and **New Milford** 3 m.
- New Radnor** (Radnor).—L. & K.R. Summerhill brook. Black brook. Lakes: Melan (4 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Newtown** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Hafren (3 m. E.). Lakes: Fachwen Pool (3 m. N.W.) Dwr (6 m.). (c.s.) (See *Gloucester and Chepstow, England*.)
- Overton** (Flint).—On Dea. Trout. The banks are very much wooded, so wading is necessary.
- Pant** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.T.J.R. Taff. Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Panty-dwr** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Marteg. Trout. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pantyfnon** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llŵchwr. Amman. Alwyd. Gwili (4 m.). (See *Llŵchwr*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Pembroke** (P. & T.R.).—Pennar. Pennar rises by **Manorbeer** station, runs 3 m. to **Lamphey**, and Pembroke 2 m. Stackpool brook (3 m.). (See *Chertion*.) Castle Martin brook (3 m.). (See *Castle Martin*.) Carew brook (4 m.) (See *Carew*.) Lake: Oriulton lakes (3 m.).
- Pen Caber** (Cardigan).—C. & C.B. Twelli. Trout (good). (See *Cardigan*.)
- Pen-clawd** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. (See *Chertion*.)
- Pencoed** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. On Evenny. (See *Bridgend*.)
- Penmaen** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. *Killay*, 6 m.). Penmaen brook. This stream rises on Fairwood Moor, 3 m. W. from *Killay*, and 3 m. down, near Penmaen, is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. The sea is 1 m. down.
- Penmaenpool** (Merioneth).—C.B. On Mawddach and Onion. Salmon and trout. Fisheries preserved, but tickets can be had. (See *Doigelly*.)
- Pensarn**.—C.B. 7 m. from **Barmouth**. The inn is good, and lodgings may be had. Tickets 2s. 6d. per week. There are some small lakes in the hills, from 4 to 6 m. distant, where sport can be had early in the morning.
- Penwyllt** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Tawe. Byfre. Hafys. Gialld (6 m.). (See *Swansea*.) Sawdde (7 m.). Lakes: Fan-fawr (5 m.), Fan-fach (7 m.); many small trout. (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Pen-y-Bont** (Radnor).—C.W.R. Ithon; trout, salmon. Arran. Clywedog (1 m.), Camllo (1 m.), Dulas (2 m.), Llandeigly brook (2 m.), Edw (3 m.), good trouting, permission freely given; Cych brook (5 m.). Hotel: Severn Arms, where fishing in 8 m. of Ithon can be had. (c.s. *Wye*.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pen-y-Gwryd**.—On Glasslyn and Gwryd. Trout. Hotel: Pen-y-Gwryd. (See *Portmadoc*.) Gwryd holds plenty of small trout, and runs to Llyn Mymbyr, near Capel Curig. There are several good lakes—Llyn-y-Cwm Ffynnon, boat belonging to hotel; Llyns Llydaw and Teyrn, on the route to Snowdon; Llynian Duwanned, 2 m. S.; Llyn Gwynant (boat belonging to hotel) or Drinas; and Llyns Edno-yr-adar, Llagi, and Llynian Cwm contain fine trout. Fishing free, except in Glasslyn, which is 5s. per week. Coch-y-bonddu, wrentail, and spider are good flies. June and July are the best months.
- Peterson** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Ely. Trout. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Rhondda; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taff*.) Rhondda Fychan. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont-ar-dawe** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Clydach. (See *Neath*.) Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Pont-ar-dulais** (Glamorgan).—L.R. Llŵchwr. Dulas. Gwili (1 m.). (See *Llŵchwr*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Pontesticill** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.J.R. Taff. Trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont Llanio** (Cardigan).—Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Carfan. Brenig (2 m.) (see *Cardigan*.) Pysgotwr (6 m.). Cothi; trout (6 m.). (c.s. *Towey*.) Twrch (6 m.). (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Pontlottyn** (Glamorgan).—B. & N.R. Bumney. Trout, salmon. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s.)
- Pont-y-ddolgoch** (Montgomery).—N. & M.E. Garno. Mawr (2½ m.), Tarw (4 m.). Lakes: Du (3 m.), Mawr (3 m.), Tarw (4 m.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Pont-y-Pant**.—Ledr. Salmon and trout. There is a good hotel here where fishing can be had.
- Pont-y-Prydd** (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout. Rhondda; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pool Quay** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn (1 m.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. Bete brook. Trewrn (1 m.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Portmadoc**.—On Glasslyn. Salmon, sewin, and trout. Glasslyn is made up of two streams, one flowing out of Llyn Llydan down Nant Gwynant into Llyn Gwynant 2 m., then in 2 m. into Llyn Ddinas, and thence in 2 m. to Beddgelert. Hotel: Goat, which has a boat on Gwynant. Trout small, salmon and peal in the season. Tickets at Pen-y-gwryd or Beddgelert. The other branch flows down Nant Colwyn to Beddgelert. Fishing is preserved by a society. Daily or weekly tickets 5s. at the hotels. At Portmadoc the best fishing is 3 or 4 m. above the embankment. A good-sized cinnabar-moth (peacock harl body; wings, parrot and dusky black mixed, dressed buzz), and the common blue butterfly, or a fly with a body blood red, and wings mallard. A dun daddy-longlegs is also a good fly. Lake Edno contains the largest size trout of any in Wales. Gwynant is very uncertain. Francis says—To secure a dish of fish in Edno act thus: Take up

the mountain a double blanket, a kettle, some tea, &c., &c., and a box of matches. Fish Edno from daybreak to ten or eleven o'clock. Then go to Llyn Cwm (a small lake close by), where the fish are very large indeed, or else to a lake half-way down the hill, and about five return to Edno and fish until night. Should rain come on there is a cowshed near the path. (c.s. *Dovey*.)

**Presteign** (Radnor).—C.W.B. Lug; trout, grayling. Boulli brook. Summergill brook (1 m.) (c.s. *Wye*.) Lug is preserved by various owners above, and by Mr. Evelyn, of Corton, for 4 m. down (this fishing is now to be let, we believe), and then by various landowners to **Kingsland**. (See *Chepstow, England*.)

**Pyle** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Kenfig. Kenfig rises 4 m. N. from Cefn (B.R.), runs thence to Pyle 1 m., and sea 4 m.

**Quakers' Yard** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) Bargawd Taff. (See *Cardiff*.)

**Resolven** (Glamorgan).—V.N.B. Neath. (See *Neath*.)

**Rhayader** (Radnor).—M.W.B. (c.s.) Wye; trout, chub, dace, salmon. Elan; trout (1½ m.). Marteg; trout (3 m.). Hirin (7 m.). Lakes: Gwny, trout; Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, trout (8½ m.); Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf, trout (9 m.). Hotels: Lion and Royal, where a long stretch of trouting can be had, and 5 m. of salmon fishing in Wye. (See *Chepstow, England*.)

**Rhydown** (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Taf. Trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gravil. (See *Laugharne*.)

**Rhyl** (Flintshire).—On Clwyd and Elwy. Salmon, sewin, and trout. The Elwy is better for salmon. There are some brooks in the neighbourhood containing trout. There is no sea fishing. Leave must be had from the landowners. Accommodation good. (See *Ruthin*.)

**Rhymney** (Glamorgan).—B. & N.B. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s.)

**Rose Bush** (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Martel brook. Sytyfny. (See *Haverfordwest*.) Gwaen (2 m.). (c.s. *Cleddau*.) (See *Fishguard*.)

**Rosemarket** (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Rosemarket brook. (See *New Milford*.)

**Ruthin**.—On Clwyd. Salmon, trout, &c. Ruthin is some distance above Rhyl. (See *Rhyl*.)

**Saundersfoot** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Carew brook. (See *Carew*.)

**Seafell** (Montgomery).—O. & N.B. Severn. Hafren. Lakes: Fachwen pool (2 m.). (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)

**Selattyn**.—Near here is a large lake with plenty of fish. The lake lies to the south of the river Dee, which runs near the village. (c.s.)

**Solva** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 14 m.). Solva brook, 9 m. long.

**St. Asaph**.—Rivers Clwyd and Elwy. Trout and a few salmon. These rivers, which are preserved, are well stocked with fish. Hotel: The Plough; good, where free fishing can be had. Excellent fly dressers live near the hotel. (See c.s.)

**St. Clear's** (Caermarthen).—S.W.B. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gynin. Dewi. Cojer (3 m.), Cywyn (3 m.). (See *Laugharne*.) Hotel: Globe, where fishing can be had.

**St. David's** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 18 m.). Allan (6 m. long); trout; fishing free and poor, and sea fishing poor.

**St. Fagan's** (Glamorgan).—C.W.B. Ely. Trout, sewin. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)

**St. Ishmael's** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Milford*, 5 m.) 1½ m. E. runs Mullock brook, 6 m. long, joining the sea at Dale Road. Trout.

**Strata Florida** (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Teifi; salmon, trout. Glasfrwd. Rhuest. Marchnant (1 m.), Egnant (2 m.), Mwyr (2 m.), Fflur (2 m.), Gwyddyl (3 m.). (c.s. *Teifi*.) (See *Cardigan*.) Towey (5 m.) (See *Caermarthen*.) (c.s.) Clearwen (6 m.), Figen (7 m.), Brwynog (7 m.) (See *Chepstow*.) Lakes: Teifi (3 m.), trout; Ifer (3 m.), trout; Egnant (3 m.), trout; Gron (3 m.), trout; y-Gorlan (3 m.), trout; Crugnant (4 m.), trout. (The fishing in the above lakes is sometimes very good; they belong to the Crown and Lord Lisborn.) Gorast (4 m.), Fyrdryn-fach (7 m.), Du (7 m.), Gynon (7 m.), Fyrdryn-fawr (7½ m.), Figen-felan (8 m.).

**St. Harmon** (Radnor).—M.W.B. (c.s.) Marteg; trout. Wye; trout (4 m.). Dulas (4 m.). Ithon; trout (8 m.). Lakes: Fish pool (4 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)

**Swansea** (Glamorgan).—V. of N.B. & S.V.B. Tawe. Tawe rises 6 m. above **Penwyllt**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains Llyn Fan-fawr (n.s. **Penwyllt**, 5 m.). 2 m. down Tawe, near **Penwyllt**, Byfre, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. ½ m. down Tawe, Haffys, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Tawe, Llech, which rises 3 m. N.E. of **Colbren**, runs within 1 m. N. of the station, and joins Tawe 1 m. down. Tawe runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by Gialld. Gialld rises in Cefn rhudd (it can be reached from **Penwyllt** in 6 m. by taking the Haffys valley and crossing due W. from the head of the stream), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by Cyw, 3 m. long (n.s. **Ystaly-fera**, 5 m.). 2 m. down is Tawe, which runs to **Ystaly-fera**, 3 m. Here Twrch joins on right bank. Twrch rises 7 m. above **Gwys**, and at that place is joined on left bank by Gwyog, 6 m. long. Twrch joins Tawe 3 m. down. Tawe runs to **Ynys-y-geinon** 2 m., **Pont-ar-dawe** 3 m., **Glais** 3 m. Here Clydach, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Tawe runs to **Morrison** 3 m. and **Landore** 2 m. Here Ffyndrod, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tawe runs to **Swansea** and the sea in 3 m.

**Talgarth** (Brecon).—M.W.B. Llyfni. Enig. Dulais brook. Rhiangoll. Treffrwd (2 m.). (See *Chepstow*.) Grwyne; trout (6 m.)

**Tally Road** (Caermarthen).—C.W.B. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (c.s.)

- Dulas, Taliaris (3 m.). *Lakes*: Taliaris (3½ m.). (See *Caermarthen*.) Tally lakes (6 m.), Cothi (10 m.), Gorlech (10 m.).
- Tal-y-Bont** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.F.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Alwynd. Dyfferyn (3 m.), Hogwy (4½ m.). (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) Llyfni (2 m.), Llangorse lake (4 m.); pike, perch, &c. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tal-y-Llyn**.—There is a good hotel here, and boats on the lake. The fishing is fair, the fish averaging four to the pound. (See *Towyn* and *Tyn-y-Cormel*.) Tal-y-Llyn is midway between Dolgelly and Machynlleth. The Dysynni rises in Llyn-y-Cae, which is good fishing, and runs through Tal-y-Llyn.
- Tal-y-Llyn Junction** (Brecon).—Usk (2 m.); salmon, trout. Mehascia (2 m.). (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) *Lakes*: Llyfni. Llangorse (1 m.); pike, perch, &c. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tan-y-Bwlch**.—By staying at the Oakley Arms Hotel fair fishing can be obtained free in the lakes, Garenedd. Omnibuses from the hotel meet the trains at Tan-y-Bwlch station during the summer months.
- Templeton** (Pembroke).—P. & T.E. Carn (1½ m.). (See *Loveston*.)
- Tenby**.—(See *Llandilo*.)
- Tenby** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Good sea fishing here. Pollack and bass near Caldy and the Woodhouse rocks.
- Three Cocks Junction** (Brecon).—H.H. & B.R. Llyfni. Wye (1 m.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Three Cocks. Wye is preserved, but the landlord can often get leave for his guests. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tondu** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. Ogmores and Llynvi. (See *Bridgend*.)
- Torpaulan** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.F.R. Alwynd. (See *Newport*.)
- Towyn**.—2 m. off is the Dysynni. Salmon, sewin, and trout. Day tickets 1s. There are other streams for trout, which can be reached by rail. Tal-y-Llyn lake is 10 m. off, but a railway runs within 3 m. (See *Maentwrog, Tal-y-Llyn, Aberdovey*.) (c.s. *Dovey*.)
- Traed-y-rhiw** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trefeinon** (Brecon).—M.W.B. Llyfni. Cwm brook (1 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Trefforest** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trefriw**.—Conway. Salmon, trout. *Hotels*: Belle Vue and Penisa'r Pentre'. Tickets can be had at the hotel for the Gwydyr length of Conway as under: From May 1 to Aug. 31, 4l. From May 1 to June 30, m.t., 20s.; w.t., 10s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. From July 1 to Aug. 31, m.t., 50s.; w.t., 20s.; d.t., 4s. From Sept. 1 to 30, 4l.; fortnightly, 50s.; w.t., 30s. From Oct. 1 to Nov. 15, 8l.; fortnightly, 70s.; w.t., 40s. Tickets can also be had at the Eagles, Llanrwst; and Royal Oak, Waterloo, Gwydyr, and Glenaber Hotels, Bettws-y-Coed.
- Tregaron** (Cardigan).—M. & M.R. Teifi. Trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Talbot. Teifi is preserved, but the landlord can obtain leave. April, May, and June are the best months. (c.s.) Nant-y-Groes. Camddwr (2 m.), Fulbrook (2m.), Berwyn (2 m.), Docthan (5 m.). *Lakes*: Maes Llyn (2 m.), Berwyn (5 m.); good trouting. (See *Cardigan, Pont Rhydfendigand, and Caermarthen*.) (c.s. *Teifi*.)
- Treherbert** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Rhondda. Trout. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s. *Taff*.)
- Tylwch** (Montgomery).—M.W.B. Tylwch. Dulas (2½ m.) (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Tyn-y-Cormel**.—On the banks of the Tal-y-Llyn. A very good inn here. Trout. There are boats on the lake. The best flies are the red spinner, March brown, and cowdung; occasionally the alder and fern web. **Machynlleth** is the nearest town. (See *Tal-y-Llyn*.)
- Tyr-Phil** (Glamorgan).—R. & N.R. Rumney. Trout, salmon. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s.)
- Walnut Tree** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff. Salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Walwyns Castle** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Johnston*, 4 m.). Blickeston brook (trout) which joins Milford Haven 4 m. down.
- Welshpool** (Montgomery).—O. & N.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Sylvan brook. *Lakes*: Maesmawr pond (5 m. N.W.), Llyn Du (6 m. N.W.). (See *Llanfair, Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Whitland** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taff; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Whitland; fishing free. Lease (1 m.), Marias (1½ m.), Peni (3 m.), Garnas Brook (5 m.). (See *Laugharne, Cromware*.)
- Ynys-y-geinon** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Ystalyfera** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Tawe. Twrch. (See *Swansea*.)
- Ystrad** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Cowbridge river. (See *Cowbridge*.)



## A LIST OF FISHING STATIONS ABROAD.

### AFRICA.

**Cape of Good Hope.**—Very good sea-fishing in Table Bay. Nearly all the Cape fish take pieces of fish, mackerel being preferred. A very convenient bait for the smaller fish is got in the harbour of Simon's Bay, as well as, in a different form, in many parts of False Bay. It is found by means of three large hooks tied back to back and leaded, which are then gently dragged along the bottom; they soon stick in a lump of the bait, called "red bait," and composed of a number of cells, in appearance like transparent india-rubber, of a light colour, and not difficult to cut; the bait is inside these cells. The snook (*Thrysis atun*, Cuv. and Val.), which appears in vast multitudes at the commencement of summer, and continues till long into autumn, is something of the shape of the pike, and even more ravenous. They attack anything moving; thus they are easily caught with a piece of prepared shark skin, cut in eight or nine strips four inches long and one-eighth of an inch broad. At one end they are tied and wound on a thin piece of lead, having a small hole for the brass wire which is attached to the hook to pass through. The strips of skin, when in their place, fall over the hook, which is generally made of brass, the shank being quite straight, about three inches long, and the bend of the same shape as a common scythe, the barb also being filed off. On the head of the shark-skin arrangement a lead rests, the brass wires also passing through it. This lead is of the shape of a sugar loaf and about three inches long by one in diameter at the thickest part, tapering to half that thickness. The best fishing at the Cape is fishing with a twenty-foot long salmon rod, from the rocks at Kalk Bay, the fashionable watering-place of Cape Town. The fish caught are red and white steenbrass up to 45lb., kabeljauws up to 35lb., and sharks. The best time for this fishing is from September to March—in fact, during the snook season.

**Diamond Fields.**—The Vaal and Modder Rivers afford excellent sport. Principal fish, the "barba," a kind of silurus, which attains an immense size, and the yellow fish, which also runs large. The barba feeds principally by night, but may occasionally be caught by day, fishing on the bottom, and baiting with small fish. The yellow fish will take both worms and paste freely, fly occasionally, and is a game fish; the larger ones would probably take an artificial minnow. Both the barba and yellow fish are good eating, though the latter is rather bony. Tackle should be taken out from England, including strong gimp for the barba, and plenty of sound gut for the yellow fish.

**Mogador.**—Here and at the other ports along the coasts there is good sea-fishing when the surf permits. The numerous rivers of Morocco mostly contain the shebbel, or Barbary salmon, and also many tortoises, which the angler will find troublesome.

**Natal.**—There is very good sport to be obtained in the large Natal rivers, such as the Umgeni and Umkomanzi. Both these take their rise in the great Drakensberg Range, and after a course of between 150 and 200 miles debouch into the Indian Ocean; the former above, the latter below Durban. The Umgeni is a slow river compared to the Umkomanzi; good fishing both above and below the Falls. The Umkomanzi (Upper) is a fine rapid stream, with here and there long level reaches; a sandy and pebbly bottom (no mud). The fish consist of chiefly one or two sorts of barbel, roach, perch, and others. The fishing season is from September to the middle of April, during the summer or rainy season; the best time from early morning to 11 a.m., and again before sundown. After a good freshet, when the water is slightly discoloured, fish bite freely. Use ground bait, strong line with gimp hook. The rod must be strong, as the banks in many places are high and precipitous, affording no place to play and land a fish; so you must lift them out at once. Be careful not to fish too deep, because of the rocky bottom. The fish will not rise to flies. The mouths of small streams and gluts debouching into the Umkomanzi are favourite fishing spots. The Incwardini, a small and very winding river, flowing into the Umkomanzi, about thirty-six miles above Pietermaritzburg, has small but very sweet fish, averaging from 1lb. to 1½lb. Fishing can be got here when they will not bite in the larger rivers; fishing can also be got close to town in the Umsunduse. Houses there are none in this part, but any settler will be only too glad to entertain yourself and horse for the night.

## AMERICA.

**General Information.**—The flies should not be too large, and the gaudy Irish are best. Red and orange and green bodies are the most killing, both with trout and salmon. These are good: a blood-red body, ditto hackle, white wing, and gold twist; this, in different sizes, kills salmon, white trout, and brown trout. The other is, for salmon, a bright green body, ribbed with gold, dun hackle, teal and golden pheasant topping mixed for wing. The same fly answers for trout, taking off the wing, and leaving it a palmer. Of trolling tackle take some of extra large size. The best time to fish for salmon in the Canadian rivers is June—Halifax and Nova Scotia being somewhat earlier. The fishing in Halifax, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward's Island is remarkably good; the Gold River is one of the best. The Ristigouche, at the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, is also good. In the country about the head waters of the St. John's River trout run large. The best fishing is in the St. Anne's. The trout run larger in it than in any other stream in Canada. There is an Indian village named Rawdon, about forty miles north of Montreal. The Indians will conduct you to a series of lakes full of brown trout, and the large *Salmo ferox*. At Platsburg (the Saranac river there empties itself into the Champlain Lake) ascend the Saranac some thirty miles, or go back about forty miles from the Champlain, to a lake called Chateaugay, you will find a district of from fifty to sixty square miles, reaching down to Lake George; it is full of rivers and lakes. Independent of the lakes there is admirable trolling in the St. Lawrence, from Montreal to Lake Ontario, especially about the Thousand Islands, for bass, pike, and muskellunge, and also in the great lakes, where the latter fish run to an enormous size. The bass at times takes a red or yellow fly readily. The best bass fishing is about the Thousand Islands. St. Paul's or Bradore, on the Equimaux river, is a good locality.

There is ready access from Montreal to the Memphramagog Lake, which contains plenty of the large lake trout. The river that runs out of this lake is admirable about the middle of June. The fishing in Florida is good, but there is little variety. The black bass is the best, and will take a fly well, they run to 15lb. and 20lb. The devil fish is found in nearly all the bays of the Gulf of Mexico. There is good sport spearing them from a canoe. The flies best suited to the Godabout and most of the small rapid rivers to the north of the Gulf of St. Lawrence are plain, but largish brown, black, and grey hackles. There is fair trout fishing in Maine.

Salmon are plentiful in the rivers in the North of California, and the sea-fishing good. Through Idaho Territory flows Salmon River, containing a great abundance of salmon, which may be fished to advantage near a small mining town called Florence. Plenty of trout and red fish may also be caught.

The islands along the coast of the United States, such as West Island, Cuttyhunk, and the large group of the Elizabeth Islands, chief among which is Pasque Island, a few miles from New Bedford (eastward and joining Martha's Vineyard), have club-houses on them, and afford the finest salt-water angling. The principal game fishes are the striped bass, weakfish, and bluefish, besides porgies, tautog, sea bass, flukes, and flounders.

A set of clothing for winter and summer is necessary. For the latter, stout twilled unbleached linen is good; for the former, velveteens and corduroys are good, not forgetting waterproof and a good pilot coat for boat work. In camping out, all unnecessary incumbrances should be avoided; and, in packing, it is as well to class things under different heads, such as "Daily wanted," "Occasionally wanted," "Necessary, but seldom wanted." These should occupy different boxes. Hammocks are indispensable; rugs are better than blankets. All the cooking utensils should have long handles.

An expedition to the wilds is expensive. If alone you require two Indians. It is almost impossible for two men to fish from the same canoe. It is necessary to take tea, rice, bacon, biscuits, and flour. In engaging Indians go to the village and call on the chief, make him a little present, and tell him what men you want, and promise to give him another present if they behave well.

## CANADA.

**General Information.**—The Saguenay River contains plenty of salmon and sea trout. The salmon ascend the Ste. Marguerite, the Little Saguenay (or Beaver), the St. John, and they remain some time just above tide water, and rise well. The sea trout do not enter the smaller rivers until late in the autumn, with the exception of the Ste. Marguerite. The sea trout take the scarlet ibis and red palmer well. It is said the Saguenay is more free of "fly" than any other stream in Canada. There are a very few streams in Upper Canada where fly-fishing is to be had, owing to the drift wood. Lower Canada is far better. The lakes near Quebec and the rivers in the eastern townships afford good trouting. The fishing is best early in spring and late in autumn, unless you are impervious to black flies. The best place for taking muskellunge is the river Severn, which flows into the Georgian Bay, and in one or two small lakes in the Indian territory to the east of the river. They take the spoon well. There are fair quarters at the village of Orelia on the Severn, at a place called Welshpool or Sparrow Lake. There is good black bass fishing here, the muskellunge ground being about five miles lower down the river. There are many trout at Sault St. Marie. Ordinary Scotch flies kill well; "Jock Scott," silver doctor, dusty miller, and the butcher are good. Local flies are plain ones, tied with dark turkey or mallard wings, with a bit of blue in the shoulders; bodies and hackle varied according to

size and colour of the water. Grey, black, and claret all kill in turn. Generally speaking, there is no free fishing in Canada. The fisheries are held by the lessees of the Crown or the riparian owners. Rivers are often to be rented, or rods to let for a time. The principal rivers on the south side of the Gulf of St Lawrence are the York, Cascapédias (2), Metapédias, Bestigouche, Miramichi, Nepisiguit; on the north side, Marguerite, Godabout, Moysie, Romaine, Natysquan, and Mingan. Those on the south side are most accessible. To reach the north rivers arrangements must be made to hire from Gaspe or Rimonski. In the Jupiter river Anticosti Island is excellent salmon fishing. For all the rivers two canoemen for each rod, and a cook for the whole party, are necessary. Good men are obtainable at most of the stations, and by many, Indians are preferred. Tents are necessary. Pork, molasses, tea, and flour are essentials. Preserved soups and vegetables are very portable. All pots and pans should have long handles; and don't forget an axe and an augur. The Government overseers are very civil and obliging, and are ever willing to afford the stranger every possible information. The first fish that ascend the Miramichi in the spring are the gaspereaux, or alewives; they come up in immense shoals about the middle of May, poking along close to the banks. After depositing their spawn these fish return to the sea in the month of June. Immediately after the gaspereaux the sea trout run. Salmon commence to come into the river about June 1, and continue till August. July is the best month for fly-fishing. Small-sized flies kill best on all the New Brunswick waters. The following are good:—1. One turn gold tinsel; one ditto orange floss silk; tail, golden pheasant top; body, very dark claret pig's wool, ribbed with gold tinsel; hackle, two small bright claret hackles; wing, dark brown mallard or turkey, mixed with a little wood duck, and two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, black ostrich. 2. One turn silver tinsel; two ditto black ostrich; tail, mixed wood duck, mallard, and flamingo; body, light grey pig's wool, ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two dark grey mottled cock's hackles; shoulder, one turn bright red hackle; wing, mixed wood duck, mallard, and guinea fowl, with two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, ostrich.

Some sixty miles from Fredericton the road crosses from the right to the left bank of the S.W. Miramichi. The main river here is too wide and sluggish; but further on the road crosses two tributaries, the Kenous and Dungarvon—capital salmon streams. A few miles above the town of Newcastle the road crosses the north-west branch of the Miramichi, a large and deep river, rich in fish. Shad, too, are abundant; also trout. Further on is the town of Chatham. Twenty miles beyond Chatham is a wayside inn, situate on a noted trout stream. The best pools are eight or ten miles down stream. There is no road, and not water enough to float a canoe. Flies cannot stand the full blaze of the sun, neither do they like a breeze of wind; therefore, the more open and exposed the situation, the better for a fisherman's camp. A veil fastened round the crown of a broad-brimmed hat, and round the neck, with elastic bands, and kept clear of the face by means of hoops like a crinoline, is an assistance. Of unguents several are used, the cleanest being the least effective, the dirtiest the most so. Mixtures of penny-royal and almond oil, and of oil of tar and turpentine in equal parts, are of some use; but creosote mixed with grease is the best. Carbolic oil is also good. It is a rare occurrence to raise a salmon in the Tabucintac, but the trout fishing is as near perfection as possible. Another twenty-mile stage, and you reach the Nepisiguit. At its mouth is the little town of Bathurst; remain at the hotel kept by a Mr. Welberg. The Nepisiguit is probably one of the most accessible rivers in North America. Twenty miles from the sea salmon are stopped in their ascent by the falls. The angling of the whole river is divided into four sections. The lower section of the Nepisiguit extends some six or eight miles from the mouth, and includes the "rough waters"—a series of beautiful ledgy pools. In the early part of the season—viz., the last of June and first of July—this section is the best on the river. Next comes the "Pabineau." This section comprises the Pabineau Falls. The next section is the "Chain of Rocks;" this is very good at a certain pitch of water, and generally near the end of the season. The Grand Falls is a lovely spot. There is some cramped casting on the river; but no long casts to speak of. The extreme clearness of the water necessitates fine tackle and small flies, particularly at the falls. The Frenchmen on the river are capital fellows. Their tariff is a dollar and a quarter a day, and they furnish their own canoes. The best part of the Nepisiguit is now in private hands. Two little rivers run into Bathurst Bay, and are both on the fence list. One of them, the Tête-à-gouche, is dammed two miles from the mouth; but a ladder has been constructed. When there is enough water, it sometimes affords good sport. From Bathurst northwards to Bestigouche, the Intercolonial Railway follows the shore of the Bay of Chaleurs, crossing numbers of little rivers of more or less interest to the trout-fisher, but only two salmon streams, Jacquet and Charlo. Both have been shamefully over-fished. Sixty miles from Bathurst, we come to the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, to the little town of Dalhousie. As we run up on the New Brunswick side of the Bestigouche we see opposite to us the mouth of Escuminac, where there is capital sea-trout fishing, and a few miles farther on reach Cambelton, where the real river commences. For twenty miles above Cambelton the main stream is rather large to be fished comfortably. The first good pool is at the mouth of Upsalutich, and for thirty or forty miles above that again there is plenty of nice fishing water, about the best of which is at the mouth of Patapediac. In choosing men to accompany them anglers cannot do better than select noted spearmen; these men are necessarily splendid canoers, and well acquainted with the haunts of the fish. Both lumbermen and Indians can always be hired with their canoes for one dollar per diem, or



rather less if engaged by the month. Prefer the latter; they talk less and do more. The Upsalguitch, a tributary of the Restigouche, is itself a large river, and full of likely pools. The fish are smaller than in the main river or any of the other tributaries, but take the fly freely. It is at present rented by an American gentleman. At the head of this stream a portage of two miles enables the voyager to put his canoe on the Nepisiguit, from whence he can either go down that river to the sea, or by another short portage go on to Tobique river, and from thence to St. John. So also at the head of the main Restigouche there is another short portage to the St. John. The water of the Restigouche being very clear, and the casting heavy, the fisherman must combine a powerful rod with tolerably fine tackle. The flies are a trifle larger than those used on Nepisiguit\* and Miramichi. The subjoined advertisement has recently appeared:—"V.R.—Salmon Angling. Department of Marine and Fisheries, Fisheries Branch, Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1879. Written offers will be received to April 1 next, for the Angling Privileges of the following rivers: North Shore—Kegashka, Wataheeshoo, Washeecootai, Romaine, Musquarrou, Pashasheebou. Cornelle, Agwanus, Magpie, Trout, St. Marguerite, Pentecost, Mistassini, Becsac; Baie des Chaleurs—Little Cascapedia, Nouvelle, Escumeneac; Malhaie (near Perce); South Shore—Magdalen, Montlouis; New Brunswick—Tobique, Nashwaak, Jacquet, Charlo; Anticosti Island—Jupiter, Salmon. Rent per annum to be stated; payable in advance. Leases to run for from one to five years. Lessees to employ guardians at private cost. By order, W. F. Whiteher, Commissioner of Fisheries."

**Bathurst.**—Inter-Colonial Railway. On Nepisiguit. Salmon. There are twenty miles of salmon water, divided into several sections. The lowest near Bathurst is Rough Waters, held by the Government, who permit fishing for a dollar a day; but it is terribly poached. The rest of the river is taken up.

**Bytown.**—Hire a canoe and fish in the Rideau Canal. There is admirable trolling for pike and muskellunge.

**Halifax.**—The Sackville river flows into the head of the basin. It is a fine salmon and trout stream. About fifteen miles away are some beautiful lakes. You can easily arrange to lodge at a farmhouse in the neighbourhood. The trout-fishing is first-rate. There is salmon fishing in the neighbourhood. Sea fishing very good.

**Lennoxville.**—Some 95 miles from Montreal on the Grand Trunk line. There is good trouting in the Massawippi and St. Francis rivers, which join here.

**Metapediae** (New Brunswick).—Inter-Colonial Railway. On Metapediae. Salmon. There is a fishing inn here, kept by one Frazer, where fair sport can be had for a dollar a day.

**Quebec.**—Near here is the Jacques-Cartier, a fair river, when in condition; the salmon run large. A good plan is to take a boat down the St. Lawrence, fishing the rivers that run into it. The first river is the Malbay; the fishing is nothing particular. The next stream is the Saguenay. It is remarkable for its depth. Good sport is to be had in all the tributaries of this stream. The Escoumagne is a most excellent river for salmon and white trout. White trout fishing in Canada is confined to the mouths of the streams in the ebb and flow of the tide. The best fishing is about five miles up, in a large pool under a fall. The Port Neuf is the next river. It is a good-looking stream, but not worth much. There is a good pool about a mile up the river. About thirty miles farther down are the Bustard and Mainscougan rivers. The fishing is very good. In all the lakes in the neighbourhood large ferox can be taken trolling.

**Sherbrooke.**—On the Grand Trunk line. Some sixteen miles off lies Memphremagog Lake. Trout and muskellunge. There are good hotels on various points, and the lake steamer runs constantly. The upper end of the lake is best.

## CENTRAL AMERICA.

**General Information.**—All along the coast of Nicaragua and Mosquito territory there is an abundance of the sea fish common to the West Indies and the tropical waters of the Atlantic. The various turtles are taken in great quantities, especially on the small bays in the neighbourhood. In the shallow water which breaks over the dangerous sand-bar at the entrance of Greytown harbour are swarms of sharks. Within the lagoon are plenty of the American crocodile (*Molania Americana*). All along the St. Juan River, and in the large freshwater lakes of Nicaragua and Managua, there is found a small species of freshwater turtle, of which both flesh and eggs are eaten. The most notable, however, is the manatee (*Manatus Australis*), which, when dried and salted, is a standard article of food among the Indians. In the great lakes is also found a large freshwater shark, said to be as dangerous and voracious as its salt-water cousin. Amongst the freshwater fish the best, both in lake and river, are the guapote, mojarro, and savallo. They are all good eating, grow to a good size, and take a fly or bait with readiness.

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

**General Information.**—The salmon fishing is very poor; sea-trout fishing very good when the fish are running. It is no use for sea trout before the end of July. The salmon

\* This is a good change: 1 turn silver tinsel, 1 ditto orange floss silk, 2 ditto black ostrich; tail 1 golden topping; body, black floss silk ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two bright orange cock's hackles, with two turns black at shoulder; wing, wild gobbler with a little wood duck and Argus pheasant mixed, and two or three sprigs orange macaw; head, black ostrich.

take the fly very badly. On the west side of Hall's Bay debouches Indian Brook, a capital salmon and sea trout stream. Sea fishing in abundance, often quite inshore.

**Trinity.**—Some 60 m. from St. John's. There is good trouting here, fish running large.

### UNITED STATES.

**General Information.**—The sea fishing is very good and varied along both Atlantic and Pacific coasts. At Eagle Lake, Texas, there is capital black bass, perch, and catfish fishing. The lake is within 1 m. of the railway station, and boats can be hired.

**St. Paul's (Minnesota).**—Near here is Lake Minnetonka. Here is Lake Park Hotel, very comfortable, where boats and fishermen can be had. Fishing very good; no trout, but plenty of bass, pike, muskelonge.

### WEST INDIES.

**Bermuda.**—The lagoons and inside the coral reefs are alive with strange fish, from the shark down to the beautifully tinted sergeant-major.

## ASIA.

### ASIA MINOR.

**Sabanga.**—There is a large lake here full of pike, silaris, &c. The accommodation is bad.

### INDIA.

**General Information.**—There is excellent mahseer fishing in the Punjab, in the North west Provinces and in Central India, in all rivers running through hilly or mountainous country. As a rule, all rivers rising in the Himalayas hold mahseer, as well as the rivers rising in the elevated plateau of Central India; but these rivers are only fishable as long as their course is through hilly and rocky country. It is little use fishing in the plains. Fishermen are recommended to take with them two greenheart salmon rods, spliced (Castle Connell rods are the best), as in hot climates the ferrules of braized rods are apt to become loose and to fall off, with reels holding from 150 to 200 yards plaited hemp or silk line; a 12ft. or 14ft. trout rod, reel, and line; several hanks of good fresh salmon gut (avoid gimp); a stock of gaudy salmon flies, not too large (about No. 5 Limerick); a large stock of golden spoons, gilt on both sides; phantoms, &c.; swivels, treble gut, spinning traces, triangles, split rings, &c.; and a good big gaff (not forgetting cobbler's wax).

**Burma.**—A fly and trolling rod would be the best to take. As for tackle, take a few bright-coloured flies. Some bottom fishing may be had on the lake at Rangoon, for which a boat is necessary. Up the river to Thayetmyo very large cat-fish may be taken; they are very strong and give tolerable sport, but are filthy fish in their feeding. Any large coarse bait will take them. There is fly-fishing on the river that leads to Tonghoo, and fish have been taken at a place called Shaygeno; this stream, unlike the muddy Irrawaddy, is clear in parts. Take plenty of gut of different strengths, a few bright spinning baits, plenty of hooks of all sizes, casting lines of course, and some small bright trout flies. Cobbler's wax, too, is unknown in these parts, and should be carried in a tin box, because of the heat.

**Hurdwar.**—On the Ganges, where it leaves the Dhoon, good fishing up as far as Bikkikate, about 20 miles from where the Ganges leaves the Himalayas, where the best fishing is to be had. Fish run very large. There is a species of pike or fresh-water shark, and sometimes a mahseer, to be killed in the Ganges and Jumna canals.

**Jhelum.**—In the north the Jhelum affords splendid mahseer fishing at Tangrote (about 25 miles above the town of Jhelum, which is reached by rail), where it is joined by the Poonch river. There is a good bungalow at Tangrote for the accommodation of travellers, and supplies are plentiful. It is best to fish from a boat, several of which, with boatmen who understand their work, can be hired on the spot. The most deadly bait is a large golden spoon, fishing very deep. One should use very strong tackle, as the fish run very large (up to 50lb.), and are very game. An 18ft. salmon rod, with 200 yards of line and the strongest and newest treble gut spinning tackle, are recommended. Best months—March and April, September and October.

**Madras.**—In the most round Fort St. George, there are some large fish, which take a salmon fly well. Use treble gut, as they will bite through single.

**Nowgong Cantonment (Bundelcund),** reached by road from Cawnpore or Futehpore on the E.I. Railway. There is very good mahseer fishing in the Dessau, 5 miles from Nowgong, in October and early in November, also in March, April, and May. A kind of trout rises well to the fly. The mahseer in this river do not rise so readily to a fly or minnow as to a small pellet of paste about the size of a pea, thrown like a fly in the rough water. A very small triangle should be used instead of a single hook, as the paste is not so easily flipped off in throwing, and a triangle will hold a lively fish better than a small single hook. The Betwa near Jhansi, the Kane above Banda, and the Sone in Bewah, are all first-class rivers for mahseer, with the chance of a shot at a crocodile or tiger. The large artificial lakes of Bundelcund—whose swampy margins are frequented

by thousands of snipe in the winter months—are well stocked with coarse fish, roho (a species of carp) running up to 30lb. or 40lb., and a kind of pike also growing to a great size. Roho take a small pellet of paste (the water having previously been baited) on a small hook with fine tackle, and the pike are killed with frogs or live bait. Fishing with a cast of small trout flies of an evening, one may kill great numbers of small fish, not unlike sprats, called "chilwa."

**Nowshera.**—By rail to Goojerat. Drive 20 miles to Bhimber, then two marches (about 25 miles) on the Cashmere road to Nowshera, on the Tawi river, where there is a travellers' rest-house. There is good mahseer fishing for about 25 miles up the Tawi to **Rajaori**, and for some distance down, as far as its junction with the Chenab. There are rest-houses at **Chungus** (about 12 miles) and **Rajaori**, and supplies are plentiful. Best months—March, April, and May, August, September, and October. This is not a snow river, and the best fishing is to be had in August and September between the showers. Three marches will take one from Nowshera to Chowmook or to Kotli on the Poonch.

**Poonch.**—From Tangrote one may have splendid sport for about 50 miles up the Poonch river as far as the city of Poonch. There are travellers' rest-houses at about every 10 or 12 miles, and supplies are plentiful; but, as the road does not always follow the river, it is advisable to take tents. There are rest-houses for travellers at Chowmook, Kotli, and Sairee, all close to the river, and there is a good bungalow at Poonch. Starting from Tangrote in March or April, one can fish up the Poonch river till the beginning of June, the large fish running up as the season advances. Fish deep in rough water, and keep out of sight, as the water is remarkably bright, except when snow-broth is coming down, and the fish wary. After fishing up to Poonah one can cross over into Cashmere, distant five or six marches, where good fishing can be had in the Jhelum. Some heavy mahseer are to be killed at **Sopur**, spinning a natural bait, and fishing deep just below the bridge. Higher up the river, above where it runs into the Walloor Lake, some fine fish (something like trout, or at least spotted like them), up to 8lb. or 10lb., can be killed spinning a small artificial minnow or phantom from a boat. One should let out a lot of line and get the boatman to paddle slowly up stream. June is the best month; but, as mosquitos are troublesome at night, muslin mosquito curtains should be taken. Some nice mahseer are to be killed in the **Sind** river just above its junction with the Jhelum at **Shadipoor**. All up the Jhelum as far as Islamabad numbers of small so-called trout can be killed with a mulberry, and occasionally a good one with a minnow, especially between the bridges at **Srinaggur**. At Islamabad some capital fishing may be had, the so-called trout rising readily to a trout fly or to a mulberry, or to a small pellet of paste used as a fly. At the end of August or beginning of September one should commence to fish down from Poonch, finishing up at Tangrote in October. There is heavy rain in August and September, and the best fishing is to be had after a spate. There is no snow-broth at this season. To fish the Poonch and tributaries use an 18ft. salmon rod and 150 yards of line; gaudy salmon flies (about No. 5 Limerick) and golden spoons. The fish run large, and are very game, especially those of from 10lb. to 20lb. Fish up to about 15lb. take a salmon fly readily, but the most deadly bait for the large fish is a golden spoon gilt on both sides. Use treble gut for spinning, but single gut for fly fishing.

**Rajaori.**—On the Towhi. There are plenty of mahseer here, but they run small.

**Sopur.**—On the Sulej. At the foot of the hills good mahseer fishing, the fish running very large.

**Sialkote.**—In November there is good fishing to be had in the Chenab where it is joined by the Tawi about 15 miles above the cantonment of Sialkote, which is reached by rail to Wazeerabad, and thence by stage carriage.

**Solun.**—On the high road from Kalka to Simla there is good mahseer fishing in the Giri river, a tributary of the Jumna, near Solun.

**Tangrote.**—First rate mahseer fishing, the fish running very large. (*See Thelum.*)

## JAPAN.

**General Information.**—The streams of the interior contain a trout-like fish, which the Japanese, who are expert anglers, catch with native-made flies; but it is impossible to get leave. Around the coast, however, there is plenty of good salt-water fishing obtainable at any time. Bonita and albacore afford capital sport, and a large mackerel-shaped fish, about six feet in length, takes live bait readily, and is strong enough to pull an unwary hand out of the boat. The best tackle to take will be large and small spoons, rigged with strong swivels and gimp nozzling, and an assortment of sea-hooks. Lines of native manufacture fully equal if they are not superior to any that are made at home, can be procured in the Japanese shops.

## MAURITIUS.

**General Information.**—All round the island rivers flow to the sea from the elevated interior, which is very rainy. In these rivers there are large eels, and a fish called a carp by the Mauritians. There is also in the Grand River and Black River a freshwater mullet, called a "sheet." Both the carp and the sheet take a fly. A more deadly way of catching them is with a large live grasshopper, and in this way fish of 2lb. and 3lb. are caught. Large-sized gaudy flies are the most killing. Into many tanks and ponds in the island have been introduced from China the gourami, a game fish. They grow up to 20lb., and are

usually caught with wasp grubs. The carp, so called by the Mauritians, is a grey perch. It is a very game fish, fond of the most rapid eddies, and rises boldly to a fly. Carp are never caught above any of the falls unless there are side channels at an easy gradient, as for instance on Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, at the falls from the reservoir, and those below Beau Basin. At Grande Rivière, Sud-est, a fall occurs within a half-a-mile of the mouth of the river; no carp can be caught on the river above that; while below—the river so far is tidal, and must be fished from a boat, the banks being precipitous—are a great number of carp, particularly under the falls, and at the foot of the projecting cliff, in which is the cave with the statue of Notre Dame de la Misericorde at the entrance. Carp are caught with a live prawn among the breakers on the bar at the mouth of the Rivière des Aiguilles, and not ten yards inside, in the short space of tidal water, are caught with a fly. With regard to flies; on Tamarind River—the best river—an imitation of a large yellow-bodied grasshopper, common in that part, is killing; also of young wasps; earlier still after rain an imitation wasp grub of dirty yellow chenille, or a strip of wash leather on a slip of cork. On Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, a small green grasshopper kills well, as also the green and yellow cabbage grub. On this river on hot clear days fish are taken with a small lizard an inch long, cut out of indiarubber. It is just the colour of the common lizard there when it comes out of the egg. Where the Reduit and Rouge Rivers run in is a good spot. All the rivers on the south coast are good, especially the Rivière des Aiguilles, where fish run larger than elsewhere. The deep and sequestered pool under the waterfall on the little river Bain des Negresses is said to hold some peculiarly large ones, but the pool is most difficult of access, owing to a belt of swamp and luxuriant tropical jungle. There is a rock overhanging the pool, some sixty or seventy feet perpendicularly above it, and from it a line may be dropped. There is a fair river at Flacq, on the north-east of the island, and more easily fished than most of the others. The sheet are principally found on the upper waters of the rivers; Grande Rivière, Sud-est, where there are no carp, being the best. The immense eels that affect the rocky pools, half filled with boulders beneath the waterfalls, are difficult to catch. Even when hooked, if they once succeed in getting hold of the boulders that form the bottom and sides of the pools there is no chance of getting them out. A live duckling, with a couple of strong hooks on gimp secured beneath its wings, is the best bait, as the eel will take that about dawn or twilight, and may then be run ashore before he has time to recover from his surprise. These eels are four to six feet long, and as large round as a man's thigh, so a stout stick or an axe will be wanted to quiet them.

## EUROPE.

### AUSTRIA.

**Ansee** (Styria).—Trout and grayling. (See Ischl.)

**Bregenz**.—On Lake Constance. (See Switzerland, Constance.)

**Buda Pesth**.—Similar fishing as at Pressburg. The Margaretherr Insel (Margaret Island), a short distance from the capital—steamboats every half-hour—contains two restaurants, and capital bank fishing; no charge for angling. Platten See (*Balaton Lake*) is near Pesth. Large pike, perch, wels, burbolt, pike-perch, bream, and schneider (or cutler fish). The latter has a knife-like edge along the belly; they are herring-size. From Pesth go to Siofok, per railway; put up at Mr. Karlberger's hotel, who will give free permission to fish the lake. Off the jetty is capital perch fishing. The bait, a portion of a raw cray fish (the universal bait for large fish). A steamboat crosses the lake daily in three-quarters of an hour to Fuered, a mineral water bathing place. Boats to be had here, but none at Siofok.

**Forchheim**.—Between Miremburg and Bamberg. At Muggendorf, on Wiesent, good trout and grayling fishing can be had. Leave can be obtained.

**Gmunden**.—On Traun. There is a lake here. The Sonne is a good inn. The fishing from hence to Ischl is good.

**Hallstadt**.—See Ischl.

**Innsbruck** (Tyrol).—At Mittenwald, on the Bavarian frontier, the Isar contains trout and grayling; leave is easily procurable. Three hours' drive from Mittenwald is Partenkirchen, two hours distant from which is Eib See, containing coarse fish. The fishing is let to a professional. An hour from Mittenwald, at the village of Krün, is a small lake, containing trout. Walchensee, some three hours from Mittenwald, is a post station on the lake of the same name, which contains fine trout, as does Kochel See, a lake half an hour's walk from one end of Walchensee. These lakes are rented by various people, who doubtless would give leave. Boats can be had. Walchensee is the only station on that lake, but on Kochel See there are two, Kochel and another place. Close to Leefeld, a small village two-and-a-half hours from Innsbruck, is a small lake containing trout.

**Ischl**.—On Traun. The landlady of the Kaiserin Elizabeth has large fishery rights as far as Hallstadt. Below the falls there are plenty of Huchen. Permission must be obtained. (See Gmunden.) The Grundlesee is twenty-four miles from here. A conveyance runs from Ischl to Ansee, three miles from the lake, and on the borders of the lake is a very comfortable hotel, the Erzherzog Johann. The fern fly, Hoffland's fancy, and the coch-a-bonddhu are good flies on Traun, and wading is necessary. On Grundlesee the trolling with

artificial bait is good, but they must be large. It is a good plan to troll up the Grundlesee to the Töplitzsee which is joined to the former by the Traun. There is good fly-fishing in Töplitzsee, especially by two waterfalls. For this lake use Hoffland's fancy, dressed large, and No. 2 body, crimson mohair ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, the starling or mallard; hook, No. 6 or 7 Limerick. (See St. Gilgen.) The water near Goisern, an hour's distance from the Hallstatter See, on the Ischl road, is very good. A couple of hours on the road to Salzburg brings you to the Wolfanger See. There are two stations here, St. Gilgen, on the Salzburg road, and Wolfgang, a village on the opposite side, where there is a small but clean and comfortable inn. The lake contains very large trout, pike, char, chub, and other white fish. From Wolfgang you can fish the Schwarz See, a lake about an hour and a half up the Schaffberg mountain. The trout rise freely. A couple of hours' drive from Wolfgang is Fuschel See, containing plenty of char and white fish, and a few big trout. There are two stations here, Fuschel, at the mouth of the lake, and Hof, near its head. Permission to fish in Wolfanger See and Fuschel See is obtainable at the inns. Eight miles from Hof, over the hills to the left of the Salzburg-road, is Hinter See, containing good trout, which rise well. The fishery is rented by the head forester of the district. Hof is two hours from Salzburg.

**Jenbach** (Tyrol).—On the Innsbruck line. Achen See lies near. We understand that it is let to a professional fisherman, in which case permission is easy. Trout very large.

**Kochel**.—See Innsbruck.

**Kufstein**.—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours' walk from here is a lake by the village of Bernstat.

**Lambach**.—Half-way between Lintz and Gmunden, on Alm and Traun, great quantities of grayling. Leave can be obtained.

**Meran** (Tyrol).—The rivers Etsch and Passer are accessible from here, but they are too near their mountain sources to be good for angling.

**Pressburg** (Hungary).—On the Danube. Excellent fishing for all kinds of large fish off the promontories within a short distance of the town. A spinning bait most useful for pike-perch, which are caught here occasionally of 80lb. in weight. Wels are fished for with live baits, near the bottom, and are taken up to 300lb. in weight, and more; they are also fished for with a live duck as bait. The Neutra, a branch of the Danube, is a more sluggish stream, and abounds with wels, barbel, and perch; also a fish of the shad species, called zaerthe. Anglers' licence is five gulden, or ten shillings per annum.

**Reutte**.—An hour's walk from here, at the village of Heuterwang, are three lakes—the Heuterwang See, a quarter of an hour's walk from the village, the Plan See, and the Bach See, the source of the Arch. The fishing belongs to a peasant of Heuterwang. All fish caught must be given up alive, or paid for at the market price. Fridays and Saturdays only can the boats be obtained, unless a high price be paid. The fish are rhenken, running up to 6lb., char and trout. The little stream by the village is a good spot. There is a clean little inn here, the Grosse Wirthshaus. It is necessary to order meat some time in advance. There is a lake near Ehrwald, a village three hours distant from Heuterwang, containing plenty of trout; the master of the inn here has the right of fishing. Near Lermoos are two lakes, one close to the Innsbruck-road, and another, Weisze See, near the village of Biberweir; this last lake contains plenty of char, though no trout. The master of the Post Inn at Lermoos holds the fishery rights, as also of a small stream holding a few trout. There are two small lakes, with a boat on them, close to the Innsbruck-road, two hours from Lermoos, which contain trout. The master of the inn of the village of Nassereth has the fishery rights. At Weissenbach, one station on from Heuterwang, is the Lech, containing a few trout and grayling; the fishing free. Some hours up the river, in Lechthal, the trouting is much better. One hour's drive from Weissenbach is the village of Nesselwangle, the commune of which holds the fishery rights of the Holden See, containing large pike and white fish; there is no doubt leave would readily be granted; the accommodation here is good. At the village of Tannheim, some distance from Nesselwangle, are lakes Vils-Alper See and Trau-Alper See, containing trout, char, coregoni, and plenty of perch; the latter lake lies an hour's climb above the former. The fisherman who owns the fishing readily gives leave; accommodation very bad. Schattwald is the next village; accommodation good. The Vils runs close by, containing plenty of trout. The parish priest owns the fishery, and grants leave. Three hours' drive brings you to Immenstadt, on the Munich and Constance line.

**Schmeks** (Hungary).—Fair fishing.

**St. Gilgen**.—Good fishing, trout and grayling, three miles from Ischl. Good trolling.

**Salzburg**.—See Ischl.

**Vienna**.—Excellent fishing for salmo hucho, wels, pike, perch, barbel, &c., in the Danube, close to the town. The fishers here use brass wire lines, and throw them with a heavy lead attached into the rapid stream, and now and then haul up a monster wels.

**Walchensee**.—See Innsbruck.

### BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG.

**General Information**.—There is fair trout and grayling fishing in the Semoy and Bocq. The Ourthe, near Houffalize contains trout and grayling, and large chub, and is good for general fishing. A few salmon trout are netted occasionally near Tilff. The Hoyobx, which joins the Meuse at Huy, is full of large trout, but is very strictly preserved. Fair general sport can be had in the Ambleve. Aywaille is a good spot. In the Mollignée the trout are

plentiful, but small; this river joins the Meuse at Moulin. At Tagnion on Ambleve, and in a tributary near, fair trouting can be had. Tagnion is near Spa. Hamolx, on the Huy-road, is a good fishing quarter on the opposite side of the Ourthe. Fair accommodation can be had. There is good fishing in the Lesse near Chanly, which can be reached from Grumont on the Great Luxembourg line.

**Comblain la Tour.**—On the Ourthe and Ambleve. Trout, roach, chub, and few salmon late in the season.

**Rocheirch** (Luxembourg).—On Wiltz. Trout, chub. Fishing good, and preserved by the landlord of the Hotel des Ardennes. Fishing begins April 1, and ends in November. Fishing licence 3 fr. per annum.

**Dinant.**—The Bocq runs six miles from here, close by the village of Spontin. The river rises between the villages of Sey and Mohiville, and joins the Meuse at Yvoir; trout are plentiful. The red and black hackles are good flies. Leave can be obtained for some portion of the water from the owner of the Hotel de la Tête D'Or; also from the burgo-master of the village of Purnode. At the former place the Meuse contains plenty of the coarser kind of fish, and abounds in the queer fish called Hotische, or Hoteux. It has no longer any salmon, and few trout. Le Salm gives fair trout fishing. Station, Vielsalm. The Lesse joins Meuse about one and a half miles above the town. The fishing is very good. Rocheirch is the best place to stop at. The railway runs through the place.

**Euy.**—Hotel du Monton Bleu. Some good trouting can be had in the neighbourhood.

**Liege.**—On Ourthe. Roach, chub, and gudgeon.

**Marloie.**—On Ourthe. Fair fishing.

**Namur.**—On the Meuse. Chub. A few trout, barbel, perch, and pike. Above Namur the river is clear and rapid, but below slow and dirty.

**Rochefort** (Ardennes).—On Lesse. Trout and grayling. Good fishing, but all preserved. A day or two may sometimes be had. Apply to landlord of Hotel de la Cloche D'Or. Some distance below the river runs through an estate belonging to the King of the Belgians, and ten miles down joins Meuse. There is a good inn here. Three miles below Rochefort another good stream joins Lesse. The Semoy runs near here.

**Spa.**—Hotel D'York and others. On Wyal. Some little fishing can be had 2 m. down the river. There are no fish by Spa.

## DANUBIAN PRINCIPALITIES.

**Cervanoda.**—See Kustendjee.

**Kustendjee.**—On the Black Sea. There is a rail from here to Cervanoda. Good accommodation at either place. Fair fishing in the Danube, consisting of the shaden, reaching 350lb.; the deek, 400lb.; the shill, 40lb.; the forgoache, 50lb.; the hoochan, 70lb.; the stirl, 20lb.; also sturgeon, pike, trout, carp, &c. There is a large lake an hour's walk from here containing many heavy fish, especially the *Lucio perca*.

## ICELAND—DENMARK.

**Reykjavik.**—There are eight salmon rivers within from one hour to six days' journey. Salmon fishing is mostly very poor, owing to the persistent use of nets in every spot where the riparian farmers can set one with effect. Very fair sport is to be had, however, by renting a river or buying the nets off a portion of one. The eight rivers are (1) the Ellidáar, one hour from Reykjavik. Herra Thomsen, its owner, resides at Reykjavik, and lets the fishing to anglers at 10s. 6d. per day. (2) The Laxá, in Kjós, one day's ride from the capital. The whole river is to be rented for from 60*l.* to 100*l.* Application to be made to the priest at Reynivellir. Excellent accommodation at that place. (3) The Minni Laxá and (4) Stæra Laxá, distant two days' journey. Quarters at Gröf farm and Hrúni parsonage. (5) The Leirárvogar Laxá, distant two days' ride. The nets could be bought off this river for about 20*l.*; it is believed the fishing would then be very good. Quarters at Llerá farm. (6) and (7) Grimsá and Nordrá, two tributaries to the Western Hvítá; three days' ride, or one day by boat, from Reykjavik. Good quarters at Hvítárvellir and Thverá farms. (8) The Laxá falling into the Straumfjardar Ös; one and a half days by boat, and six days' ride, from Reykjavik. Quarters at Miklaholt parsonage. Good trout fishing in Thingvallá lake, one day's ride, and in its outlet (Sog). The trout run up to 7lb. Quarters at the farms. There is also good trout fishing in nearly all the rivers that do not drain glaciers. There are now two good hotels at Reykjavik—the Hotel Iceland, newly built, and the Alexandra, formerly the Merchants Club-house. As travelling is mainly on pony-back, take an English saddle well stuffed, also a portable tent, waterproof rug, and a pair of thick Canadian blankets to sleep in, preserved soups and meats, cheese, ham, biscuits, oatmeal for porridge, and some such cooking apparatus as the "Rob Roy"—that is, heated with spirit, fuel being very scarce. Clothing should consist of a couple of suits of warm thick material, a stout mackintosh, and a pair of strong fisherman's boots coming well up the thigh for riding in, as rivers have constantly to be forded. In the north there are now seven rivers in which salmon may be caught. (1) The Laxá from Mývatn, very good. Nearest port, Húsavík, where steamers call about half a dozen times during the summer. Accommodation fair. Apply to the factor, Mr. T. Gudjohnson. The nearest salmon fishing is some 5 m. off at Laxármýri, a large and comfortable farmhouse. The farmer readily gives permission to fish, the angler to retain the trout, but give up the salmon. Quarters are not now obtainable at Laxármýri,

but there is an inn at Húsavík. Another good fishing station on this river is at Grenjadarstadir, a very good farm, and the home of a clergyman—about 12 m. from Húsavík. (2) Ós Laxá, a few hours' ride from Skagaströnd, a port also called at by steamers. (3) The Laxá from the Laxárvatn, one day's ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Hjaltebakki parsonage; priest speaks English. (4) Vatnsdalsá, a good river, but, it is believed, the best stretches of water are rented. (5) Viddalsá, two days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Borg; farmer speaks English. (6) Míðfjarðr, three days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Reykir farm and Melstadr parsonage. (7) The Laxá, falling into the Hvammsfjörðr; one day's ride from Stykkishólmr, a small port called at by steamers. Several very fair farms in the valley, at one of which a room could be had. Excellent trout fishing to be had in the lakes on the Arnarvatnsheiði, in Svínavatn, near Stóradalr; also in the upper waters of the Laxá from Mývatn. The best way to the lake is up the Laxárdalr; Grenjadarstadir should be made a half-way house. There are a vast number of char in Mývatn, but they refuse to take the fly. There is, however, excellent trout fishing in the Laxá, about 2 miles from its outlet from the lake. Good quarters are obtainable at Skútustadir, a parsonage at the south end of the lake; and also at Hopstadir, a farm lying nearer the river. On the road to the Dettifoss from Húsavík is the Botnsvatn (bottom water); good trouting. No fishing in lake Hoakuldavatn. Ordinary salmon flies, especially the silver doctor, snowfly, Childers, "Butcher," and "Jock-Scott," for salmon, and for trout small gaudy grilse flies with red woollen or tinsel bodies, bound with gold or silver twist, golden pheasant tails, and brownish wings, have been found the most killing. July and August are the best months in Iceland, but when it is purposed to rent a river or buy the nets off a portion of one, the angler should visit the island not later than the middle of June, that all obstacles may be removed and the first run of fish allowed to enter the river. If this is not done, the angler would, in a dry summer, wait a long time before he got any fishing, as most of the rivers frequently fall very low in the months first named.

### FRANCE.

**General Information.**—The trout fishing in the department Morbihan does not open until June 1. This rule applies only to the canals and navigable streams. Near Brooms, in the Côtes du Nord, there are some streams. Fishing poor. The lake at Jugon contains pike and perch. Any person may fish with rod and line only in any public water, that is, in all navigable rivers, canals, and their cuts or affluents, the maintenance of which in good condition is chargeable to the state, and into which a fishing boat can at all times enter. No one, however, must use night lines, trimmers, bankrunners, or any instrument stuck in the bank. This does not apply to ponds or lakes which belong to the riparian proprietors. In all other rivers and streams the right of fishing belongs to the riparian proprietors. No fishing after dark is permitted. Every department makes its own byelaws, and settles its own closing time; and as these generally vary, it is well to ascertain the particulars, as sometimes the fishing on one bank of a river is closed, and the other side open. All information can be obtained at the prefecture of the principal town of each department. The French Government maps are good. For Normandy or Brittany comfortable quarters can be had at Havre, with the Montvilliers and Epouville fishing, a day or two at Cany, also at Pont Andemer and Pont l'Évêque. Some sport is to be had with trout, many of them large, at all the above places. There is no salmon fishing worthy the name in Normandy. Brittany will afford good sport among trout, and a salmon here and there; also capital sea-fishing, both from boats and from rocks on parts of the coast. The streams are generally preserved; it is probable that permission may be obtained by proper application. For Brittany, as stations choose Pont Scorff, Quimperlé, and Pont Aven; very good sea-fishing is also to be had near the latter place. Anyone has a right to fish from a public path. Plenty of pollack along the rocky coasts of Normandy and Brittany, and bass in all the estuaries.

**Abbeville.**—Not far from here is a large lake, containing pike, perch, bream, roach, &c. The fishing is sometimes let, but leave can no doubt be obtained. The sea-fishing is sometimes good, but you must go out some way.

**Aix-la-Chapelle.**—Four hours' drive from here is a stream at Montjoie. At Düren, an hour by rail from here, there is good grayling fishing.

**Aix-les-Bains (Savoie).**—On Lake Bourget. *Hotels:* De l'Europe, d'Aix, and others. Ferocious pike, perch, dace, chub, bream, but the lake is very deep. Baits are easily procured. The best way of fishing is with a natural bait trailing from a boat, with 500 or 600 yards of line out. Large dace may be caught with fly all along the deep, wooded side of the lake, and there are some splendid perch round the shallow weedy bays. Two small streams run into the lake here, holding small chub and dace, and in the autumn a few trout.

**Annecy (Savoie).**—Hotels Verdun, Geneva, d'Angleterre on Lake Annecy. Ferocious pike, perch, chub, char. Fishing fair.

**Arcachon.**—There is a little fishing, but poor, in the lakes along the coast N. and S. of this place.

**Avranches (Manche, Normandy).**—The Léez and Celune fall into the Bay of Mont St. Michel here. The fishing close to the town is not good for much, but by going a few miles up either river good sport can be had. On the Léez, Tirpiéd (six miles from Avranches), Bricey (ten), and Cuves (twelve), are the places to put up at, though the accommodation is very rough. On the Celune, Ducey (seven), and Les Biards (thirteen) accommodation

- very bad at the latter place, but the fishing good. The diligences run close to all these places. Leave is easily obtained. Salmon may sometimes be taken.
- Bagnolles de l'Orne.**—Hotel de Bagnolles. Some fishing can be had here.
- Bagnolles-les-Eaux** (Orne).—On Vée. Hotels St. Lucile and St. Marguerite. The lake here contains plenty of coarse fish.
- Bar-sur-Aube** (Paris and Mulhouse Railway).—Fair trouting in the Aube; free. Fishing is also good at Longchamps and Rennepont.
- Baud** (Brittany).—The Hotel de la Grande Maison is rough and uncomfortable, but the charges are moderate. The Evel, which runs near, contains fine trout and perch.
- Bayonne.**—At Cambo, fifteen miles off, good trouting can be had in Nive and other streams. *Inn*: Hotel St. Martin, Cambo.
- Belle-Isle-en-Terre** (Brittany).—(See *Paimpol*.)
- Bergues.**—Some six miles from Dunkerque. Large pike are to be caught in the fosse. Permission must be obtained from the officer in command.
- Besancon.**—Barbel and other coarse fish, very scarce owing to netting. There is good accommodation. Go to Pontardier and Metiers-Travers in Switzerland for trouting. Metiers-Travers is on the Reux. By descending the river you get to Boudri.
- Boulogne-sur-Mer.**—Fair sport is to be met with up the Liane at Questreques, Cremarest, and Bournonville, more especially at the latter in the spring. Sea trout are often caught at the weirs. Near Montreuil there is good fishing in the Cauche, especially in the upper part of it at Parenty, Beusent, and Inxent. The best of the above places is Beusent, where the stream is very open all the way up to Parenty. At Bermeulles, about one mile from Beusent, accommodation if required may be had at a farmhouse, though they are all within a drive from Boulogne. Apply to Mons. Claude Hess, wine merchant, 54, Grand Rue, for information. Some good pollack fishing near here; fish large; use a spinning reel.
- Brest.**—An excursion may be made from here to Landéoc, where there is a good salmon and trout stream (the Buis, which falls into the Aulne at Logonna Quimerch.) This stream may be followed up to Braspars, a small village with poor accommodation, and thence to Huelgoët, which stands on a lake, where there is a capital inn. Good fishing may be had at Pontargonet, and in the stream that supplies the lake. From Huelgoët a mail road leads to Morlaix. From Huelgoët go to Commanna, where the trout fishing is very good, but the accommodation poor. Good sea fishing.
- Brevieres** (Tarentaise).—On Isère. Plenty of trout. Accommodation (Aub. du Soleil Lévant) wretched.
- Caen** (Normandy).—On Orne. Dace, pike, &c. There is good fishing on the Orne, a few miles from Caen; there are trout at a place called Harcourt. There are various trout streams in the neighbourhood, mostly preserved by the proprietors. Hotel: Hôtel d'Angleterre. In the Fosse Anglaise are chub, tench, pike. There is some fishing in the Ouistreham Canal.
- Cannes** (A. M.).—Slane runs 3 m. off. Dace, chub, grey mullet, eels, and a few trout. *Hotels*: Garribaudy (nearest the river), Beau Site, and many others. Fishing is sometimes moderately good, especially some four miles up the stream just below Oribeau. Some fair trouting can be had twelve miles off across the hills near Grasse. At times mullet, mackerel, wrasse, and other sea fish can be taken between Cannes and the Isle Marguerite.
- Cany** (Normandy).—There is fair trouting here; also at Villefleurs, three kilomètres off.
- Cazeres.**—On Garonne. Plenty of chub, and a very few trout.
- Cette.**—Pretty good fishing in the marine canals that intersect the town. Plenty of sea-bream (*dorade*, locally).
- Chansey, Iles.**—Very good sea fishing; many large pollack, and grey and red mullet abundant.
- Cherbourg.**—On the Divette. Some trout fishing can be obtained near here, and there is plenty of sea fishing. Grey mullet and small bass are to be taken by angling near the dock gates and pier head; atherine or sand smelt, at the influx of the river Divette, on the east side of the floating basin. The townspeople fish with throw-out lines, and angle also with rods from the outer part of the quay walls, taking with the lines numbers of flounders, from 6 in. to 9 in. long. There are several rocky shoals in and outside the harbour, where pollack are taken. Some trout in the river Divette; pools and streams for both fly, minnow, and dapping. The river contains also eels, roach, and minnows.
- Clermont** (Puy de Dome).—At Mont Dore, a watering place a few miles off, good trouting may be obtained. Accommodation is very good.
- Cong.**—Tolerable fishing in the lake. There is little or no chance on the river.
- Crieuil.** (See *Trepout*.)
- Dax** (Landes).—On Adour. Pike, roach, dace, chub, perch.
- Dijon.**—On Ouche. A few trout. Accommodation good. There are several good places within a circuit of twelve miles. The middle of May the best time.
- Dinan** (Brittany).—On the Rance. There is little or no fishing within six or eight miles, except for coarse fish.
- Dinard.**—There is no freshwater fishing here, but plenty of sea fish of all kinds.
- D'Ivourne.** (See *Geneva, Switzerland*.)
- Dunkerque.**—The canals are full of roach, perch, and eels. There are carp and pike in the fosse of the fortifications. Large pike are caught at Bergues.
- Eaux Chaudes.**—Difficult fishing, owing to rocks and trees. Trout small.



**Faix.**—On Arège. A few good trout.

**Gabas.**—Last village before the Spanish frontier, beyond Eaux Chaudes. Trout both above and below, but best about two miles above, at the foot of the Pic d'Aule. The Lac d'Aule, near the eternal snows, contains fine trout of most superior quality, but very capricious in rising or taking any bait. Small flies best.

**Givet.**—On Meuse. There is capital pike fishing here.

**Gouarec** (Brittany).—The best trout fishing in Brittany, formed by the junction of the Blavet, Salon, and some streams. Quarters are bad.

**Granville.**—Small grey mullets are to be caught off the quays, using the tail of a rock-worm, and sand eels on long-lines shot at low water on the sands.

**Grenoble.**—The Isère and Drac, and several smaller streams, run near the town. The trout fishing is very poor. Some trout fishing can be had about thirty kilometres off, in a river preserved by a society. Application must be made to the Mayor of Voreppe. Hotel: Hotel des Ambassadeurs.

**Guingamp** (Brittany).—On Trieux and Blavet. Trout, salmon, and dace fishing good. The head waters of Blavet especially so. March, April, and May are the best months. Hotel: Hotel de France. (See *Paimpol*.)

**Havre.**—There is good smelt fishing off the wooden piers on the beach of Ste. Adresse, a suburb of Havre, also a few small shad and gobies. The baits are the squid, calmer, and other species of cuttle-fish; the large sand-worms, and the centipede-like red or green worms found in the harbour mud or under rocks in muddy ground at low water; also shrimps, which are freely taken by small whiting, &c., early in the season, and the mussel. Open a good lot half an hour before you reach your fishing ground, let them dry a bit, and put them on very carefully; they are a most killing bait. The sand-smelt is taken in the harbour, and in large numbers along the beach, by fine tackle, with three or four hooks baited with bits of fresh-skinned shrimps. There are some deep weedy ponds three miles from here, where fair sport with roach and rudd may be had. Near here flows the Lézarde. Trout. This river, flowing through the villages of Rolleville and Epouville, and the town of Montvilliers, falls into the Seine two miles below Harfleur, a little above which town it is joined by a smaller and shallower stream coming down through the adjacent valley of Gournay. From Montvilliers up to Rolleville is the best fishing part. Besides trout in this part of the river there are a few little eels and lampreys. Montvilliers is one hour by road from Havre. Leave can readily be obtained on polite application to the various millers. Flies for the Lézarde should be small and tackle very fine. The season is from Feb. 1 to Oct. 31. The stream in the valley of Gournay contains a few good fish, and may be fished either near the metal-rolling works of M. E. Hubin (distant about a mile and a half from the Harfleur Railway Station), application being made to the manager (*directeur*), or, if unsuccessful here, at the Corderie, half a mile further up, where the *directeur* readily gives leave. Good sport may be obtained in the following trip: Rail to Yvetôt, half-way between Havre and Rouen, diligence thence to Cany, from which town down to Villefleurs and beyond, even down to the sea at Veulettes, you may fish many miles of a large and well-stocked stream, abounding in trout of superior size and flavour, particularly near Villefleurs. But be careful to ask permission (which will scarcely ever be refused) whenever it is desirable to enter the premises of mills, farms, &c., or to go on any path which is not evidently public. Flies here may be somewhat larger than for the Lézarde. Crossing the Seine by the Honfleur steamer (passage thirty-five minutes), and proceeding by rail to the neighbouring station of Pont l'Évêque, there is fair fishing up several miles of a good large stream, where nobody will make any difficulty. Very large trout, but not very numerous, may be found in the Bisle, at and above Pont Audemer, accessible by a little steamer from Havre, or by *voiture publique* from Honfleur. Any hotel keeper at Pont Audemer will give information as to the best waters, and persons from whom to obtain permission.

**Hennebont** (Brittany).—On Blavet. Trout, dace, and occasionally salmon and sea-trout. The water between here and Lochriste is the best. Use large and bright flies. One side of the river is preserved, the other free. No difficulty will be found in a gentleman obtaining leave on giving up every alternate salmon he catches.

**Headin.** (See *Montreuil*.)

**Hyères.**—The little river Gapeau, flowing into the sea a few miles below Hyères, holds an abundance of good chub, roach, gudgeon, &c. The fishing is free. Begin at a point about two miles from the town, and fish downwards. At the mouth of the Gapeau grey mullet may be taken with the ragworm occasionally. At the peninsula of Giens, opposite Hyères, there is good fishing from the rocks in deep water for sea-bream, wrasse, &c. The ragworm is the best bait. There are good points for fishing on both sides of the peninsula. Wherever you see deep water, you may be sure that fish abound. The local fishermen will often try to persuade you to go out in the roads in one of their boats. This appears to be a delusion. The landlord of the humble inn at Giens will at any time be able to find a boy, who for a few *sous* will get you a good stock of bait (ragworm, small prawns, &c.) The prawn is the most killing bait. Some trout are reported between Hyères and Cannes.

**Josselin** (Brittany).—On Oust. Trout. The fishing is fair. The Croix d'Or is a good inn.

**Lamballe** (Brittany).—The river here is devoid of fish.

**Landivisian** (Brittany).—On Elorn. Trout.

**Landieff** (Brittany).—On Leff. Trout.

**Lannion** (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in the neighbourhood. (See *Paimpol*.)

- Tréguier.**—Salmon may be taken in the Guer. Sea trout are plentiful below the town, and above brown trout are numerous.
- Lanslebourg.**—On the top of Mont Cenis Pass is a lake containing trout. Leave to fish must be obtained from the monks at the hospice.
- Laruns.**—On the road to Eaux Bonnes. Trout.
- Louvie.**—Between Pau and the mountains. A few trout.
- Le Faouet** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: Lion d'Or. There are five rivers within easy reach, all full of trout. Above Le Faouet to the north is the Ellé, a heavy river, containing good trout and lots of dace. The Laita is heavily wooded, and contains fine trout and dace. At the valley of St. Barbe there is good fishing for small trout. Below Le Faouet the Ellé is deep and still. At the junction of the Laita is a good spot. (*See Quimperle.*)
- Le Lauzet** (Savoy).—*Hotel de l'Europe*. Poor. There is a lake near here full of trout.
- Luz** (Hautes Pyrenées).—There are many lakes within reach holding good trout, especially Lac Bleu. Small trout abound in the mountain streams.
- Marseilles.**—Good sea-fishing from the piers or boats. Suitable tackle may be hired, and various baits bought, at a kind of open-air shop nearly opposite the Bourse.
- Melrand** (Brittany).—At the junction of the Blavet and Sar, one of the best fishing stations in Brittany. About ten miles south of Pontivy.
- Mentone.**—Eight miles off runs Carei, holding good trout.
- Mexidon** (near Caen, Normandy).—On the Dives. About two miles of water is let by the season. Fair fishing both below and above it.
- Mont Dore les Bains.**—*Hotel*: De Paris. Chaubourg on Dordogne. Trout.
- Montrenil.**—On the Canche. There are trout here, and good sport may sometimes be had as far as Hesdin.
- Montvilliers** (Normandy).—On Lézarde. Trout. Fishing indifferent. Some trouble in getting leave from the millers.
- Morlaix** (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in this neighbourhood. (*See Brest.*)
- Mortain.**—Three hours from Vire by diligence (approachable also by diligence from Avranches, St. Hilaire, and Granville). Good trout fishing in the Canche, 4 m. below the town, off the high road to St. Hilaire on the left. The fishing is open for the most part. The coch-y-bondhu is the favourite fly, and May-fly in its season. Showy flies useless in general. *Hotels* in Mortain: De la Poste and St. Guillaume. Both dirty; but fair table d'hôte at former, with board at 4*fr.* per day. Good lodgings may be had for 15*fr.* per month, including linen and attendance. The only trout in the two tumbling streams close to the town are fat little things, rarely more than five inches long.
- Murat** (Cantal).—Fair trouting here.
- Ostend.**—Very fine smelts can be caught in the harbour from the quays; also flounders, &c.
- Oughterard.**—Tolerable fishing is to be had here.
- Paimpol** (Brittany).—Good sea-fishing round the coast. *Hotel*: Giegnel. The principal rivers are the Leff, the Trieux, the Jaudy, the Guindy, and the Guer, all containing trout; and the best localities for sport are Pontrieux, Guingamp, Roche-Derrien, Lannion, and Belle-Isle-en-Terre. Salmon may be caught at Lannion and Pontrieux. At Tréguier there is good fishing in the tidal river.
- Pamiers.**—On Ariège. Poor fishing. Trout. Fishing may be got a few miles higher up.
- Pau.**—Good general fishing, with worm, gentle, and fly, in the Gave. Plenty of chub everywhere, gudgeon, and a good many trout, which take fly and natural minnow well. The neighbouring village of Coarraze is a good station for trout and general fishing. Many large trout lie under the railway bridge, also below the canal company's weir a little higher up. Cheap and pretty comfortable quarters.
- Plestein** (Brittany).—The Douron runs near. Salmon and trout. Accommodation bad.
- Floermel** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: Hotel du Commerce good. On the Lake Etang-du-Duc. Pike and eels in the lake, but the banks are very weedy. The millpool in the stream contains some good trout.
- Pontgand** (Brittany).—A secluded village. There is a nice trout stream here, much wooded. The fish average two to the pound.
- Pontivy** (Brittany).—The Blavet runs near. It is used as a canal. There are many over-shots where good trout may be taken. *Hotel*: Hotel des Voyageurs, by no means first-class. The trout fishing, in the department of Morbihan, is prohibited until June 1. This applies, however, only to the canals and navigable streams. (*See Melrand.*)
- Pontrieux** (Brittany). (*See Paimpol.*)
- Pont-Scorff** (Brittany).—On Scorff. Good trouting. Salmon sometimes.
- Quimper** (Finisterre).—On Odet and Steyr. Sea-trout and trout. Mackerel's guts are very good bait for sea-trout here. The flies must be small. Red hackles, red and black palmers, coch-y-bondhu, and dotterel hackle for March and April. Later come in wren's tail, alder fly, and March brown; and a fly, body, peacock's harl, ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, woodcock.
- Quimperle.**—On Ellé. Salmon, trout, dace, &c. The fishing is very fair, especially up the river at Le Faouet and Pont Aven, at which latter place there is fair accommodation. For flies use red, yellow, and brown bodies.
- Quintin** (Brittany).—There is a tolerable trout stream here, and the quarters are good.
- Roche-Derrien** (Brittany). (*See Paimpol.*)
- Rosporden** (Brittany).—There is a fine lake here, but the banks are very much overgrown.

- Brestreman** (Brittany).—The lakes of Glomel lie near; also the canal connecting Brest and Nantes. There are good pike in both. *Hotel*: Les Trois Pilliers.
- St. Brienc** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: La Croix Blanche. A few trout may be taken in the river.
- St. Caradec** (Brittany).—A village near L'oudéac. There is a fair stream here containing trout.
- St. Germain-en-Laye**.—There is little fishing here. It is 20 m. from Paris.
- St. Jouan de l'Isle** (Brittany).—On Rance. Trout fishing fair. Accommodation poor.
- St. Malo**.—There is fair sea-fishing off here; pollack round all the shoals; mackerel, conger, bass at the mouth of Rance; pout, plaice, bream in the offing.
- St. Martory** On Garonne. Abundance of chub, barbel, &c., and a few trout.
- St. Omar**.—Good fly fishing. The *Hotel de la Poste* is the best inn. The Aa is two miles off, and the Lye nine miles. They contain very fine trout.
- St. Pol-de-Leon** (Brittany).—The Dourdoof runs near. Sea-trout and yellow trout. The river is preserved, but leave can be obtained.
- St. Valéry-en-Caux**.—A trip may be made from here, through the little watering place of Veulettes, fishing up the river past Villefleurs to Cany. Trout plentiful but small.
- St. Valéry-sur-Somme**.—There is but little fishing for coarse fish. At Eu, near here, there are a few trout.
- Toulouse**.—On the Garonne. Chub, barbel, and chondrostomes (*stèges*), with gudgeon, and a few perch, carp, pike, and eels. The *Ramier du Bazacle*, a large island just below the weir is the best station; leave may be obtained from the proprietors of the *Moulin du Bazacle*. The *stèges* are caught in tolerable numbers in the rapid currents, from the shore, or better from boats, with soaked wheat, sometimes with redworm, or the chrysalis of the silkworm, which may be bought very cheaply late in the summer. *Stèges* and chub often take fly freely, morning and evening. Large barbel are sometimes caught ledger-fishing. On the weir is a capital station when the water is low enough to allow of walking thereon. The little river Lers is full of small chub and gudgeon. Fishing may be begun from the bridge on the Las Borde road, some two and a half miles from Toulouse, and fished up stream, unless the water is high. Small redworm pays best here. The Touch, another small stream, a little farther from Toulouse, is about the same fishing. The mouth of the Ariège, distant about eleven miles up the Garonne, is a good general fishing place. At Toulouse the sport is generally very inferior.
- Tours**.—On the Loire. The Cher and canal are within an easy walk, and at no great distance are the Indre and Vienne, and the little streams, the Bresne, Bomer, and Cisse, which latter joins Loire at Vouvray. Loire contains salmon, pike, barbel, dace, &c. In the smaller streams and ponds are carp, eels, and perch. The most likely places for pike are on the Loire at Noisay or Vernan (between this place and Amboise), or below Tours, at the junction of the Cher and Vienne respectively. The fishing in the neighbourhood of Tours is not so good. On the Cher, Chénouceaux, Azay-sur-Cher, and St. Avertin, offer the best chance. On the Indre, Montbazoin is a likely spot. Minnows, gudgeon, or small dace and perch can generally be obtained at the market every morning.
- Treguier** (Brittany).—Between here and Lannion is the Guindry. Salmon and trout.
- Treport**.—Sea-trout, trout, roach, &c. Within a quarter of a mile is a lock, with two heavy falls—a good spot. Fair trout fishing can be had at Orieuil, also in a stream some two leagues off. A few trout and some large roach can be caught in the canal leading to Eu, one league off. The fishing at Gameches, four leagues off, is fair, but the river is much netted from here to Eu; as the water is let leave must be obtained. By paying, good pike fishing can be had in Lake L'Hable, at Cayeux-on-the-Sea, two and a half hours' drive off. Also bream, tench, roach, and eels in this lake. Above Eu the river is let, we believe to an Englishman, for a league.
- Vichy**.—Good trouting in the valley of the Lichon and Allier, free.
- Vire** (terminus of rail to Granville at present).—Fishing protected among the numerous woollen mills. The best water is by Graverie, five kilomètres on the high road to Thorigny. Here the Vire and Viraine have united, and form a large open river. Good trout, but dace without end in the holes. There is a tidy village fishing inn at Graverie; or board and lodging may be had at the *Hôtel St. Pierre*, in Vire. The Vire, above the town and the mills, runs through a perfect jungle.
- Vorreppe**. (See *Grenoble*.)

## GERMANY.

- Altenahr**.—On Ahr. Trout, grayling, chub, dace, &c. By staying at the hotel leave can be had. The Ahr joins Rhine between Remagen and Linzig. Ten miles from Altenahr is Neuenahr. Fishing is poor. Twenty-five miles off is a large lake full of good perch.
- Baden-Baden**.—Fair trout and grayling fishing in the Moeng, some little way off. The river is preserved, we believe. At Gernsbach trouting can be had in the Murg. About nine miles up is Forbach, where there is a decent inn, the Lion. Some distance farther up is Schönmünzach. The Post is a good inn. The Schönmunz joins Murg a few hundred yards above, and is a good trout stream. There are a few small trout and dace in the stream running through Baden.
- Berchtesgaden** (Bavaria).—There is good fishing in the river, from this place to the König See. Leave must be obtained. The landlord of the Watzman Hotel will give an introduction. At the lower end of the König See is a rustic inn. Good trouting can be had at Reichenhall. Hoffland's Fancy is a good fly here.

- Berlin.**—The Spree. No angling near, being so much netted. The river is a filthy ditch.
- Bertrich.**—On Moselle. There is a decent trout stream here.
- Biberich** (Baden).—On Kinsig, fifteen miles above Offenburg. Trout, grayling, chub, dace. The landlord of the principal inn has the right of fishing, which is very fair.
- Bonn.**—Trout, grayling, and chub. Fair general fishing in the Rhine, chub, dace, bleak, &c. There are many barbel, and a few pike and large perch. Chub may be taken freely with Dutch cheese, also with a parboiled paste composed of flour, milk, and eggs. The Sieg, flowing into the Rhine, 2½ m. below Bonn, on the opposite bank, contains various coarse fish. Near Bonn is Königswinter, at the foot of the Svern Mountains, and nearly opposite Königswinter is Rolandseck, both fair spots for a little sport. The Ahr joins the Rhine at Remagen, some miles above Bonn. Half way up the Kreuzberg, a hill just outside Bonn, is a pond containing abundance of very fine carp, leave for which may sometimes be obtained. A small stream flows into the Rhine some 3 m. below Bonn, on the same side. By fishing up 1½ m. excellent sport may be obtained, either with redworm or grasshopper, among chub, &c., with the chance of a trout.
- Coblentz.**—There is a lake near here containing very large pike and perch. Fishing free; you must pay for the fish at the market price. Plenty of general fishing both in Rhine and Moselle.
- Daren.** (See *Aix-la-Chapelle*.)
- Darmstadt.**—Not far off are the Maine and Rhine. Pike and other fish can be caught in the Grosse, Woog, Amosen, Teich, &c., near the town.
- Donauwerth** (Bavaria).—On Danube. (See *Munich*.)
- Dresden.**—The Elbe. Pike, perch, and the usual fish. Annual licence 6s. per annum within 4 m. of the town; beyond that is free. At Pirna, half an hour off by rail, there is some fair trout fishing; also at Schandau, two hours' distant, a little fishing can be had in the Elbe, below the town. Quantities of small fish may be caught at the junction of the Weiseritz, 1 m. down. There is good trouting in the Polenzthal Valley, 2 m. walk from Rathen, one station beyond Schandau.
- Dusseldorf.**—On Rhine. There are a few salmon and trout, with plenty of chub, and other fish. In May, a fish called May-fish runs up the river; they will not take a fly.
- Ems.**—On Lahn. Trouting poor, but plenty of chub and coarse fish.
- Frankfort-on-Main.**—Plenty of coarse fish and chub above the town. Preserved by an association, who issue daily tickets for a small fee. Plenty of barbel here. Some good trouting at Heigenbrücken and Lohn two hours off by rail.
- Freiburg** (Baden).—*Hotel*: Sommer's Zum Zahninger Hof. On Dreisam. Trout and grayling. 10 m. N. at Waldkirchen there is good trouting in Elz; apply to the landlord of the post-house. At *Ochs* (*Hotel*: Wilden Mann) some trouting can be had by leave from the proprietor. At *Feldburg*, 24 m. off, the hotel on the spot rents the fishing of Feldsee; trout run large.
- Füssen** (Bavaria).—On Lech. Huchen. There are several lakes near here: Hupfen See and Banwald See, and some smaller tarns near Hohen-Schwangan, a residence of the king. The two lakes first-mentioned contain pike and a few trout and coarse fish; leave can be obtained easily. The small lakes are strictly preserved by the king. There are some small lakes near Rosskaupfen two hours from Füssen. An hour's ride from Füssen is Reutte, in Tyrol, on Lech, containing trout and grayling. The fishing is free and not very good. There are two lakes near Reutte, the one nearest the town contains plenty of carp. Near Reutte is the Arch Stream rising in some lakes, and contains trout and grayling. The master of the Crown Inn will give leave to fish it. (See *Ischl*.)
- Hanau-on-the-Main.**—Twelve miles by road from Frankfort. The Kinsig river runs near the town, and is full of pike, chub, &c. Half an hour's ride from Hanau is a submerged valley. When the Main becomes flooded, the water and fish enter the valley, the latter being left behind in the old peat holes when the waters have receded. Very large pike and perch are then to be had. The landlord of the inn near there charges ninepence for every pound weight of fish you take away. Wines and restauration good, and moderate charges.
- Haslach.**—On the Black Forest line. River Kinzig. Trout and grayling are numerous, and run large. Fishing free, but the landlord takes the fish. Very good quarters at the Fürstenburg Hotel, where the landlord speaks English.
- Heidelberg** (Baden).—On Neckar. Barbel, chub, dace, roach, perch, May-fish; fishing very poor. D.t. 3d. Ordinary English flies answer here. The May-fish is the shad. Good trout fishing 8 m. from Heidelberg by payment of 9d. for every pound weight of fish you catch and take away with you. Very large trout at the Wolf's Spring, 2 m. off; bottom fishing for chub near the barge wharf is best.
- Hesse Cassel.**—There is a fair trout stream near.
- Hof** (Bavaria).—(See *Ischl*.)
- Komburg.**—The brooks Essbach and Ober Eslenbach, near the town, are small, and contain a fair stock of chub. They are preserved by the landlord of the hotel Victoria, who has some trouting also. Nidd runs 4 m. from here. Tickets, 4d. per day, can be obtained from the burgermeister. Plenty of chub and white fish, also pike.
- Immenstadt** (Bavaria).—On the Munich and Constance line. (See *Reutte*.) In the Alp See there are plenty of pike, but no trout. There are one or two lakes near Martinzell, on the Munich line, an hour from here.
- Kissingen** (Bavaria).—*Hotel*: Royal Kurhouse. On Saale. Good pike fishing.

**Königsberg** (Prussia).—No one allowed to angle in the river Pregel, as it is armed by the fishermen. Thirty marks, or 30s. penalty. The Castle lake, near the town, is about 4 m. long, and the residents on the banks are allowed to fish from their lawns. The lake contains very large carp and perch. There are restaurants on the banks, and guests are allowed to angle from their gardens.

**Kreutznach.**—On Frahe. Fishing indifferent. Chub, perch, &c.

**Lorch.**—Trout fishing in the Whispel, which runs into the Rhine here. Apply to the landlord of the White Swan, where good accommodation can be had. The stream is small, so only good in the spring.

**Martinszell** (Bavaria).—(See *Innenstadt*.)

**Mendorf.**—There is a brook between here and Schlangenbad holding trout; you cannot fish with a fly. The landlord of the Crown will give leave. Mendorf is distant from Wiesbaden a quarter of an hour by rail.

**Ments.**—In the Mendorf brook there is good trout fishing.

**Münden** (Hanover).—There are three rivers here, the Fulda, Verra, and Weser. Only coarse fish, barbel, chub, &c. There is splendid pike fishing in a large pool, formerly the bed of the Fulda.

**Munich** (Bavaria).—In the Isar and Ammer fair grayling and huchen fishing can be had; leave not very difficult to procure. The best fishing is in the Danube, between Donauwerth and Regensburg, and in the Inn, between Passau and Rosenheim; leave on Inn is procurable for a small sum. There is a comfortable inn at Newhaus, an hour from Passau. Göging and Braunau, higher up the river, are good stations. Accommodation bad.

**Murnau** (Bavaria).—There are two lakes here, Staffel See and Bieg See, containing trout. We believe the landlord of the principal hotel can obtain leave. By taking a cross road Saulgrub can be reached. Accommodation indifferent. The Ammer runs near, containing trout; the fishing between Saulgrub and Unter Ammergau is very good. It is doubtful whether fishing can be had at this latter place. At the village of Baiersoyen, three quarters of an hour from Saulgrub, on the road to Seongau, is a small lake containing trout, and within an hour of Baiersoyen, at Wildsteig, is another lake.

**Nieder Andorfer** (Bavaria).—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours and a half off is Walch See, containing good trout.

**Offenburg** (Baden).—On Kinzig. Trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, barbel, &c. Mr. Pfähler, of the Fortuna Hotel, has the right of fishing in twelve miles of water, beginning from about four miles above Gingenbach, at the first weir, and extending to two miles below Greisheim. The best trout and grayling fishing is above Gingenbach, where good accommodation can be had. The mill-stream there is a good spot. The fishing is fair as far down as Ottenburg Bridge; but the farther you go down stream the more coarse fish there are, especially chub. There are plenty of chub and dace in the mill-stream at Offenburg, and a fair grayling reach at its junction with the main stream. A run just below Buhl Bridge (the first bridge below the junction of the mill-stream) holds some good trout and grayling, and there is a good deep bend below Greisheim Bridge. Every pool, here, however, contains pike and perch in considerable quantities. (See *Biberich*.)

**Passau.**—On Inn. (See *Munich*.)

**Pirna** (Saxony).—Half an hour by rail from Dresden. (See *Dresden*.)

**Prague.**—On Moldau. There are plenty of fish here, and trout in its tributaries.

**Prenzlau** (Brandenburg).—Hotel: De Prusse. On Uckerlake. Good fishing.

**Regensburg.**—On Danube. (See *Munich*.)

**Reichenhall.** (See *Berchtesgarden*.)

**Ravensburg** (Württemberg). (See *Constance*.)

**Remagen.** (See *Altenahr*.)

**Rosenheim** (Bavaria).—On Inn. A small river here joins Inn, which contains grayling.

**Schandau** (Saxony). (See *Dresden*.)

**Schaltenhofen.**—On Wottawa. Trout, a good station.

**Schlangenbad** (Nassau). (See *Mendorf*.)

**Schwalbach** (Nassau).—The landlord of the Nassau Hotel rents two miles of a fine stream, which he preserves for his visitors.

**Siegburg.**—A village ten miles from Bonn, on the river Sieg. Good fishing. (See *Bonn*.)

**Stettin.**—The Oder. Wels, pike, perch, bream, pike-perch, and roach. Fishing free; except for pike, 6s. annually. Best fishing in the Haff, or lake, between Stettin and the Baltic. There are several lakes between Stettin and Berlin, the proprietors of which generally give leave to angle.

**Tols.**—On Isar. Plenty of coarse fish, and some trout.

**Volmar-on-Sea.**—Pike, perch, &c.

**Weimar.**—The fishing is poor here. A few trout and coarse fish. The river is, we believe, unpreserved.

**Wiesbaden.** (See *Mendorf*.)

**Wildbad** (Württemberg).—By paying three florins a week to the lessee leave may be obtained to fish in the river. There are a few trout and grayling.

## HOLLAND.

**General Information.**—Excellent sport among pike, perch, carp, roach, and bream in nearly all of the numerous canals. A licence for fishing with any tackle or net, 7 florins

7 cents. Anyone taking out a licence may fish, provided he has leave over the requisite water. As a rule, permission is freely accorded. Pike fishing may be had on the Maes, near Grave, which is reached by steamer from Rotterdam or Bois le Duc; at Nymeguen, about 9 m. from Arnheim; and at Ouderkerk, on the Elsel, 6 m. from Rotterdam, between Rotterdam and Gouda. To Ouderkerk a boat runs twice a day from Rotterdam. There is some jack fishing to be had in the river at Loo, the station for which is Appledore. The fishing belongs to the king, but leave may be obtained through one of the innkeepers without much difficulty. North Brabant, in the rivers Tongreep and Dommel, which run east and west of the village of Valkenswaard, a few pike are to be had, but they are not very large. The rivers in North Brabant are muddy and sluggish; they seem well stocked with eels. There are no trout, but plenty of roach and dace. Smelts can be taken from many of the quays and piers, and flat-fish and eels are numerous.

**Delft.**—Plenty of small coarse fish in the canals.

**Maestricht.**—On Maes. Coarse fish, including pike, bream, roach, chub, &c.

**Rotterdam.**—Coarse fish, eels, and plenty of fine carp in the canals.

## ITALY.

**General Information.**—Bass, grey mullet, and varieties of the bream are caught at most Italian ports.

**Ancona.**—On Lago Maggiore. There is good trolling here.

**Baveno.**—On Lago Maggiore. Ferox, pike, and perch. The lake is very deep.

**Breno.** (See Iseo.)

**Capri.**—Hotel: Tiberio. Good fishing.

**Como.**—On Lake Como. Trout, pike.

**Desanano.**—On Lake of Garda. Six hours from Milan. There is fair trout trolling in summer. A fish called *cavedoni* rise freely to the fly, but run small.

**Florence.**—There is tench fishing in Lake Bientina and also in the Arno.

**Genoa.**—Grey mullet can be caught at the entrance of the Bisagno stream almost close to the city walls; also bass, bream, and red mullet.

**Iseo.**—On Lago d'Iseo. Tench, chub, pike, and a few large trout. The tench and chub are fond of polenta and silkworm grub. They may be taken from the shore. At Breno the Oglio runs into the lake. Lake trout constantly ascend the stream from the lake.

**Ivrea.**—There are four small lakes near here, also the river Dora, containing trout and perch. The Hôtel de l'Europe is comfortable. The town is situated at the entrance of the Val d'Aosta.

**La Thuile de Ste. Foi.**—In the Val de Tignes. Hotel: Des Voyageurs. There is good trouting in the Isère and Lac de Tignes.

**Les Tavernettes.**—Mont Cenis. Hotel: Posthouse of the Mont Cenis. There is a lake near here, belonging to the monks at the Hospice, containing fine trout. Leave must be obtained.

**Majolica.**—On Lake of Como. There is some trouting here.

**Minasco.**—On Val Sermenta. There is a tolerable inn here. Trouting very fair.

**Sils-Maria Engadine.**—There are two lakes here and plenty of trout. The hotel is comfortable. Sils Lake is better than Silva Plana Lake. June and July are the best months; September is a fence month.

## NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

**General Information.**—The Norwegian coast is very rocky, and pollack and coal-fish very plentiful. A combination bait of a small pewter fish on the shank of the hook and an earthworm on the bend is very successful on the flords. In the deep waters cod of all sizes are taken. The india-rubber baits would kill well. On smooth ground, dabs and plaice are very plentiful, and can be caught over the sides of yachts at most anchorages with mussel or lug bait. The first week in June is early enough to start. Steamers leave Hull for Christiansand and Christiania once a fortnight, or you may go *via* Calais, Hamburg, and Kiel, and thence by Danish and Norwegian steamers. Almost everything should be brought out with you. Tackle cannot be obtained. A few dozen cases of preserved meats are valuable, and a strong tin saucepan to cook them in. A pound or two of tea is necessary. Two suits of clothes should be taken, a thick and thin one, to meet the changes of climate; a large thick plaid is also necessary. A pair of wading boots are essential. It is as well to hire a carriage at Christiania; the charge is about 12 dollars or 21. 15s. It is as well to send on the *fordur* or *avant courier*, who takes charge of the luggage, at least forty-eight hours before you. The cost of posting in Norway is something less than twopence for each horse (everything included) per English mile, seven of which make a Norse mile. Below Trondhjem there is no necessity to camp out. A carriage can only take one portmanteau, a couple of small parcels, a gun-case and rod-box; besides, there are stations everywhere. But in the districts of Lofoten, Senjen, Helgeland, Salten, Hammerfest, East and West Finnmark, a tent is really useful. In East Finnmark is a large lake, Enara Troesk, which supplies the Pasvig river, running into Varanger Fjord. This river is very short for salmon, owing to the fosse. At the extremity of the Porsanger Fjord lie two rivers, Lax Elv and Stabois Elv. They are four days' journey from Alten across the Fjeld. In the Fjeld are several lakes, full of char and trout. In the

higher pools of Alten the char run up to several pounds. The river on Porsanger Fjord are not worth the long journey. At Strommem and Storholmen, on the Ranen Fjord, there are two short streams, but nearly worthless. Some salmon may be taken in the Rosasen, by the village of Korgen, above the junction of the Leer. Most of the boats and men are employed by a bonder, who has a comfortable farm, and will supply butter, milk, &c., but charges very highly; he also charges 5 dollars per rod for the fishing. Camping is necessary in this locality. It is as well to take the Hardanger Fjord *en route* for Bergen; there are many good rivers that should not be missed. The best place is the Eidfjord, in the Hardanger; the fishing in August is good, but it is rough work. Trout fishing may be had almost anywhere, and the Tryall, on the borders of Norway and Sweden, is the best river for it, just where it runs out of Fismunds Soen. Accommodation can be had at farmhouses. Fishing in the Glommen is poor, but it is first-rate in the Rena. There is a good and cheap station at Sonseet at the port of Storsoen. Good sport can be had also in the most of the Fjeld Vande and rivers. There is capital trouting at Hønefoss in Bingerike, and at Dales in Bandags Vand, Thelemarken. Good trouting may be obtained in the Lørdal, at the head of the Sogne Fjord. It is necessary to take rooms in some farmhouse, and to take your own stores. The fishing is not so good until the last week in July. Flies with grey drake wing and crimson bodies and a black hackle, and a little silver tinsel, are good. Good trouting may be had at Odde and at Vek, or Eide Fjord, both in the Hardanger. At Vossevangen, midway between Gudvangen and Eide, at the top of the Hardanger Fjord, there is a lake and a good hotel; the fishing is indifferent. Between Vossevangen and Vjessenden there is a good stream. At Vessenden there is a lake containing trout and pike. Stanford's Map of Norway is good, but the Ordinance Map is the best. In Sweden the inns are decent, and food more plentiful than in Norway. There are salmon in all the rivers, though in some, as the Dal and Umea, they are stopped by falls within a few miles of the sea. Salmon in the Baltic rivers rarely take a fly. In the Dal, below the falls at Elfsärlaby, some good fish may be taken spinning. The principal fish of the country is the grayling, which may be caught anywhere. At the hotel Aåk, in the Romsdal valley, very good accommodation may be had. The salmon fishing is let, but the trouting is very good, both white and brown, the fish running large. The best rivers for fishing that run into Lake Wenern are the By, the Tryks, the Nora, the Klar, and the Let, all with an extensive lake system. There is also the large Dalslands Canal. The river Götha flows out of the lake. In Wenern, besides the ordinary fish, is a large salmon, rather pale in flesh. No large rivers run into Lake Wettern, but the river Matala runs out of it, with five or six lakes connected. Permission to fish must be obtained from the land-owners. Both salmon and trout fishing have very much fallen off of late years. Except in out-of-the-way places, better sport can be obtained in Ireland or Scotland.

**Alesund.**—At the mouth of the Stor Fjord. Here are many small salmon rivers, and the fishing is free. The principal streams are the Valdal, Stordal, Stranden, Simselven, and Nordal. In this latter river the pool next the sea is the best.

**Alten.**—On Alten. Salmon and trout. The fishing is not now very good. Fair accommodation can be had at Meyer's, the merchant's house.

**Arvica** (Sweden). On Bze Elfven. This stream runs from this town to Lake Wenern. There are pike in the river, and lake trout and *Lucio perca*.

**Bergen.**—A hundred and twenty miles north of this place is the Sogne Fjord. The Nestedals Elv has plenty of salmon and grilse in July and August. The Leerdale and Aardale are both good, but are let, as are the Urland and Sogndal. (See *Forde, Eidfjord, Bolstadoren*.) The sea fisheries are of great importance.

**Boen.**—(See Christiansand.) This place, as also the fishing, belongs to Madam Hegerman. Leave to fish is difficult to obtain. There are but two casts here in a distance of about half a mile. The fishing is first-rate. The fishery can be hired for the year, though the price is high. Lodgings can be had at the blacksmith's, though very poor.

**Bolstadoren.**—On the Bolstad river. A day's journey from Bergen. Salmon and trout. The river is a good one, is accessible from Bergen, and has a good inn. The fishing is now let.

**Brændaaen.**—(See Christiansand.)

**Carlstad** (Sweden).—On Lake Wenern. (See *Gothenburg*.) The Clar here joins Wenern. This river rises far up on the Norwegian fells. A little distance to N.E. of Carlstad lies Christineham, a capital station. The fish in Wenern consists of lake-trout, silver-lax (a species of trout). Lake trout rise to spinning bait, the silver-lax rise freely to a fly. The brown trout run to a fair size in the lake; also burbot, pike, perch, *Lucio perca*, tench, bream, roach, and graylings are plentiful in the Clar.

**Christiania.**—(See *Laxjo Farn Vert*.)

**Christiansand.**—On the Topdal Fjord. Two rivers run into this fjord, the Torrisdal and the Topdal. The fishing ground is very limited. (See *Vieglund*.) There is no rod-fishing in the Topdal except about ½ m. below a fosse at Boen. (See *Boen*.) The Britannia is a very fair inn. (See *Kiethammer*.) The Torrisdal is 10 m. from Christiansand. The charge for fishing is, we believe, a dollar a day. Sea trout will rise well in the salt-water fjords. Next comes the Mandal river, 4 m. N. of Christiansand; the best parts are taken, and it will be well to try the Sogne river first. Good quarters can be had close by at Brændaaen. The Mandal holds large fish, and can be tried up to Næsvand. 3 m. on, the Undals river crosses the road. The stream is small, and holds small fish. Vieglund is the station. 1 m. W. is the Lynge, in which there are some fair pools, and, as the road

runs parallel with it, the accommodation is good. The Quinna comes next. There are several pools, all taken. It can be fished for about half a mile up to a fosse. Tolerable accommodation can be had at a farm. From Fikke Fjord follow the land route to Stravanger, as there are many small rivers crossing the road, in most of which fishing be had. The rivers near Christiansand are early, so that the angler need arrive about the middle of June.

**Disset.**—On Rens. Trout. This place is two stations below Lake Storsjön. The fishing is very good; so also is it at Lonsset, the next station above. At the northern end of the lake the fishing is also first-rate. This district is but two days from Christiania, and the accommodation is very decent and the charges moderate.

**Drontheim.**—The rivers between this and the Stor Fjord are preserved. In the Nid, by Drontheim, leave can be obtained. The Sundal, Ericho, Gula, and Surendal are all taken. North of Drontheim is the Namsen river, a station on which costs from 100*l.* to 120*l.* a month. There are also several small streams near.

**Eidfjord.**—On the river Eidfjord, which runs into the Hardanger Fjord some little way S. of Bergen. The river has a fishable length of about two miles. It is a good river, and very rapid. It is famous for the size of its sea trout. Very deep and careful wading is necessary. The best cast is known as the Long Hole. There is an inn at Eidfjord kept by one Veig. The accommodation is not good. Fair accommodation at the posting stations. It is well to take provisions, and if making a stay to have a cow brought down from the mountains for your own use. The best time is from the middle of July to the end of August.

**Falkenberg** (Sweden).—There is some capital salmon fishing here, but preserved.

**Forde.**—On the Stavs Fjord. The Sölster runs into the sea here. Good salmon fishing. Leave is given.

**Gloppen.**—Fishing can be had here in a river running out of Bredhuus Vand. The station is fair. The Eid, a fine stream running out of Homingdals Vand must also be tried.

**Gottenborg** (Sweden).—Salmon, trout, grayling. The Gotha runs out of Lake Wenern. The lake is fed by twenty-four streams. The town of Wenersburg lies at the southern extremity of Wenern, and Carlsud on the north (*see Carlsud*), Mariestad and Lidköping on the East, and Arnal on the west. At either of these towns good and cheap accommodation can be had. Lake Wettern is connected with Wenern by a canal thirty miles long. There is a very good trout stream about 20 *m.* (English) away, holding very large trout. (*See Kongelf.*)

**Gouverod.**—(*See Laurvek.*)

**Guldholmen.**—Near Tarra mouth. A steamer calls once a fortnight. The best plan to fish Tarra is to take boats up to Gallagher Gualka, 10 *m.* above the Polmac. Tents will be required, and plenty of provisions. At Polmac lives one Shanker, a merchant, where boats and accommodation can be had, but he is fearfully exorbitant in his charges. Here the Polmac river joins Tarra. This stream rises in a large lake, full of fish. The sea-trout fishing is capital in the salt water at the mouth of the river.

**Havstadt.**—On the Förde, which runs out of a large lake, the Jolster Vand, but having a fosse between it and the sea. Sea trout abound. Good quarters can be had at the post station.

**Hoas.**—(*See Klethammer.*)

**Jerkin.**—Through the valley runs a good stream, containing plenty of trout and grayling.

**Kauford.**—There is a stream here containing salmon. From the fosse to the sea, some few hundred yards, the fish rise to the fly.

**Kile.**—(*See Volden.*)

**Klethammer.**—A post station on the banks of the Sundal. Above the station the brown-trout fishing is excellent, also below, as far as the hamlet of Romfog. Thence to the sea, 20 *m.*, the salmon fishing is excellent. The best fishing ground commences 2 *m.* below the post station, Snova, to about 2 *m.* below the post station Hoas, a distance of 2 *m.* Only a good fisherman is likely to have much sport. Good accommodation can be had at Snova and Hoas, and also at a large farmhouse between the two. White bread, &c., can be obtained at Sundalsoran, at the river's mouth, and Christiansand is only a day's journey.

**Kongelf** (Sweden).—12 *m.* from Gottenborg. A steamer runs daily between these two places in the summer. There is a comfortable little inn here, and trout, perch, and pike fishing. Some salmon also. May is the best month. The same trout flies are used as in Scotland, only larger; and Scotch lake trout flies are admirable on the Götha.

**Kvonesdal.**—On the Quinna Elv. Salmon and trout. A small village. A very fair stream, especially from the fosse, about five miles above the village, to the clergyman's house, a short way below it. Lodgings with difficulty may be obtained. The river is now taken.

**Læsjo Yarn Værk.**—On the post-road between Christiania and Molde, near the head of the Bomsdal Valley. The station is clean, and the charges moderate. The distance is some 2½ days from Christiania. There is abundance of trout in a lake near the inn door. The best fishing is in a lake—Aur-Soen—some twenty miles north.

**Laurvek.**—The Lauven flows by the town. Salmon run large. There are few good casts. Leave to fish is rather difficult to obtain. Three miles from Laurvek is the fishing lodge of Strobö, belonging to Capt. Maynard. Here there is an admirable cast, but a boat is desirable. There is little good water below, but half a mile higher up, near a bridge,



there are two or three excellent casts. The best fishing is in the upper parts of the river, at Gouverod, in Laurdal and Cara Foss. The cast here is of limited extent, but very good. The fishing season in the Lauen begins early. June and July are the best months. There are but few sea trout in the Lauen, but in a stream which falls into the fjord, near Lauvek, at the iron works, they are numerous.

**Lillehammer.**—The river Lagden contains very large trout.

**Lonsset.**—(See *General Information; Disct.*) Lonsset is at the southern extremity of the Storsjön lake, and is easily reached from Christiania. The route is as follows: Christiania to Eidsvold, by rail, 42 m.; thence to Stor Hamar, on the Mjösen, by steamer, 42 m.; thence by rail to Grunnsset, 25 m.; and thence by carriage to Lonsset, 30 m. All along this route the stations are the very cleanest and most comfortable in Norway. There is good trout and grayling fishing here. In Klar Elv, running out of Fæmund Sö, there is good trouting.

**Mandal.**—On Mandal. Salmon and trout. Very fair accommodation can be had at Madam Petersen's. The best rod fishing is to be had about eight miles (English) from the town, at the farms of Moss and Kadeland. Some difficulty will be found in getting leave from the farmers, but it is not insuperable: a few judicious presents generally succeed.

**Molde.**—(See *Læsto Yarn Værk.*)

**Mord.**—Salmon, &c. On the Eid, which runs out of Horningdale Lake. Accommodation very fair.

**Quickjock** (Sweden).—A village in Lapland. Lodgings can be obtained at the house of the pastor. The fishing is good both in the lake and two rivers. Pike, trout, and grayling. Sulitelma lies some thirty miles off. The best time to go is in the autumn, arriving at the end of August. Quickjock is some three weeks from London.

**Romfog.**—(See *Klethammer.*)

**Snova.**—(See *Klethammer.*)

**Stavanger.**—About the end of July capital fishing can be had in the river Suledal, which runs out of a chain of lakes. The fish run large. The distance from the town is forty miles, and can be done by boat.

**Stordalen.**—First-rate fishing can be had here.

**Strand.**—First-rate fishing is to be had here.

**Sundalsoren.**—(See *Klethammer.*)

**Sylte.**—On Romsdal Fjord. There is a small river here.

**Tearing.**—On the Stryen river, which falls into the Indvik Fjord. Fishing is good in a dry season. The accommodation is fair, and perhaps the clergyman may be prevailed upon to take you. The river flows out of a lake famous for the size and number of its brown trout. The salmon fishing is taken.

**Tromsø.** Near here good sport can be had in the Mols Elv and Reisen.

**Vebungnes.**—On Bauma. Good trouting can be had here, and some salmon fishing on obtaining leave from the proprietor or by paying a small fee. Landmark, who lives a little way above Vebungnes, at the Aak Inn, takes in travellers, speaks English, rents some fishing, and will put you in the way of obtaining further sport. Route, from Bergen to Molde by steamer, thence by steamer to Vebungnes.

**Vieglund.**—On the Torrisdal, ten miles from Christiansand. Salmon, &c. Lodgings can be had generally at the different saw mills. A boat is necessary. There are plenty of sea trout. The pool below the fosse is a good one; so is the Bay pool, which is two pools down, and the Farm pool, which is next below to the Bay pool. The fishing extends to some 1½ m. downwards from the fosse. There is another good cast by the ferry, 1 m. lower. The farmers who own one side of the river (the other belongs to Samuel Otto and Co., Christiansand) are very extortionate in their demands for permission to fish. Good quarters are to be had at Mr. Barthe's, the mill manager. (See *Christiansand.*)

**Volden.**—On the Stor Fjord. There are many small rivers near here and Kile, where sport can be had; and plenty of farmhouses on this fjord, where lodgings can be had. (See *Aalesund.*)

**Vossevangen.**—There is a good hotel here, and some trouting.

## RUSSIA.

**General Information.**—There is capital salmon fishing on the Siberian coast. Nicolaïvesk, the seaport of the Amoor, is a good spot.

**Finland.**—You can get to Uleaborg by steamer from Stockholm, changing at Abo, or can take the steamer from Stockholm to Tornea, and from thence travel by road to Uleaborg. A Foreign Office passport is requisite, and must be viséd by the Russian consul here or at Stockholm. As to money, take gold in preference to circular notes, though the latter will pass. Fishing and shooting are free, and a fair amount can be had. Grayling, trout, and salmon are abundant in all the rivers from Uleaborg to Tornea, but salmon only take the fly at some distance up the rivers. Plenty of good grayling may be taken close to the Uleaborg town with a red palmer fly in July. Of course you must rough it, but not very much, as good quarters are to be had in all towns and villages. A good travelling map can be bought in Stockholm, Tornea, or Uleaborg. Very little luggage should be taken; but warm flannels are almost a necessity, as the nights are sometimes cold. Start as early as possible. Living is very cheap in Finland. The portion of Murray's "Handbook for Russia" that is devoted to Finland has special reference to angling, giving a long account of trout fishing in the Vuoska, near Imatra (June to September best months).

There appears to be good salmon fishing at Anjala, but permission is necessary; also in the Vuoska in June and July, when the fish run from Ladoga; also near Tornéa, and in all the streams running there into the Gulf of Bothnia; in the Kumo river, at Kuopio; near Nyslott, in Lake Peruwessi; at Joensu, in Lake Enowesi; near Jyväskylä, at the Haapakoski Falls; at Tammerfors; and throughout the waters of the Kumo lake system. The salmon run up the rivers shortly after the ice breaks up. This is generally about the middle or end of May, according to the season. Salmon in Finnish and other rivers running into the Baltic do not take the fly. The fishing at Imatra is in the hands of a club, but with an introduction to a member leave to fish could probably be got. Land at Abo, and work up the coast by road as far as Tornéa, giving the innumerable rivers that would be crossed on this route a trial. A small town is generally to be found at the mouth of each river of any size, and the accommodation in Finnish towns is generally good, whereas at country stations it is wretched, food (*i.e.*, edible) being almost unobtainable.

**St. Petersburg.**—Three hours from here is splendid trouting, preserved by a club of limited numbers. At Serriskaia, 40 miles off, on the Warsaw Railway, runs a free stream holding plenty of small grayling. Fish below the village. Opposite Schlüsselberg, where the Neva leaves the lake, fine grayling are often taken.

### SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

**General Information.**—One of the best rivers is the Ason, falling into the Bay of Biscay near Laredo, about forty miles from Santander, between that place and Bilbao. The best place for fishing the river is Marron, a league up stream. There is no inn, but lodgings can be had at the farmers'. The river is good up to Ramales, where there is an indifferent inn. The fish are salmon, sea trout, and trout. The salmon fishing is let to a company, who sometimes give leave. The Pas, near Santander, contains salmon. There is another river near Puente d'Eume, in Galicia, between La Coruna and Ferrol, containing salmon, sea and yellow trout. The accommodation at Puente d'Eume is very indifferent. Another river, running into the sea near Santa Marta, between La Barquera and Cariflo, contains fish, but the accommodation at Barquera is bad. Almost all the rivers in the north of Spain contain small trout. There is good trouting in a river near Aviles in the Asturias. The Ebro contains very large trout, dace, and barbel. There are trout and some salmon in the rivers of the north of Portugal. Neither the Tagus or Douro hold salmon or trout. Within easy access of Porto sport can be had. The rivers are all free, but care must be taken not to damage the crops. Good sea fishing all along the Atlantic coast. Bass, grey mullet, bream, and mackerel more or less abundant everywhere.

**Avila (Spain).**—Inn; Dos de Mayo, kept by an Englishman. Good trouting.

**Baleario Islands.**—Palma (capital of Majorca). Plenty of sea-fishing. Grey mullet abundant, and numerous other kinds. Fishing both from the rocks behind the pier and from boats in or near the harbour. Water very clear.

**Barcelona.**—Moderately good sea-fishing from the piers.

**Juy.**—On Minho. Salmon and trout.

**Ovar (Portugal).**—Twenty miles by rail from Oporto. An hour's ride from here brings you to Oliviera d'Azemels, where fair quarters can be had. The Karina is five miles from here. Trout, barbel, &c., plentiful.

**Potes (Spain).**—Good fishing.

**San Sebastian.**—Large mullet and other fish may be taken from the public promenade along the quay, and numerous varieties of small fish from boats in the roads.

**Valencia.**—A little freshwater fishing in the river Guadalaviar. Sea-fishing at the Grao or harbour, distant three miles from the town.

### SWITZERLAND.

**General Information.**—Fair trout fishing is to be found in the Grisons and in the Braie in the Canton of Fribourg, and in the principality of Lichtenstein, on the north frontier of the Grisons, at Balzers. The flies used are ordinary English ones. A very good fly for Switzerland is a pale yellow silk body, no hackle, and wings the tip of two ginger hackles with a fibre or two worked down for legs.

**Andelfingen (Zurich).**—On Thur. Fair fishing. Accommodation bad along the streams, except at Winterthur.

**Andermatt.**—Hotel: Bellevue. There is some good trouting in Oberalp See, about 5 m. off.

**Bâle.**—There is very fair trout and grayling fishing in the Birs, some 3 m. from Bâle. By application to the proprietor of the Three Kings leave may be obtained to fish the upper stream of the Wiesen. The middle of August is the best time.

**Berne.**—On Aare. Between this and Thur there is good fishing. Good fish can be taken below the weirs.

**Bienne.**—At Soucebey is the Birs River.

**Brunnen.** (*See Glarus.*)

**Constance.**—The Hôtel Brochet is good and reasonable. In fishing the lake it is as well to make a bargain for a boat for the day, six francs is quite sufficient. The fish are silber-lachs, lachs forelle (the first a fish peculiar to the lake and running from 10lb. to 15lb., and

the other, *Salmo ferox*). *Salmo hucho* (for which fishing Bregenz, at the Austrian end of the lake, is the best locality), the grayling (also found principally at Bregenz), char, gwyniad, ritten, waller (which reach 20lb. and feed on the bottom), *Lucio perca*, pike, carp, tench, bream, chub, roach, rudd, dace, and carp bream. The lower lake is best for pike. On a fine summer evening the half-mile below the bridge abounds with fish of all sorts. Half an hour's pull down the Rhine there are some stakes in mid-stream: this is a good place for chub and grayling. At Mühlheim, two hours' drive from Constance, there is a trout-stream; the fish are small; there is another at Ravensburg, half-an-hour by train from Frederickshaven.

**Coppet.**—A station near Montreux on Versoix. Good trouting.

**Cottailaud** (Neufchatel).—The Reuve here runs into the Lake of Neufchatel. The river rises at St. Sulpice, and passes the towns of Fleurier, Couvet, and Travers, where good fishing quarters can be had. The fishing is fair.

**Couvet.** (See Cottailaud.)

**Davos Platz.**—A watering place on the Grisons. Nearest station, Landquart, two stations short of Coire, 12 m. off. There are two lakes—one Davoser See, 2 m., the other 4 m. off—and a stream by the village. Trout and ferox. There is a boat on Davoser See. Flies must be larger than at home. A small grasshopper is a good bait. The fishing begins in January, and ends on Sept. 25. No fishing allowed in June, July, and part of August in the river. **Hotel:** Belvedere, and many others.

**Fleurier.** (See Cottailaud.)

**Fribourg.**—Twenty miles off is the Lac Noir. Pike, perch, tench, dace, and small trout in the stream. There is a first-class hotel on the bank, and an omnibus meets the train at Fribourg. The fishing is good; boats can be had.

**Geneva.**—On the Rhone. During summer there is no fishing to be had below the Arve mouth, owing to the melting snow from the mountains. Above the junction, however, a few trout may always be got by fishing very early or late. Commence at a mill on the north bank, about a quarter of a mile above the junction, and fish as far as the water is clear and deep, which it is for some fifty yards below the big rock opposite the junction. Deep wading is absolutely necessary. You will here pick up a few brace of trout, some of them up to 2lb. or even more, possibly a stray grayling or two, and a kind of dace which sometimes rises greedily. For flies, coachman, coch-y-bonddu, and black palmer, in the order named; but by far the best is a March brown tied with a long body, Mayfly fashion. The fishing cannot be said to commence until the Arve clears; in fact, from October to March is about the season. Go by rail to the first station from Geneva on the French line, and commence fishing at an island, and fish down to La Plaine station, or even below it if you have time, returning to Geneva by the evening train. Fish of from 10lb. to 20lb. may be taken, all with fly. Wading here, as elsewhere, is absolutely necessary. December and January are good months. In addition to the above-mentioned flies (several sizes larger), a red palmer is good, and for a big fish the following: tall, a bit of scarlet ibis, a third of an inch long; body, hare's lug and olive ribbed with narrow gold twist, a big bunchy sooty olive hackle all the way up, very small dark mallard wing, and two or three horns of either red macaw or dyed swan; medium salmon size. The best place for trouting is about 10 m. above Bellegarde, but the poaching is awful. At La Plaine, London joins Rhone (trout and grayling), much poached. Large trout are to be taken in the lake of Geneva by trolling with minnow, under sail if possible. Fish very deep, with at least six yards of gut and sixty or seventy of line out, and very late in the evening or at night. Perch and small dace may be caught in large quantities also in the shallower parts of the lake. Of the various streams in the neighbourhood the Versoix is the best, and is about twenty minutes from Geneva by train. The Versoix rises at D'Ivoire, on the French frontier, where there is a good inn, but the fishing is preserved, we believe. The Swiss portion of the stream is free, and falls into the Lake of Geneva, at the village of Versoix.

**Glarus.**—On Lulish. Trout. There is a hotel up the river, at the Baths of Stachelberg, from whence the upper Muotta can be fished. The lower part of the Muotta is accessible from Brunnen, on the Lake of Lucerne.

**Interlaken.**—There are trout in both lakes, and grayling in the river.

**Isoles, Les.**—Fair trouting.

**Latour.**—Near Tunis, in the valley of the Albigenes. There is good grayling fishing here.

**Laufenburg.**—**Hotel:** Post. There is a large salmon fishery here. Apply to landlord.

**Lausanne.** (See Orbe.)

**Lucerne.**—There is fair trolling in the lake. Pike, perch, and trout. In the river any quantity of chub may be taken, and occasionally some fine trout and grayling. The flies for the lake should be large but sombre. The river flies are the yellows, and a fly with a green body, red hackle, and red partridge tail wing.

**Morgenthal.**—On Aar. Trout and grayling. The fishing is fair. There is a little stream joining Aar here in which good sport can be had. The innkeeper gives leave.

**Mühlheim.** (See Constance.)

**Neufchatel.**—On the lake of Neufchatel. Plenty of large trout, pike, perch, &c. Bottom fishing can be had at the Pierre à Mazel, a small rock about 100 yards from the port of Neufchatel. Very large perch can be killed here.

**Orbe.**—About 12 m. from Lausanne on the Lake of Geneva. The Hôtel de France is good. Fair grayling fishing. At Val Orbe, 14 m. up stream, there are a few trout.

**Poschiavo.**—**Hotel:** Croce Bianca. On Lake Poschiavo. Large trout.

**Schaffhausen.**—On Rhine. Salmon are sometimes taken trolling. A few trout are

caught occasionally, and there are plenty of pike, chub, and perch. The Schweitzerhof is a good hotel, and grants leave to fish. The Laufen Hotel, opposite the Schweitzerhof Hotel, is very good. Salmon fishing below the fall; permission freely granted. The best method is to trail an artificial bait from the ferry canoe. A mackintosh necessary in any weather. There are fine trout, perch, chub, and a fish called nose, from the length of his prominent upper jaw—a species of grayling; they are abundant.

**Sixt.**—Hotel: Du Fer a Cheval. Good sporting quarters. Plenty of trout.

**Stachelberg, Baths of.** (See Glarus.)

**St. Blaise.**—On the Thiele. There are fish in the river, but they rise very badly.

**St. Gothard.**—There are trout in the Lake of St. Gothard, but few in the river.

**St. Moritz.** (Upper Engadine).—A day's diligence journey from Chur. There are several large hotels. There are three lakes connected by the Inn, all containing trout. The upper lake, Silser See, is the best, distant six miles. There is a clean little inn here, the Alpen Rosa.

**Storiz.**—On Aa. Poor fishing, owing to the foul water. The Bridge of Wyl, a short way above the town, is a good spot.

**Tavannes** (Berne).—On river Birs. There is a good inn here.

**Thun.**—See Berne. There is good spinning in the lake, and fly-fishing for trout and grayling in the river. The red grouse and black palmer tied rough are good flies, mounted on No. 7 or No. 8 hooks. Salmon may also be killed. The Hôtel de la Croix Blanche and the Belle Vue are good.

**Thusis** (Via-Mala).—On Rhine. There is fly-fishing here, and also in a stream a mile off. The Via-Mala Hotel is very good.

**Travers.** (See Cotailaud.)

**Uster** (Zurich).—There is fishing in the stream connecting Pfaff Lake with the Grifensee.

**Vevey.**—On Lake of Geneva. Trout, perch, pike, &c. There is fair trout fishing on the river Veveysse, which runs into Geneva here.

**Visp.**—At Neubrücke. Trouting can be had in the Rhone.

**Winterthur.** (Zurich). (See Andelfingen.)

**Zeil.**—There is a lake here, and the fishing is good.

## AUSTRALASIA.

**General Information.**—There are plenty of various kinds of fish in all the rivers and water holes. The Murray cod is a large fish, running up to 100lb. They are very good eating. The bream are something like the English bream, but much better eating. They afford capital sport. At Seymour, 500 miles above the junction of the Goulburn with the Murray, the fishing is very good. Large-sized Limerick hooks are the best to take out, which answer well for yellow perch, bream, cod, and large eels. In the upper part of the Hunter, dapping for perch with a grasshopper is good. Quantities of little fish the size of bleaks, may be taken with an artificial fly. In almost every one of the rivers on the Australian continent which flow southward and eastward, from the great chain of hills which run more or less parallel to the coast, very good sport may be had with the artificial fly from October to April. The fish is the Australian grayling (*Noto-thymallus australis*, McCoy), which swarms in all the running streams wherever there are rocks and gravel—certainly from the Glenelg, on the borders of South Australia, around the coast as far east and north as the Hunter in New South Wales. It breeds in the winter months on the long flat banks of sand and gravel, and in summer is found in the shallow broken water, in localities precisely similar to those in which one would look for a grayling in an English river. In weight the Australian grayling averages from ½lb. to 1½lb. when in season. They will take almost any fly which kills grayling in England, showing a preference for the duns, the black and red ant, and the midge. The hooks should be of the smallest size (No. 12 or 13), and the tackle of the finest possible description. At Anderson's Creek, on the Yarra, about thirty miles above Melbourne, is a good spot. In the Gippsland rivers the sport is better, and the fish larger. The upper waters of the Mitchell, the Macallister, the Dargo, &c., swarm with grayling. In the pools a fish called here the "perch" (a species of the genus *Lates*), going up to 8lb. or 10lb. in weight, with large golden scales, and excellent eating, is found. A small frog, trolled as if for a pike, is a good bait for him. The English salmon and trout are now fully established in the colony. In a few years Tasmania promises to afford the finest angling in the world. If the colonists will only take care of the fish.

**Melbourne.**—A good many species and varieties of fish are to be found in bays and rivers, within easy distances, and at certain seasons. In the former the pilchard has been taken. A variety of mackerel, too, affords good sport. Another fish is often taken in the upper parts of the bay—the snapper. It makes its appearance twice during the year, March and September, and is sometimes taken off the piers by means of strong hand lines, weighing 25lb. Another fish frequently taken in the bay, and by the same means, is known as the pike. In form it much resembles the river pike; but it differs materially from those in colour, being a sort of silvery-grey on the back, and glistening white on the sides and belly. Some of them are nearly a yard in length, but seldom exceed 5lb. or 6lb. in weight. The pike has a pretty close resemblance to another fish sometimes, though not often, taken in the bay, known as the baracouta, a very voracious creature, who will strike at a piece of

white or red rag, or even a bit of wood. They are most readily taken with a line or lines let over a ship's or a boat's stern when scudding under a stiff breeze. In New Zealand it abounds to an extraordinary degree. Another fish very abundant at times here is known as colonial salmon, and which, when they come close in shore, afford capital sport.

**Tasmania.**—The following are some of the fish to be caught here:—*Trumpeter*: Weight, 1lb. to 40lb. or more. Recherche Bay, some sixty miles from Hobart Town, is the great ground. When on the feed they are a very resolute, bold-biting fish. They move in shoals. Try and keep them round you with plenty of burly, and be careful not to let one break away after being hooked, or the whole lot will most probably bolt.—*Bass or Bastard Trumpeter*: This fish sometimes takes a small hook when rod-fishing for mullet. Weight, ½lb. to 7lb.—*Ling*: Very rare. Weight, 1lb. to 8lb.—*Perch*: Very similar in shape to the English fresh-water of same name; weight, 2oz. to 8oz.; are black-red and silver; black the best, ½lb. to 8lb.; these fish give good sport. The white are caught near the city, the black farther down. Adventure Bay, thirty miles distant, is a good spot.—*Bream*: 6oz. to 3lb. Much like the British bream in shape, usually caught in brackish water, or just above it; fine eating, and good sport. Bait, a shrimp is the best; mussel next.—*Trevally*: Weight, ½lb. to 6lb.—*Mullet*: Tasmanian herring. Weight, 3oz. to 1lb.—*Salmon*: A coarse fish, weighing from ½lb. to 12lb. It must be cooked very fresh, or is unsafe.—*Flathead*: White and firm eating. Requires careful handling, as it possesses two little poisonous spikes on either side of his flat head. Weight, 2oz. to 4lb.—*Rock Cod*: Rather delicate, but a little soft. Late in the afternoon or evening is the great time to catch them. Weight, 3lb. to 10lb.—*Barracouta* (8lb. to 10lb.), *Kingfish* (4lb. to 15lb.): Saltwater pikes, shaped like a jack, with abundance of teeth. Very abundant. Tow a piece of red wood with one or two hooks attached, barbs filed off, and they seize it on the top of the water. As soon as you have got him aboard you can easily shake the hook clear. *Kingfish* are always caught at night, near the bottom, and a hook without barb should be used with them. There are also *whiting*, scarce; *sprats*, not looked after; *skate*, and a few other coarse fish; amongst these are *horse mackerel*, *parrot fish*, and *leather jackets*, both the latter with rat-like teeth, and the last are very troublesome, cutting off your bait without your being able to feel them.—*Conger Eels*: Very large; from 10lb. to an enormous size.—*Guard Fish*, *Flounders*, and *Soles*: The latter scarce, but inferior to the flounder, which is remarkably good. The last three are seine fish only. The mode of fishing is generally with a hand line from a boat, two or three hooks are best on small outriggers (about four to six near Hobart Town) for perch, flathead, and trevally; rock cod require a larger hook. As you go down to the ocean you use larger up to No. 5, according to circumstances. A sinker is used at the bottom, with the lowest hook just off the ground. With anything like a Dartmouth rig (the snood and hooks below the sinker) you would constantly lose your bait before you got your line or snood up from the bottom. For real trumpeter try by letting down a sinker, hollow at bottom to contain fat, and not dropping the killick until you find coral or weed; rock or sand will not do. Rod fishing from wharves, rocks, &c., is good amusement at times with small fish, with no float, a small sinker, and two or three No. 5 Limerick hooks. Mullet give the largest amount of sport. You usually vary the contents of your basket with a mixture of flathead, trevally, and perch; very rarely indeed by a bastard trumpeter and rock cod later in the day or evening. The fresh-water herring—often called the fresh-water mullet, or cucumber fish—is a very delicate fish; it is from 5in. to 9in. in length, and will very frequently take a fly. When bottom fishing from a boat, it is generally in very strong running water; consequently, you require a large cork float balanced by a ledger lead or similar, or your hook would not get down till it had swum past you. Plumb the depth, and fish a very little off the bottom; a No. 6, 7, or 8 Limerick hook, partly concealed by a turn round of red hackle, and a gentle on the point. Throw up stream, and watch the float as it swims past; strike very quickly, but not too strongly. You often hook a fish just at the end of the swim, as you pull up for a fresh cast. There is a pretty little (native) fish called trout, spotted, but with no scales, which is very plentiful in most fresh-water creeks. It is about 8in. or so long, and can be caught in large quantities by using a fine line, and the two top joints of your rod; bait, a gentle.

## NEW ZEALAND.

**General Directions.**—Take plenty of strong eel lines with you, as the eels are very large and numerous. The sea fishing is also good. In the Taranaki province the so-called mountain trout are to be found. The *Salmo fario* is now thoroughly established, and grows to an enormous size. The troutling is the finest in the world.

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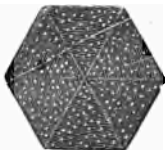
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